

CITY OF SOUTH PASADENA FINANCE COMMISSION SPECIAL MEETING AGENDA MONDAY, FEBRUARY 6, 2022 at 4:00 P.M.

AMEDEE O. "DICK" RICHARDS JR. COUNCIL CHAMBERS 1424 MISSION ST, SOUTH PASADENA, CA 91030

South Pasadena Finance Commission Statement of Civility

As your appointed governing board, we will treat each other, members of the public, and city employees with patience, civility and courtesy as a model of the same behavior we wish to reflect in South Pasadena for the conduct of all city business and community participation. The decisions made today will be for the benefit of the South Pasadena community and not for personal gain.

NOTICE ON PUBLIC PARTICIPATION & ACCESSIBILITY

The South Pasadena Finance Commission Meeting will be conducted in-person from the Council Chambers, Amedee O. "Dick" Richards, Jr., located at 1424 Mission Street, South Pasadena.

The Meeting will be available:

- In Person Council Chambers, 1424 Mission St,
- Via Zoom **Meeting ID**: 817 6736 9819

To maximize public safety while still maintaining transparency and public access, members of the public can observe the meeting via Zoom in one of the three methods below.

- 1. Go to the Zoom website, https://zoom.us/join and enter the Zoom Meeting information; or
- 2. Click on the following unique Zoom meeting link: https://us06web.zoom.us/j/81767369819
- 3. You may listen to the meeting by calling: +1-669-900-6833 and entering the Meeting ID.

CALL TO ORDER: Chair Ed Elsner

ROLL CALL Chair Ed Elsner

Commissioner Frederick A. Findley
Commissioner Cynthia Quade
Peter Giulioni Jr.
Commissioner Sheila Rossi

ELECTED OFFICIALS: City Treasurer Zhen Tao

Mayor Pro Tem Evelyn G. Zneimer

PUBLIC COMMENT GUIDELINES

The City welcomes public input. If you would like to comment on an agenda item, members of the public may participate by means of one of the following options:

Option 1:

Participants will be able to "raise their hand" using the Zoom icon during the meeting, and they will have their microphone un-muted during comment portions of the agenda to speak for up to 3 minutes per item.

Option 2:

Email public comment(s) to fcpubliccomment@southpasadenaca.gov

Public Comments received in writing will not be read aloud at the meeting, but will be part of the meeting record. Written public comments will be uploaded online for public viewing under Additional Documents and available at the City Clerk's Counter for viewing. There is no word limit on emailed Public Comment(s). Please make sure to indicate:

- 1) Agenda item you are submitting public comment on.
- 2) Submit by no later than February 6th at 12PM

NOTE: Pursuant to State law, the Commission may not discuss or take action on issues not on the meeting agenda, except that members of the Commission or staff may briefly respond to statements made or questions posed by persons exercising public testimony rights (Government Code Section 54954.2). Staff may be asked to follow up on such items.

1. General Public Comment

ACTION/DISCUSSION

- 2. <u>City Manager Arminé Chaparyan and Deputy City Manager Domenica</u> <u>Megerdichian Informational Update</u>
- 3. Review of the Draft Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR)
- 4. Presentation from City Actuary

COMMUNICATIONS

- 5. City Council Liaison Communications
- 6. Staff Liaison Communications
- 7. Commissioner Communications

ADJOURNMENT

PUBLIC ACCESS TO AGENDA DOCUMENTS

The complete agenda packet may be viewed on the City's website, www.southpasadenca.gov.

Meeting recordings will be available for public viewing after the meeting. Recordings will be uploaded to the City's YouTube Channel no later than the next business day after the meeting.

The City's YouTube Channel may be accessed at: https://www.youtube.com/channel/UCnR169ohzi1AlewD 6sfwDA/featured

ACCOMMODATIONS

The City of South Pasadena wishes to make all of its public meetings accessible to the public. If special assistance is needed to participate in this meeting, please contact the City Clerk's Division at (626) 403-7230 or CityClerk@southpasadenaca.gov. Upon request, this agenda will be made available in appropriate alternative formats to persons with disabilities. Notification at least 48 hours prior to the meeting will assist staff in assuring that reasonable arrangements can be made to provide accessibility to the meeting (28 CFR 35.102-35.104 ADA Title II).

CERTIFICATION OF POSTING

I declare under penalty of perjury that I posted this notice of agenda for the meeting to be held on **February 6, 2023**, on the bulletin board in the courtyard of City Hall at 1414 Mission Street, South Pasadena, CA 91030, and on the City's, website as required by law, on the date listed below.

2/1/2023 Stephanie Pinto

Date Stephanie Pinto, Management Analyst



Finance Commission Agenda Report

DATE: February 6, 2023

FROM: Hsiulee Tran, Deputy Finance Director

SUBJECT: Draft Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

(ACFR) for Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2022

Recommendation

It is recommended that the Finance Commission review and receive and file the Draft Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

Discussion/Analysis

Based upon review by the Finance Commission, it is anticipated that Final ACFR will be presented to Council in March 2023.

Background

The attached draft ACFR for fiscal year ending June 30, 2022, is included in the agenda packet for your reference. A representative of Rogers, Anderson, Malody, & Scott, LLP, will be presenting the audit.

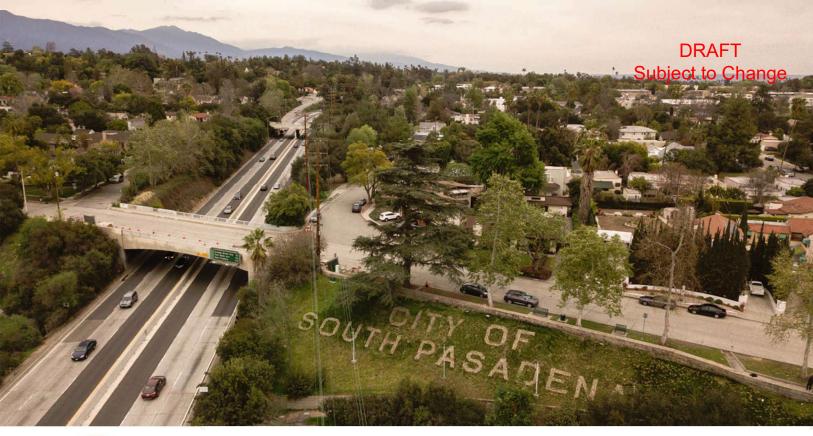
For information purposes, the City Council approved a three year contract extension with Rogers, Anderson, Malody, & Scott, LLP for the FY 2021, 2022, and 2023 audits.

Fiscal Impact

There is no fiscal impact.

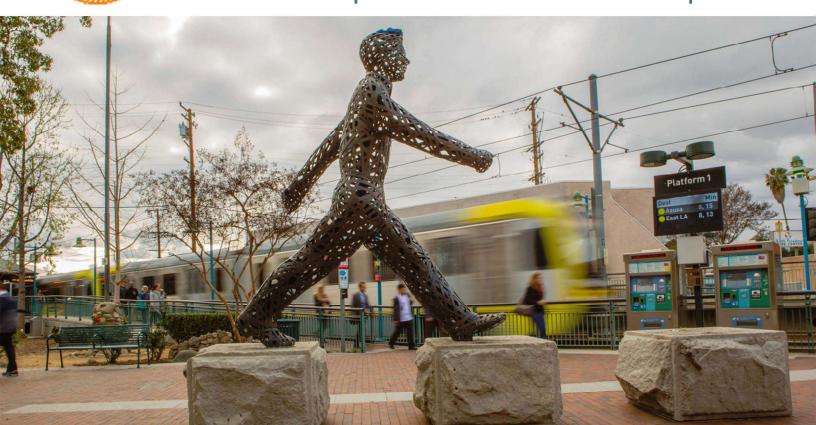
Attachment:

Fiscal Year 2021-2022 Draft Annual Comprehensive Financial Report





CITY OF SOUTH PASADENA, CALIFORNIA Annual Comprehensive Financial Report



Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2022

CITY OF SOUTH PASADENA, CALIFORNIA ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

PREPARED BY: FINANCE DEPARTMENT

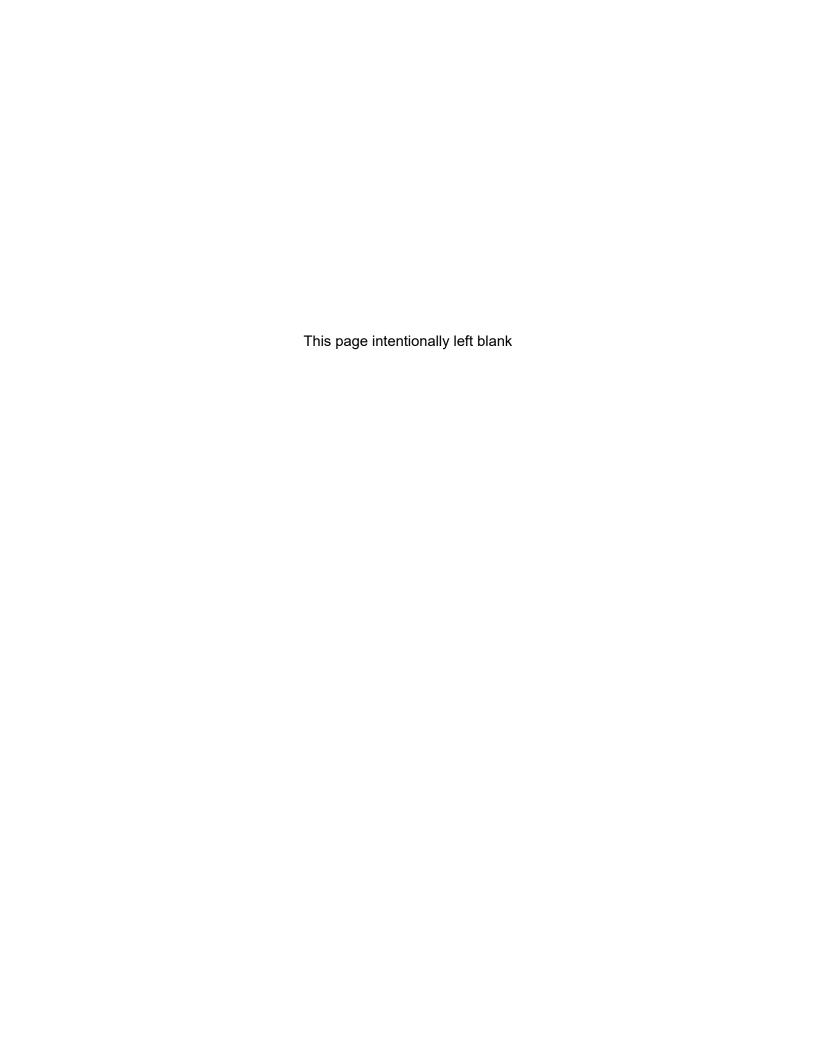


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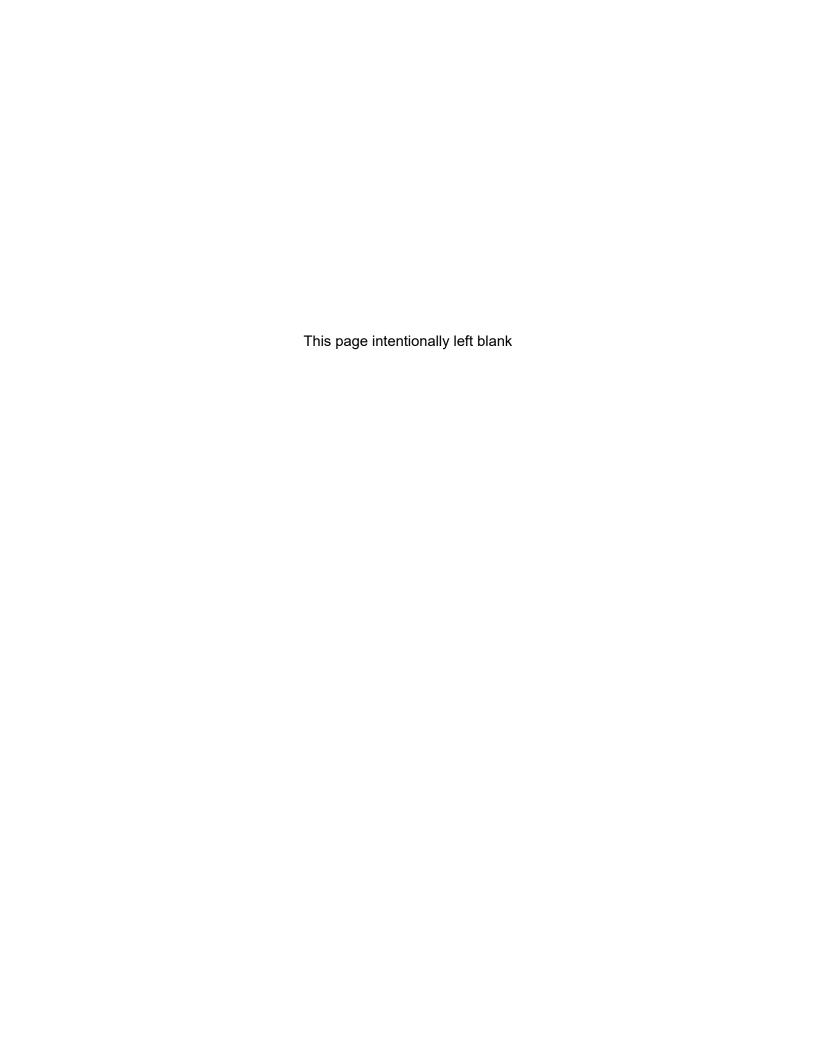
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DRAFT Subject to Change



CITY CLERK DIVISION

1414 MISSION STREET, SOUTH PASADENA, CA 91030

TEL: (626) 403-7210 • FAX: (626) 403-7211

WWW.SOUTHPASADENACA.GOV

January 31, 2023

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council,

We proudly present to you the City of South Pasadena's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City of South Pasadena. It was prepared by the Finance Department in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) as promulgated by the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. We believe that the data presented is complete and reliable in all material respects; that it is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial activity of the City's various funds; and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain a good understanding of the City's financial activity have been included.

The City's financial statements have been audited by Rogers, Anderson, Malody & Scott, LLP, a licensed certified public accounting firm. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City of South Pasadena's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors in the financial section of the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

Profile of the City of South Pasadena

South Pasadena is located approximately six miles northeast of downtown Los Angeles, on the west side of the San Gabriel Valley between the cities of Pasadena, San Marino, Los Angeles and Alhambra and has a population of 25,992. Founded in 1874 by the Indiana Colony, the City



encompasses 3.44 square miles and was incorporated as a General Law city of the State of California on March 2, 1888. South Pasadena is noted for its beautiful, historically significant homes on tree-lined streets, for its excellent public schools and for a small-town atmosphere in the midst of greater Los Angeles.

The City is a full-service general law city that operates under the Council-Manager form of government. The City Council consists of five members elected to four-year

staggered terms of office. The Mayor is selected from the City Council members and serves a one-year term. The City's other elected official is the City Treasurer who serves a four-year term of office.

The City provides a full range of services, including police and fire protection; the construction and maintenance of streets and other infrastructure; sewer services; water utility; refuse collection; public improvements; planning and zoning; recreational activities and cultural events; library operations; and general administrative and support services.

The annual budget serves as the foundation of the City's financial planning and control. The City Council holds public hearings and adopts an annual budget resolution by July 1 of each fiscal year for all funds and account groups. The City Council may modify appropriations with majority approval. The budgets are adopted and presented on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

Changes in budget appropriations at the fund level during the year must be approved by the City Council. The legal level of expenditures is controlled at the fund level, and appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year unless encumbered for re-appropriation by the City Council in the following fiscal year. Department heads may, without Council approval, amend individual line items within their departments, within the same fund and only within the maintenance and operations portions of the budget, without increasing total appropriations. The City Manager may, without Council approval, amend individual line items within any fund, and between divisions and programs, in the personnel costs, maintenance and operations, capital outlay and capital projects portions of the budget without increasing total appropriations for that fund.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the environment within which the City of South Pasadena operates.

Local Economy

For FY 2021/2022, the City of South Pasadena, the greater Los Angeles region and the State of California, were disbursed their share of State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund. The American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 created a one-time federal grant for pandemic response and recovery, a total of \$6,059,235 in unrestricted funds to the City. These now-unrestricted funds provide an opportunity for the City Council and community to provide input on priority and opportunity uses of the funds to alleviate and shift some reliance on the General Fund. City Council has taken the time to have fruitful discussion and provided direction to staff on the allocation and prioritization of the funds.

The four largest sources of revenue to the City's General Fund are property taxes, utility taxes, sales taxes, current services, and licenses and permits. Property taxes make up 52% of all General Fund revenues. Utility users' taxes (UUT) make up 11% of total General Fund revenues. Sales taxes make up 16% of total General Fund revenues. Current services make up 12% of the total General Fund revenues.

The top four revenue sources represent approximately 91% of the General Fund revenues. Historical data indicates that the City's General Fund is becoming more reliant on these four revenue sources.

Property taxes are the City's largest tax source and make up more than half of the General Fund revenues. The City of South Pasadena experienced a net taxable value increase of 6.8% for the 2021/22 tax roll, which was slightly less than the increase experienced countywide at 6.3%. The assessed value increase between 2020/21 and 2021/22 was \$270 million. The change attributed to the 2% Proposition 13 inflation adjustment was \$93.9 million, which accounted for 35% of all growth experienced in the city. Current median home prices, in many regions, are at or above the pre-recession peak values. In the past year, the number of sales has generally declined and growth in median sale prices has flattened in most areas of the State. Despite the moderation of growth in sale prices and somewhat lower mortgage rates, affordability remains a concern. Moreover, the City's proximity to commercial and cultural developments in greater Pasadena offers our residents distinct lifestyle advantages. South Pasadena's assessed values and property taxes are expected to continue performing strongly as the general economy improves. Data also show that South Pasadena retains \$0.24 for every dollar of property tax collected within the City, while new cities receive only \$0.05 for every dollar of property tax collected within their city boundaries.

The Utility Users Tax (UUT) is the second largest revenue source for the General Audiquesto Change million. At the November 2020 local elections, the South Pasadena community voted to extend the UUT indefinitely, while retaining the amount at the current 7.5%. For this renewal, the usual sunset clause was removed.

Overall, South Pasadena remains in satisfactory financial condition due to these stable revenue streams and also is able to keep revenues in line with expenditures by its perpetual adoption of the fee schedule which is tied to changes in the Consumer Price Index (CPI).

Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets, error and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. The City utilizes a self-insurance and excess insurance to address these concerns. The City's primary coverage provider is Public Risk Innovation, Solutions and Management (PRISM). The purpose of this organization is to provide a form of liability, workers compensation and property coverage. For Liability, the City has a self-insured retention of \$100,000, losses exceeding the self-retention limit up to \$5 million per claim are recovered from deposits paid by member cities. Individual claims in excess of \$5 million up to a maximum of \$50 million are covered by private insurance carriers. For Workers Compensation, the City has a self-insured retention of \$125,000, losses exceeding the self-retention limit up to \$5 million per claim are recovered from deposits paid by member cities. Individual claims in excess of \$5 million are covered by private insurance carriers who provide 'Statutory' coverage. Additional information on the City's risk management activity can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Pension Obligations

The City contributes to the California Public Employees Retirement System, an agent multiple-employer public employee defined benefit pension plan for its employees. Each year, an independent actuary engaged by the pension plan calculates the amount of the annual contribution that the City must make to the pension plan to ensure that the plan will be able to fully meet its obligations to retired employees on a timely basis. As a matter of policy, the City fully funds each year's annual required contribution to the pension plan as determined by its funding policy. The unfunded actuarial liability associated with employee services rendered to date is being systematically funded over a set number of years for safety and miscellaneous employees as part of the annual required contribution calculated by the actuary. The City also provides postretirement health care benefits for certain retired employees. Most recently, the City updated its retiree health contribution to the PEMHCA minimum. Additional information regarding the City's pension arrangements and post-employment benefits can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

South Pasadena offers one of the lowest pension formula (2% at 55) which has kept the City's liability low compared to Cities who pay 2.5%, 2.7% or even 3.0% at 55. Nonetheless, the City must bear the cost of increased payments to PERS over the next five years at least. Further, it remains unclear how PERS management decisions will impact the City in the future. Investment funds continue to perform far below projected returns and actuarial reports from PERS are several years behind. Many cities are hiring independent actuarial consultants to better analyze future impacts and plan appropriate strategies.

-iv-

For FY 2021-22, the City established an Other Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund with monies from the sale of the City's cell tower lease contract and Designated General Fund Reserves. The investments held in the trust funds will pay for some of the future benefits cost.

Retiree Health

This past year, the City reduced its retiree healthcare contribution for all employees hired after July 1, 2020. The future retirees will receive a medical benefit equal only to the Public Employees' Medical and Hospital Care Act (PEMHCA) minimum. By reducing the retiree health contributions for future employees from \$625/month to the PEMHCA minimum (currently \$149/month,) the City will see significant long-term savings and substantially reduce the City's unfunded liabilities.

Cash Management Policies and Practices

Cash temporarily idle during the year was invested in accordance with the City's approved Investment Policy. The policy affords a broad spectrum of investment opportunities, as long as the investment is deemed prudent and permissible under currently effective legislation of the State of California and other imposed restrictions. Criteria for selecting investments and the order of priority are: safety, liquidity and yield. The cash management system of the City is designed to accurately monitor and forecast expenditures and revenues, thus ensuring the investment of monies to fullest extent possible. Attempts are made to obtain the highest yields available as long as investments meet the criteria required for safety and liquidity.

Internal Controls. The management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft or misuse, and to ensure that adequate account data is compiled for the preparation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control structure should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits require estimates and sound judgments by management.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) did not award a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of South Pasadena for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 due to untimely filing of Financial Report and turnover of staff. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award, recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Annual Comprehensive Financial Report, whose contents conform to program standards. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.



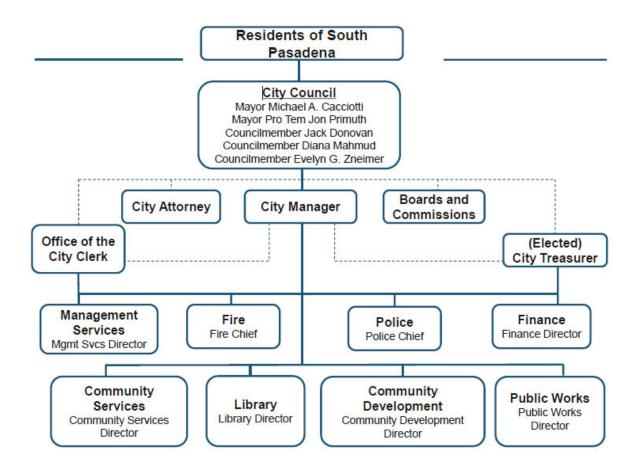
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A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. The City of South Discher Change has received a Certificate of Achievement for the last 30 consecutive years (fiscal years ended 1987 through 2019). We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements, and will again submit it to GFOA for award consideration.

The preparation and publication of this report is made possible through the dedication of the entire Finance Department staff. Finally, thanks are extended to the firm of Rogers, Anderson, Malody & Scott, LLP, for their contributions towards improving our financial reporting and year end processes.

Respectfully submitted,





CITY OF SOUTH PASADENA, CALIFORNIA

OFFICIALS OF THE CITY OF SOUTH PASADENA

CITY COUNCIL

Michael A. Cacciotti Mayor

Jon Primuth Mayor Pro Tempore

> Jack Donovan Councilmember

Diana Mahmud Councilmember

Evelyn G. Zneimer Councilmember

ADMINISTRATION AND DEPARTMENT HEADS

City Manager Arminé Chaparyan

Chief City Clerk Vacant

City Treasurer Gary E. Pia

City Attorney Andrew Jared

Interim Director of Finance Kenneth Louie

Director of Library, Arts, and Culture Cathy Billings

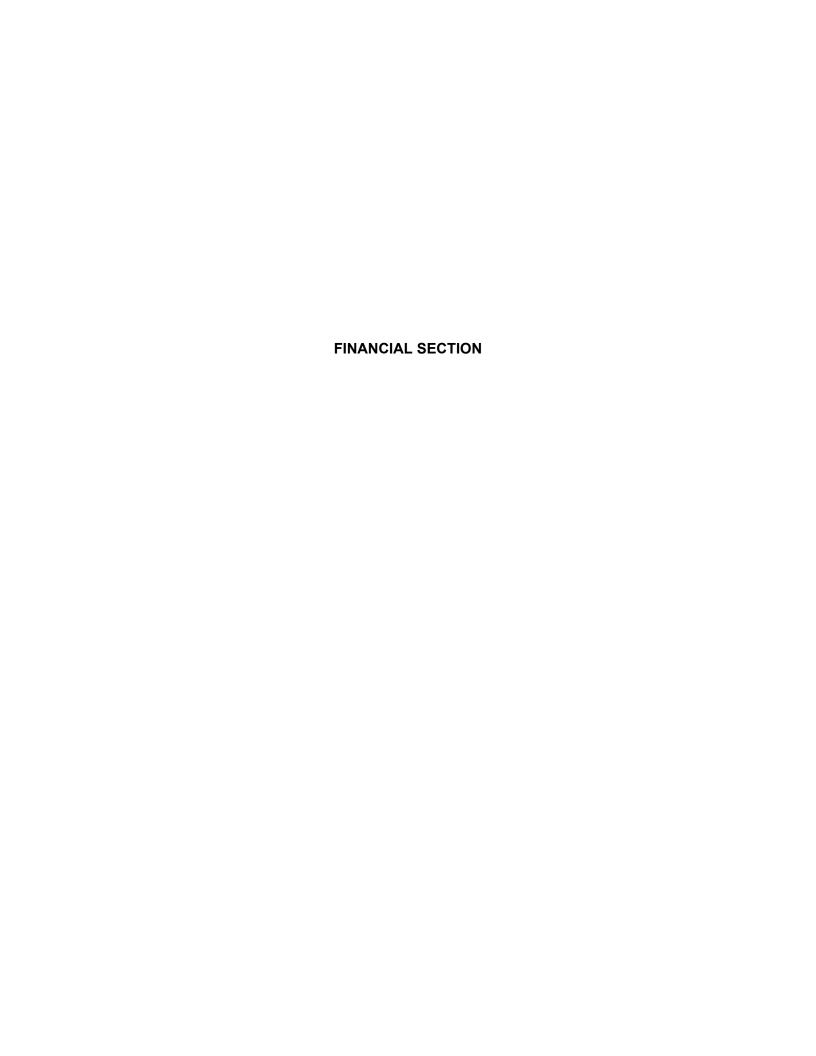
Police Chief Brian Solinsky

Director of Community Services Sheila Pautsch

Fire Chief Paul Riddle

Director of Public Works Harold Ted Gerber

Director of Community Development Angelica Frausto-Lupo



Independent Auditor's Report

The Honorable City Council of the City of South Pasadena South Pasadena, California

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of South Pasadena, California (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The City's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no
 such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

Emphasis of matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the City adopted provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 87, *Leases*. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information as listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information Included in the Annual Report

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

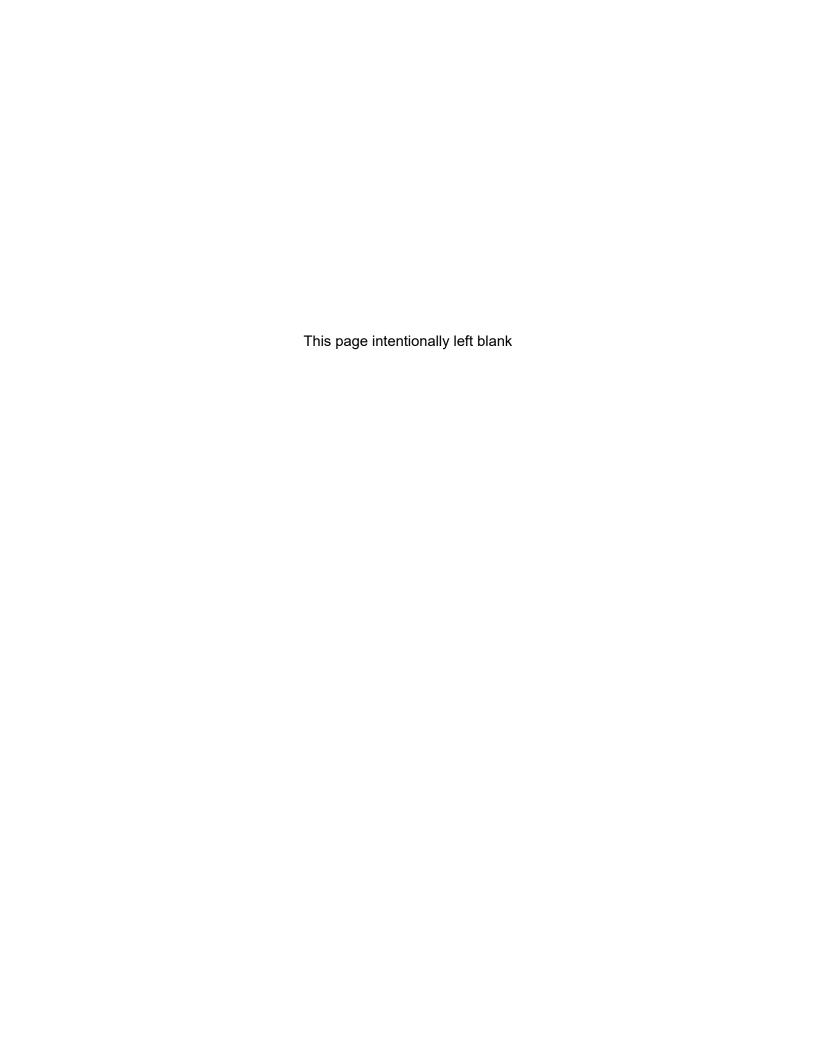
Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Rogers, Anderson, Malody e Scott, LLP.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 15, 2023 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

San Bernardino, California

February 15, 2023



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of South Pasadena, we offer readers of the City of South Pasadena's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal and the City's financial statements.

(A) Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$111,477,776. Unrestricted net position in an amount of \$5,368,024 is primarily due to the City recording the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, and information about the fiduciary net position of the City's CalPERS plans per GASB Statements No. 68 and 71 and 75.
- The City's total net position increased by \$16,841,928.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$39,682,790 an increase of \$992,860. Of this amount, \$16,976,198 or approximately 43% of total fund balances are available for spending at the City's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$18,931,423, or 55% of the total General Fund Expenditures.
- The City's net investment capital assets decreased \$738,434 from the prior fiscal year.

(B) Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements, which are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City's assets, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and liabilities, with the difference between these items reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of South Pasadena is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, with the use of the accrual basis of accounting, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of South Pasadena, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City of South Pasadena maintains 38 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, which is considered to be a major fund for the purposes of this report. Data from the other 37 governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these *non-major* governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The City of South Pasadena adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund and each of its special revenue funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for each governmental fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget. The budgetary comparison statement for the General Fund is located in the basic financial statements; the budgetary comparison statements for the non-major governmental funds are presented in the Additional Financial Information section of this report.

Proprietary funds. The City of South Pasadena maintains two types of proprietary funds: enterprise fund and internal service fund. The enterprise fund is used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for the operations for its water and sewer utilities, and the municipal golf course. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The internal service fund is used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's functions for general liability and workers' compensation insurance. Because the internal service operations benefit both governmental and business-type functions, they have been proportionally allocated and included within the governmental and business-like activities in the government-wide financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service fund is provided in the form of combining statements in this report.

Fiduciary funds. The City of South Pasadena maintains one type of fiduciary fund, a private purpose trust fund. *Fiduciary funds* are used to report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and therefore cannot be used to support the government's own programs. The City uses one type of fiduciary fund, a private purpose trust fund, to account for the assets and liabilities of the former Community Redevelopment Agency.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found in notes to the financial statements.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds together with information are presented immediately following the notes to the financial statements.

(C) Government-wide Financial Analysis.

Net position may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of South Pasadena, assets exceeded liabilities by \$111,477,776 at the close of the most recent fiscal year. This represents an increase of \$16,841,928 or 18% from the prior year, primarily due to an increase in restricted assets, which consists of investments. Capital Assets are by far the largest portion of the City's net position; \$92,696,276 or 83% reflects its investment in non-liquid capital assets (e.g. land, infrastructure, buildings, and equipment). The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

City of South Pasadena Net Position As of June 30, 2022 and 2021

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	To	tal
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
Current and other assets	\$ 48,147,358	\$ 43,101,331	\$ 32,651,303	\$ 20,028,678	\$ 80,798,661	\$ 63,130,009
Capital assets, net	60,214,729	60,662,686	83,181,979	85,166,004	143,396,708	145,828,690
Total assets	108,362,087	103,764,017	115,833,282	105,194,682	224,195,369	208,958,699
Deferred outflow of resources	17,238,038	12,342,964	6,454,058	6,039,225	23,692,096	18,382,189
Long-term liabilities	41,192,563	58,104,665	58,215,895	61,210,771	99,408,458	119,315,436
Other liabilities	9,754,672	4,858,626	4,070,213	4,188,395	13,824,885	9,047,021
Total liabilities	50,947,235	62,963,291	62,286,108	65,399,166	113,233,343	128,362,457
Deferred inflow of resources	21,247,803	3,236,341	1,928,543	380,725	23,176,346	3,617,066
Net investment in capital assets Restricted	60,214,729 13,615,668	60,662,686 10,700,987	32,481,547 158.464	32,772,024 1,158,268	92,696,276 13,774,132	93,434,710 11,859,255
Unrestricted	(20,425,310)	(21,837,814)	25.432.678	11,179,697	5.007.368	(10,658,117)
Total net position	\$ 53,405,087	\$ 49,525,859	\$ 58,072,689	\$ 45,109,989	\$ 111,477,776	\$ 94,635,848

The second portion of the City net position of \$13,413,476 represents special revenue resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. Unrestricted net position shows a positive balance of \$5,368,024.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

The City's governmental current assets increased by \$5,046,027 and capital assets decreased by \$447,957. Current assets increased due to more cash on hand and capital assets decreased due to decrease spending on capital projects and current year depreciation.

The City's business-type current assets increased by \$12,622,625, due to proceeds from capital debt for capital spending water and sewer projects. The City reported a net decrease of \$1,984,025 in capital assets due to a decrease in spending on capital projects and current year depreciation.

City of South Pasadena Change in Net Position For the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

	Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities				Total				
		2022		2021		2022		2021		2022		2021
Program revenues:												
Charges for services	\$	8,114,870	\$	5,375,188	\$	16,075,073	\$	15,898,361	\$	24,189,943	\$	21,273,549
Operating contributions and grants		4,263,342		4,370,683		-		30,604		4,263,342		4,401,287
Capital contributions and grants		923,772		1,429,167		-		-		923,772		1,429,167
General revenues:												
Property taxes		17,906,070		16,772,602		-		-		17,906,070		16,772,602
Other taxes		11,807,082		10,674,440		-		-		11,807,082		10,674,440
Use of money and property		(466,697)		4,859,029		(360,030)		62,447		(826,727)		4,921,476
Other		266,540		152,783		9,317,881		24,736		9,584,421		177,519
Total revenues		42,814,979		43,633,892		25,032,924		16,016,148		67,847,903		59,650,040
Expenses:												
General government		10,995,232		8,193,683		-		-		10,995,232		8,193,683
Public safety		16,504,092		19,452,587		-		-		16,504,092		19,452,587
Community development		2,672,653		1,861,097		-		-		2,672,653		1,861,097
Community services		4,284,119		3,477,936		-		-		4,284,119		3,477,936
Public works		4,479,655		3,661,617		-		-		4,479,655		3,661,617
Water		-		-		9,521,857		8,206,574		9,521,857		8,206,574
Sewer		-		-		1,233,642		1,353,548		1,233,642		1,353,548
Arroyo Seco Golf Course		-		-		1,314,725		1,131,455		1,314,725		1,131,455
Total expenses		38,935,751		36,646,920		12,070,224		10,691,577		51,005,975		47,338,497
Income before transfers		3,879,228		6,986,972		12,962,700		5,324,571		16,841,928		12,311,543
Increase in net position		3,879,228		6,986,972		12,962,700		5,324,571	`	16,841,928		12,311,543
Net position, beginning, as restated		49,525,859		42,538,887		45,109,989		39,785,418		94,635,848		82,324,305
Net position, ending	\$	53,405,087	\$	49,525,859	\$	58,072,689	\$	45,109,989	\$	111,477,776	\$	94,635,848

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities net position increased by \$3,879,228, due to an increase in charges for services and property taxes and a decrease in expenses, mainly in Public Safety.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Business-type Activities

The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but offers more detail in the form of a statement of cash flows. Unrestricted net position of the funds at the end of the fiscal year shows \$25,432,678. Total net position for these funds was \$58,072,689, an increase of \$12,962,700 (29%) over the prior year, due to increases in the capital construction expenses for the Graves Well Rehabilitation Project, and Wellhead Treatment Project.

(D) Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows and outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, the unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the City's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$39,682,790 an increase of \$992,860 from the prior fiscal year. Approximately 43% of fund balances constitute the unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the City's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is either restricted for projects undertaken in the Special Revenue Funds (33%), committed by City Council action for specific purposes (24%), or represents net position that are non-spendable resources (0%).

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$18,931,423, while the total fund balance reached \$24,672,172. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. The unassigned fund balance represents 55% of General Fund expenditures, while the total fund balance represents 76% of that same amount.

The fund balance of the City's General Fund increased by \$316,553 in the current fiscal year. This represents an increase of 1% in fund balance from FY 2021. This was the result of overall increase in revenues, off-set by an overall increase in expenditures and Transfers Out.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The City adopts annual appropriated operating budgets for its governmental funds (General Fund, Special Revenue and Capital Projects Funds) and reports the results of operations on a budgetary comparison basis. The City also uses annual financial plans as a management tool for its enterprise funds, although the City does not report the results of these funds on a budgetary comparison basis.

In preparing its budgets, the City attempts to estimate its revenues using realistic, but conservative, methods so as to budget its expenditure appropriations and activities in a prudent manner. As a result, the City Council adopts budget adjustments during the course of the fiscal year to reflect both changed priorities and availability of additional revenues to allow for expansion of existing programs. During the course of the year, the City Council amended the originally adopted budget for various additional programs.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

The General Fund reflected a net total favorable budget variance of \$1,660,776 when comparing actual amounts to the final budget for the current fiscal year. This budget variance reflects a favorable variance in revenues of \$2,716,149 and an unfavorable variance in total expenditures of \$1,012,954, and a favorable variance in transfers out of \$1,367,581.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The City's net investment in capital assets for its governmental activities and business-type activities as of June 30, 2022, amounts to \$60,214,729 and \$83,181,979 (net of accumulated depreciation), respectively. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, park improvements, roadways, vehicles, computer equipment, furniture, other equipment, and construction in progress.

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 3 in the Notes to Financial Statements section of this report.

Long-term liabilities. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of South Pasadena had total liabilities outstanding related to governmental activities of \$41,279,661.

Governmental Activities Long-term Liabilities

	Governmental Activities				
	2022 2021				
Employee compensated absences	\$	870,984	\$	863,279	
OPEB liability		15,571,526		17,511,294	
Net pension liability		24,837,151		39,816,420	
Total long-term liabilities	\$	41,279,661	\$	58,190,993	

The City's governmental activities long-term liabilities decreased during the current fiscal year primarily due to changes in the net pension and OPEB liabilities.

Business-Type Activities Long-term Liabilities

	Business-Type Activities				
	2022	2021			
Employee compensated absences	\$ 68,919	\$ 88,987			
Loans payable	14,334,339	14,740,387			
Bonds payable	41,014,581	42,560,331			
OPEB liability	2,409,451	2,709,600			
Net pension liability	2,174,432	2,836,413			
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 60,001,722	\$ 62,935,718			

Business-type activities long-term liabilities decreased \$2,933,996 during the current fiscal year due to principal debt service payments on the 2012 State Loan, 2013 Water Revenue Bonds, and 2016 Water Revenue Bonds. Further details on long-term debt can be found in Notes 6 through 9 in the Notes to Financial Statements section of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

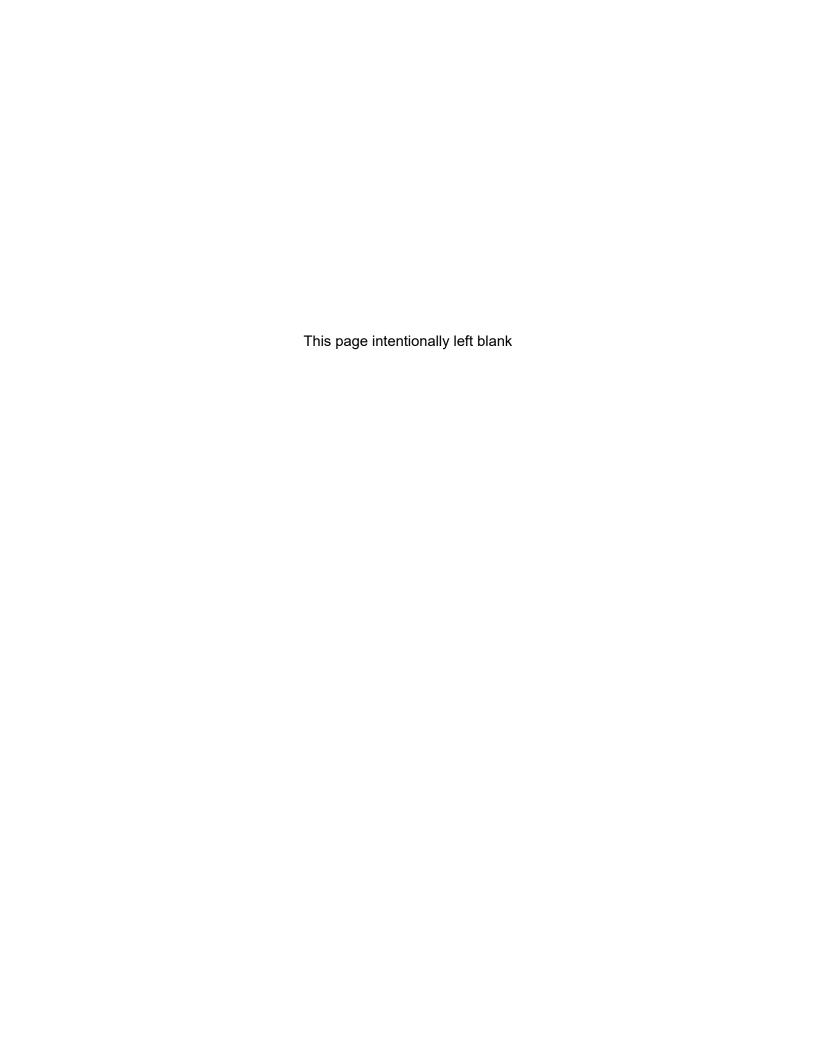
Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

- The Cell Tower Revenue of \$4.3m was used to pay down the current CalPERS unfunded liability as well as setting up an Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) trust. This will result in a net annual savings of \$275,000 when comparing the 7% value of a PERS deposit to the current 0.9% earned in LAIF.
- The City received \$6m in State and Local Recovery Funds, \$3m paid in July 2021 and \$3m paid in June 2022. The purpose of these funds are to provide funding to meet local needs including COVID-19 response, replace public sector revenue loss, premium pay for essential workers, improving facilities to ensure health and safety, increase usage of outdoor spaces as well as investing in public infrastructure and broadband.

During the 2022 fiscal year, unassigned fund balance in the General Fund remained substantial at \$18,931,423. Per City Council direction, the fiscal year 2021 Budget includes no General Fund funding for new capital improvement projects. Only carry-over projects or capital projects funded from restricted funds are included in the current budget. It remains the intention of City management not to use fund balance reserves for purposes of meeting costs of operations.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the financial position of the City of South Pasadena for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be directed to the Finance Department, FinanceDepartment@southpasadenaca.gov, 626.403.7250, or by U.S. mail: Finance Department, 1414 Mission Street, South Pasadena, CA 91030.



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

A4-	G 	overnmental Activities	В	usiness-Type Activities	Total
Assets Cash and investments	\$	43,173,923	\$	30,451,298	\$ 73,625,221
Receivables: Accounts		311,545		1,753,527	2,065,072
Taxes Accrued interest		2,553,090 14,619		- 14,547	2,553,090 29,166
Leases		753,225		-	753,225
Internal balances Due from other governments		5,493 184,655		(5,493)	- 184,655
Inventories		9,299		278,960	288,259
Restricted assets:				450 404	450 404
Cash and investments with fiscal agent Investment in Section 115 Trust		- 1,141,509		158,464 -	158,464 1,141,509
Capital assets, not being depreciated		5,604,233		436,868	6,041,101
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation Total assets		54,610,496 108,362,087		82,745,111 115,833,282	 137,355,607 224,195,369
Total assets		100,302,001		110,000,202	 224, 195,509
Deferred outflows of resources				4 640 400	4 6 4 9 4 9 9
Deferred loss on debt refunding Pension related		- 12,826,162		4,648,488 1,122,900	4,648,488 13,949,062
Other post-employment benefits related		4,411,876		682,670	 5,094,546
Total deferred outflows of resources		17,238,038		6,454,058	 23,692,096
Liabilities					
Accounts payable		2,158,418		1,268,310	3,426,728
Accrued liabilities Accrued interest		819,403 -		55,290 589,875	874,693 589,875
Deposits payable		1,363,135		370,911	1,734,046
Unearned revenue		3,029,618		-	3,029,618
Claims and judgments payable Compensated absences, due within one year		2,297,000 87,098		6,892	2,297,000 93,990
Loans payable, due within one year		-		413,935	413,935
Bonds payable, due within one year Noncurrent liabilities:		-		1,365,000	1,365,000
Bonds payable, due in more than one year		-		53,569,985	53,569,985
Compensated absences, due in more than one year		783,886		62,027	845,913
Net pension liability Other post-employment benefits liability		24,837,151 15,571,526		2,174,432 2,409,451	27,011,583 17,980,977
Total liabilities		50,947,235		62,286,108	113,233,343
Deferred inflows of resources					
Pension related		18,504,349		1,620,010	20,124,359
Other post-employment benefits related		1,993,945		308,533	2,302,478
Lease related Total deferred inflows of resources		749,509 21,247,803		1,928,543	 749,509 23,176,346
		, ,		,,	-, -,-
Net position Net investment in capital assets		60,214,729		32,481,547	92,696,276
Restricted for:		00,214,720		02,401,047	32,030,270
Investments in Section 115 Trust		1,141,509		-	1,141,509
Community Development projects Public Safety		1,237,379 622,346		-	1,237,379 622,346
Community Services		2,663,951		-	2,663,951
Public Works		6,863,811		-	6,863,811
Capital projects Debt service		1,086,672 -		- 158,464	1,086,672 158,464
Unrestricted		(20,425,310)		25,432,678	 5,007,368
Total net position	\$	53,405,087	\$	58,072,689	\$ 111,477,776

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Program Revenues					
			Charges		Operating		Capital
			for	(Grants and	G	Frants and
Functions/Programs	 Expenses	Services		C	ontributions	Cc	ontributions
Governmental activities:	·				_		_
General government	\$ 10,995,232	\$	3,993,078	\$	693,911	\$	-
Public safety	16,504,092		1,465,821		220,950		-
Community development	2,672,653		16,976		40,093		-
Community services	4,284,119		813,361		1,212,540		-
Public works	 4,479,655		1,825,634		2,095,848		923,772
Total governmental activities	38,935,751		8,114,870		4,263,342		923,772
Business-type activities:							
Water	9,521,857		12,484,238		-		-
Sewer	1,233,642		2,200,532		-		-
Arroyo Seco Golf Course	1,314,725		1,390,303		_		-
Total business-type activities	 12,070,224		16,075,073				-
Total Primary Government	\$ 51,005,975	\$	24,189,943	\$	4,263,342	\$	923,772

General revenues:

Taxes:

Property taxes

Sales taxes

Franchise taxes

Business license taxes

Utility users tax

Other taxes

Use of money and property

Other

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in Net Position

Net Position, beginning, as restated (Note 15)

Net Position, ending

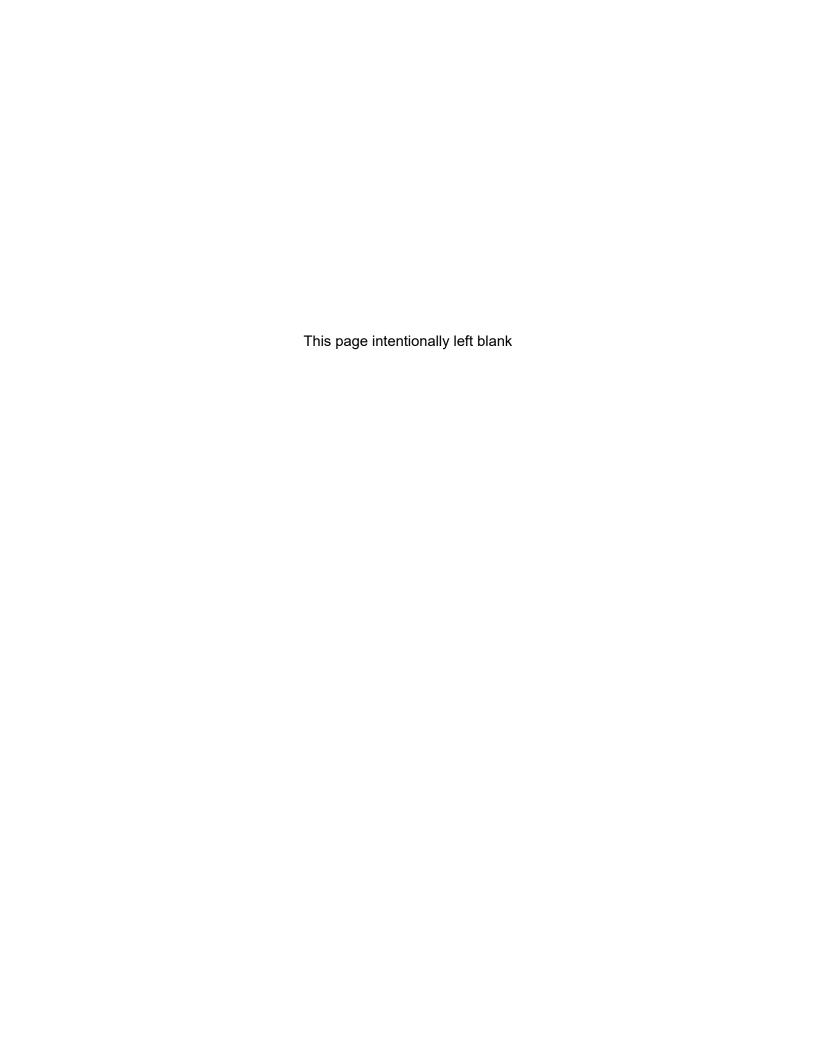
Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position						
Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total				
\$ (6,308,243) (14,817,321) (2,615,584) (2,258,218) 365,599	\$ - - - - -	\$ (6,308,243) (14,817,321) (2,615,584) (2,258,218) 365,599				
(25,633,767)		(25,633,767)				
- - -	2,962,381 966,890 75,578	2,962,381 966,890 75,578				
	4,004,849	4,004,849				
(25,633,767)	4,004,849	(21,628,918)				
17,906,070 6,096,613 1,027,468 386,891 3,875,268 420,842 (466,697) 266,540 29,512,995	- - - - - (360,030) 9,317,881 8,957,851	17,906,070 6,096,613 1,027,468 386,891 3,875,268 420,842 (826,727) 9,584,421 38,470,846				
49,525,859 \$ 53,405,087	45,109,989 \$ 58,072,689	94,635,848 \$ 111,477,776				

BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

		General Fund	G	Nonmajor overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS						
Pooled cash and investments	\$	22,600,596	\$	17,691,899	\$	40,292,495
Restricted: Investment in Section 115 Trust		1,141,509				1,141,509
Receivables:		1,141,309		-		1,141,509
Accounts		281,267		30,278		311,545
Taxes		2,516,653		36,437		2,553,090
Accrued interest		2,272		12,347		14,619
Leases		753,225		· <u>-</u>		753,225
Due from other governments		1,922		182,733		184,655
Due from other funds		4,549,108		, <u>-</u>		4,549,108
Inventories		9,299				9,299
Total assets	\$	31,855,851	\$	17,953,694	\$	49,809,545
LIABILITIES DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	1,253,718	\$	897,109	\$	2,150,827
Accrued liabilities	Ψ	797,590	Ψ	21,813	Ψ	819,403
Deposits payable		1,353,244		9,891		1,363,135
Due to other funds		1,000,244		2,014,263		2,014,263
Unearned revenue		3,029,618		2,014,200		3,029,618
Gleaned revenue		3,029,010		-		3,029,010
Total liabilities		6,434,170		2,943,076		9,377,246
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Lease related		749,509		-		749,509
Fund Balances: Nonspendable: Inventories		9,299		-		9,299
Restricted for:						
Investment in Section 115 Trust		1,141,509		-		1,141,509
Community development projects		-		1,237,379		1,237,379
Public safety - police		-		622,346		622,346
Community services		-		2,663,951		2,663,951
Public works - streets and roads		-		6,769,802		6,769,802
Capital projects		=		1,086,672		1,086,672
Public works - street lighting		=		94,009		94,009
Committed to:						
Capital projects		=		4,852,340		4,852,340
Arroyo Golf Course Facility		600,000		-		600,000
CalTrans Vacant Lot Purchases		392,000		-		392,000
Legal Services Reserve		500,000		-		500,000
Library Expansion		200,000		-		200,000
Maintenance Yard/Community Center Reserve		267,067		-		267,067
Renewable Energy Sources		700,000		-		700,000
Stormwater Reserve		600,000		-		600,000
Library Park Drainage Reserve		22,000		-		22,000
Financial Sustainability Reserve		900,000		-		900,000
Slater Reimbursement Reserve		345,876		_		345,876
Assigned to:		•				•
Stables CIP Reserve		62,998		-		62,998
Unassigned	_	18,931,423		(2,315,881)		16,615,542
Total fund balances		24,672,172		15,010,618		39,682,790
Total liabilities deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	31,855,851	\$	17,953,694	\$	49,809,545
tall maximized deferred mineries of recording of and fully buildings	Ψ	3.,000,001	<u>Ψ</u>	,000,004	Ψ_	10,000,010

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

Fund balances of governmental funds		\$ 39,682,790
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets net of depreciation have not been included as financial resources of the governmental funds.		60,214,729
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions and other post- employment benefits liabilities have not been reported in the governmental funds.		
Pension related deferred outflows of resources Pension related deferred inflows of resources Total other post-employment benefits related deferred outflows of resources Total other post-employment benefits related deferred inflows of resources	\$ 12,826,162 (18,504,349) 4,411,876 (1,993,945)	
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the governmental funds.	(1,550,540)	(3,260,256)
Compensated absences Net pension liability Total other post-employment benefits liability	(870,984) (24,837,151) (15,571,526)	
Total other post-employment behents liability	(10,071,020)	(41,279,661)
Internal service funds are used to charge the cost of activities to individual funds. The assets and liabilities are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.		 (1,952,515)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 53,405,087



STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	General Fund	Nonmajor overnmental Funds	G 	Total overnmental Funds
Revenues Taxes Assessments Licenses and permits Intergovernmental Charges for services Use of money and property	\$ 29,531,707 - 814,081 175,212 4,082,853 (478,837)	\$ 2,085,174 898,450 38,650 1,744,635 206,492 12,140	\$	31,616,881 898,450 852,731 1,919,847 4,289,345 (466,697)
Fines and forfeitures Miscellaneous	 52,291 491,476	 - 45,792		52,291 537,268
Total revenues	34,668,783	5,031,333		39,700,116
Expenditures				
Current: General government Public safety Community development Community services Public works Capital outlay	7,012,268 19,146,076 2,672,281 3,178,805 2,112,342 99,758	131,943 71,082 372 628,147 2,303,703 1,350,479		7,144,211 19,217,158 2,672,653 3,806,952 4,416,045 1,450,237
Total expenditures	34,221,530	4,485,726		38,707,256
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	447,253	545,607		992,860
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in Transfers out	- (130,700)	 130,700		130,700 (130,700)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(130,700)	130,700		
Net change in fund balance	316,553	676,307		992,860
Fund Balances, beginning, as restated (Note 15)	 24,355,619	 14,334,311		38,689,930
Fund Balances, ending	\$ 24,672,172	\$ 15,010,618	\$	39,682,790

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	992,860
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are differen	t because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlay in the current period: Capital asset expenditures, net of deletions of capital assets Depreciation expense, net of deletions of capital assets	\$ 842,593 (1,290,550)	-	(447,957)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds: Change in compensated absences Changes in pension related items Changes in total other post-employment benefits related items	(7,705) 1,428,385 3,123,773	-	4.544.453
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the			, ,
internal service funds is included in the statement of activities.			(1,210,128)
Changes in net position of governmental activities		\$	3,879,228

STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds					
			Arroyo Seco		Activities - Internal Service
	Water	Sewer	Golf Course	Total	Fund
ASSETS	- vvalci	OCWGI	Con Course	I Ulai	1 unu
Current assets:					
Cash and investments	\$ 22,283,251	\$ 6,800,474	\$ 1,367,573	\$ 30,451,298	\$ 2,881,428
Receivables:	Ψ 22,200,201	Ψ 0,000,474	Ψ 1,507,575	Ψ 30,431,230	Ψ 2,001,420
Accounts	1,498,051	255,476	_	1,753,527	_
Accrued interest	13,329	1,218	_	14,547	_
Inventories	256,222	1,210	22,738	278,960	_
Restricted:	250,222		22,730	270,300	
Cash and investments with fiscal agent	158,464	_	_	158,464	_
Total current assets	24,209,317	7,057,168	1,390,311	32,656,796	2,881,428
New account and the					
Noncurrent assets:	202.004	400 777		400.000	
Capital assets, not depreciated	303,091	133,777	707.000	436,868	-
Capital assets, net of depreciation Total noncurrent assets	72,914,189	9,093,300	737,622	82,745,111	· — —
Total honcurrent assets	73,217,280	9,227,077	737,622	83,181,979	· . _
Total assets	97,426,597	16,284,245	2,127,933	115,838,775	2,881,428
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred loss on debt refunding	4,648,488	_	_	4,648,488	_
Pension related	899,714	223,186	_	1,122,900	_
Other post-employment benefits related	569,061	113,609	_	682,670	_
Total deferred outflows of resources	6,117,263	336,795	-	6,454,058	· -
		,	-		
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	1,112,050	67,188	89,072	1,268,310	7,591
Accrued liabilities	46,394	8,896	· -	55,290	· <u>-</u>
Accrued interest	422,256	167,619	-	589,875	-
Deposits payable	370,911	· -	-	370,911	-
Due to other funds	5,493	_	-	5,493	2,529,352
Claims and judgments payable	· -	_	-	· -	2,297,000
Compensated absences	5,792	1,100	-	6,892	· · · · -
Loans payable	165,882	248,053	_	413,935	_
Bonds payable	1,365,000	· <u>-</u>	_	1,365,000	_
Total current liabilities	3,493,778	492,856	89,072	4,075,706	4,833,943
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Compensated absences	52,127	9,900		62,027	
Total other post-employment benefits liability	2,008,475	400,976	_	2,409,451	_
Net pension liability	1,742,247	432,185	_	2,174,432	_
Loans payable	5,703,930	8,216,474	_	13,920,404	_
Bonds payable	39,649,581	0,210,474	_	39,649,581	_
Total noncurrent liabilities	49,156,360	9,059,535		58,215,895	-
Total liabilities	52,650,138	9,552,391	89,072	62,291,601	4,833,943
	52,000,100	3,302,001		02,201,001	1,500,570
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Pension related	1,298,021	321,989	-	1,620,010	-
Other post-employment benefits related	257,187	51,346		308,533	
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,555,208	373,335		1,928,543	
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	30,981,375	762,550	737,622	32,481,547	_
Restricted	158,464	. 02,000	. 07,022	158,464	-
Unrestricted	18,198,675	5,932,764	1,301,239	25,432,678	(1,952,515)
Total net position	\$ 49,338,514	\$ 6,695,314	\$ 2,038,861	\$ 58,072,689	\$ (1,952,515)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Busi	unds	Governmental		
	Water	Sewer	Arroyo Seco Golf Course	Total	Activities - Internal Service Fund
OPERATING REVENUES	* 40 404 000	* • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		A 40.075.070	
Sales and service charges	\$ 12,484,238	\$ 2,200,532	\$ 1,390,303	\$ 16,075,073	\$ 3,114,863
Miscellaneous	9,317,881		- -	9,317,881	·
Total operating revenues	21,802,119	2,200,532	1,390,303	25,392,954	3,114,863
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Administration and general	824.923	443,276	1,263,942	2,532,141	_
Pumping	1,855,728	-	-	1,855,728	_
Transmission/collection	3,015,668	_	-	3,015,668	_
Treatment	, , , , <u>-</u>	410,511	-	410,511	-
Insurance costs and claims	-	· -	-	-	4,324,991
Depreciation expense	1,950,425	196,472	50,783	2,197,680	-
Amortization expense	22,500			22,500	<u> </u>
Total operating expenses	7,669,244	1,050,259	1,314,725	10,034,228	4,324,991
Operating income (loss)	14,132,875	1,150,273	75,578	15,358,726	(1,210,128)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Interest revenue	(214,830)	(145,200)	_	(360,030)	_
Interest expense	(1,764,694)	(183,383)	-	(1,948,077)	-
Capital projects	(86,669)		-	(86,669)	-
Miscellaneous expenses	(1,250)			(1,250)	<u> </u>
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	(2,067,443)	(328,583)		(2,396,026)	
Change in net position	12,065,432	821,690	75,578	12,962,700	(1,210,128)
NET POSITION Net position, beginning, as restated (Note 15)	37,273,082	5,873,624	1,963,283	45,109,989	(742,387)
Net position, ending	\$ 49,338,514	\$ 6,695,314	\$ 2,038,861	\$ 58,072,689	\$ (1,952,515)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

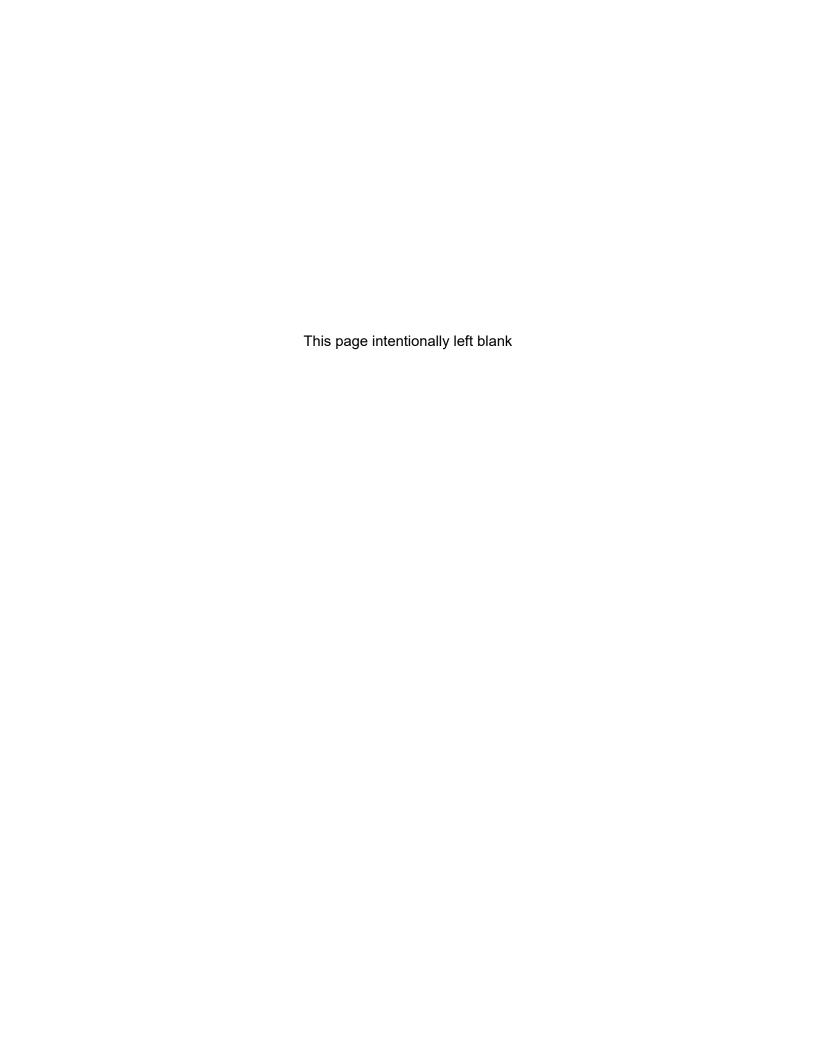
	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds				s		overnmental		
	Water		Sewer		rroyo Seco Solf Course		Total	-	Activities - ernal Service Funds
Cash flows from operating activities Cash received from customers and users Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services Cash paid to (received from) employees for services Cash received from (payments to) others Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 12,451,989 (6,202,566) (102,968) 9,317,881 15,464,336	\$	2,166,984 (971,035) 12,561 - 1,208,510	\$	1,390,303 (1,242,574) - - 147,729	\$	16,009,276 (8,416,175) (90,407) 9,317,881 16,820,575	\$	3,114,863 (2,797,055) - - - 317,808
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities Cash paid to other funds Cash received from other funds Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital	5,493		(150,000)		- -		(150,000) 5,493		2,529,352
financing activities Cash flows from capital and related financing activities Acquisition and construction of capital assets Principal paid on capital debt Interest paid on capital debt Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities	5,493 (182,492) (1,473,097) (1,765,944) (3,421,533)		(150,000) (108,262) (242,951) (183,383) (534,596)		(9,570) - - (9,570)	_	(300,324) (1,716,048) (1,949,327) (3,965,699)		2,529,352 - - - -
Cash flows from investing activities Interest received Net cash provided by investing activities	(221,682) (221,682)		(142,017) (142,017)	_	2 2	_	(363,697) (363,697)	_	<u>-</u>
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	11,826,614		381,897		138,161		12,346,672		2,847,160
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	10,615,101		6,418,577	_	1,229,412	_	18,263,090		34,268
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 22,441,715	\$	6,800,474	\$	1,367,573	\$	30,609,762	\$	2,881,428
Cash and investments Restricted:	\$ 22,283,251	\$	6,800,474	\$	1,367,573	\$	30,451,298	\$	2,881,428
Cash and investments with fiscal agent	158,464				<u>-</u>	_	158,464		
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 22,441,715	\$	6,800,474	\$	1,367,573	\$	30,609,762	\$	2,881,428
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:									
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:	\$ 14,132,875	\$	1,150,273	\$	75,578	\$	15,358,726	\$	(1,210,128)
Prior period adjustment Depreciation Amortization	(270,583) 1,950,425 22,500		(73,444) 196,472 -		50,783 -		(344,027) 2,197,680 22,500		982,534 - -
(Increase) decrease in operating assets: Accounts receivable Inventories Deferred outflows of resources Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities:	(65,066) (19,160) (539,050)		(33,548) - (134,033)		(10,005) -		(98,614) (29,165) (673,083)		- - -
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	(216,504) 14,647		(43,804) 2,409		31,373 -		(228,935) 17,056		(15,598) -
Deposits payable Compensated absences Net pension liability Other post-employment benefits liability	32,817 (7,410) (561,006) (250,199)		(12,658) (100,975) (49,950)		- - -		32,817 (20,068) (661,981) (300,149)		- - -
Deferred inflows of resources Total adjustments	1,240,050 1,331,461	_	307,768 58,237	_	- 72,151	_	1,547,818 1,461,849	_	1,527,936
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 15,464,336	\$	1,208,510	\$	147,729	\$	16,820,575	\$	317,808

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

Assets Pooled cash and investments \$ 132,278 Restricted assets: 329,092 Cash and investments with fiscal agents 196,821 Total assets 329,099 Liabilities 1,750 Accounts payable 1,750 Accrued interest 6,800 Due to other governments 1,922 Long-term liabilities: 165,000 Due within one year 165,000 Due in more than one year 360,000 Total liabilities 535,472 Fiduciary Net Position (Deficit)		Tı S Age	ate Purpose rust Fund uccessor ency of the rmer CRA
Restricted assets: Cash and investments with fiscal agents Total assets 329,099 Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued interest Accrued interest Due to other governments Long-term liabilities: Due within one year Due in more than one year Total liabilities Total liabilities 535,472			
Cash and investments with fiscal agents196,821Total assets329,099Liabilities1,750Accounts payable1,750Accrued interest6,800Due to other governments1,922Long-term liabilities:165,000Due within one year165,000Due in more than one year360,000Total liabilities535,472		\$	132,278
Total assets Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued interest Due to other governments Long-term liabilities: Due within one year Due in more than one year Total liabilities Total liabilities 329,099 1,750 6,800 1,922 1,922 1,922 165,000 360,000			100.001
Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued interest Due to other governments Long-term liabilities: Due within one year Due in more than one year Total liabilities 535,472	Cash and investments with fiscal agents		196,821
Accounts payable 1,750 Accrued interest 6,800 Due to other governments 1,922 Long-term liabilities: Due within one year 165,000 Due in more than one year 360,000 Total liabilities 535,472	Total assets		329,099
Accrued interest 6,800 Due to other governments 1,922 Long-term liabilities: Due within one year 165,000 Due in more than one year 360,000 Total liabilities 535,472	Liabilities		
Accrued interest 6,800 Due to other governments 1,922 Long-term liabilities: Due within one year 165,000 Due in more than one year 360,000 Total liabilities 535,472	Accounts payable		1,750
Long-term liabilities:165,000Due within one year165,000Due in more than one year360,000Total liabilities535,472	·		6,800
Due within one year165,000Due in more than one year360,000Total liabilities535,472	Due to other governments		1,922
Due in more than one year 360,000 Total liabilities 535,472	Long-term liabilities:		
Total liabilities 535,472	Due within one year		165,000
	Due in more than one year		360,000
			
Fiduciary Net Position (Deficit)	l otal liabilities		535,472
Fluuciary Net Fosition (Dencit)	Fiduciany Not Position (Deficit)		
Held in trust for other purposes \$ (206,373)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$	(206.373)

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	T S Ag	ate Purpose rust Fund fuccessor ency of the ormer CRA
Revenues		4=0.000
Taxes	\$	172,383
Use of money and property		316
Total revenues		172,699
Expenses Contractual services Interest expense		3,693 40,800
Total expenses		44,493
Change in net position		128,206
Net position (deficit) held in trust, beginning		(334,579)
Net position (deficit) held in trust, ending	\$	(206,373)



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Description of Entity

As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements present the City of South Pasadena, California (the City) and its component units, entities for which the City is considered financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the Government's operation, so data from these units are combined herein. The criteria used in determining the scope of the reporting entity is based on the provisions of GASB Statement No. 14 as amended by Statement 39, 61 and 80 and were as follows:

- 1. The members of the City Council also act as the governing body of the City of South Pasadena Housing Authority (the Authority).
- 2. The Authority is managed by employees of the City.
- 3. The Authority is financially interdependent with the City.

The City of South Pasadena was incorporated on March 2, 1888, under the general laws of the State of California. The City provides a full range of municipal services, including public safety (police and fire), streets, sanitation, refuse collection, sewer, water, parks and recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, housing and community development, and general administrative and support services.

Blended Component Units

City of South Pasadena Housing Authority - The Authority was established pursuant to California Housing Authorities Law (Health and Safety Code Sections 34200 et seq.) on April 6, 2011. The purpose of the Housing Authority is to provide safe and sanitary housing opportunities for South Pasadena residents. The primary government has operational responsibility for the Housing Authority. Although the Housing Authority is legally separate, it is reported as if it were part of the City because the City Council also serves as the governing board of the Housing Authority. Separate financial statements of the Housing Authority are not prepared. Additionally, the Housing Authority took over the housing activities from the former Community Redevelopment Agency due to its dissolution on January 31, 2012.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fiduciary fund financial statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the fiscal year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. Other general revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The proprietary and private-purpose trust funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

The City reports the following major governmental fund:

 The <u>General Fund</u> is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

- The <u>Water Fund</u> is used to account for the construction, operation, and maintenance of the City-owned water system.
- The <u>Sewer Fund</u> is used to account for the provision of sewer construction, maintenance, and operation services to residents of the City.

The City's fund structure also includes the following fund types:

- The <u>Private Purpose Trust Fund</u> accounts for the assets and liabilities of the former community redevelopment agency and its allocated revenue to pay estimated installment payments of enforceable obligations until obligations of the former community redevelopment agency are paid in full and assets have been liquidated. Please refer to Note 12 for more information.
- The <u>Internal Service Fund</u> is used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's functions for general liability and worker's compensation insurance. Because the internal service operations benefit both governmental and business-type functions, they have been proportionally allocated and included within the governmental and business-like activities in the government-wide financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the government's proprietary funds function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

Proprietary funds and the internal service fund distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Enterprise Funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for Enterprise Funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The City has elected to follow all pronouncements of the GASB.

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position or Equity

Deposits and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. For financial statement presentation purposes, cash and cash equivalents are shown as both restricted and unrestricted cash and investments in the Governmental and Proprietary Funds.

Investments for the City, as well as for its component units, are reported at fair value. The City's policy is generally to hold investments until maturity or until market values equal or exceed cost. The State Treasurer's Investment Pool operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares.

Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans), or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position or Equity (continued)

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts.

Property tax revenue is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes have been levied providing they become available. Available means when due, or past due and receivable within the current period and collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter (not to exceed 60 days) to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The County of Los Angeles collects property taxes for the City. Tax liens attach annually as of 12:01 A.M. on the first day in January proceeding the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. The tax levy covers the fiscal period July 1 to June 30. All secured personal property taxes and one-half of the taxes on real property are due November 1; the second installment is due February 1. All taxes are delinquent, if unpaid, after December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured personal property taxes become due on the first of March each year and are delinquent after August 31.

Functional Classifications

Expenditures of the Governmental Funds are classified by function. Functional classifications are defined as follows:

General Government includes legislative activities which have a primary objective of providing legal and policy guidelines for the City. Also included in this classification are those activities which provide management or support services across more than one functional area.

Public Safety includes those activities which involve the protection of people and property.

Community Development includes those activities which involve the enhancing of the general quality of life.

Community Services includes activities such as administering the Senior Center, recreation classes, and special events committees.

Public Works includes those activities that involve the maintenance and improvement of City streets, roads and park department development and maintenance.

Capital Outlay includes those activities that account for the acquisition of capital assets.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position or Equity (continued)

Inventories

Inventory consisting primarily of materials and supplies is held by the Water Enterprise Fund. Such goods are valued using the average-cost method applied on a first-in, first-out (FIFO) basis. Inventories reported in the City's General Fund are charged to inventories when purchased and treated as an expenditure when issued.

Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds of debt issues, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet and statement of net position because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants. In addition, funds have been restricted for future capital improvements by City resolution.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 for non-infrastructure assets and \$25,000 for infrastructure assets (amount not rounded). Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position or Equity (continued)

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	50
Improvements other than buildings	10 - 25
Machinery and equipment	3 - 30
Vehicles	8
Infrastructure	Years
Sewer collection system	60
Storm drain system	60
Bridges	60
Hardscape	40
Parkways and medians	40
Pavement, curbs and gutters, and sidewalks	35
Streetlights	20
Electronic traffic control devices	20

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position and balance sheet of governmental funds will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and balance sheet of governmental funds will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has only one item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from three sources: property taxes, special assessments, and reimbursable grants billed but not yet available. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position or Equity (continued)

Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Compensated Absences

It is the policy of the City to record the cost of annual vacation as accrued. Employees are 100% vested in accrued vacation after six months of employment. The entire compensated absence liability for the Enterprise Fund is accrued as earned in the Enterprise Fund. All accumulated compensated absence liability of governmental funds is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. Compensated absences are reported in governmental funds only if they have matured.

It is the policy of the City to pay sick leave as used; accordingly, the expenditures are recorded when paid. Sick leave does not vest with employees. Accordingly, employees do not receive a payout for unused sick leave upon termination, although employees do receive credit for unused sick leave upon retirement.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position or Equity (continued)

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Plan and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

GASB 68 requires that the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined timeframes. For this report, the following timeframes are used.

Valuation Date (VD) June 30, 2020 Measurement Date (MD) June 30, 2021

Measurement Period (MP) July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2021

Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the totaled OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis. For this purpose, benefit payments are reported at fair value.

Generally accepted accounting principles require that the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined timeframes. For this report, the following timeframes are used:

Valuation Date (VD) June 30, 2020 Measurement Date (MD) June 30, 2021

Measurement Period (MP) July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2021

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position or Equity (continued)

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position.

Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the following fund balance classification:

Nonspendable include amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted include amounts that are constrained on the use of resources by either (a) external creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws of regulations of other governments or (b) by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed include amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest authority, City Council. The formal action that is required to be taken to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment is a resolution of the City Council.

Assigned include amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The City Council, with Resolution No. 7152, authorized the Finance Director to assign fund balance amounts for specific purposes.

Unassigned include the residual amounts that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes. The General Fund is the only fund that can report a positive unassigned fund balance.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position or Equity (continued)

An individual governmental fund could include nonspendable resources and amounts that are restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) or any combination of those classifications. Restricted amounts are to be considered spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available and committed, assigned, and then unassigned amounts are considered to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balances classifications can be used.

The City Council adopts and amends committed fund balance amounts for specific purposes through a resolution. When expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the City considers restricted amounts to be used first. When expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used, they are considered to be spent in the order as follows: committed, assigned, and then unassigned.

Net Position

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, net position is classified as follows:

<u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> – This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

<u>Restricted</u> – This component of net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets.

<u>Unrestricted</u> – This component of net position is the amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted component of net position.

E. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses, during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

F. Implementation of New Pronouncement

Governmental Accounting Standards Board has issued Statement No. 87, Leases. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities.

Note 2: Cash and Investments

Cash and investments are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of net position:	
Cash and investments	\$ 73,625,221
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	158,464
Investment in Section 115 Trust	1,141,509
Statement of fiduciary net position:	
Cash and investments	132,278
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	 196,821
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 75,254,293

Cash and investments at June 30, 2022, consists of the following:

Cash and cash equivalents:	
Petty cash	\$ 9,235
Deposits with financial institutions	20,724,213
Investments	 54,520,845
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 75,254,293

The City of South Pasadena maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use for all funds. Each fund type's position in the pool is reported on the combined balance sheet as cash and investments. The City has adopted an investment policy which authorizes it to invest in various investments.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

Note 2: Cash and Investments (continued)

A. Deposits

At June 30, 2022, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$20,724,213 and the bank balance was \$20,263,661. The difference between the two represents outstanding checks and other reconciling items.

The California Government Code requires California banks and savings and loan associations to secure a City's deposits by pledging government securities with a value of 110% of a City's deposits. California law also allows financial institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of a City's total deposits. The City Treasurer may waive the collateral requirement for deposits which are fully insured up to \$250,000 by the FDIC. The collateral for deposits in federal and state chartered banks is held in safekeeping by an authorized Agent of Depository recognized by the State of California Department of Banking. The collateral for deposits with savings and loan associations is generally held in safekeeping by the Federal Home Loan Bank in San Francisco, California as an Agent of Depository. These securities are physically held in an undivided pool for all California public agency depositors.

Under Government Code Section 53655, the placement of securities by a bank or savings and loan association with an "Agent of Depository" has the effect of perfecting the security interest in the name of the local governmental agency. Accordingly, all collateral held by California Agents of Depository are considered to be held for, and in the name of, the local governmental agency.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

Note 2: Cash and Investments (continued)

B. Investments

Under provision of the City's investment policy, and in accordance with Section 53601 of the California Government Code, the City may invest in the following types of investments:

Authorized Investment Type	Authorized by Investment Policy	Maximum Maturity	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment In One Issuer	Minimum Quality Requirements
Local Agency Bonds	Yes	5 years	None	None	N/A
U.S. Treasury Obligations	Yes	5 years	None	None	N/A
State Obligations - CA & Others	Yes	5 years	None	None	N/A
CA Local Agency Obligations	Yes	5 years	None	None	N/A
U.S. Agency Obligations	Yes	5 years	None	None	N/A
Banker's Acceptances	Yes	180 days	40%	30%	N/A
Commercial Paper - Select Agencies	Yes	270 days	25%	10%	A-1
Commercial Paper - Other Agencies	Yes	270 days	40%	None	A-1
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	Yes	5 years	30%	None	N/A
CD Placement Service	Yes	5 years	30%	None	N/A
Repurchase Agreements	Yes	1 year	None	None	N/A
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	Yes	92 days	20%	None	N/A
Medium-Term Notes	Yes	5 years	30%	N/A	Α
Mutual Funds	Yes	N/A	20%	10%	N/A
Money Market Mutual Funds	Yes	N/A	20%	10%	N/A
Collateralized Bank Deposits	Yes	5 years	None	None	N/A
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	Yes	5 years	20%	None	AA
Bank/Time Deposits	Yes	5 years	None	None	N/A
County Pooled Investment Funds	Yes	N/A	None	None	N/A
Joint Powers Authority Pool	Yes	N/A	None	None	N/A
Local Agency Investment Fund	Yes	N/A	None	None	N/A
Voluntary Investment Program Fund	Yes	N/A	None	None	N/A

The City has monies held by trustees or fiscal agents pledged to the payment or security of certain bonds. The California Government Code provides that these monies, in the absence of specific statutory provisions governing the issuance of bonds, may be invested in accordance with the ordinance, resolutions, or indentures specifying the types of investments its trustees or fiscal agents may make.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

Note 2: Cash and Investments (continued)

C. Investments in State Investment Pool

The City is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. LAIF is overseen by the Local Agency Investment Advisory Board, which consists of five members, in accordance with State statute. The State Treasurer's Office audits the fund annually. The fair value of the position in the investment pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

D. Credit Risk

The City's investment policy limits investments in medium-term notes (MTN's) to those rated "A" or better by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Investments in U.S. government securities are not considered to have credit risk and, therefore, their credit quality is not disclosed.

Presented below is the minimum rating required by the City's Investment Policy and the actual rating as of June 30, 2022:

			Rating as of Fiscal Year End									
Investment Type	Amount	Minimum Legal Rating	Exempt from Disclosure		AA+	AA / A	<u>A-</u>		\+	A	/ A-	Not Rated
Local Agency Investment Fund	\$ 15,380,420	N/A	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 15,380,420
Money Market Mutual Funds	94,126	N/A	-		-		-		-		-	94,126
U.S. Treasury Notes	25,543,998	N/A	25,543,998		-		-		-		-	-
Government Agency Securities	1,298,668	Α	-		1,298,668		-		-		-	_
Medium-Term Notes	11,062,124	Α	-		765,745	1,217,	721	2,51	15,030	6,5	63,628	-
Section 115 Trust	1,141,509	N/A				·			<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	1,141,509
Total	\$ 54,520,845		\$ 25,543,998	\$:	2,064,413	\$1,217,	721	\$2,51	15,030	\$6,5	63,628	\$ 16,616,055

E. Custodial Credit Risk

The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the City will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Of the bank balances, up to \$250,000 is federally insured and the remaining balances are collateralized in accordance with the California Government Code.

F. Concentration of Credit Risk

The City's investment policy imposes restrictions on the percentage that the City can invest in a single type of investment in accordance with CA Government Code. In addition, GASB 40 requires a separate disclosure if any single issuer comprises more than 5% of the total investment value. As of June 30, 2022, there were no investments in any one issuer (other than U.S. Treasury securities, mutual funds, and external investment pools) that represent 5% or more of total City investments.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

Note 2: Cash and Investments (continued)

G. Interest Rate Risk

The City's investment policy limits investment maturities, in accordance with CA Government Code, as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The certificates of deposit in cash with fiscal agent below with a maturity of three to five years are governed by the debt agreements, rather than the City's investment policy. The City has elected to use the segmented time distribution method of disclosure for its interest rate risk.

As of June 30, 2022, the City had the following investments and original maturities:

	Remaining Maturity (in months)								
			6	months to 1					
Investment Type	6 n	nonths or less		year		1 to 3 years	3 to	5 years	 Total
Local Agency Investment Fund	\$	15,380,420	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 15,380,420
Money Market Mutual Funds		94,126		-		-		-	94,126
U.S. Treasury Notes		1,933,398		3,928,860		16,331,451	3	3,350,289	25,543,998
Government Agency Securities		1,298,668		-		-		-	1,298,668
Medium-Term Notes		960,940		1,051,533		9,049,651		-	11,062,124
Section 115 Trust		1,141,509		-		-			 1,141,509
Total	\$	20,809,061	\$	4,980,393	\$	25,381,102	\$ 3	3,350,289	\$ 54,520,845

H. Fair Value Measurements

The definition of fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by the generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The following table presents the balances of the assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of June 30, 2022.

Investment by Fair Value Level	Fair Value Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		
Debt securities:				-			
Money Market Mutual Funds	\$	94,126	\$ 94,126	\$	-	\$	-
U.S. Treasury Notes		25,543,998	-		25,543,998		-
Government Agency Securities		1,298,668	-		1,298,668		-
Medium-Term Notes		11,062,124			11,062,124		
Total investments measured at fair value Investments not subject to fair value measurement		37,998,916	\$ 94,126	\$	37,904,790	\$	
LAIF		15,380,420					
Section 115 Trust		1,141,509					
Total investments	\$	54,520,845					

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

Note 3: Capital Assets

Capital asset activity was as follows for the year ended June 30, 2022:

Governmental activities:	Balance June 30, 2021	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2022
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress	\$ 2,454,245 2,562,485	\$ - 757,187	\$ - (169,684)	\$ 2,454,245 3,149,988
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	5,016,730	757,187	(169,684)	5,604,233
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Infrastructure Machinery, equipment, and vehicles	11,964,792 7,788,183 92,953,602 11,878,034	37,175 - 169,684 48,231	- - - -	12,001,967 7,788,183 93,123,286 11,926,265
Total capital assets, being depreciated	124,584,611	255,090		124,839,701
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Infrastructure Machinery, equipment, and vehicles	(8,257,938) (2,537,895) (48,120,241) (10,022,581)	(337,444) (448,517) (57,295) (447,294)	- - - -	(8,595,382) (2,986,412) (48,177,536) (10,469,875)
Total accumulated depreciation	(68,938,655)	(1,290,550)		(70,229,205)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	55,645,956	(1,000,100)		54,610,496
Total governmental activities	\$ 60,662,686	\$ (278,273)	\$ (169,684)	\$ 60,214,729

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General government	\$ 458,415
Public safety	291,358
Community services	477,167
Public works	 63,610
Total depreciation expense – governmental activities	\$ 1,290,550

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

Note 3: Capital Assets (continued)

Business-type activities:	Balance June 30, 2021 Additions		Deletions	Balance June 30, 2022
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress	\$ 84,685 11,771,073	\$ - 204,085	\$ - (11,622,975)	\$ 84,685 352,183
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	11,855,758	204,085	(11,622,975)	436,868
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Infrastructure Machinery and equipment	4,180,702 5,323,960 77,125,424 2,064,486	- 11,607,094 15,881 9,570	- - - -	4,180,702 16,931,054 77,141,305 2,074,056
Total capital assets, being depreciated	88,694,572	11,632,545		100,327,117
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Infrastructure Machinery and equipment	(1,418,977) (3,756,948) (9,108,170) (1,100,231)	(83,339) (612,129) (1,371,126) (131,086)	- - - -	(1,502,316) (4,369,077) (10,479,296) (1,231,317)
Total accumulated depreciation	(15,384,326)	(2,197,680)		(17,582,006)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	73,310,246	9,434,865		82,745,111
Total business-type activities	\$ 85,166,004	\$ 9,638,950	\$ (11,622,975)	\$ 83,181,979

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Business-type Activities:
Water \$ 1,950,425
Sewer \$ 196,472
Arroyo Seco Golf Course \$ 50,783

Total depreciation expense – business-type activities \$ 2,197,680

Note 4: Leases Receivable

For the year ended 6/30/2022, the financial statements include the adoption of GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The primary objective of this statement is to enhance the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. This statement establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

Note 4: Leases Receivable (continued)

On 07/01/2021, City of South Pasadena, CA entered into a 126 month lease as Lessor for the use of iTennis. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$828,404. As of 06/30/2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$753,225. The lessee is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$7,000. The lease has an interest rate of 1.2173%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of 06/30/2022 was \$749,509, and the City of South Pasadena recognized lease revenue of \$78,896 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 1 extension option(s), each for 120 months.

Note 5: Interfund Receivable, Payable and Transfers

A. Due To/From Other Funds

At June 30, 2022, the City had the following internal balances:

	Due To Other Funds						
	Nonmajor						
Due From Other Funds	Funds	Wat	er Fund	Service Fund	Total		
General Fund	\$ 2,014,263	\$	5.493	\$ 2,529,352	\$ 4,549,108		
Gonorai i ania	ψ $Z,017,200$	_Ψ	$0, \pm 00$	ψ 2,020,002	Ψ 1,010,100		

The due to General fund of \$2,014,263 for various Nonmajor Governmental Funds, \$5,493 for the Water Fund, and \$2,529,352 for the Internal Service Fund was a result of temporary cash deficit balances in those funds.

B. Transfers

		Transfers In						
	N	on-Major		Total				
	Go۱	/ernmental	Transfers					
		Funds	Out					
Transfers Out: General Fund	\$ 130,700		\$	130,700				
Total Transfers In:	\$	130,700	\$	130,700				

All transfers were made as budgeted or as approved by Council. \$47,247 was drawn from the San Pascual Stables Capital Improvement Funds held in General Fund and transferred to the Facilities and Equipment Capital Projects Fund for the Stables Facilities Improvements. There were Special Funds that had negative fund balances that were identified without other potential source of funding thus the Adopted Budget reflected transfers from the General Fund to make those Special Fund balances whole. The transfers to those Special Funds include \$23 to CTC Traffic Improvement Fund, \$68,953 to Street Light and Landscape Fund, \$14,170 to Golden Streets Grant Fund, and \$307 to the Community Development Block Grant Fund.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

Note 6: Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2022:

	Balance			Balance	Due Within
	June 30, 2021	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2022	One Year
Business-Type Activities:					
2012 State Loan Payable - Direct Borrowing	\$ 8,707,478	\$ -	\$ (242,951)	\$ 8,464,527	\$ 248,053
SRF State Loan Payable - Direct Borrowing	6,032,909	-	(163,097)	5,869,812	165,882
2013 Water Revenue Bonds	4,245,000	-	(405,000)	3,840,000	420,000
Issuance Premium	228,629	-	(27,712)	200,917	-
2016 Water Revenue Bonds	34,290,000	-	(905,000)	33,385,000	945,000
Issuance Premium	3,796,702		(208,038)	3,588,664	
Total Business-Type Activities	\$ 57,300,718	\$ -	\$ (1,951,798)	\$ 55,348,920	\$ 1,778,935

2012 State Loan Payable (Direct Borrowing)

California State Water Resources Control Board loaned the City an assessable amount of \$11,000,000 over the term agreement starting December 1, 2013 through May 30, 2037. The proceeds from the loan are to be used by the City for its rehabilitation and replacement of the City's sewer infrastructure. The loan acts as an installment sale agreement, in which, the City must expend its own funds prior to drawing on the accessible loan amount for reimbursement. Repayment of project funds, together with all interest accrued thereon, by the City shall be repaid in annual installments commencing 1 year after the completion of the project.

The annual requirements to amortize the outstanding bond indebtedness as of June 30, 2022, including interest are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Principal Interest Total		
2023	\$ 248,053	\$ 177,755	\$ 425,808	
2024	253,262	172,546	425,808	
2025	258,581	167,227	425,808	
2026	264,011	161,797	425,808	
2027	269,555	156,253	425,808	
2028-2032	1,435,101	693,940	2,129,041	
2033-2037	1,592,250	536,791	2,129,041	
2038-2042	1,766,607	362,434	2,129,041	
2043-2047	1,960,057	168,984	2,129,041	
2048	417,050	8,758	425,808	
Total	\$ 8,464,527	\$ 2,606,485	\$ 11,071,012	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

Note 6: Long-Term Debt (continued)

SRF State Loan Payable (Direct Borrowing)

California State Water Resources Control Board loaned the City an assessable amount of \$10,803,550 over the term agreement starting November 15, 2017 through January 1, 2050. The proceeds from the loan are to be used by the City for the Graves Reservoir Replacement Project. The loan acts as an installment sale agreement, in which, the City must expend its own funds prior to drawing on the accessible loan amount for reimbursement. Repayment of project funds, together with all interest accrued thereon, by the City shall be repaid in annual installments commencing 1 year after the completion of the project.

The annual requirements to amortize the outstanding bond indebtedness as of June 30, 2022, including interest are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total		
2023	\$ 165,882	\$ 99,085	\$ 264,967		
2024	168,714	96,253	264,967		
2025	171,594	93,373	264,967		
2026	174,523	90,443	264,966		
2027	177,503	87,464	264,967		
2028-2032	934,018	390,814	1,324,832		
2033-2037	1,016,516	308,316	1,324,832		
2038-2042	1,106,301	218,531	1,324,832		
2043-2047	1,204,016	120,816	1,324,832		
2048-2051	750,745	21,096	771,841		
Total	\$ 5,869,812	\$ 1,526,191	\$ 7,396,003		

2013 Water Revenue Bonds

In March, 2013, the South Pasadena Public Financing Authority issued \$6,995,000 Water and Wastewater Revenue Bonds, 2013 Series A. The bonds were issued to refund of a portion of the outstanding California Statewide Communities Development Authority Water and Wastewater Revenue Bonds, Series 2004A that were issued on behalf of the City of South Pasadena, to purchase a surety for a reserve fund for the Bonds, and to pay costs of issuance of the bonds. The bonds are secured by a pledge of system net revenues of the City's water system.

Bond proceeds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants. In addition, funds have been restricted for future capital improvements by City resolution.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

Note 6: Long-Term Debt (continued)

The serial bonds mature annually from October 1, 2014 to October 1, 2029, in increasing amounts from \$325,000 to \$545,000. The bonds bear interest at rates ranging from .35% to 3.4%. The term bonds mature on October 1, 2029, and carry an interest rate of 5.0%. Interest is payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1, commencing on October 1, 2014 and October 1, 2029, respectively.

If the City defaults on its obligations to make debt service payments on the bonds, the trustee, as assignee of the City, has the right to accelerate the total unpaid principal amount of the bonds. However, in the event of a default and such acceleration, there can be no assurance that the trustee will have sufficient moneys available for payment of the bonds.

The annual requirements to amortize the outstanding bond indebtedness as of June 30, 2022, including interest are as follows:

Year Ending					
June 30,	Principal	Interest		Total	
2023	\$ 420,000	\$	143,088	\$	563,088
2024	435,000		128,688		563,688
2025	450,000		113,688		563,688
2026	470,000		95,987		565,987
2027	490,000		77,588		567,588
2028-2030	 1,575,000		133,150		1,708,150
	_				
Total	\$ 3,840,000	\$	692,189	\$	4,532,189

2016 Water Revenue Bonds

In November, 2016, the City of South Pasadena issued \$37,845,000 Water Revenue Refunding Bonds. The bonds were issued to refund all of the outstanding 2009 Water Revenue Bonds, purchase a municipal bond insurance policy to guarantee payment of the principal of and interest on the 2016 bonds and to pay costs of issuance of the 2016 bonds.

The serial bonds mature annually from October 1, 2017 to October 1, 2036, in amounts from \$835,000 to \$2,610,000. The bonds bear interest at rates ranging from 2% to 5%. The term bonds mature on October 1, 2039, and carry an interest rate of 5.0%. Interest is payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1, commencing and ending on April 1, 2017 and April 1, 2037, respectively.

If the City defaults on its obligations to make debt service payments on the bonds, the trustee, as assignee of the City, has the right to accelerate the total unpaid principal amount of the bonds. However, in the event of a default and such acceleration, there can be no assurance that the trustee will have sufficient moneys available for payment of the bonds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

Note 6: Long-Term Debt (continued)

The annual requirements to amortize the outstanding bond indebtedness as of June 30, 2022, including interest are as follows:

Year Ending			
June 30,	Principal	 Interest	 Total
2023	\$ 945,000	\$ 1,482,738	\$ 2,427,738
2024	985,000	1,439,213	2,424,213
2025	1,035,000	1,388,713	2,423,713
2026	1,095,000	1,335,463	2,430,463
2027	1,145,000	1,279,463	2,424,463
2028-2032	7,800,000	5,425,263	13,225,263
2033-2037	11,850,000	2,979,438	14,829,438
2038-2040	8,530,000	438,413	8,968,413
Total	\$ 33,385,000	\$ 15,768,704	\$ 49,153,704

Note 7: Compensated Absences

The City's liability at June 30, 2022 for vested and unpaid compensated absences (accrued vacation and compensatory time) is as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2021		 Change*	Balance June 30, 2022		Due Within One Year	
Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$	863,279 88,987	\$ 7,705 (20,068)	\$	870,984 68,919	\$	87,098 6,892
Total compensated absences payable	\$	952,266	\$ (12,363)	\$	939,903	\$	93,990

^{*} The change presented for compensated absences is a net amount

Compensated absences are paid, if matured, out of the General Fund, other various special revenue funds and enterprise funds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

Note 8: City Employees Defined Benefit Pension Plan

A. General Information about the Pension Plans

Plan Description

All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the Public Agency Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Plan) administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS.) The Plan consists of individual rate plans (benefit tiers) within a safety risk pool (police and fire) and a miscellaneous risk pool (all other). Plan assets may be used to pay benefits for any employer rate plan of the safety and miscellaneous pools. Accordingly, rate plans within the safety or miscellaneous pools are not separate plans under GASB Statement No. 68. Individual employers may sponsor more than one rate plan in the miscellaneous or safety risk pools. The City sponsors five rate plans (two miscellaneous and three safety). Benefit provisions under the Plan are established by State statute and City resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS' website, at www.calpers.ca.gov.

Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full-time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 5 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost-of-living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The Plan operates under the provisions of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law (PERL), the California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act of 2013 (PEPRA), and the regulations, procedures and policies adopted by the CalPERS Board of Administration. The Plan's authority to establish and amend the benefit terms are set by the PERL and PEPRA, and may be amended by the California state legislature and in some cases require approval by the CalPERS Board.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

Note 8: City Employees Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

A. General Information about the Pension Plans (continued)

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2022 are summarized as follows:

	Miscellaneous				
	Prior to	On or after			
Hire date	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013			
Benefit formula	2% @ 55	2% @ 62			
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service			
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life			
Retirement age	50 - 63	52 - 67			
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	1.426% to 2.418%	1.0% to 2.5%			
Required employee contribution rates	7.00%	6.50%			
Required employer contribution rates	11.600%	7.730%			
	Safety				
Hire date	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013			
Benefit formula	2% @ 50	2.7% @ 57			
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service			
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life			
Retirement age	50 - 55	50 - 57			
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	2.0% to 2.7%	2.0% to 2.7%			
Required employee contribution rates	9.00%	12.75%			
Required employer contribution rates	20.940%	13.980%			

Employees Covered

At June 30, 2020 (valuation date), the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	Miscellaneous - Classic	Miscellaneous - PEPRA	Safety - Classic	Safety - PEPRA
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits Inactive employees entitled to but	153	-	137	1
not yet receiving benefits	198	60	31	15
Active employees	38	48	36	17
Total	389	108	204	33

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

Note 8: City Employees Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

A. General Information about the Pension Plans (continued)

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law (PERL) requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The total plan contributions are determined through CalPERS' annual actuarial valuation process. For public agency cost-sharing plans covered by either the Miscellaneous or Safety risk pools, the Plan's actuarially determined rate is based on the estimated amount necessary to pay the Plan's allocated share of the risk pool's costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, and any unfunded accrued liability. The employer is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. Employer contribution rates may change if plan contracts are amended. Payments made by the employer to satisfy contribution requirements that are identified by the pension plan terms as plan member contribution requirements are classified as plan member contributions. Employer Contributions to the Plan for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 were \$9,206,330. The actual employer payments of \$5,001,568 made to CalPERS by the City during the measurement period ended June 30, 2021 differed from the City's proportionate share of the employer's contributions of \$6,058,237 by \$1,056,669, which is being amortized over the expected average remaining service lifetime in the Public Agency Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Plan.

B. Net Pension Liability

The City's net pension liability for the Plan is measured as the total pension liability, less the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2021, using an annual actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020 rolled forward to June 30, 2021 using standard update procedures. A summary of principal assumptions and methods used to determine the net pension liability is as follows:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

Note 8: City Employees Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

B. Net Pension Liability (continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Total Pension Liability

All other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from 1997 to 2015, including updates to salary increase, mortality and retirement rates. The Experience Study report can be obtained at CalPERS' website, at www.calpers.ca.gov.

Valuation Date June 30, 2020 Measurement Date June 30, 2021

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal in accordance with the

requirements of GASB 68

Asset Valuation Method Market Value of Assets

Actuarial Assumptions:

Discount Rate 7.15% Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases Varies by entry age and service

Mortality Rate Table (1) Derived using CALPERS' membership data

for all funds

Post Retirement Benefit Increase The lesser of contract COLA or 2.50% until

purchasing power protection allowance floor on purchasing power applies, 2.50%

thereafter

(1) The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2015. Preretirement and Post-retirement mortality rates include 15 years of projected mortality improvement using 90% of Scale MP-2016 published by the Society of Actuaries. For more details on this table, please refer to the CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions report from December 2017 that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Long-term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the rounded single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equal to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

Note 8: City Employees Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

B. Net Pension Liability (continued)

The expected real rates of return by asset class are as follows:

Asset Class ¹	Current Target Allocation	Real Return Years 1 - 10 ²	Real Return Year 11+ ³
Public equity	50.0%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed income	28.0%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation assets	-	0.77%	1.81%
Private equity	8.0%	6.30%	7.23%
Real assets	13.0%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1.0%	-	(0.92%)
Total	100.0%		

¹ In the System's ACFR, fixed income is included in global debt securities; liquidity is included in short-term investments; inflation assets are included in both global equity securities and global debt securities.

Change of Assumptions

There were no change of assumptions for measurement date June 30, 2021.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for PERF C was 7.15%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

² An expected inflation of 2.0% used for this period

³ An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

Note 8: City Employees Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

B. Net Pension Liability (continued)

Subsequent Events

On July 12, 2021, CalPERS reported a preliminary 21.3% net return on investments for fiscal year 2020-21. Based on the thresholds specified in CalPERS Funding Risk Mitigation policy, the excess return of 14.3% prescribes a reduction in investment volatility that corresponds to a reduction in the discount rate used for funding purposes of 0.20%, from 7.00% to 6.80%. Since CalPERS was in the final stages of the four-year Asset Liability Management (ALM) cycle, the board elected to defer any changes to the asset allocation until the ALM process concluded, and the board could make its final decision on the asset allocation in November 2021.

On November 17, 2021, the board adopted a new strategic asset allocation. The new asset allocation along with the new capital market assumptions, economic assumptions and administrative expense assumption support a discount rate of 6.90% (net of investment expense but without a reduction for administrative expense) for financial reporting purposes. This includes a reduction in the price inflation assumption from 2.50% to 2.30% as recommended in the November 2021 CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions. This study also recommended modifications to retirement rates, termination rates, mortality rates and rates of salary increases that were adopted by the board. These new assumptions will be reflected in the GASB 68 accounting valuation reports for the June 30, 2022, measurement date.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Information about the pension plan's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fiduciary net position are presented in CalPERS' audited financial statements, which are publicly available reports that can be obtained at CalPERS' website, at www.calpers.ca.gov. The plan's fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis used by the pension plan, which is the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

Note 8: City Employees Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

C. Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability

The following table shows the Plans' proportionate share of the net pension liability over the measurement period.

Miscellaneous Plan	Plan Total Pension Liability	Increase (Decrease) Plan Fiduciary Net Plan Net Pension Position Liability			
Balance at: 6/30/2020 (MD) Balance at: 6/30/2021 (MD) Net Changes during 2020-21	(a) \$ 52,311,226 55,170,159 \$ 2,858,933	(b) \$ 37,892,396 46,571,804 \$ 8,679,408	(c) = (a) - (b) \$ 14,418,830 8,598,355 \$ (5,820,475)		
Safety	Plan Total Pension Liability	Increase (Decrease) Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Plan Net Pension Liability		
Balance at: 6/30/2020 (MD) Balance at: 6/30/2021 (MD) Net Changes during 2020-21	(a) \$ 93,464,695 97,523,463 \$ 4,058,768	(b) \$ 65,230,692 79,110,235 \$ 13,879,543	(c) = (a) - (b) \$ 28,234,003 18,413,228 \$ (9,820,775)		

Valuation Date (VD), Measurement Date (MD)

The City's proportion of the net pension liability was determined by CalPERS using the output from the Actuarial Valuation System and the fiduciary net position, as provided in the CalPERS Public Agency Cost-Sharing Allocation Methodology Report, which is a publicly available report that can be obtained at CalPERS' at www.calpers.ca.gov. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for each Plan as of the June 30, 2020, and 2021 measurement dates was as follows:

	Miscellaneous	Safety
Proportionate Share of NPL - June 30, 2020	0.341834%	0.423784%
Proportionate Share of NPL - June 30, 2021	0.452830%	0.524670%
Change - Increase	0.110996%	0.100886%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

Note 8: City Employees Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

C. Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (continued)

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability of each Plan as of the measurement date, calculated using the discount rate of 7.15 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower (6.15 percent) or 1 percentage-point higher (8.15 percent) than the current rate:

	Discount Rate - 1% (6.15%)		_	Current Discount Rate (7.15%)		count Rate + 1% (8.15%)
Miscellaneous Plan's Net Pension Liability	\$	15,882,521	\$	8,598,355	\$	2,576,640
Safety Plan's Net Pension Liability	\$	31,540,728	\$	18,413,228	\$	7,630,609

Amortization of Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources

Under GASB 68, gains and losses related to changes in total pension liability and fiduciary net position are recognized in pension expense systematically over time.

The first amortized amounts are recognized in pension expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and are to be recognized in future pension expense.

The amortization period differs depending on the source of the gain or loss:

Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	5 year straight-line amortization
All other amounts	Straight-line amortization over the expected average remaining service lives (EARSL) of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive and retired) as of the beginning of the measurement period

The expected average remaining service lifetime (EARSL) is calculated by dividing the total future service years by the total number of plan participants (active, inactive, and retired) in the Public Agency Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan (PERF C).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

Note 8: City Employees Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

C. Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (continued)

The EARSL for PERF C for the measurement period ending June 30, 2021 is 3.7 years, which was obtained by dividing the total service years of 561,622 (the sum of remaining service lifetimes of the active employees) by 150,648 (the total number of participants: active, inactive, and retired) in PERF C. Inactive employees and retirees have remaining service lifetimes equal to 0. Total future service is based on the members' probability of decrementing due to an event other than receiving a cash refund.

D. Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of the start of the measurement period (July 1, 2020), the City's net pension liability was \$42,652,833. For the measurement period ending June 30, 2021 (the measurement date), the City incurred a pension expense of \$8,173,907.

As of June 30, 2022, the City has deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions as follows:

	 Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between Expected and				
Actual Experience	\$ 4,110,098	\$	-	
Differences between Projected and Actual				
Investment Earnings	-		18,465,320	
Differences between Employer's Contributions				
and Proportionate Share of Contributions	14,535		1,380,083	
Change in Employer's Proportion	618,099		278,956	
Pension Contributions Made Subsequent to				
Measurement Date	9,206,330		-	
	\$ 13,949,062	\$	20,124,359	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

Note 8: City Employees Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

D. Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

The amounts above are net of outflows and inflows recognized in the 2020-21 measurement period expense. Contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$9,206,330 reported with deferred outflows of resources will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the upcoming fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in future pension expense as follows:

	Deferred			
	Outflows/			
Fiscal Year	(Inflows) of		
Ended June 30,	Resources, Net			
2023	\$	(2,913,793)		
2024		(3,291,425)		
2025		(4,086,286)		
2026		(5,090,123)		
2027		-		
Thereafter		_		

E. Payable to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2022, the City reported a payable of \$0 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required for the year ended June 30, 2022.

F. Pension Plan Summary

Miscellaneous plan net pension liability Safety plan net pension liability		8,598,355 18,413,228
Combined net pension liability	\$	27,011,583
Governmental activities net pension liability Business-type activities net pension liability	\$	24,837,151 2,174,432
Total net pension liability	\$	27,011,583

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

Note 9: Other Post-Employment Benefits

A. Plan Description

The City provides certain other post-employment benefits (OPEB) through a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan which provides health insurance for its retired employees according to the Personnel Rules and Regulations for each of the five employee groups. Benefit provisions are included annually in the Memorandum of Understanding between the City and each of its employee groups and ultimately passed by Council action. Separate financial statements for the plan are not available.

B. Employees Covered

As of the June 30, 2021 measurement date, the following numbers of participants were covered by the benefit terms under the Plan:

Active employees	139
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	97
Inactive employees entitled to, but not yet receiving benefits	20
Total	256

C. Funding Policy

The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by the City, City Council and/or employee associations. Currently, contributions are not required from plan members.

The City pays for postemployment health insurance on a pay-as-you-go basis (no prefunding). For fiscal year 2021-2022, the City paid \$540,160 for other postemployment benefits.

D. Changes of Assumptions

Discount rate decreased from 2.21% at June 30, 2020 to 2.16% at June 30, 2021.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

Note 9: Other Post-Employment Benefits (continued)

E. Total OPEB Liability

The City's total OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021 and was based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial Assumptions	June 30, 2021 Measurement Date
Actuarial Valuation Date	June 30, 2021
Contribution Policy	No pre-funding
Discount Rate	2.16% at June 30, 2021
	(Bond Buyer 20-Bond Index)
	2.21% at June 30, 2020
	(Bond Buyer 20-Bond Index)
General Inflation	2.50% annually
Mortality, Retirement, Disability,	CalPERS 2000-2019 Experience Study
Termination	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Mortality Improvement	Mortality projected fully generational with Scale
	MP-2021
Salary increases	Aggregate - 2.75% annually
	Mert - CalPERS 2000-2019 Experience Study
Medical Trend	i i
ivicalcal frend	Non-Medicare – 6.5% for 2023, decreasing to
	an ultimate rate of 3.75% in 2076
	Medicare (Non-Kaiser) - 5.65% for 2023,
	decreasing to an ultimate rate of 3.75% in 2076
	Medicare (Kaiser) – 4.6% for 2023, decreasing
	to an ultimate rate of 3.75% in 2076
Fixed Dollar Cap	None
PEMHCA Minimum Increase	4.00% annually
Healthcare Participation at	
Retirement	90% of employees receiving City Subsidy (hired
	before 7/1/2020)
	50% of employees receiving PEMHCA minimum

F. Discount Rate

A discount rate of 2.16 percent was used in the valuation for measurement date June 30, 2021.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

Note 9: Other Post-Employment Benefits (continued)

G. Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

The changes in the total OPEB liability for the Plan are as follows:

	Total OPEB Liability	
Balance at June 30, 2021		
(June 30, 2020 measurement date)	_\$_	20,220,894
Changes recognized for the measurement period:		
Service cost		895,656
Interest		461,163
Changes of benefit terms		(3,110,716)
Actual vs. expected experience		887,933
Changes in assumptions		(874,999)
Benefit payments		(498,954)
Net changes		(2,239,917)
Balance at June 30, 2022		
(June 30, 2021 measurement date)	\$	17,980,977

H. Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate, for measurement period ended June 30, 2021:

_	1% Decrease (1.16%)		Current Discount Rate (2.16%)		1% Increase (3.16%)	
Total OPEB Liability	\$	20,637,077	\$ 17,980,977	\$	15,806,908	

I. Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate, for measurement period ended June 30, 2021:

				Current			
			ŀ	lealthcare			
			C	Cost Trend			
	19	% Decrease		Rates	1% Increase		
Total OPEB Liability	\$	16.767.529	\$	17.980.977	\$	19.352.845	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

Note 9: Other Post-Employment Benefits (continued)

J. OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

As the City is not prefunding with an OPEB trust, Plan Fiduciary Net Position was \$0 at the June 30, 2021 measurement date. The City does not have assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria of GASB 75 to pay related benefits. Contributions are fixed and not based on a measure of pay.

Recognition of Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources

Gains and losses related to changes in total OPEB liability and fiduciary net position are recognized in OPEB expense systematically over time. Amounts are first recognized in OPEB expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and are to be recognized in future OPEB expense. The net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments is amortized using the straight-line method over 5 years, while all other amounts are amortized over the expected average remaining service lifetime (EARSL) of plan participants.

K. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized OPEB revenue of \$1,759,968. As of fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	 red Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Contributions to OPEB plan subsequent to the measurement date	\$ 766,299 2,481,087 1,847,160	\$	803,239 1,499,239 -	
Total	\$ 5,094,546	\$	2,302,478	

The \$1,847,160 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the June 30, 2021 measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows or inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as expense as follows:

	Deferred
Outflo	ws/(Inflows) of
F	Resources
\$	(7,861)
	(7,864)
	234,223
	320,865
	403,242
	2,303
\$	944,908
	Outflo

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

Note 10: Insurance

The City is partially self-insured for general liability insurance. The City is responsible for claims up to \$100,000 per occurrence. Coverage in excess of the City's self-insured retention is purchased through CSAC Excess Insurance Authority (CSAC-EIA) up to the statutory limits. The City participates in a risk pool for general liability insurance through CSAC-EIA above the City's self-insured retention of \$100,000 up to \$4,900,000 per occurrence. Reinsurance coverage in excess of the pool layer up to \$25,000,000 is purchased through CSAC-EIA. CSAC-EIA retains responsibility for claims in excess of each member's self-insured retention.

For workers' compensation insurance, the City is covered from the first dollar. Coverage between \$1 and \$5,000,000 is provided by CSAC-EIA. CSAC-EIA participates in an excess pool which provides coverage from \$5,000,000 to \$50,000,000 and purchases excess insurance above \$50,000,000 to the statutory limit.

Workers' compensation and general liability claims incurred prior to July 1, 2014 were covered through the City's participation in the California Joint Powers Insurance Authority.

Note 11: Commitments and Contingencies

Due to the occurrence of several spills from the City's sanitary sewer system, the City entered into a settlement on November 16, 2011, with the Regional Water Quality Control Board, Los Angeles Region and the state Attorney General for violations of the state's general waste discharge requirements. The settlement required the City to cover fines and attorney fees, complete repairs to its sanitary sewer system over a 10 year period, and implement specified system maintenance programs. These requirements will be monitored through an open court proceeding and, if not met; the City could be subjected to further monetary penalties.

The City is presently involved in certain matters of litigation that have arisen in the normal course of conducting City business. City management believes that based upon consultation with the City Attorney, that these cases in the aggregate are not expected to result in a material adverse financial impact on the City beyond that already accrued for in the basic financial statements. Additionally, City management believes that sufficient resources are available to the City to cover any potential losses, should an unfavorable outcome materialize.

Note 12: Successor Agency Trust for Assets of Former Community Redevelopment Agency

On December 29, 2011, the California Supreme Court upheld Assembly Bill 1X 26 ("the Bill") that provides for the dissolution of all redevelopment agencies in the State of California. This action impacted the reporting entity of the City of South Pasadena that previously had reported a community redevelopment agency within the reporting entity of the City as a blended component unit.

The Bill provides that upon dissolution of a community redevelopment agency, a "successor agency" is to be established to hold the assets until they are distributed to other units of state and local government. On January 4, 2012, the City Council elected to become the Successor Agency for the former community redevelopment agency in accordance with the Bill as part of City resolution number 7205.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

Note 12: Successor Agency Trust for Assets of Former Community Redevelopment Agency (continued)

After enactment of the law, which occurred on June 28, 2011, community redevelopment agencies in the State of California cannot enter into new projects, obligations or commitments. Subject to the control of a newly established oversight board, remaining assets can only be used to pay enforceable obligations in existence at the date of dissolution (including the completion of any unfinished projects that were subject to legally enforceable contractual commitments).

Successor agencies will only be allocated revenue in the amount that is necessary to pay the estimated annual installment payments on enforceable obligations of the former community redevelopment agency until all enforceable obligations of the prior community redevelopment agency have been paid in full and all assets have been liquidated.

Cash and investments

At June 30, 2022, Cash and investments reported in the accompanying financial statements consisted of the following:

Cash and investments pooled with the City	\$ 132,278
Cash and investments with fiscal agent	 196,821
	\$ 329,099

Long-term debt

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2022:

		E	Balance	Dι	ue Within					
	June 30, 2021		Additions		Deletions		June 30, 2022		One Year	
2000 Tax Allocation Bond Total	\$	680,000 680,000	\$	-	\$	(155,000) (155,000)	\$	525,000 525,000	\$	165,000 165,000

A description of long-term debt outstanding (excluding defeased debt) of the Successor Agency as of June 30, 2022, follows:

2000 Tax Allocation Bonds

In July 2000, the Agency issued \$2,600,000 in tax allocation bonds for the Downtown Revitalization Project No. 1, which mature annually from May 1, 2001 to May 1, 2025, in increasing amounts from \$55,000 to \$185,000, plus interest at 4.4% to 6.0%, payable semiannually on May 1 and November 1, commencing on November 1, 2000. Bonds are subject to redemption at the option of the Agency beginning May 1, 2010, at a price ranging from 102% to 100% of principal value. Debt service on the bonds is provided by incremental property tax revenues generated within the Downtown Redevelopment Project Area. At June 30, 2022, \$525,000 was outstanding.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

Note 12: Successor Agency Trust for Assets of Former Community Redevelopment Agency (continued)

Pledged Revenue

The City pledged, as security for bonds issued, either directly or through the Financing Authority, a portion of tax increment revenue (including Low and Moderate Income Housing set-aside and pass through allocations) that it receives. The bonds issued were to provide financing for various capital projects, accomplish Low and Moderate Income Housing projects and to defease previously issued bonds. Assembly Bill 1X 26 provided that upon dissolution of the community redevelopment agency, property taxes allocated to community redevelopment agencies no longer are deemed tax increment but rather property tax revenues and will be allocated first to successor agencies to make payments on the indebtedness incurred by the dissolved community redevelopment agency. Total principal and interest remaining on the debt is \$589,200 with annual debt service requirements as indicated above. For the current fiscal year, the total property tax revenue recognized by the City and Successor Agency for the payment of indebtedness incurred by the dissolved Community Redevelopment Agency was \$172,383 and the interest expense on the bonds was \$40,800.

The annual requirements to amortize the outstanding bond indebtedness as of June 30, 2022, including interest are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	F	Principal	Interest			Total			
2023 2024 2025	\$	165,000 175,000 185,000	\$	31,500 21,600 11,100	\$	196,500 196,600 196,100			
Total	\$	525,000	\$	64,200	\$	589,200			

Insurance

The Successor Agency is covered under the City of South Pasadena's insurance policies. Therefore, the limitation and self-insured retentions applicable to the City also apply to the Successor Agency. Additional information as to coverage and self-insured retentions can be found in Note 9.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

Note 13: Deficit Fund Balances

The following funds have deficits in fund balance at June 30, 2022:

Fund	 Amount
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	
Special Revenue Funds:	
MTA Pedestrian Improvement	\$ (29,951)
Rogan HR 5294 Grant	(5,708)
Parking and Business Improvement Tax	(15,609)
Mission Meridian Public Garage	(362,058)
County Park Bond	(210,465)
MSRC Grant	(152,986)
Measure H	(87,699)
Prop C Exchange	(345,047)
BTA Grant	(416,948)
Golden Streets Grant	(311,796)
CDBG	(2,584)
Homeland Security Grant	(146,371)
HSIP Grant	(228,661)

The City intends to fund these deficits with future revenue, transfers and reductions of expenditures in future years.

Note 14: Net Investment in Capital Assets

The net investment in capital assets category of net position is comprised of the following:

	Water	Sewer	Arroyo Seco Golf Course	Business-Type Activities Total
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	\$ 73,217,280	\$ 9,227,077	\$ 737.622	\$ 83,181,979
2016 Water Revenue Bonds	(33,385,000)	Ψ 5,221,011	Ψ 101,022	(33,385,000)
Issuance Premium	(3,588,664)	_	_	(3,588,664)
2013 Water Revenue Bonds	(3,840,000)	_	_	(3,840,000)
Issuance Premium	(200,917)	_	_	(200,917)
2012 State Loan Payable	(200,517)	(8,464,527)	_	(8,464,527)
SRF State Loan Payable	(5,869,812)	(0,101,021)	_	(5,869,812)
Deferred Loss on Refunding	4,648,488	_	_	4,648,488
Deterred Loss on Returning	4,040,400			4,040,400
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 30,981,375	\$ 762,550	\$ 737,622	\$ 32,481,547
	Governmental			
	Activities			
Capital assets, not being depreciated	\$ 5,604,233			
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	54,610,496			
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 60,214,729			

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

Note 15: Prior Period Adjustment

The cumulative effects of correction of errors in reporting of prior balances resulted in the following prior period adjustments:

Fund balance, as previously reported	General Fund \$ 25,643,607	Non-major Funds \$ 14,410,347	Total Governmental Activities \$ 40,053,954		
Prior period adjustment	(1,287,988)	(76,036)	(1,364,024)		
Fund balance, as restated	\$ 24,355,619	\$ 14,334,311	\$ 38,689,930		
Net position, as previously reported	Governmental Activities \$ 49,907,349	Business-Type Activities \$ 45,454,016			
Prior period adjustment	(381,490)	(344,027)			
Net position, as restated	\$ 49,525,859	\$ 45,109,989			
Net position, as previously reported	Water \$ 37,543,665	Sewer \$ 5,947,068	Arroyo Seco Golf Course \$ 1,963,283	Total Proprietary Funds/Business- Type Activities \$ 45,454,016	Internal Service Funds \$ (1,724,921)
Prior period adjustment	(270,583)	(73,444)		(344,027)	982,534
Net position, as restated	\$ 37,273,082	\$ 5,873,624	\$ 1,963,283	\$ 45,109,989	\$ (742,387)



GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with	
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget	
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 26,235,970	\$ 26,235,970	\$ 29,531,707	\$ 3,295,737	
Licenses and permits	827,680	827,680	814,081	(13,599)	
Intergovernmental	345,000	345,000	175,212	(169,788)	
Charges for services	3,359,000	3,364,000	4,082,853	718,853	
Use of money and property	430,100	430,100	(478,837)	(908,937)	
Fines and forfeitures	265,000	265,000	52,291	(212,709)	
Miscellaneous	484,884	484,884	491,476	6,592	
Total revenues	31,947,634	31,952,634	34,668,783	2,716,149	
Expenditures					
Current:					
General government	6,462,905	6,893,795	7,012,268	(118,473)	
Public safety	16,199,702	16,344,879	19,146,076	(2,801,197)	
Community development	3,402,385	3,810,797	2,672,281	1,138,516	
Community services	3,287,989	3,300,190	3,178,805	121,385	
Public works	2,351,205	2,750,415	2,112,342	638,073	
Capital outlay	116,500	108,500	99,758	8,742	
Total expenditures	31,820,686	33,208,576	34,221,530	(1,012,954)	
Excess of revenues over					
expenditures	126,948	(1,255,942)	447,253	1,703,195	
		(1,=00,01=)			
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in	-	1,410,000	-	(1,410,000)	
Transfers out	(88,281)	(1,498,281)	(130,700)	1,367,581	
Total other financing					
sources (uses)	(88,281)	(88,281)	(130,700)	(42,419)	
3541555 (4355)	(00,201)	(00,201)	(100,100)	(12,110)	
Net change in fund balance	38,667	(1,344,223)	316,553	1,660,776	
Fund balance, beginning of year, as restated	24,355,619	24,355,619	24,355,619		
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 24,394,286	\$ 23,011,396	\$ 24,672,172	\$ 1,660,776	

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS – COST SHARING LAST TEN YEARS*

Measurement Date	Employer's Proportion of the Collective Net Pension Liability ¹	P S C	Employer's roportionate Share of the ollective Net nsion Liability	Employer's vered Payroll	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net Pension Liability as a percentage of the Employer's Covered Payroll	Pension Plan's Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of the Total Pension Liability
6/30/2014	0.35660%	\$	22,189,470	\$ 10,021,859	221.41%	79.82%
6/30/2015	0.35146%		24,123,577	10,601,417	227.55%	78.40%
6/30/2016	0.36618%		31,865,437	10,683,089	298.28%	74.06%
6/30/2017	0.36714%		36,410,081	11,218,719	324.55%	73.31%
6/30/2018	0.37770%		36,396,135	11,190,390	325.24%	74.01%
6/30/2019	0.38379%		39,327,077	10,760,952	365.46%	72.89%
6/30/2020	0.39201%		42,652,833	11,634,785	366.60%	70.74%
6/30/2021	0.49945%		27,011,583	12,540,902	215.39%	82.31%

¹ Proportion of the net pension liability represents the plan's proportion of PERF C, which includes both the Miscellaneous and Safety Risk Pools excluding the 1959 Survivors Risk Pool.

^{*} Measurement date 6/30/2014 (fiscal year 2014-15) was the first year of implementation. Additional years will be presented as information comes available.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PLAN CONTRIBUTIONS – COST SHARING LAST TEN YEARS*

Fiscal Year	D	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution		Def	tribution ficiency xcess)	Employer's vered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
6/30/2015	\$	1,926,460	\$	(1,926,460)	\$	-	\$ 10,601,417	18.17%
6/30/2016		2,445,893		(2,445,893)		-	10,683,089	22.89%
6/30/2017		3,258,700		(3,258,700)		-	11,218,719	29.05%
6/30/2018		3,082,379		(3,082,379)		-	11,190,390	27.54%
6/30/2019		3,460,075		(3,460,075)		-	10,760,952	32.15%
6/30/2020		4,295,978		(4,295,978)		-	11,634,785	36.92%
6/30/2021		5,001,568		(5,001,568)		-	12,540,902	39.88%
6/30/2022		9,206,330		(9,206,330)		-	12,690,746	72.54%

^{*} Measurement date 6/30/2014 (fiscal year 2015) was the first year of implementation. Additional years will be presented as information becomes available.

Notes to Schedule:

Changes in Benefit Terms: There were no changes to benefit terms that applied to all members of the Public Agency Pool. Additionally, the figures above do not include any liability impact that may have resulted from Golden Handshakes that occurred after the June 30, 2020 valuation date, unless the liability impact is deemed to be material to the Public Agency Pool.

Changes in Assumptions: There were no assumption changes for 2021. For 2020, the Plan adopted a new amortization policy effective with the 2019 actuarial valuation. The new amortization policy shortens the period over which actuarial gains and losses are amortized from 30 years to 20 years with the payments computed as a level dollar amount. In addition, the new policy does not utilize a five-year ramp-up and ramp-down on UAL bases attributable to assumption changes and non-investment gains/losses. The new policy also does not utilize a five-year ramp-down on investment gains/losses. These changes apply only to new UAL bases established on or after June 30, 2019. There were no changes in assumptions in 2019. In 2018, demographic assumptions and inflation rate were changed in accordance to the CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions December 2017. There were no changes in the discount rate in 2019. In 2017, the accounting discount rate was reduced from 7.65 percent to 7.15 percent. In 2016, there were no changes in the discount rate. In 2015, amounts reported reflect an adjustment of the discount rate from 7.5 percent (net of administrative expense) to 7.65 percent (without a reduction for pension plan administrative expense). In 2014, amounts reported were based on the 7.5 percent discount rate.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST TEN YEARS*

Fiscal Year Measurement Period	2017-18 2016-17		_	2018-19 2017-18	2019-20 2018-19	2020-21 2019-20		_	2021-22 2020-21
Total OPEB Liability									
Service cost	\$	664,681	\$	560,960	\$ 506,445	\$	666,996	\$	895,656
Interest		519,308		607,364	651,066		600,512		461,163
Changes in benefit terms		-		-	270,482		-		(3,110,716)
Actual vs. expected experience		-		-	(1,405,666)		-		887,933
Changes in assumptions		(1,694,570)		(606,526)	829,039		2,810,290		(874,999)
Benefit payments		(645,346)		(637,788)	 (660,893)		(694,791)		(498,954)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(1,155,927)		(75,990)	190,473		3,383,007		(2,239,917)
Total OPEB liability - beginning		17,879,331		16,723,404	16,647,414		16,837,887		20,220,894
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)		16,723,404		16,647,414	16,837,887		20,220,894	_	17,980,977
Plan Fiduciary Net Position									
Contributions – employer		-		-	-		-		-
Net investment income		-		-	-		-		-
Benefit payments		-		-	-		-		-
Administrative expense									
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		-		-	-		-		-
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning					 				
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)		-		-	 -		-		-
Net OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	16,723,404	\$	16,647,414	\$ 16,837,887	\$	20,220,894	\$	17,980,977
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage									
of the total OPEB liability		0.0%		0.0%	0.0%		0.0%		0.0%
Covered-employee payroll	\$	11,644,645	\$	14,031,728	\$ 10,487,587	\$	11,952,495	\$	15,678,975
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered		143.6%		118.6%	160.6%		169.2%		114.7%

Notes to Schedule:

Changes in assumptions: Discount rate decreased from 2.21% at June 30, 2020 to 2.16% at June 30, 2021.

Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB 75 is applicable. Future years' information will be displayed up to 10 years as information becomes available.

The City does not have assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria of GASB 75 to pay related benefits. Contributions are fixed and not based on a measure of pay.

^{*}Fiscal Year 2017-18 was the first year of implementation

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2022

Note 1: General Budget Policies

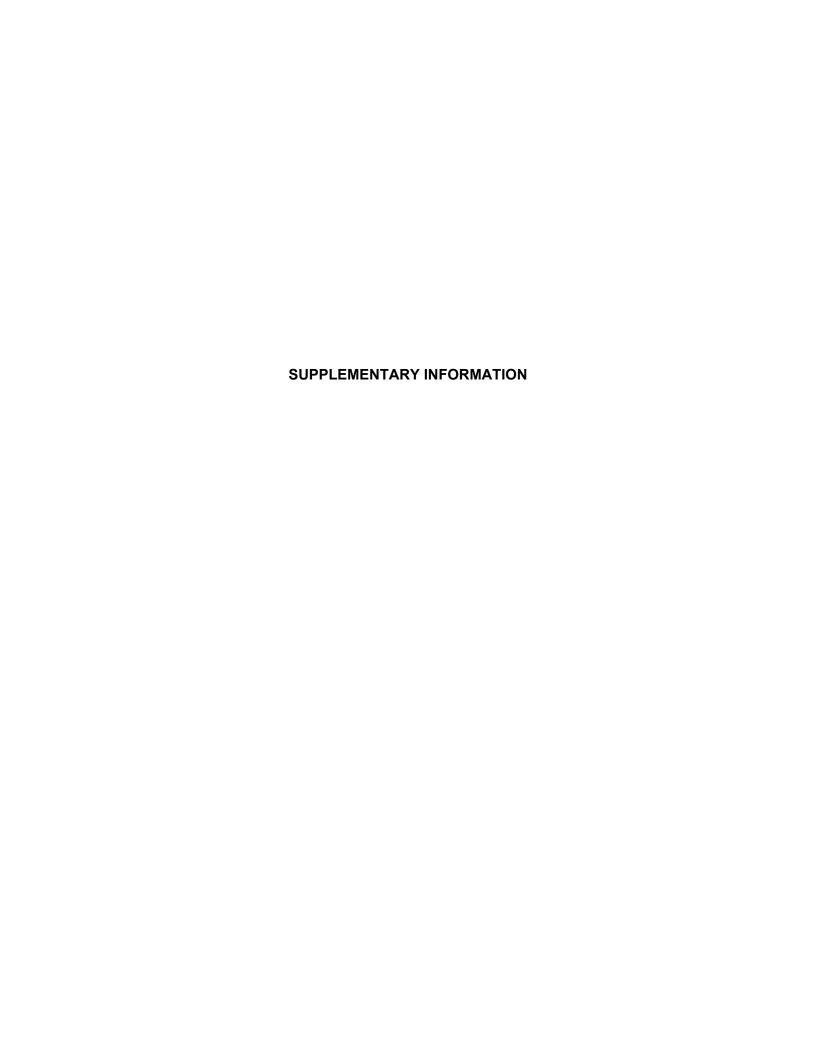
Budgetary control is an essential element in governmental financial reporting. The City, a general law city in the State of California, does not legally require a budget. However, the City Council adopted budgets for the General, Special Revenue, and Capital Projects Funds with the exception of the Measure H, Prop C Exchange, MTA Pedestrian Improvement, Gold Line Mitigation, Rogan HR 5294 Grant, and BTA Grant Special Revenue Funds.

To facilitate a greater understanding of the City's operations, budget information for the General, Special Revenue and Capital Projects Funds is included in the accompanying basic financial statements. This detailed budget document is published and is a matter of public record. Each year, the City Manager submits his proposed budget to the City Council. The City Council holds public hearings and may modify the appropriations by majority approval. The legal level of expenditures is controlled at the fund level and operating appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year. All budgeted amounts are reported on the same basis as the fund types and adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Changes in appropriations at the fund level during the year must be submitted by the City's departments for City Council review and approval. The City Manager may, without Council approval, amend individual line items within any fund and between divisions and programs, in personnel costs, maintenance and operations, capital outlay and capital projects portions of the budget without increasing total appropriations for that fund. Department heads may, without Council approval, amend individual line items within any fund in the maintenance and operation portions of the budget without increasing total appropriations for that division.

Note 2: Supplementary Budget Information

Excess of expenditures over appropriations at the fund level were as follows:

Fund	Appropriations	Expenditures	Excess		
General Fund:					
General Government	\$ 6,893,795	\$ 7,012,268	\$ (118,473)		
Public safety	16,344,879	19,146,076	(2,801,197)		
Non-Major Governmental Funds:			,		
Homeland Security Grant	107,049	125,360	(18,311)		
Housing Authority	-	372	(372)		



Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditure for particular purposes.

- *201 MTA Pedestrian Improvement Fund To account for MTA grants used for the Fair Oaks/Mission pedestrian improvement projects which include pedestrian accessibility, widened bikeways, landscaping, lighting modification and aesthetics.
- **205 Proposition "A" Local Return Fund** To account for all revenues and expenditures associated with the one-half cent sales tax approved by Proposition A in 1980. All revenues of this fund must be expended for transportation-related items as established by the Los Angeles County Transportation Commission.
- **207 Proposition "C" Local Return Fund** To account for all revenues and expenditures associated with the one-half cent sales tax approved by Proposition C in 1990. All revenues of this fund must be expended for transportation-related items as established by the Los Angeles County Transportation Commission.
- **211 CTC Traffic Improvement Grant Fund** To account for state and federal funding of street and intersection improvements relieving congestion at our busiest intersections.
- *214 Rogan HR 5294 Grant Fund To account for the revenue and expenditures associated with the 110 FWY Hook Ramp Project funded by Rogan grant.
- **215 Street Lighting and Landscaping Fund** To account for the costs associated with the City's street lighting and median landscaping programs. These costs are deemed to benefit all property owners who are assessed their proportionate share of the costs. These assessments are placed on the property tax bill and collected and remitted to the City by the County of Los Angeles.
- **218 Clean Air Act Fund** To account for revenues and expenditures expended for air quality improvement projects as established by the South Coast Air Quality Management District.
- **220 Parking and Business Improvement Tax (BIT) Fund** To account for business improvement tax returns collected by the City for specified purposes within the Parking and Business Improvement Area: (1) decoration of any public place, (2) promotion of public events; (3) furnishing of music; (4) general promotion of retail trade activities.
- *223 Gold Line Mitigation Fund To account for the MTA's funding for the improvements to the Gold Line Mission Street Station.
- **226 Mission Meridian Public Garage Fund** To account for the revenues and expenditures of the Mission Meridian Public Garage.

- **230 State Gas Tax Fund** To account for all state gas tax related revenues and expenditures, including street repair, reconstruction and maintenance. State law requires these gasoline taxes to be used to maintain the City's street and highway system.
- **232 County Park Bond** To account for the revenues and expenditures for the County Park Bond related improvements.
- **255 Capital Growth Requirements Fund** To account for fees paid to the City for building development to be applied towards the costs of public facilities improvements.
- **260 Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Fund** To account for the revenues and expenditures for Community Development Block Grant projects.
- **239 Measure W Fund** To account for all revenues and expenditures associated with improving conditions of stormwater runoffs funded by parcel tax.
- **270 Asset Forfeiture Fund** To account for proceeds received from forfeiture in narcotics investigations allocated for law enforcement activities.
- **245 Bike and Pedestrian Paths Fund** To account for the revenues and expenditures for bike and pedestrian facilities improvements funded by the State of California Transportation Development Act.
- **272 State Police Grant Fund** To account for revenue and expenditures for frontline police services funded by COPS (AB 3229) grant.
- **274 Homeland Security Grant Fund** To account for revenue and expenditures the operations of police equipment and conferences funded by Homeland Security.
- **275 Park Impact Fees Fund** To account for the proceeds of a development fee used for the purpose of park facilities improvements and related expenditures.
- **233 Measure R Fund** To account for all revenues and expenditures associated with the one-half cent sales tax approved by Measure R in 2009. All revenues of this fund must be expended for transportation-related items as established by the Los Angeles County Transportation Commission.
- **236 Measure M Fund** To account for all revenues and expenditures associated with the one-half cent sales tax approved by Measure M in 2016. All revenues of this fund must be expended for transportation-related items as established by the Los Angeles County Transportation Commission.
- **208 TDA/Metro Grant Fund** To account for all revenues and expenditures associated with the TEA/Metro Fund. All revenues of this fund must be expended for transportation-related items.

- **217 Public, Education Fund** To account for revenues and expenditures used for public education and government access charges that the City's cable franchise collects. Monies in this fund must be used to purchase equipment related to the production of public education and government access television.
- **237 Road Maintenance & Rehab Fund** To account for all revenues and expenditures associated with State Gas Tax SB1.
- **238 MSRC Grant Fund** To account for the revenues and expenditures for the Mobile Source Air Pollution Reduction Review Committee projects.
- *241 Measure H Fund To account for the revenues and expenditures for the "Los Angeles County Plan to Prevent and Combat Homelessness" for the specific purposes of funding homeless services and short-term housing.
- *242 Prop C Exchange Fund To account for all revenues and expenditures associated with competitive Metro Grant for eligible transportation projects.
- *248 BTA Grant Fund To account for the revenues and expenditures for the Bicycle Transportation Account (BTA) grant funded by the Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority. This grant was awarded to fund two projects from the City's Bicycle Master Plan: the Mission Street Green Sharrow Lane Project and the South Pasadena Bicycle Parking Project.
- **228 Housing Authority Fund** To account for the revenues and expenditures for the City of South Pasadena Housing Authority.
- **249 Golden Streets Grant Fund** To account for the revenues and expenditures for the open streets grant funded by the Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority. The goals of the Open Streets Grant Program is to provide opportunities for 1) riding transit, walking and riding a bike, possibly for the first time, 2) to encourage future mode shift to more sustainable transportation modes, and for 3) civic engagement to foster the development of multi-modal policies and infrastructure at the city/community level.
- **277 Highway Safety Improvement Program Grant (HSIP) Fund** To account for revenues and expenditures related to street improvements funded by the grant.
- **276 Historic Preservation Grant Fund** To account for revenues and expenditures related to historic preservation grant funds.

^{*}Note that no budget was adopted for this fund.

Capital Projects Funds

Capital projects funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds.

- **105 Facilities & Equipment Replacement Fund** To account the replacement costs of City vehicles and equipment.
- *106 Technology Surcharge Fund To account for the funding collected through the City's Technology Fee Surcharge intended for acquiring and maintenance of a permitting software system.
- *327 2000 Tax Allocation Bonds Fund To account for capital expenditures for improvements funded by the bonds formerly held by the Successor Agency to the Community Redevelopment Agency.
- **104 Street Improvement Program Fund** To account for capital expenditures related to street improvements projects.

^{*}Note that no budget was adopted for this fund.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	Special Revenue Funds									
		MTA edestrian erovement	F	Proposition "A"	F	Proposition "C"	Impr	Traffic ovement Grant		
ASSETS Pooled cash and investments	\$	-	\$	1,873,309	\$	1,269,996	\$	-		
Receivables: Accounts		-		-		-		-		
Taxes		-		-		-		-		
Accrued interest		-		1,591		1,068		-		
Due from other governments										
Total assets	\$		\$	1,874,900	\$	1,271,064	\$			
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	11,928	\$	50,013	\$	-		
Accrued liabilities		-		4,907		3,592		-		
Deposits payable Due to other funds		- 29,951		-		-		-		
Due to other funds		20,001	_		_					
Total liabilities		29,951		16,835		53,605				
Fund Balances (Deficits): Restricted for:										
Community development projects		-		-		-		-		
Public safety - police Community services		-		- 1,858,065		-		-		
Public works - streets and roads		-		-		- 1,217,459		-		
Capital projects		-		-		-		-		
Public works - street lighting Committed to:		-		-		-		-		
Capital projects		-		-		-		-		
Unassigned		(29,951)		_		-		-		
Total fund balances (deficits)		(29,951)		1,858,065		1,217,459		-		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	_									
resources, and fund balances	\$	_	\$	1,874,900	\$	1,271,064	\$	-		

Special Revenue Funds											
	n HR 5294 nt Fund		Street Lighting		Clean Air Act	В	rking and usiness rovement		old Line litigation		
\$	-	\$	379,025	\$	144,951	\$	-	\$	63,353		
	- - -		- 36,437 457 -		8,442 - 119 -		- - - -		- - 55 -		
\$	\$ -		415,919	\$	153,512	\$	-	\$	63,408		
\$	-	\$	311,142	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
	-		3,035 7,733		-		-		-		
	5,708			-			15,609		-		
	5,708		321,910		_		15,609		-		
	-		-		-		-		-		
	-		-		-		-	-			
	-		-		-	-			- -		
	-	- 94,009			153,512		-		63,408		
	-		94,009		-		-		-		
	-		-		-		-		-		
(5,708) -					-		(15,609)				
	(5,708)		94,009		153,512		(15,609)		63,408		

<u>\$ - \$ 415,919 \$ 153,512 \$ - \$ 63,408</u>

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	Special Revenue Funds									
	Mission Meridian Public Garage		s	tate Gas Tax	County Park Bond			Capital Growth quirements		
ASSETS Pooled cash and investments Receivables:	\$	-	\$	890,226	\$	-	\$	588,024		
Accounts Taxes		- -		-		-		- -		
Accrued interest Due from other governments		<u>-</u>		764 50,194		<u>-</u>		505 		
Total assets	\$		\$	941,184	\$		\$	588,529		
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:										
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	\$	4,227 -	\$	11,839 9,888	\$	12,897 -	\$	-		
Deposits payable Due to other funds		357,829				197,568		<u>-</u>		
Total liabilities		362,056		21,727		210,465				
Fund Balances (Deficits): Restricted for:										
Community development projects Public safety - police		-		-		-		-		
Community services Public works - streets and roads		-		- 919,457		-		-		
Capital projects Public works - street lighting		-		-		-		588,529 -		
Committed to: Capital projects Unassigned		- (362,056)		-		- (210,465)		-		
Total fund balances (deficits)		(362,056)		919,457		(210,465)		588,529		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$		\$	941,184	\$		\$	588,529		

C.D.B.G	F	Asset orfeiture	N	Measure W	Ped	ke and destrian Paths	State Police Grant		
\$ -	\$	232,277	\$	296,261	\$	-	\$	426,269	
_		-		-		_		_	
-		-		-		-		-	
-		200		260		-		367	
 38,704						-			
\$ 38,704	\$	232,477	\$	296,521	\$		\$	426,636	

Special Revenue Funds

\$ -	\$ -	\$ 14,90 <i>7</i> 391	\$ -	\$ 36,767 -
-	-	-	-	-
41,288	 -		-	
41,288		15,298	 -	36,767
-	-	-	-	_
_	232 477	_	_	389 869

-	-	-	-	-
-	232,477	-	-	389,869
-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-
-	-	281,223	-	-
-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-
 (2,584)		-	 	
(2,584)	232,477	281,223	-	389,869
	 _		 _	 _
\$ 38,704	\$ 232,477	\$ 296,521	\$ -	\$ 426,636

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

			Special R	even	ue Funds	
	omeland curity Grant	Pa	ark Impact Fees	Measure R		 Measure M
ASSETS Pooled cash and investments Receivables:	\$ -	\$	905,306	\$	1,441,908	\$ 1,794,606
Accounts	-		-		-	-
Taxes Accrued interest	-		- 771		- 1,212	- 1,499
Due from other governments						
Total assets	\$ 	\$	906,077	\$	1,443,120	\$ 1,796,105
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$ 125,360	\$	100,191	\$	-	\$ -
Accrued liabilities Deposits payable	-		-		-	-
Due to other funds	21,011					
Total liabilities	146,371		100,191			
Fund Balances (Deficits): Restricted for:						
Community development projects	-		-		-	-
Public safety - police Community services	-		- 805,886		-	-
Public works - streets and roads	-		-		1,443,120	1,796,105
Capital projects Public works - street lighting	-		-		-	-
Committed to:	-		-		-	-
Capital projects	-		-		-	-
Unassigned Total fund balances (deficits)	 (146,371) (146,371)		805,886		1,443,120	 1,796,105
Total faria balarioes (delicits)	 (170,011)		000,000		1,770,120	 1,700,100
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ _	\$	906,077	\$	1,443,120	\$ 1,796,105

	DA/Metro rant Fund		Public Education		d Maintenance & Rehab	G	MSRC rant Fund	N	/leasure H
\$	151,338	\$	187,914	\$	1,147,408	\$	-	\$	-
	-		1,836		-		_		20,000
	- 130 -		- 162 -		- 950 93,835		- - -		- - -
\$	151,468	\$	189,912	\$	1,242,193	\$		\$	20,000
•		•		•		•	00.000	•	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	22,986 -	\$	-
	-		-		-		- 130,000		- 107,699
	-		-				152,986		107,699
	_		189,912		_		_		_
	-		-		-		-		-
	- 151,468		-		- 1,242,193		-		-
	131,400		-		1,242,193		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-
	- 151,468		189,912		1,242,193		(152,986) (152,986)		(87,699) (87,699)
	,		,		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		, - , - 3-5		(- ,)
\$	151,468	\$	189,912	\$	1,242,193	\$		\$	20,000

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

				Special Re	venue	e Funds		
ACCETO		Prop C xchange	G	BTA rant Fund	ŀ	Housing Authority Fund		den Streets rant Fund
ASSETS Pooled cash and investments	\$	_	\$	_	\$	119,033	\$	_
Receivables:	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	110,000	Ψ	_
Accounts		-		-		-		-
Taxes		-		-		-		-
Accrued interest		-		-		98		-
Due from other governments		-				-	-	
Total assets	\$		\$		\$	119,131	\$	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	73,535	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Accrued liabilities		-		-		-		-
Deposits payable Due to other funds		- 074 E40		416 049		2,158		- 211 706
Due to other fullus		271,512		416,948				311,796
Total liabilities		345,047		416,948		2,158		311,796
Fund Balances (Deficits): Restricted for:								
Community development projects		-		-		116,973		-
Public safety - police		-		-		-		-
Community services Public works - streets and roads		-		-		-		-
Capital projects		-		-		_		- -
Public works - street lighting		_		_		-		-
Committed to:								
Capital projects		-		-		-		-
Unassigned		(345,047)		(416,948)		- 440.070		(311,796)
Total fund balances (deficits)		(345,047)		(416,948)		116,973		(311,796)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of			_				_	
resources, and fund balances	\$		\$	-	\$	119,131	\$	-

Special Revenue Funds				Capital Projects Funds					
HSIP Grant Fund		Historic Preservation Grant Fund		Facilities & Equip. Capital Project		Technology Surcharge Fund		2000 Tax Allocation Bonds Fund	
\$	-	\$	5,622	\$	2,468,660	\$	23,225	\$	924,867
	-		-		-		-		-
	- - -		- 5 -		2,134 -		- - -		- - -
\$	_	\$	5,627	\$	2,470,794	\$	23,225	\$	924,867
\$	121,317 -	\$	- -	\$	-	\$	- -	\$	-
	- 107,344		<u>-</u>		-		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
	228,661						-		
			5,627						924,867
	-		5,027		-		-		924,007
	-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		2,470,794		23,225		-
	(228,661)		-		-		-		-
	(228,661)		5,627		2,470,794		23,225		924,867
\$		\$	5,627	\$	2,470,794	\$	23,225	\$	924,867

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

(concluded)

	D	Capital		
	Pro	ojects Funds Streets	To	tal Nonmajor
		nprovement		overnmental
ACCETC	Pro	ogram Fund		Funds
ASSETS Pooled cash and investments	\$	2,358,321	\$	17,691,899
Receivables:	·	, ,	·	
Accounts		-		30,278
Taxes Accrued interest		_		36,437 12,347
Due from other governments				182,733
Total assets	\$	2,358,321	\$	17,953,694
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	_	\$	897,109
Accrued liabilities	•	_	*	21,813
Deposits payable		-		9,891
Due to other funds				2,014,263
Total liabilities				2,943,076
Fund Balances (Deficits):				
Restricted for:				1 227 270
Community development projects Public safety - police		-		1,237,379 622,346
Community services		-		2,663,951
Public works - streets and roads		-		6,769,802
Capital projects		-		1,086,672
Public works - street lighting Committed to:		-		94,009
Capital projects		2,358,321		4,852,340
Unassigned		-		(2,315,881)
Total fund balances (deficits)		2,358,321		15,010,618
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of				
resources, and fund balances	\$	2,358,321	\$	17,953,694

	Special Revenue Funds								
	MTA Pedestrian Improvement		P	roposition "A"		roposition "C"	Impr	C Traffic ovement Grant	
Revenues									
Taxes	\$	-	\$	642,891	\$	533,265	\$	-	
Assessments		-		-		-		-	
Licenses and permits		-		-		5,890		-	
Intergovernmental		-		-		-		-	
Charges for services		-		2,217		-		-	
Use of money and property		-		5,220		3,478		-	
Miscellaneous		-		1,000		-			
Total revenues				651,328		542,633			
Expenditures Current:									
General government		-		12,902		4,491		-	
Public safety		-		-		-		-	
Community development		-		-		-		-	
Community services		-		264,720		242,954		-	
Public works		-		-		62,240		-	
Capital outlay						69,935		-	
Total expenditures		-		277,622		379,620			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		_		373,706		163,013		_	
, , ,						,			
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in								23	
Total other financing sources (uses)								23	
Net change in fund balances		-		373,706		163,013		23	
Fund Balances (Deficit), beginning		(29,951)		1,484,359		1,054,446		(23)	
Fund Balances (Deficit), ending	\$	(29,951)	\$	1,858,065	\$	1,217,459	\$		

Special	Revenue	Funds
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Special Revenue Funds										
	LID 500.4		01 1		01 4:		rking and	0.111		
	n HR 5294 ant Fund		Street		Clean Air Act		Business	Gold Line Mitigation		
Gla	ant Fund		Lighting		ACI	1111	orovement		Miligation	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	56,619	\$	-	
	-		898,450		-		-		-	
	-		-		-		32,760		-	
	-		-		32,872		-		-	
	-		- 1,225		- 393		-		- 196	
	-		20,437		-		_		-	
			20,401		_					
	-		920,112		33,265		89,379		196	
							105,499			
	-		-		-		105,499		-	
	_		-		-		_		-	
	-		-		-		-		-	
	-		1,178,126		-		-		-	
			90,923		-					
			1 260 040				105 100			
-		_	1,269,049				105,499			
			(348,937)		33,265		(16,120)		196	
			00.050							
			68,953						-	
	_		68,953		_		_		_	
			00,000							
	-		(279,984)		33,265		(16,120)		196	
	(5,708)		373,993		120,247		511		63,212	
\$	(5,708)	\$	94,009	\$	153,512	\$	(15,609)	\$	63,408	

	Special Revenue Funds									
	Mission Meridian Public Garage			itate Gas Tax		ounty Park Bond		Capital Growth quirements		
Revenues Taxes Assessments Licenses and permits Intergovernmental Charges for services Use of money and property Miscellaneous	\$	- - - - -	\$	- - - 610,031 - 2,825	\$	- - - 17,649 - -	\$	- - - - 37,595 1,759		
Total revenues				612,856		 17,649		39,354		
Expenditures Current: General government Public safety Community development		9,051 - -		- - -		- - -		- - -		
Community services Public works Capital outlay		- - -		613,262		54,329 -		- - -		
Total expenditures Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		9,051		613,262 (406)		(36,680)		39,354		
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in				<u>-</u>						
Total other financing sources (uses)										
Net change in fund balances		(9,051)		(406)		(36,680)		39,354		
Fund Balances (Deficit), beginning		(353,005)		919,863		(173,785)		549,175		
Fund Balances (Deficit), ending	\$	(362,056)	\$	919,457	\$	(210,465)	\$	588,529		

Special Revenue Funds											
	C.D.B.G	Asset Forfeiture	<u> </u>	Measure W	Ped	ke and destrian Paths	Sta	State Police Grant			
\$	- -	\$ -	\$	- -	\$	- -	\$	- -			
	- 38,704	- 30,813		- 253,983		-		- 161,285			
	- - 24,355	- 669 -		- 439 -		- - -		1,279 -			
	63,059	31,482		254,422		-		162,564			
	-	20,100		-		-		-			
	- 65,950	-		-		-		-			
				94,694		-		- 136,767			
	65,950	20,100		94,694		-		136,767			
	(2,891)	11,382		159,728				25,797			
	307					-		_			
	307										
	(2,584)	11,382		159,728		-		25,797			
		221,095		121,495		-		364,072			
\$	(2,584)	\$ 232,477	\$	281,223	\$		\$	389,869			

	Special Revenue Funds									
	Homeland Security Grant		Pa	ark Impact Fees		Measure R		Measure M		
Revenues Taxes Assessments Licenses and permits Intergovernmental Charges for services Use of money and property Miscellaneous Total revenues		- - - - - -	\$	- - - - 103,108 2,675 - 105,783	\$	399,884 - - - - 3,864 - 403,748	\$	452,515 - - - - - 4,907 - 457,422		
Expenditures				103,703		403,740		437,422		
Current: General government Public safety Community development Community services Public works Capital outlay		- - - - 125,360		- - - 15,035 - 138,744		- - - - 31,773		- - - - -		
Total expenditures		125,360		153,779		31,773				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(125,360)		(47,996)		371,975		457,422		
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in		_				_		_		
Total other financing sources (uses)										
Net change in fund balances		(125,360)		(47,996)		371,975		457,422		
Fund Balances (Deficit), beginning		(21,011)		853,882		1,071,145		1,338,683		
Fund Balances (Deficit), ending	\$	(146,371)	\$	805,886	\$	1,443,120	\$	1,796,105		

Special	Revenue	Funds
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			Specia	ai Neveriue Furius)		
DA/Metro rant Fund	Public Education		Roa	ad Maintenance & Rehab		MSRC ant Fund	Measure H
\$ - -	\$	- -	\$	- -	\$	- -	\$ <u>-</u> -
- - -		7,668 -		523,795 -		20,000	- - 43,473
475 		562 -		2,748 		-	-
475		8,230		526,543		20,000	 43,473
-		-		_		-	-
- - -		- - -		- - -		-	50,982 - -
18,100		- -		- -		22,986	- -
18,100				-		22,986	 50,982
(17,625)		8,230		526,543		(2,986)	(7,509)
(17,625)		8,230		526,543		(2,986)	(7,509)
 169,093		181,682		715,650		(150,000)	 (80,190)
\$ 151,468	\$	189,912	\$	1,242,193	\$	(152,986)	\$ (87,699)

	Special Revenue Funds									
	Prop C Exchange		G	BTA rant Fund		Housing Authority Fund		den Streets rant Fund		
Revenues										
Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
Assessments		-		-		-		-		
Licenses and permits		-		-		-		-		
Intergovernmental		7,672		-		-		-		
Charges for services Use of money and property		-		-		- 36,161		-		
Miscellaneous		-		-		30, 101		-		
Miscellatieous		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>						
Total revenues		7,672				36,161				
Expenditures Current:										
General government		_		_		-		-		
Public safety		-		-		-		-		
Community development		-		-		372		-		
Community services		-		-		-		-		
Public works		-		-		-		301,052		
Capital outlay		364,015		-				-		
Total expenditures		364,015				372		301,052		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures		(356,343)		-		35,789		(301,052)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in		_		_		_		14,170		
Transiers in								14,170		
Total other financing sources (uses)								14,170		
Net change in fund balances		(356,343)		-		35,789		(286,882)		
Fund Balances (Deficit), beginning		11,296		(416,948)		81,184		(24,914)		
Fund Balances (Deficit), ending	\$	(345,047)	\$	(416,948)	\$	116,973	\$	(311,796)		

	Special Rev	enue F	unds	Capital Projects Funds					
G	HSIP rant Fund	Pres	storic servation nt Fund				chnology ırcharge Fund	Α	000 Tax Ilocation nds Fund
\$	_	\$	_	\$	-	\$	_	\$	_
*	-	*	-	•	-	*	-	*	-
	-		-		-		-		-
	163		40,000		-		<u>-</u>		-
	-		-		-		20,099		-
	-		13		7,694		-		-
						-			
	163		40,013		7,694	20,099			
	_		_		_		_		_
	-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-	-			-
	-		39,488		-		-		-
			-				-		-
	184,123		-		114,187		-		
	184,123		39,488		114,187				
	(183,960)		525		(106,493)		20,099		
			-		47,247		-		-
					47,247				
	(183,960)		525		(59,246)		20,099		-
	(44,701)		5,102		2,530,040		3,126		924,867
\$	(228,661)	\$	5,627	\$	2,470,794	\$	23,225	\$	924,867

		Capital		
	Pro	ojects Funds Streets	Tot	al Nonmaior
	In	nprovement		al Nonmajor vernmental
		ogram Fund	00	Funds
		<u>- g </u>		
Revenues				
Taxes	\$	-	\$	2,085,174
Assessments		-		898,450
Licenses and permits		-		38,650
Intergovernmental		-		1,744,635
Charges for services Use of money and property		- (64,442)		206,492 12,140
Miscellaneous		(04,442)		45,792
Misocharicous				40,732
Total revenues		(64,442)		5,031,333
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government		-		131,943
Public safety		-		71,082 372
Community development Community services		-		628,147
Public works		_		2,303,703
Capital outlay		53,566		1,350,479
- 1				, ,
Total expenditures		53,566		4,485,726
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures		(118,008)		545,607
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				100 700
Transfers in				130,700
Total other financing sources (uses)				130,700
Net change in fund balances		(118,008)		676,307
Fund Balances (Deficit), beginning		2,476,329		14,334,311
Fund Balances (Deficit), ending	\$	2,358,321	\$	15,010,618

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL PROPOSITION "A" FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual	Variance with		
		Original		Final		Amount	Fin	ıal Budget	
Revenues Taxes Charges for services Use of money and property Miscellaneous Total revenues	\$	514,111 5,000 10,000 12,500.00 541,611	\$	514,111 5,000 10,000 12,500.00 541,611	\$	642,891 2,217 5,220 1,000 651,328	\$	128,780 (2,783) (4,780) (11,500) 109,717	
Expenditures Current:									
General government		15,237		15,237		12,902		2,335	
Community services		443,735		443,735		264,720		179,015	
Capital outlay		114,000		391,694		-		391,694	
Total expenditures		572,972		850,666		277,622		573,044	
Net change in fund balance		(31,361)		(309,055)		373,706		682,761	
Fund balance, beginning		1,484,359		1,484,359		1,484,359			
Fund balance, ending	\$	1,452,998	\$	1,175,304	\$	1,858,065	\$	682,761	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL PROPOSITION "C" FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual	Va	riance with
		Original		Final	Amount		Fir	nal Budget
Revenues Taxes Licenses and permits Use of money and property Total revenues	\$	426,442 40,000 9,000 475,442	\$	426,442 40,000 9,000 475,442	\$	533,265 5,890 3,478 542,633	\$	106,823 (34,110) (5,522) 67,191
Expenditures Current:								
General government		6,530		6,530		4,491		2,039
Community services		330,853		367,355		242,954		124,401
Public works		-		62,830		62,240		590
Capital outlay		28,000		131,540		69,935		61,605
Total expenditures		365,383		568,255		379,620		188,635
Net change in fund balance		110,059		(92,813)		163,013		255,826
Fund balance, beginning		1,054,446		1,054,446		1,054,446		
Fund balance, ending	\$	1,164,505	\$	961,633	\$	1,217,459	\$	255,826

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL CTC TRAFFIC IMPROVEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

			Amounts		Actu		Varian	
Revenues	Orig	Original		al	Amount		Final E	Budget
Total revenues	\$		\$		\$		\$	
Expenditures Total expenditures								
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures								
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in		23		23		23		
Total other financing sources (uses)		23		23		23		-
Net change in fund balance		23		23		23		-
Fund balance, beginning		(23)		(23)		(23)		
Fund balance, ending	\$		\$		\$		\$	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL STREET LIGHTING FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual	Vari	ance with
		Original		Final		Amounts	Fina	al Budget
Revenues								
Assessments	\$	900,000	\$	900,000	\$	898,450	\$	(1,550)
Use of money and property		4,000		4,000		1,225		(2,775)
Miscellaneous		10,000		10,000		20,437		10,437
Total revenues		914,000		914,000		920,112		6,112
Expenditures								
Current:		4 400 004		1 050 501		4 470 406		70 455
Public works		1,182,881		1,250,581		1,178,126		72,455
Capital outlay		95,000		95,000		90,923		4,077
Total expenditures		1,277,881		1,345,581		1,269,049		76,532
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
(under) expenditures		(363,881)		(431,581)		(348,937)		82,644
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in		68,953		68,953		68,953		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		68,953		68,953		68,953		-
Net change in fund balance		(294,928)		(362,628)		(279,984)		82,644
Fund balance, beginning		373,993		373,993		373,993		
Fund balance, ending	\$	79,065	\$	11,365	\$	94,009	\$	82,644

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL CLEAN AIR ACT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual		Variance with Final Budget (328) (1,107) (1,435) 15,000 35,500 50,500	
_		Original		Final		Amount	_ Fina	al Budget	
Revenues Intergovernmental Use of money and property Total revenues	\$	33,200 1,500 34,700	\$	33,200 1,500 34,700	\$	32,872 393 33,265	\$	(1,107)	
Expenditures Current:									
General government		15,000		15,000		_		15,000	
Capital outlay		35,500		35,500		-			
Total expenditures		50,500		50,500		-		50,500	
Net change in fund balance		(15,800)		(15,800)		33,265		49,065	
Fund balance, beginning		120,247		120,247		120,247			
Fund balance, ending	\$	104,447	\$	104,447	\$	153,512	\$	49,065	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL PARKING AND BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Actual Amount	 ance with al Budget
Revenues							
Taxes	\$	55,790	\$	55,790	\$	56,619	\$ 829
Licenses and permits Use of money and property		22,240 500		22,240 500		32,760	10,520 (500)
Total revenues		78,530		78,530		89,379	10,849
Expenditures Current:							
General government		109,500		109,500		105,499	4,001
Total expenditures		109,500		109,500		105,499	4,001
Net change in fund balance		(30,970)		(30,970)		(16,120)	14,850
Fund balance, beginning	511			511	511		_
Fund balance (deficit), ending	\$	(30,459)	\$	(30,459)	\$	(15,609)	\$ 14,850

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL MISSION MERIDIAN PUBLIC GARAGE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budgeted	Amo		Actual		riance with
_	 Original		Final	 Amount	Final Budget	
Revenues Total revenues	\$ \$ -			\$ 	\$	
Expenditures Current:						
General government Total expenditures	15,000 15,000		15,300 15,300	 9,051 9,051		6,249 6,249
Net change in fund balance	(15,000)		(15,300)	(9,051)		6,249
Fund balance (deficit), beginning	 (353,005)		(353,005)	 (353,005)		
Fund balance (deficit), ending	\$ (368,005)	\$	(368,305)	\$ (362,056)	\$	6,249

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL STATE GAS TAX FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	 Budgeted	Amo	ounts	Actual		iance with
	Original		Final	 Amounts	Fin	al Budget
Revenues Intergovernmental Use of money and property Total revenues	\$ 618,563 10,000 628,563	\$	618,563 10,000 628,563	\$ 610,031 2,825 612,856	\$	(8,532) (7,175) (15,707)
Expenditures Current:						
Public works	693,386		803,386	613,262		190,124
Capital outlay	27,000		27,000	-		27,000
Total expenditures	720,386		830,386	613,262		217,124
Net change in fund balance	(91,823)		(201,823)	(406)		201,417
Fund balance, beginning	 919,863		919,863	919,863		
Fund balance, ending	\$ 828,040	\$	718,040	\$ 919,457	\$	201,417

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL COUNTY PARK BOND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	 Budgeted	Amo		Actual		riance with
_	 Original		Final	 Amount	<u> </u>	nal Budget
Revenues						(0.4.0. = 0.0)
Intergovernmental	\$ 336,431	\$	336,431	\$ 17,649	\$	(318,782)
Total revenues	336,431		336,431	 17,649		(318,782)
Expenditures Current: Public works Total expenditures	82,500 82,500		82,500 82,500	54,329 54,329		28,171 28,171
Net change in fund balance	253,931		253,931	(36,680)		(290,611)
Fund balance (deficit), beginning	(173,785)		(173,785)	(173,785)		
Fund balance (deficit), ending	\$ 80,146	\$	80,146	\$ (210,465)	\$	(290,611)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL CAPITAL GROWTH REQUIREMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	 Budgeted	Amo		Actual			iance with
Revenues	 Original		Final		Amount	<u>FIN</u>	al Budget
Charges for services Use of money and property	\$ 40,000 -	\$	40,000	\$	37,595 1,759	\$	(2,405) 1,759
Total revenues	40,000		40,000		39,354		(646)
Expenditures							
Capital outlay	 -		450,000				450,000
Total expenditures	-		450,000		-		450,000
Net change in fund balance	40,000		(410,000)		39,354		449,354
Fund balance, beginning	549,175		549,175		549,175		-
Fund balance, ending	\$ 589,175	\$	139,175	\$	588,529	\$	449,354

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL CDBG

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual		Variance with		
		Original		Final	Α	mounts	Final Budget	
Revenues				_				_
Intergovernmental	\$	258,567	\$	258,567	\$	38,704	\$	(219,863)
Miscellaneous		23,900		23,900		24,355		455
Total revenues		282,467		282,467		63,059		(219,408)
Expenditures								
Current:								
Community services		42,000		42,000		65,950		(23,950)
Capital outlay		216,567		216,567				216,567
Total expenditures		258,567		258,567		65,950		192,617
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
(under) expenditures		23,900		23,900		(2,891)		(26,791)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in		307		307		307		
Total other financing sources (uses)		307		307		307		
Net change in fund balance		24,207		24,207		(2,584)		(26,791)
Fund balance (deficit), beginning								
Fund balance (deficit), ending	\$	24,207	\$	24,207	\$	(2,584)	\$	(26,791)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -**BUDGET AND ACTUAL MEASURE W**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	 Budgeted Original	Amo	unts Final	Α	Actual mounts	 iance with al Budget
Revenues Intergovernmental Use of money and property Total revenues	\$ 229,227 - 229,227	\$	229,227 - 229,227	\$	253,983 439 254,422	\$ 24,756 439 25,195
Expenditures Current:						
Public works	 229,227		229,227		94,694	134,533
Total expenditures	229,227		229,227		94,694	134,533
Net change in fund balance	-		-		159,728	159,728
Fund balance, beginning	 121,495		121,495		121,495	
Fund balance, ending	\$ 121,495	\$	121,495	\$	281,223	\$ 159,728

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ASSET FORFEITURE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual		iance with
	(Original		Final	Amounts		Final Budget	
Revenues								
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	-	\$	30,813	\$	30,813
Use of money and property		_				669		669
Total revenues		-				31,482		31,482
Expenditures Current:								
Public Safety		10,000		10,000		20,100		(10,100)
Capital outlay		50,000		50,000		-		50,000
Total expenditures		60,000		60,000		20,100		39,900
Net change in fund balance		(60,000)		(60,000)		11,382		71,382
Fund balance, beginning		221,095		221,095		221,095		
Fund balance, ending	\$	161,095	\$	161,095	\$	232,477	\$	71,382

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL BIKE AND PEDESTRIAN PATHS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Budgeted	l Amou	ınts	Actual		Variance with	
	0	riginal		Final	Am	ounts	Fina	al Budget
Revenues				_				
Total revenues	\$	-	_\$	-	\$	-	<u>\$</u>	
Expenditures								
Total expenditures		-				-		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures						-		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in		4,828		4,828		-		(4,828)
Total other financing sources (uses)		4,828		4,828		-		(4,828)
Net change in fund balance		4,828		4,828		-		(4,828)
Fund balance, beginning						-		
Fund balance (deficit), ending	\$	4,828	\$	4,828	\$	-	\$	(4,828)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL STATE POLICE GRANT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual	Variance with	
	(Original	Final		Amounts		Fina	al Budget
Revenues								
Intergovernmental	\$	100,000	\$	100,000	\$	161,285	\$	61,285
Use of money and property		2,500		2,500		1,279		(1,221)
Total revenues		102,500		102,500		162,564		60,064
Expenditures								
Capital outlay		166,767		166,767		136,767		30,000
Total expenditures		166,767		166,767		136,767		30,000
Net change in fund balance		(64,267)		(64,267)		25,797		90,064
Fund balance, beginning		364,072		364,072		364,072		
Fund balance, ending	\$	299,805	\$	299,805	\$	389,869	\$	90,064

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL HOMELAND SECURITY GRANT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budgeted	Amo	ounts		Actual	Variance with	
_	Original		Final	/	Amounts	Final Budget	
Revenues Total revenues	\$ 	\$		\$		\$	
Expenditures							
Capital outlay			107,049		125,360		(18,311)
Total expenditures	-		107,049		125,360		(18,311)
Net change in fund balance	-		(107,049)		(125,360)		(18,311)
Fund balance (deficit), beginning	 (21,011)		(21,011)		(21,011)		
Fund balance (deficit), ending	\$ (21,011)	\$	(128,060)	\$	(146,371)	\$	(18,311)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL PARK IMPACT FEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budgeted	ounts		Actual	Variance with		
	Original		Final	F	Amounts	Fin	al Budget
Revenues							
Charges for services	\$ 160,000	\$	160,000	\$	103,108	\$	(56,892)
Use of money and property	 6,000		6,000		2,675		(3,325)
Total revenues	166,000		166,000		105,783		(60,217)
Expenditures Current:							
Community services	_		25,870		15,035		10,835
Capital outlay	_		190,000.00		138,744		51,256
Total expenditures	-		215,870		153,779		62,091
Net change in fund balance	166,000		(49,870)		(47,996)		1,874
Fund balance, beginning	853,882		853,882		853,882		
Fund balance, ending	\$ 1,019,882	\$	804,012	\$	805,886	\$	1,874

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -**BUDGET AND ACTUAL MEASURE R**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual	Variance with	
		Original		Final		Amount	Fin	al Budget
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	319,831	\$	319,831	\$	399,884	\$	80,053
Use of money and property		10,000		10,000		3,864		(6,136)
Total revenues		329,831		329,831		403,748		73,917
Expenditures Current:								
Public works		13,404		13,404		_		13,404
Capital outlay		600,000		679,431		31,773		647,658
Total expenditures		613,404		692,835		31,773		661,062
Net change in fund balance		(283,573)		(363,004)		371,975		734,979
Fund balance, beginning		1,071,145		1,071,145		1,071,145		-
Fund balance, ending	\$	787,572	\$	708,141	\$	1,443,120	\$	734,979

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL MEASURE M FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budgeted	l Amo	ounts		Actual	Variance with	
	Original Final		Final	Amount		Final Budget	
Revenues							
Taxes	\$ 362,475	\$	362,475	\$	452,515	\$	90,040
Use of money and property	7,000		7,000		4,907		(2,093)
Total revenues	369,475		369,475		457,422		87,947

Use of filoties and property	7,000	7,000	4,907	(2,093)
Total revenues	369,475	369,475	457,422	87,947
Expenditures				
Current:				
Public works	13,404	13,404	-	13,404
Total expenditures	13,404	13,404	-	13,404
Not shange in fund halance	256 071	256 071	457 400	101 251
Net change in fund balance	356,071	356,071	457,422	101,351
Fund balance, beginning	1,338,683	1,338,683	1,338,683	
Fund balance, ending	\$ 1,694,754	\$ 1,694,754	\$ 1,796,105	\$ 101,351

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL TDA/METRO GRANT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	 Budgeted	Amo			Actual	Variance with	
Devenues	 Original	Final		Amounts		Final	Budget
Revenues Use of money and property	\$ 	\$		\$	475	\$	475
Total revenues	 -		-		475		475
Expenditures							
Capital outlay			22,767		18,100		4,667
Total expenditures	-		22,767		18,100		4,667
Net change in fund balance	-		(22,767)		(17,625)		5,142
Fund balance, beginning	169,093		169,093		169,093		-
Fund balance, ending	\$ 169,093	\$	146,326	\$	151,468	\$	5,142

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL PUBLIC EDUCATION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

			ted Amounts			Actual		iance with
Devenue	Original		Final		Amounts		Final Budget	
Revenues Intergovernmental Use of money and property Total revenues	\$	18,000 1,000 19,000	\$	18,000 1,000 19,000	\$	7,668 562 8,230	\$	(10,332) (438) (10,770)
Expenditures Total expenditures								
Net change in fund balance		19,000		19,000		8,230		(10,770)
Fund balance, beginning		181,682		181,682		181,682		
Fund balance, ending	\$	200,682	\$	200,682	\$	189,912	\$	(10,770)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ROAD MAINTENANCE & REHAB FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual	Variance with		
_		Original		Final		Amounts		Final Budget	
Revenues Intergovernmental Use of money and property Total revenues	\$	492,149 7,000 499,149	\$	492,149 7,000 499,149	\$	523,795 2,748 526,543	\$	31,646 (4,252) 27,394	
Expenditures Total expenditures									
Net change in fund balance		499,149		499,149		526,543		27,394	
Fund balance, beginning		715,650		715,650		715,650			
Fund balance, ending	\$	1,214,799	\$	1,214,799	\$	1,242,193	\$	27,394	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL MSRC GRANT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget	
Revenues	Original			ГШа	Amounts			ai buuget
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	30,000	\$	20,000	\$	(10,000)
Total revenues		-		30,000		20,000		(10,000)
Expenditures Capital outlay Total expenditures		<u>-</u>		30,000 30,000		22,986 22,986		7,014 7,014
Net change in fund balance		-		-		(2,986)		(2,986)
Fund balance (deficit), beginning		(150,000)		(150,000)		(150,000)		
Fund balance (deficit), ending	\$	(150,000)	\$	(150,000)	\$	(152,986)	\$	(2,986)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL HOUSING AUTHORITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	 Budgeted Original	l Amo	unts Final	Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget	
Revenues Use of money and property Total revenues	\$ 22,428 22,428	\$	22,428 22,428	\$	36,161 36,161	\$	13,733 13,733
Expenditures Current: Community development Total expenditures	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		372 372		(372) (372)
Net change in fund balance	22,428		22,428		35,789		13,361
Fund balance, beginning	 81,184		81,184		81,184		
Fund balance, ending	\$ 103,612	\$	103,612	\$	116,973	\$	13,361

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GOLDEN STREETS GRANT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts				Actual		Variance with	
	Original		Final		Amounts		Final Budget	
Revenues								
Intergovernmental	\$	420,000	\$	420,000	\$	_	\$	(420,000)
Total revenues		420,000		420,000		-		(420,000)
Expenditures Current:								
Public works		420,000		652,797		301,052		351,745
Total expenditures		420,000		652,797		301,052		351,745
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures				(232,797)		(301,052)		(68,255)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in		14,170		14,170		14,170		
Total other financing sources (uses)		14,170		14,170		14,170		
Net change in fund balance		14,170		(218,627)		(286,882)		(68,255)
Fund balance (deficit), beginning		(24,914)		(24,914)		(24,914)		
Fund balance (deficit), ending	\$	(10,744)	\$	(243,541)	\$	(311,796)	\$	(68,255)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL HSIP GRANT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual		Variance with		
Revenues	Original		Filiai		Amounts		Final Budget	
Intergovernmental Total revenues	\$	-	\$		\$	163 163	\$	163 163
Total revenues						103		103
Expenditures Capital outlay		-		253,520		184,123		69,397
Total expenditures				253,520		184,123		69,397
Net change in fund balance		-		(253,520)		(183,960)		69,560
Fund balance (deficit), beginning		(44,701)		(44,701)		(44,701)		
Fund balance (deficit), ending	\$	(44,701)	\$	(298,221)	\$	(228,661)	\$	69,560

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL HISTORIC PRESERVATION GRANT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

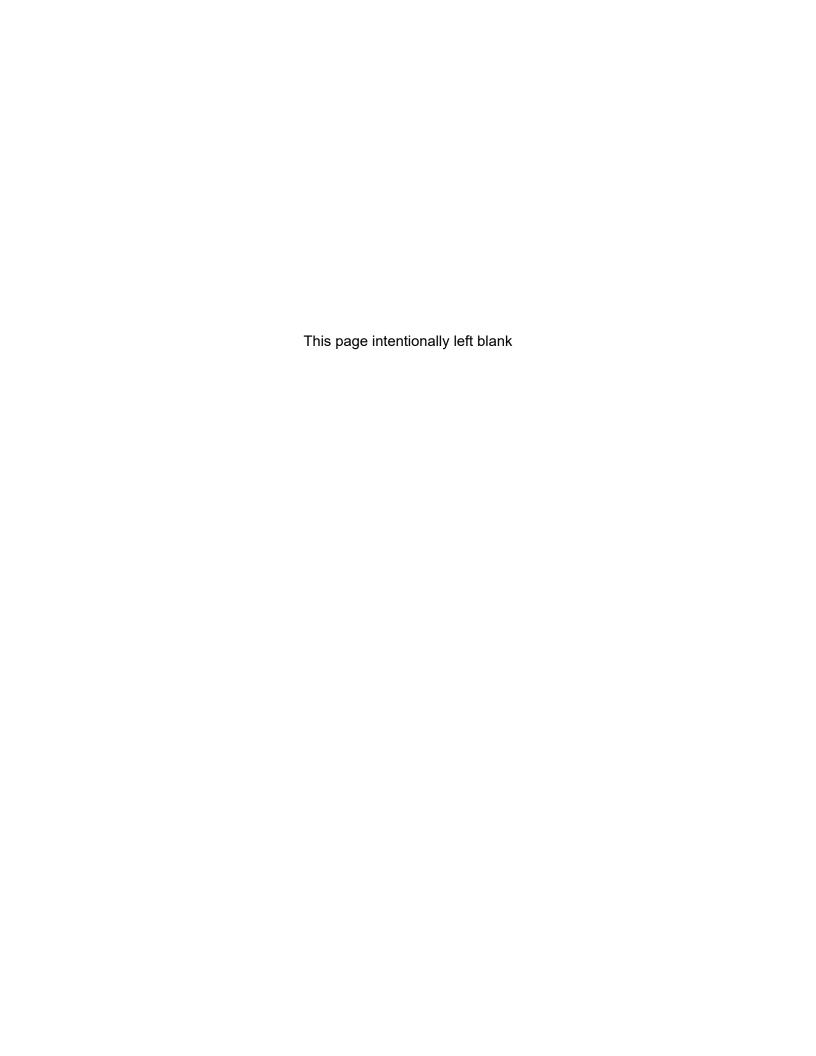
		Budgeted	l Amoı	Actual		Variance with Final Budget		
D	Original			Final	A			mounts
Revenues Intergovernmental Use of money and property	\$	-	\$	40,000	\$	40,000 13	\$	- 13
Total revenues		-		40,000		40,013		13
Expenditures Current:								
Community services		-		40,000		39,488		512
Total expenditures				40,000		39,488		512
Net change in fund balance		-		-		525		525
Fund balance , beginning		5,102		5,102		5,102		
Fund balance, ending	\$	5,102	\$	5,102	\$	5,627	\$	525

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FACILITIES & EQUIPMENT CAPITAL PROJECT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

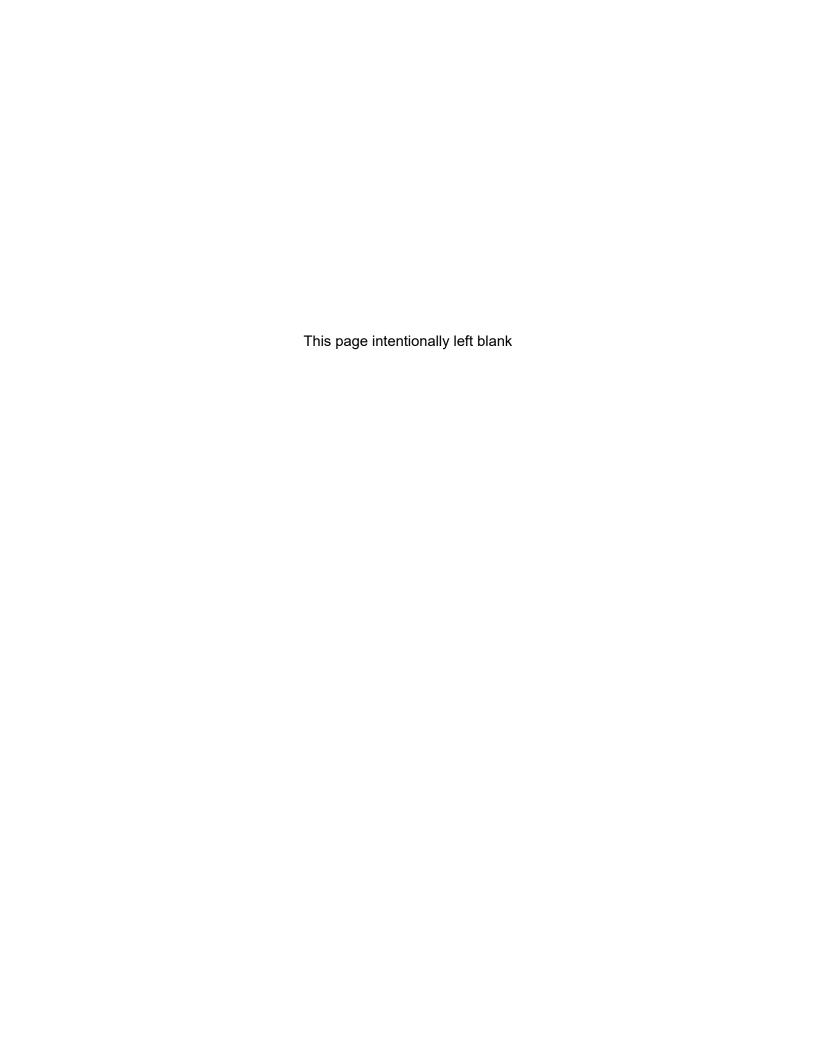
	 Budgeted	d Am	ounts	Actual	Variance with		
	Original		Final	Amount	Fin	al Budget	
Revenues			_				
Use of money and property	\$ 1,000	\$	1,000	\$ 7,694	\$	6,694	
Total revenues	1,000		1,000	 7,694		6,694	
Expenditures							
Capital outlay	 750,500		1,058,204	114,187		944,017	
Total expenditures	 750,500		1,058,204	114,187		944,017	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	 (749,500)		(1,057,204)	(106,493)		950,711	
Other financing sources Transfers in Total other financing sources	 <u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	47,247 47,247		47,247 47,247	
Net change in fund balance	(749,500)		(1,057,204)	(59,246)		997,958	
Fund balance, beginning	2,530,040		2,530,040	2,530,040			
Fund balance, ending	\$ 1,780,540	\$	1,472,836	\$ 2,470,794	\$	997,958	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL STREETS IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM CAPITAL PROJECT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Budgeted	Am		Actual			ariance with	
_	Original			Final		Amounts	Final Budget		
Revenues Use of money and property Total revenues	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	(64,442)	\$	(64,442) (64,442)	
						<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
Expenditures Capital outlay Total expenditures		2,000,000		3,817,194 3,817,194		53,566 53,566		3,763,628 3,763,628	
Net change in fund balance		(2,000,000)		(3,817,194)		(118,008)		3,699,186	
Fund balance, beginning		2,476,329		2,476,329		2,476,329			
Fund balance, ending	\$	476,329	\$	(1,340,865)	\$	2,358,321	\$	3,699,186	





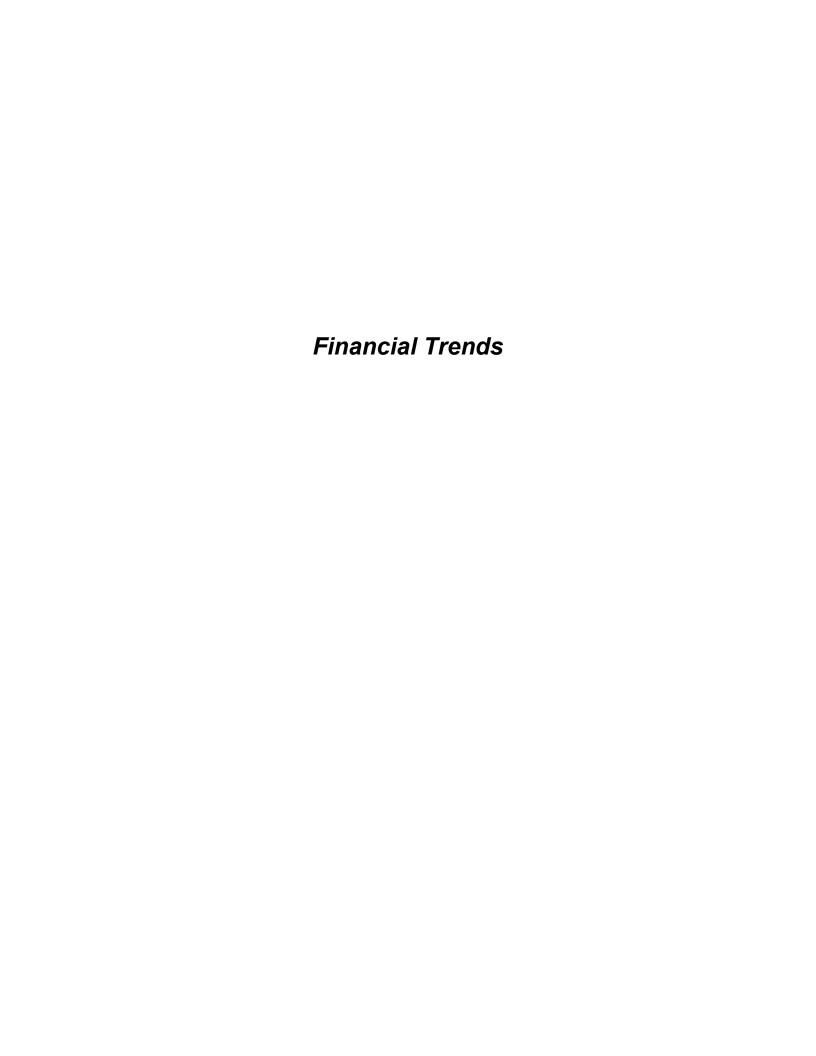


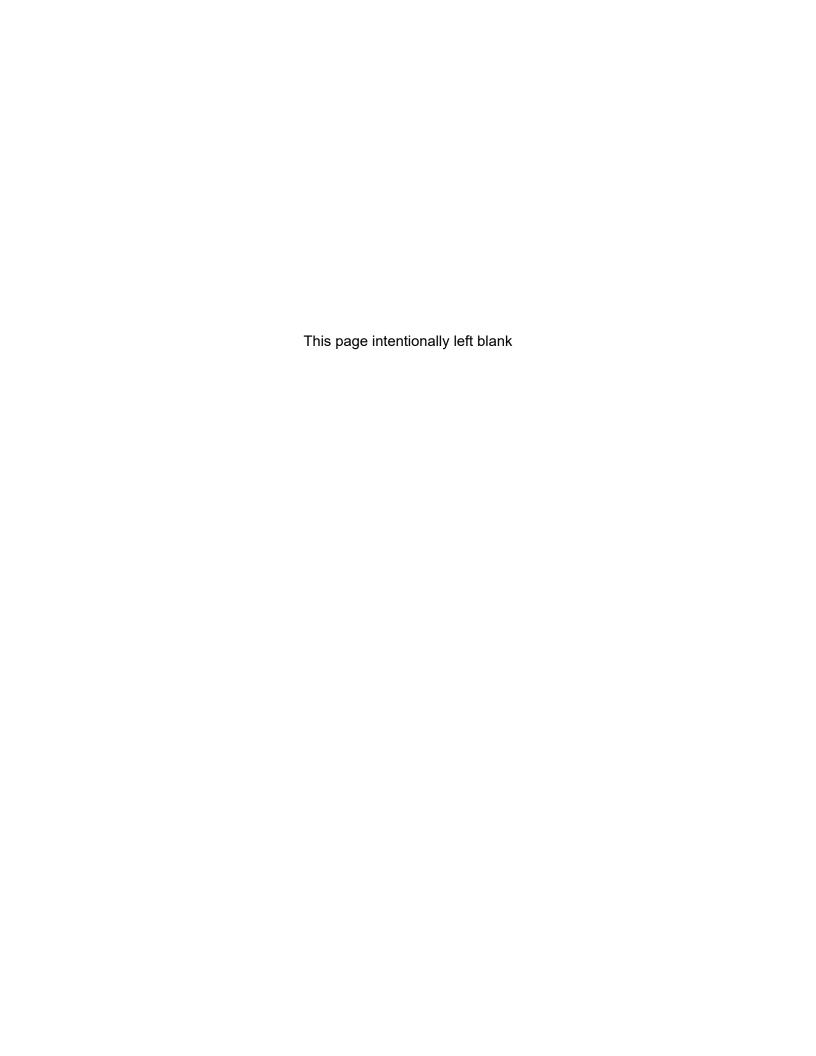
STATISTICAL SECTION

The statistical section of the City of South Pasadena's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information say about the City's overall financial health.

CONTENTS	Page
Financial Trends	123
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well being have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity	133
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess one of the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	
Debt Capacity	137
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and its ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Demographic and Economic Information	141
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	
Operating Information	144
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.	

Source: Unless otherwise noted, the information in the schedules is derived from the annual financial comprehensive reports for the relevant year.





NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

						Fiscal Year		
		2013		2014		2015	2016	2017
Governmental Activities:								
Net investment in capital assets	\$	61,969,593	\$	62,764,726	\$	63,611,268	\$ 57,152,793	\$ 59,774,372
Restricted		2,328,184		3,184,841		4,179,297	4,894,822	6,328,022
Unrestricted		7,314,507		8,720,752		(14,506,500)	(12,620,721)	(15,130,068)
Total governmental activities net position	\$	71,612,284	\$	74,670,319	\$	53,284,065	\$ 49,426,894	\$ 50,972,326
	-				-			
Business-type activities:								
Net investment in capital assets	\$	7,448,158	\$	10,855,319	\$	11,727,300	\$ 19,878,644	\$ 22,302,873
Restricted		-		-		2,982,160	2,880,237	2,998,161
Unrestricted		334,901		6,943,845		4,690,608	4,159,721	4,178,403
Total business-type activities net position	\$	7,783,059	\$	17,799,164	\$	19,400,068	\$ 26,918,602	\$ 29,479,437
	-		-					
Primary Government:								
Net investment in capital assets	\$	69,417,751	\$	73,620,045	\$	75,338,568	\$ 77,031,437	\$ 82,077,245
Restricted		2,328,184		3,184,841		7,161,457	7,775,059	9,326,183
Unrestricted		7,649,408		15,664,597		(9,815,892)	(8,461,000)	(10,951,665)
Total primary government net position	\$	79,395,343	\$	92,469,483	\$	72,684,133	\$ 76,345,496	\$ 80,451,763

				Fiscal Year			
2018	2019		2020		2021		2022
\$ 62,806,755 6,336,084 (24,210,258)	\$	60,351,839 8,115,962 (22,350,734)	\$	59,395,318 9,634,946 (26,491,377)	\$ 60,662,686 10,700,987 (21,837,814)	\$	60,214,729 13,615,668 (20,425,310)
\$ 44,932,581	\$	46,117,067	\$	42,538,887	\$ 49,525,859	\$	53,405,087
\$ 25,526,014 1,154,374	\$	23,661,335 1,156,612	\$	25,255,248 1,158,406	\$ 32,772,024 1,158,268	\$	32,481,547 158,464
 6,037,490		10,548,528		13,371,764	11,179,697		25,432,678
\$ 32,717,878	\$	35,366,475	\$	39,785,418	\$ 45,109,989	\$	58,072,689
\$ 88,332,769	\$	84,013,174	\$	84,650,566	\$ 93,434,710	\$	92,696,276
7,490,458		9,272,574		10,793,352	11,859,255		13,774,132
(18,172,768)		(11,802,206)		(13,119,613)	(10,658,117)		5,007,368
\$ 77,650,459	\$	81,483,542	\$	82,324,305	\$ 94,635,848	\$	111,477,776

CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

			Figure Veer		
	2013	2014	Fiscal Year 2015	2016	2017
Expenses:	2013	2014	2013	2010	2017
Governmental Activities:					
General government	\$ 4,152,804	\$ 5,039,084	\$ 4,354,683	\$ 3,847,476	\$ 4,324,484
Public safety	11,217,279	11,012,625	12,363,366	13,218,063	15,596,078
Community development	902,945	918,665	1,116,084	953,471	1,289,447
Community services	3,101,910	3,132,433	3,336,626	3,153,329	3,566,285
Public works Interest on long-term debt	4,758,677 8,288	4,990,390 4,465	5,578,457 4,335	5,578,850	5,529,025
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	24,141,903	25,097,662	26,753,551	26,751,189	30,305,319
Total Gotolinional Assistance Experience	21,111,000	20,007,002	20,100,001		
Business-type activities:					
Water Utility	6,135,803	5,804,509	4,772,647	5,886,309	7,028,827
Sewer Utility	838,800	998,603	968,996	962,623	1,012,338
Arroyo Seco Golf Course Total Business-type Activities Expenses	888,930 7,863,533	930,255	923,660 6,665,303	954,898 7,803,830	1,032,358 9,073,523
Total Primary Government Expenses	32,005,436	32,831,029	33,418,854	34,555,019	39,378,842
Total I filled y Government Expenses	02,000,400	02,001,020	00,410,004	04,000,010	00,010,042
Program Revenues:					
Governmental Activities:					
Charges for Services:					
General government Public safety	1,005,393 868,577	1,173,376 983,181	1,372,549 1,189,968	1,126,241 1,154,628	1,026,398 1,166,125
Community development	576,063	761,632	963,987	804,309	871,571
Community services	805,635	864,271	1,064,439	853,949	926,897
Public works	1,103,664	1,159,519	1,226,729	1,172,172	1.189.342
Total Charges for Services	4,359,332	4,941,979	5,817,672	5,111,299	5,180,333
Operating Contribution and Grants: General government	32,872	53,999	21,413	164,625	312,062
Public safety	775,610	328,654	185,067	116,029	175,919
Community development	610,355	504,312	476,886	627,488	810,749
Community services	31,854	24,876	38,348	20,527	84,519
Public works	255,526	348,797	212,472	399,656	87,864
Total Operating Contributions and Grants	1,706,217	1,260,638	934,186	1,328,325	1,471,113
Capital Contributions and Grants:					
Community development	_	_	_	_	901,436
Community services	_	_	_	_	-
Public works	93,947	1,300,814	1,220,504	734,935	1,516,800
Total Capital Contributions and Grants	93,947	1,300,814	1,220,504	734,935	2,418,236
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenue	6,159,496	7,503,431	7,972,362	7,174,559	9,069,682
Dusiness time Astriction					
Business-type Activities: Charges for services:					
Water Utility	8,022,705	9,210,982	8,694,880	8,094,350	8,804,890
Sewer Utility	1,127,843	1,256,682	1,353,233	1,543,925	1,583,362
Arroyo Seco Golf Course	1,082,826	1,197,047	1,133,562	1,129,927	1,101,970
Operating Contribution and Grants:					
Water Utility					
Total Business-type Activities Program Revenue	10,233,374	11,664,711	11,181,675	10,768,202	11,490,222
Total primary government program revenues	16,392,870	19,168,142	19,154,037	17,942,761	20,559,904
Net (expenses) revenues:					
Governmental activities	(17,982,407)	(17,594,231)	(18,781,189)	(19,576,630)	(21,235,637)
Business-type activities	2,369,841	3,931,344	4,516,372	2,964,372	2,416,699
- Ad. Am	A (45.010.55)	A (40 CCC CC=:	0 (44 62 : 2 : = :	A (40.610.0==	A (10.010.005)
Total primary government net (expenses)/revenues	\$ (15,612,566)	\$ (13,662,887)	\$ (14,264,817)	\$ (16,612,258)	\$ (18,818,938)

		Fiscal Year		
2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
\$ 5,560,722	\$ 6,014,464	\$ 10,256,658	\$ 8,193,683	\$ 10,995,232
14,624,313	14,261,686	16,650,223	19,452,587	16,504,092
1,037,091	1,361,590	1,891,456	1,861,097	2,672,653
3,819,654	3,984,070	3,768,976	3,477,936	4,284,119
5,197,516	6,045,511	5,536,975	3,661,617	4,479,655
30,239,296	31,667,321	38,104,288	36,646,920	38,935,751
7,060,363	8,116,822	8,817,002	8,206,574	9,521,857
686,672	1,280,398	1,189,754	1,353,548	1,233,642
1,096,327	1,158,137	1,030,565	1,131,455	1,314,725
8,843,362	10,555,357	11,037,321	10,691,577	12,070,224
39,082,658	42,222,678	49,141,609	47,338,497	51,005,975
000 600	006 750	2 120 700	1 615 044	2 002 079
922,603	806,758	2,138,708	1,615,244	3,993,078
1,554,948	1,584,152	1,479,307	2,077,333	1,465,821
3,160	7,647	15,812	224 406	16,976
841,445	761,334	480,130	324,106	813,361
1,449,325 4,771,481	1,313,942 4,473,833	1,385,391 5,499,348	1,358,505 5,375,188	1,825,634 8,114,870
4,771,401	4,473,033	5,499,346	5,375,100	0,114,070
48,304	755,965	414,862	1,415,551	693,911
173,401	136,627	197,747	176,000	220,950
22,189	34,967	2,876	23,916	40,093
25,248	965,060	1,010,094	931,932	1,212,540
702,884	2,338,935	1,802,848	1,823,284	2,095,848
972,026	4,231,554	3,428,427	4,370,683	4,263,342
			.,,	
-	-	-	-	-
143,601	115,076	-	-	-
1,182,367	957,234	976,308	1,429,167	923,772
1,325,968	1,072,310	976,308	1,429,167	923,772
7,069,475	9,777,697	9,904,083	11,175,038	13,301,984
9,830,246	10,152,661	11,089,616	12,022,464	12,484,238
1,614,351	1,472,122	1,962,443	2,108,764	2,200,532
1,166,516	1,255,815	1,074,883	1,767,133	1,390,303
000 407		00.000	00.001	
200,167	-	90,833	30,604	
12,811,280	12,880,598	14,217,775	15,928,965	16,075,073
19,880,755	22,658,295	24,121,858	27,104,003	29,377,057
(00.460.004)	(24 000 624)	(20, 200, 205)	(DE 474 000)	(OF 633 707)
(23,169,821)	(21,889,624)	(28,200,205)	(25,471,882)	(25,633,767)
3,967,918	2,325,241	3,180,454	5,237,388	4,004,849
¢ (10 201 002)	¢ (10 564 303)	¢ (25.040.754)	¢ (20 224 404)	¢ (24 620 040)
\$ (19,201,903)	\$ (19,564,383)	\$ (25,019,751)	\$ (20,234,494)	\$ (21,628,918)

CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

			Fiscal Year		
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position:					
Governmental activities:					
Taxes:					
Property taxes	\$ 11,074,604	\$ 11,462,585	\$ 11,779,438	\$ 12,632,984	\$ 13,236,932
Sales taxes	2,481,560	3,447,593	3,535,113	3,786,423	3,627,051
Franchise taxes	810,642	804,995	878,332	875,304	818,724
Business License taxes	363,437	373,935	385,691	397,762	412,594
Other taxes	4,092,063	4,004,746	3,965,217	3,940,883	4,057,552
Motor Vehicle in Lieu - Unrestricted	10,980		16,845	10,561	11,660
Use of money and property	446,167	498,208	542,196	739,761	553,165
Other	221,658	32,823	70,188	745,315	38,877
Transfers	-	-	87,000	13,919	24,514
Extraodinary gain/loss on dissolution of RDA	-				
Total governmental activities	19,501,111	20,624,885	21,260,020	23,142,912	22,781,069
Business-type activities:					
Use of money and property	38,006	28,372	32,205	137,524	(2,802)
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-	
Other	5,972	10,143	184,786	230,156	171,452
Transfers	-	-	(87,000)	(13,919)	(24,514)
Total business-type activities	43,978	38,515	129,991	353,761	144,136
Total primary government	19,545,089	20,663,400	21,390,011	23,496,673	22,925,205
Change in Net Position:					
Governmental activities	1,518,704	3.030.654	2.478.831	3.566.282	1,545,432
Business-type activities	2,413,819	3,969,859	4,646,363	3,318,133	2,560,835
Dubilious type dollarillos	2,710,019	0,000,000		0,010,100	2,000,000
Total primary government	\$ 3,932,523	\$ 7,000,513	\$ 7,125,194	\$ 6,884,415	\$ 4,106,267

		Fiscal Year		
2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
\$ 14,135,844	\$ 15,368,198	\$ 15.491.557	\$ 16,772,602	\$ 17,906,070
3.965.016	2.563.117	2,864,474	5.132.645	6.096.613
784,736	1,002,408	794.838	995,705	1,027,468
389,726	399,653	375.399	392.174	386.891
3,775,843	3,228,320	3,445,454	3,738,531	3,875,268
13.682	392,595	396.008	415.385	420.842
650,749	1.308.952	1.356.990	4.859.029	(466,695)
130,310	11,815	197,666	152,783	266,538
· -	80,000	(321,132)	-	· -
-	-		-	-
23,845,906	24,355,058	24,601,254	32,458,854	29,512,995
92,551	392,230	265,004	62,447	(360,030)
-	04.007	-	- 04 700	- 0.047.004
216,693	94,367	652,353	24,736	9,317,881
309,244	(80,000) 406.597	321,132 1,238,489	87,183	8,957,851
309,244	400,597	1,230,409	07,103	0,937,031
24,155,150	24,761,655	25,839,743	32,546,037	38,470,846
676.085	2,465,434	(3,598,951)	6,986,972	3,879,228
4,277,162	2,731,838	4,418,943	5,324,571	12,962,700
\$ 4,953,247	\$ 5,197,272	\$ 819,992	\$ 12,311,543	\$ 16,841,928
. ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	, .,	,	. ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,,,,,,,,

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

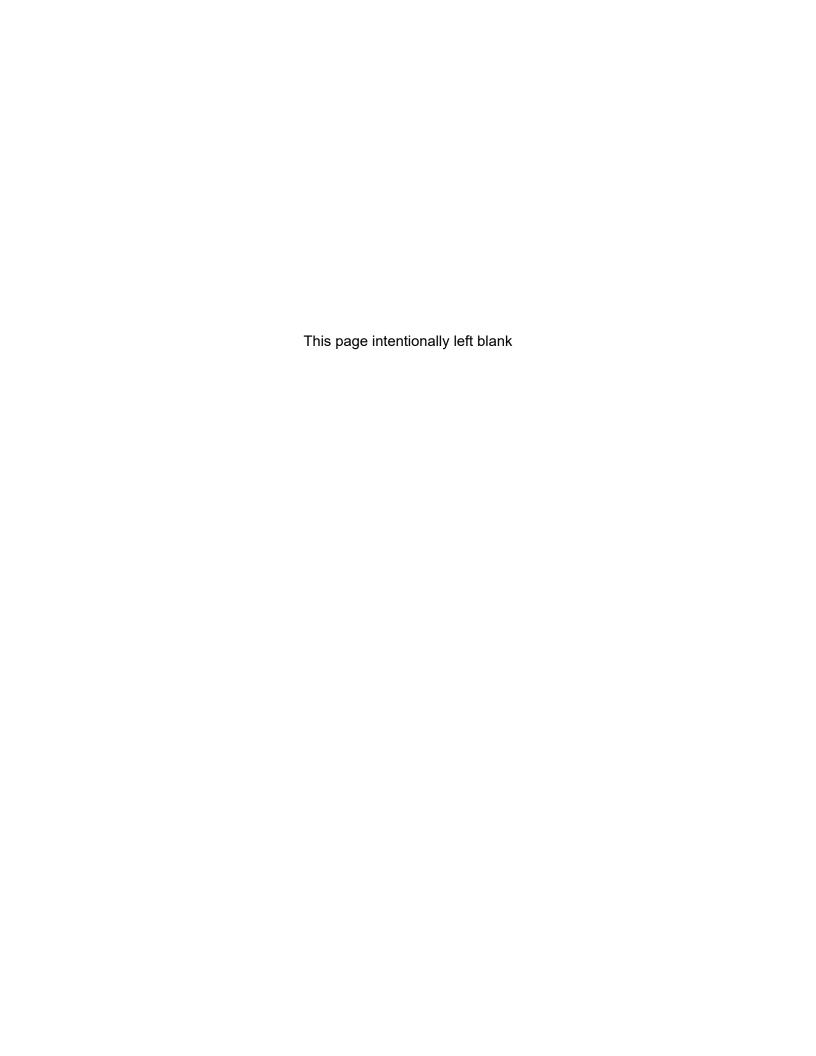
			Fiscal Year		
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
General Fund:					
Nonspendable	\$ 1,199,091	\$ 1,207,961	\$ 1,022,841	\$ 1,035,224	\$ 1,044,519
Restricted	-	-	-	-	-
Committed	2,141,481	2,650,000	3,500,000	5,635,000	5,899,130
Assigned	-	· · · · -	-	-	· · · · -
Unassigned	11,727,832	12,788,280	13,124,419	12,724,205	9,681,531
Total General Fund	15,068,404	16,646,241	17,647,260	19,394,429	16,625,180
All Other Governmental Funds:					
Nonspendable	-	-	-	-	-
Restricted	2,328,184	3,184,841	4,179,297	4,894,822	6,328,022
Committed	579,447	611,447	461,472	696,953	2,482,803
Assigned	-	· -	-	-	· · · · -
Unassigned	(1,049,935)	(791,469)	(572,623)	(771,286)	(791,741)
Total all other governmental funds	1,857,696	 3,004,819	4,068,146	4,820,489	8,019,084
Total governmental funds	\$ 16,926,100	\$ 19,651,060	\$ 21,715,406	\$ 24,214,918	\$ 24,644,264

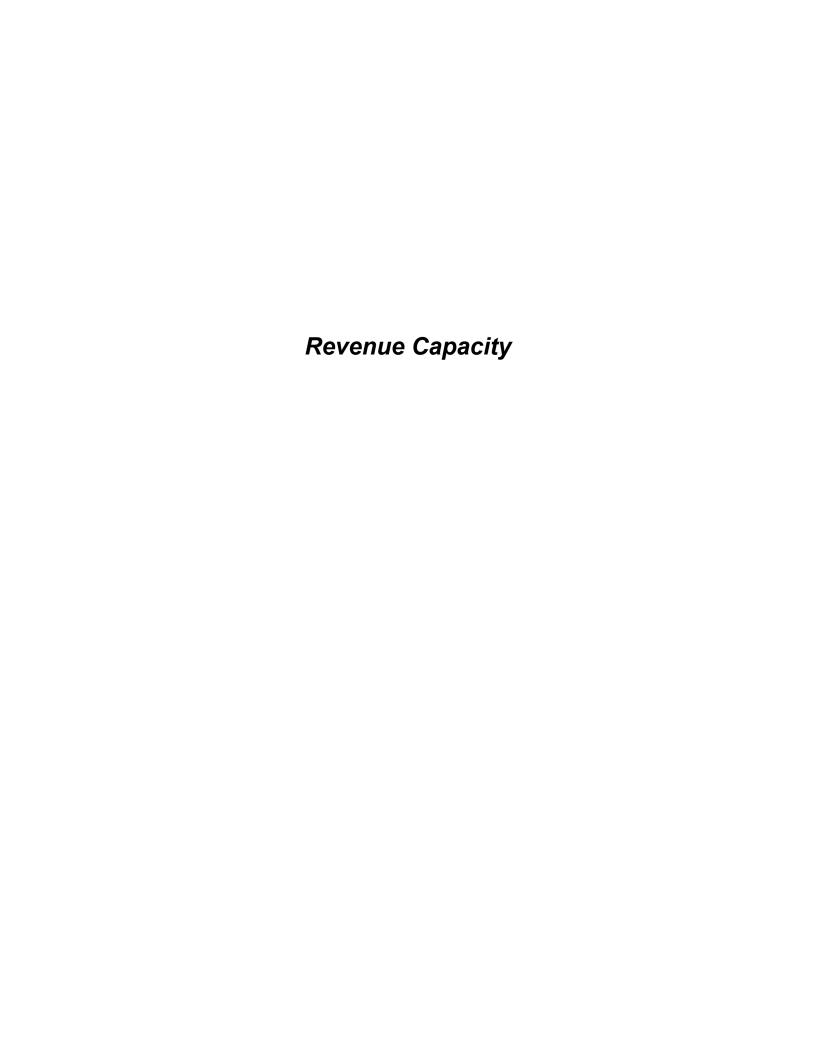
	2018		2019	Fiscal Year 2020	2021	2022			
\$	904,445 - 5,803,778 - 11,182,760 17,890,983	\$	455,083 5,945,656 - 12,017,146 18,417,885	\$ 305,396 - 5,547,682 - 12,700,662 18,553,740	\$ 1,332,864 5,526,943 72,940 17,422,872 24,355,619	\$	9,299 1,141,509 4,526,943 62,998 18,931,423 24,672,172		
_	6,336,084 796,721 - (874,184) 6,258,621	_	4,106 8,115,962 3,635,244 - (1,178,791) 10,576,521	 9,634,946 4,423,938 - (1,817,114) 12,241,770	 10,700,987 5,009,495 - (1,376,171) 14,334,311		12,474,159 4,852,340 - (2,315,881) 15,010,618		
\$	24,149,604	\$	28,994,406	\$ 30,795,510	\$ 38,689,930	\$	39,682,790		

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

			Fiscal Year		
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$ 19,166,312	\$ 19,697,011	\$ 20,205,691	\$ 21,235,594	\$ 21,740,257
Assessment	905,459	896,465	895,798	876,972	892,361
Licenses and permits	1,012,753	985,186	1,047,540	1,069,023	1,093,865
Intergovernmental	4,290,262	2,303,094	1,989,281	1,104,398	3,193,603
Charges for services	2,270,737	2,682,074	3,880,357	3,439,167	3,529,076
Use of money and property	446,167	498,208	542,194	739,761	553,165
Fines and forfeitures	523,629	412,748	347,585	444,556	397,738
Contributions	17,970	12,455	12,365	9,691	4,310
Miscellaneous	313,612	594,210	480,206	1,028,401	576,915
Total Revenues	28,946,901	28,081,451	29,401,017	29,947,563	31,981,290
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government	5,651,008	4,297,373	3,988,989	3,930,354	4,208,084
Public safety	10,968,211	10,636,711	11,651,620	12,099,774	13,454,529
Community development	898,709	911,871	1,121,098	1,003,041	1,157,431
Community services	2,953,811	2,970,037	3,209,105	3,175,023	3,394,984
Public works	2,921,136	2,970,322	3,107,053	3,638,844	3,602,684
Capital outlay	2,028,330	3,536,250	3,739,660	3,507,229	5,687,034
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	50,650	53,130	55,725	58,450	-
Interest and fiscal charges	10,658	8,178	5,583	2,858	-
Total expenditures	25,482,513	25,383,872	26,878,833	27,415,573	31,504,746
Excess/(deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	3,464,388	2,697,579	2,522,184	2,531,990	476,544
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in	1.176.376	421.511	408.497	648.622	5.424.382
Transfers out	(1,176,376)	(421,511)	(625,137)	(681,100)	(5,481,580)
Total other financing sources (uses)			(216,640)	(32,478)	(57,198)
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 3,464,388	\$ 2,697,579	\$ 2,305,544	\$ 2,499,512	\$ 419,346
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	0.3%	0.3%	0.3%	0.3%	0.0%

				Fi	scal Year				
	2018		2019		2020	20	21		2022
\$	22,827,899	\$	24,330,245	\$	24,739,711	\$ 28,9	28.014	\$ 3	1,616,881
•	890,227	•	893,205	·	890,461		92,903		898,450
	1,001,349		968,082		929,327		45,430		852,731
	1,374,597		2,222,496		1,557,375	3,1	74,531		1,919,847
	3,711,816		3,567,809		3,289,275	3,5	09,581		4,289,345
	650,749		1,308,948		1,356,990	4,8	59,030		(466,697)
	388,061		339,636		264,601	1	43,449		52,291
	16,135		-		-		-		-
	54,548		422,334		552,386	5	54,360		537,268
	30,915,381		34,052,755		33,580,126	42,9	07,298	3	9,700,116
	4,643,875		5,195,028		5,148,946	5,9	92,210		7,144,211
	13,223,377		13,253,827		14,737,277	17,2	77,121	1	9,217,158
	1,037,091		1,127,178		1,891,456	1,8	61,097		2,672,653
	3,570,903		3,523,793		3,282,820	2,9	96,421		3,806,952
	3,294,839		3,657,890		3,457,068	3,5	77,000		4,416,045
	5,639,956		2,260,280		2,800,323	2,0	81,779		1,450,237
	-		-		-				-
	31,410,041		29,017,996		31,317,890	33,7	85,628	3	8,707,256
	(494,660)		5,034,759		2,262,236	9,1	21,670		992,860
	-		1,671,000		1,990,597	1,2	94,627		130,700
	-		(1,860,956)		(2,451,729)	(2,5	21,877)		(130,700)
	-		(189,956)	_	(461,132)	(1,2	27,250)		-
\$	(494,660)	\$	4,844,803	\$	1,801,104	\$ 7,8	94,420	\$	992,860
	0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%





ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(in thousands of dollars)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	 Residential Property	 ommercial Property	Othe	er Property	Less: x-Exempt Property	 otal Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	Estimated Actual Taxable Value ^a	Taxable Assessed Value as a Percentage of Actual Taxable Value
2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018	\$ 3,175,548 3,329,419 3,501,716 3,692,063 3,879,157 4,127,779	\$ 246,971 260,726 267,657 269,163 277,223 302,031	\$	137,830 135,712 124,487 121,018 130,593 131,435	\$ (33,508) (34,820) (32,836) (9,974) (9,974) (9,974)	\$ 3,526,841 3,691,037 3,861,024 4,072,270 4,276,999 4,551,271	0.252% 0.264% 0.264% 0.264% 0.264% 0.264%	N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A
2019 2020 2021 2022	4,421,323 4,654,181 4,901,129 5,093,432	318,282 338,070 369,099 375,173		117,481 134,525 137,804 146,324	(9,974) (9,977) (9,977) (9,953)	4,847,112 5,116,799 5,398,055 5,604,976	0.263% 0.264% 0.264% 0.264%	N/A N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A N/A

Source: County of Los Angeles Auditor-Controleir and HDL Coren & Cone

Note: ^a Estimated Actual Taxable is not available

In 1978 the voters of the State of California passed Proposition 13 which limited taxes to a total maximum rate of 1%, based upon the assessed value of the property being taxed. Each year, the assessed value of the property may be increased by an "inflation factor" (limited to a maximum of 2%)

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(rate per \$1,000 of assessed value)

	City Dire	ct Rates		C	Overlapping Rate	es	
	0 10 :	T. (D)		Educational Revenue	Los Angeles	Los Angeles	0 "
Fiscal Year	General Basic Tax Levy	Total Direct Rate	Los Angeles County (1)	Augmentation Fund	County Fire FfW	County Flood Control	Community College
1 10001 1 001	T GX LOVY	rate	ocurry (1)	- I dild		00111101	Conogo
2013	0.2400	0.2400	0.2857	0.2551	0.0060	0.0096	0.0320
2014	0.2400	0.2400	0.2857	0.2551	0.0060	0.0096	0.0320
2015	0.2400	0.2400	0.2857	0.2551	0.0060	0.0096	0.0320
2016	0.2400	0.2400	0.2857	0.2551	0.0060	0.0096	0.0320
2017	0.2400	0.2400	0.2856	0.2551	0.0060	0.0096	0.0320
2018	0.2400	0.2637	0.2857	0.2551	0.0060	0.0096	0.0320
2019	0.2400	0.2634	0.2857	0.2551	0.0060	0.0096	0.0320
2020	0.2400	0.2638	0.2857	0.2551	0.0060	0.0096	0.0320
2021	0.2400	0.2640	0.2857	0.2551	0.0060	0.0096	0.0320
2022	0.2400	0.2640	0.2857	0.2551	0.0060	0.0096	0.0320
			Overlapp	ing Rates			
			- 11	Voter A	pproved		
		Upper San	South	Upper San		Pasadena	
		Gabriel Valley	Pasadena	Gabriel Valley	5	Community	
		Municipal	Unified School	Municipal	Detention	College	
Fiscal Year	School District	Water District	District	Water District	Facilities	District	Total
2013	0.1712	0.0005	0.1011	0.00350	_	0.0206	1.1253
2014	0.1712	0.0005	0.1014	0.00350	_	0.0190	1.1240
2015	0.1712	0.0005	0.1006	0.00350	_	0.0103	1.1145
2016	0.1712	0.0005	0.0981	0.00350	-	0.0087	1.1104
2017	0.1712	0.0005	0.0993	0.00350	-	0.0089	1.1117
2018	0.1712	0.0005	0.1514	0.00350	-	0.0082	1.1631
2019	0.1712	0.0005	0.1438	0.00350	-	0.0077	1.1551
2020	0.1712	0.0005	0.1453	0.00350	-	0.0072	1.1561
2021	0.1712	0.0005	0.1712	0.00048	-	0.0320	1.2037
2022	0.1712	0.0005	0.1428	0.00350	-	0.0090	1.1554

Source: County of Los Angeles Auditor-Controller and HDL Coren and Cone

^{(1) -} The following were included in Los Angeles County; Childrens Institutional Tuition Fund, County Sanitation District No. 16, County School Services, Development Center, and LA County General

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

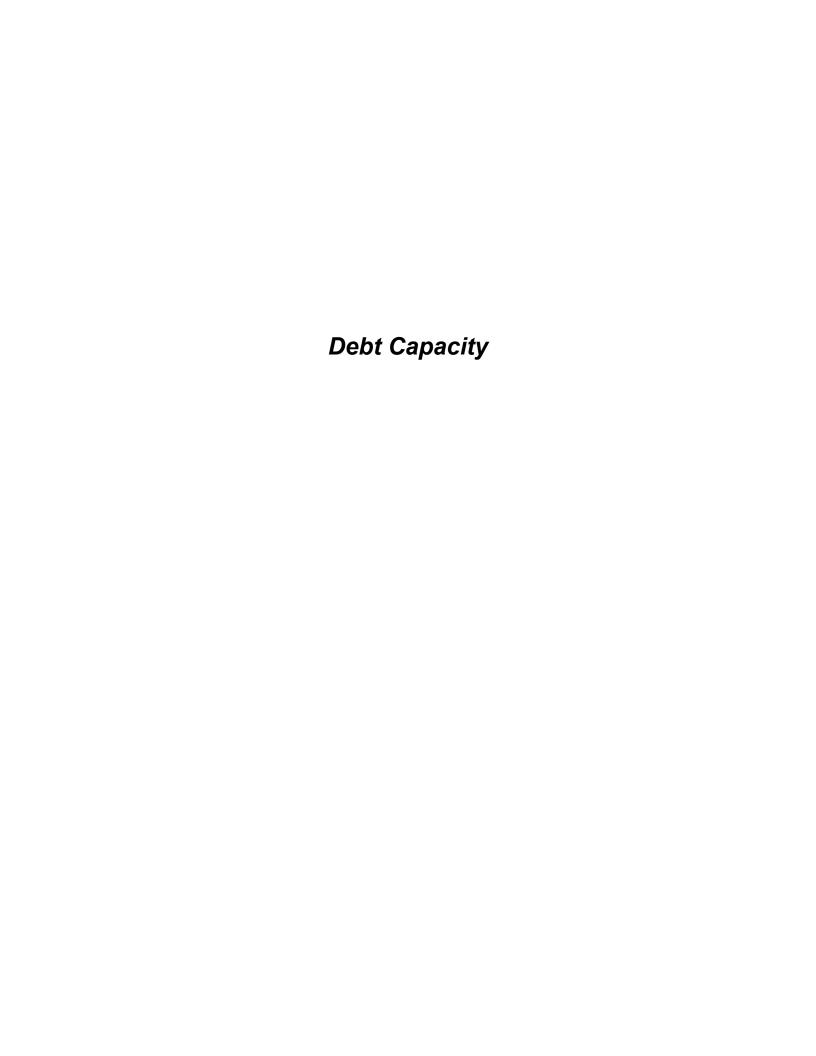
	:	2021/2022			2012/2013			
Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Value (1)	Rank	of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	Combined Taxable Value (1)	Rank	of Total City Taxable Assessed Value		
625 Fair Oaks Investors LLC WF Property Holdings LP GELT Storage 919 Mission LLC WWNC 1653 Amberwood Dr LLC NNC Apartment Ventures LLC DC EI Centro Holdings Jerry B and Roberta L Furrey Trust LDW Pico Properties LLC Casa De General LLC 99 Pasadena Avenue LLC H and O Fair Oaks Partners 99 Pasadena Avenue LLC Casa De General LLC Colden Oaks Investment LLC NNC Terraces At South Pasadena California Empire LP KAN Investments Limited Richard Wagner Trust H P III Limited Jerry B and Roberta L Furrey Trust	\$ 32,271,180 17,045,171 17,004,357 14,613,051 14,384,588 13,912,654 13,275,602 12,721,289 12,576,512 12,424,385	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	0.58% 0.31% 0.31% 0.26% 0.26% 0.25% 0.24% 0.23% 0.23%	\$ 16,708,308 11,178,986 10,825,787 9,381,719 9,255,664 9,011,592 8,978,071 8,340,198 7,838,110 7,770,656	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	0.47% 0.32% 0.31% 0.27% 0.26% 0.26% 0.24% 0.22% 0.22%		
Total	\$ 160,228,789		2.89%	\$ 99,289,091		2.84%		

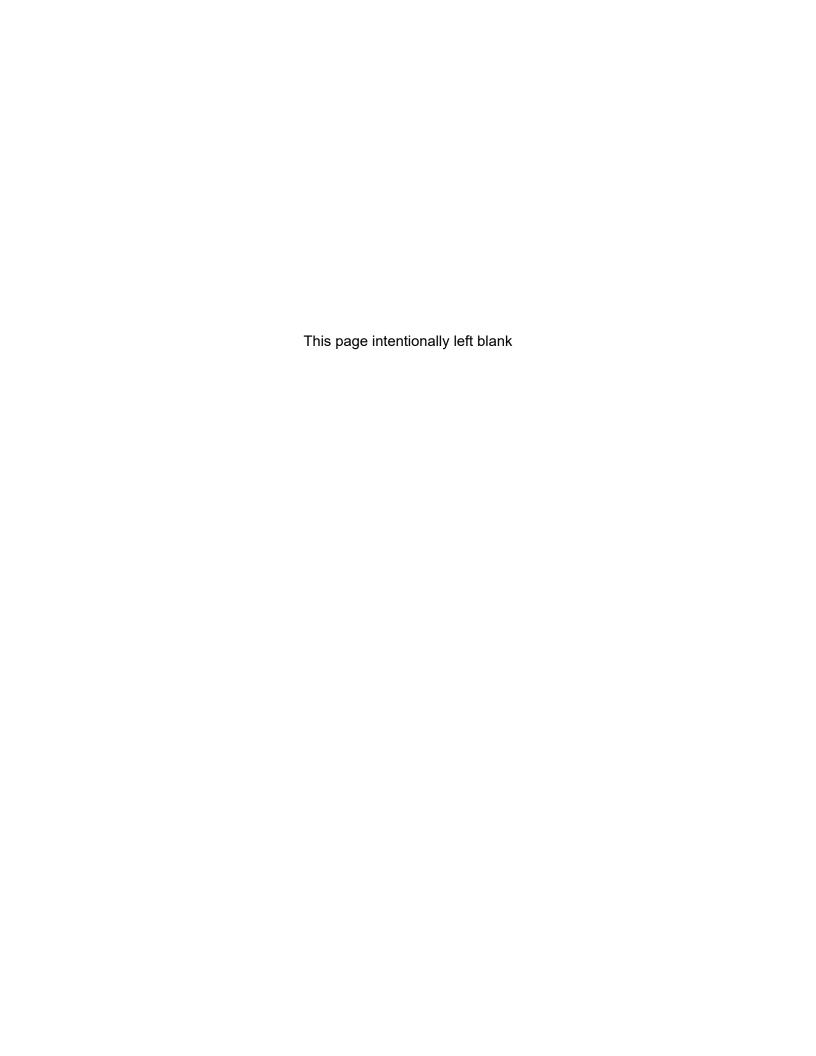
Source: (1) County of Los Angeles Assessor and HDL Coren and Cone

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Taxes Levied for the Fiscal Year		_	Collected withi Year of th	scal	Collections in		<u>T</u>	Total Collections to Date			
Ended June 30,			Amount		Perce of L	_	Su —	bsequent Years		Amount	Perce	entage
2013	\$	8,244,644	\$	8,211,281	9	99.6%	\$	(12,718)	\$ 8	3,198,563		99.4%
2014		8,569,818		8,389,757	,	97.9%		(16,427)	8	3,373,331		97.7%
2015		9,063,962		8,791,225	9	97.0%		(16,959)	8	3,774,266		96.8%
2016		9,607,577		9,281,790	,	96.6%		(19,676)	Ç	9,262,115		96.4%
2017		10,163,709		9,757,452	9	96.0%		(14,953)	ę	9,742,499		95.9%
2018		10,718,463		10,421,475	,	97.2%		(18,677)	10	0,396,718		97.0%
2019		11,427,260		10,832,812	,	94.8%		(56,597)	10	0,776,215		94.3%
2020		12,054,638		11,959,079	9	99.2%		(35,338)	11	1,923,741		98.9%
2021		12,740,204		12,430,784	9	97.6%		(23,528)	12	2,407,256		97.4%
2022		13,224,352		13,118,545	!	99.2%		2,129	13	3,120,674		99.2%

Los Angeles County Tax Collector and City of South Pasadena, Finance Division HDL Property Tax Revenue Source:





RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Gove	ernme	ntal Activities	s (1))	Business-type Activities				_	D		
Fiscal Year	Allocation onds	Сар	ital Leases		Loans	Water Revenue Bonds State Loan		Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income	Per Capita ^a			
2013	\$ -	\$	167,305	\$	_	\$	49,887,458	\$	_	\$ 50,054,763	3.92%	1,936	
2014	-		114,175		-		48,854,762		527,283	49,496,220	4.11%	1,903	
2015	-		58,450		-		47,838,993		2,475,913	50,373,356	4.16%	1,936	
2016	-		-		-		46,753,226		4,147,892	50,901,118	4.21%	1,956	
2017	-		-		-		48,533,332		6,373,623	54,906,955	4.58%	2,112	
2018	-		-		-		46,957,581		7,415,790	54,373,371	4.26%	2,088	
2019	-		-		-		45,526,831		9,866,459	55,393,290	3.95%	2,111	
2020	-		-		-		43,435,821		15,138,699	58,574,520	3.95%	2,301	
2021	-		-		-		42,560,331		14,740,387	57,300,718	3.68%	2,232	
2022	-		-		-		41,014,581		14,334,339	55,348,920	3.34%	2,082	

Note:

Details regarding the city's oustanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements

^a See demographic and Economic Statistics schedule for personal income and population data. These ratios are calculated using personal income and population for the prior calendar year

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT AS OF JUNE 30, 2022

Fiscal Year 2021-22 Assessed Valuation: \$5,009,406,192 after deducting \$605,521,815 incremental value

	Debt Outstanding	% Applicable (1)	City's Share of Debt 6/30/2022		
Direct Debt					
2012 State Loan Payable	\$ 8,464,527	100.0000%	\$	8,464,527	
2013 Water Revenue Bonds	3,840,000	100.0000%		3,840,000	
2016 Water Revenue Bonds	33,385,000	100.0000%		33,385,000	
Total Direct Debt				45,689,527	
Overlapping Debt					
Metropolitan Water District	\$ 9,835,780	0.324%		31,868	
Pasadena Area Community College District 2014 Ref Series A	9,280,000	5.498%		510,214	
Pasadena Area Community College District 2016 Ref Series A	49,385,000	5.498%		2,715,187	
South Pasadena Unified 95 Series B	211,253	100.000%		211,253	
South Pasadena Unified SD DS 95 S-C	3,214,483	100.000%		3,214,483	
South Pasadena Unified SD DS 2010 REF BND	2,267,583	100.000%		2.267.583	
South Pasadena USD DS 2012 REF BND	-	100.000%		-	
South Pasadena USD DS 2016 Series A	18,615,000	100.000%		18,615,000	
South Pasadena USD DS 2018 REF 2002 Series B	9,425,617	100.000%		9,425,617	
South Pasadena USD DS 2016 Series B	60,657,000	100.000%		60,657,000	
Total Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt				97,648,206	
Combined Total Debt			\$	143,337,733	

Source: (1) HDL Coren & Core, Los Angeles County Assessor **Note**:

- (1) Percentage of overlapping agency's assessed valuation located within boundaries of the city
- (2) Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, enterprise revenue, mortgage revenue and tax allocation bonds.

Debt to Assessed Valuation Ratios:

Direct Debt 0.00% Overlapping Debt 1.95% Total Debt 1.95%

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(in thousands of dollars)

Fiscal Year		Debt Limit	Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit	Le	egal Debt Limit	Total Net Debt Applicable to the Limit as a Percentage of Debt Limit
2013	\$	471,822		\$	471,822	0.00%
2013	φ	494,193	-	φ	494,193	0.00%
2015		516.507	-		516.507	0.00%
2016		544.458	-		544.458	0.00%
2017		641.550	-		641.550	0.00%
2018		682,691	-		682,691	0.00%
2019		•	-		,	0.00%
		727,067	-		727,067	
2020		767,520	-		767,520	0.00%
2021		809,708	-		809,708	0.00%
2022		840,746	-		840,746	0.00%
Legal Debt M	argin	Calculation for Fi	scal Year 2022			
Assessed valu	ie			\$:	5,604,976	
Debt limit (15%	% of a	ssessed value)			840,746	
Debt applicabl	e to I	imit:				
		eral obligation bonds	3		-	
	Less	: Amount set aside f eneral obligation de	for repayment		-	
Total net debt	appli	cable to limit			-	
Legal debt ma				\$	840,746	

PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(in thousands of dollars)

		Water Revenue Bonds												
		O	N1-4	A !! - ! - ! -		Debt S	Service	<u> </u>						
Fiscal Year	Utility Service Charges		Less: Operating Expenses		Net Available Revenue		Principal		Interest		Coverage			
2013	\$	8,029	\$	5,563	\$	2,466	\$	255	\$	2,046	3.49			
2014		9,221		5,674		3,547		95		2,271	3.90			
2015		8,695		4,430		4,265		1,065		2,240	2.63			
2016		8,094		4,562		3,532		1,095		2,211	2.45			
2017		8,805		6,218		2,587		340		1,142	5.94			
2018		9,627		6,371		3,256		1,195		1,802	1.09			
2019		9,176		6,254		2,922		1,195		1,779	3.09			
2020		11,742		7,041		4,701		1,270		1,731	3.91			
2021		11,705		7,211		4,494		1,310		1,710	3.88			
2022		12,207		4,968		7,239		1,310		1,663	4.11			

Notes: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Operating expenses do not include interest, depreciation, or amortization expenses.

The Water Revenue bonds were issued in 2013 and 2016.

Source: City of South Pasadena Finance Department

Demographic and Economic Information

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

Calendar Year	Population	 rsonal Income n Thousands)		er Capita onal Income	Unemployment Rate
2012	25,857	\$ 1,277,956	\$	49,424	4.6%
2013	26,011	1,203,347	•	46,263	3.7%
2014	26,022	1,211,194		46,545	5.9%
2015	26,028	1,208,853		46,444	4.7%
2016	25,992	1,199,887		46,163	3.7%
2017	26,047	1,276,801		49,019	3.2%
2018	26,245	1,402,630		53,443	3.9%
2019	25,458	1,483,267		58,263	3.7%
2020	25,668	1,556,952		60,657	9.9%
2021	26,580	1,655,050		62,266	6.7%

Sources: County of Los Angeles Auditor- Controller and HDL Coren and Cone.

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

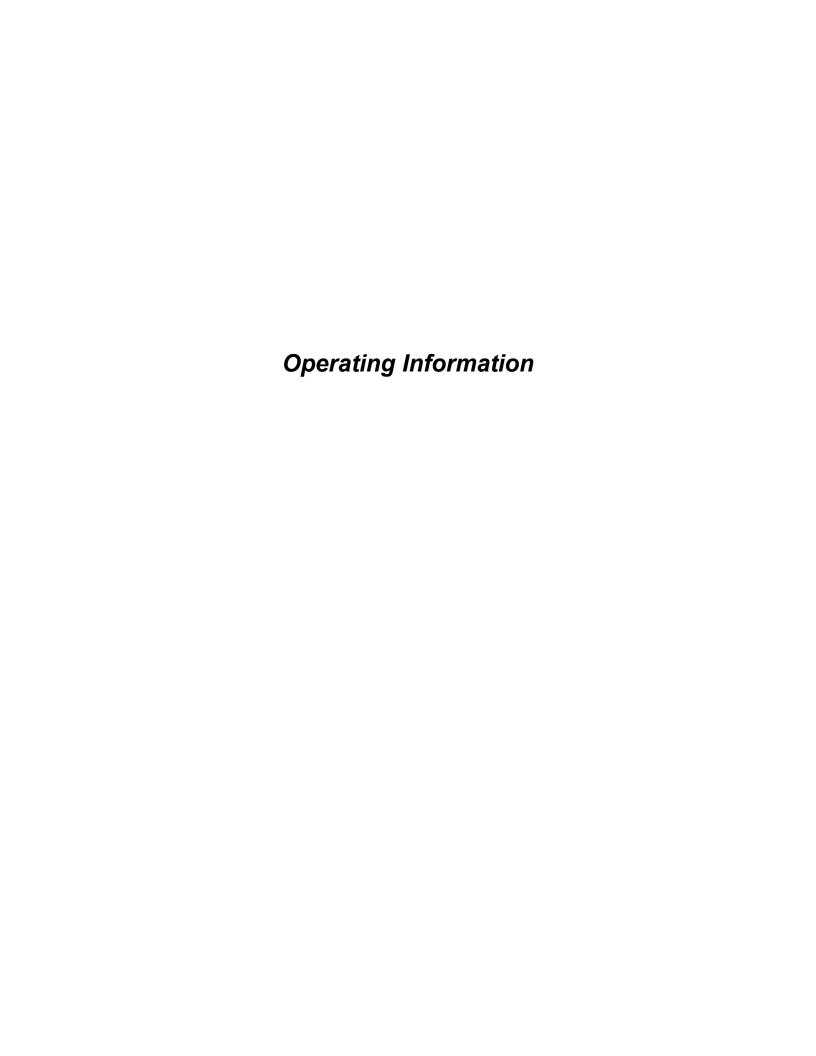
		2021-2022	2	2012-2013			
Employer	Number of Employees	Rank	Percent of Total Employment	Number of Employees	Rank	Percent of Total Employment	
SOUTH PASADENA CARE CENTER, LLC TRADER JOE NO. 18 RALPH'S GROCERY CO. #21 THE VONS COMPANIES - PAVILLIONS #2228 BRISTOL FARMS VCA TLC PASADENA VETERINARY SPECIALTY AND EMERGENCY CITY OF HOPE SOUTH PASADENA	151 93 92 92 88 73 62	1 2 3 4 5 6 7	3.76% 2.32% 2.29% 2.29% 2.19% 1.82% 1.54%				
THE VONS COMPANIES #3075 WHITTIER TRUST COMPANY MC DONALD'S SOUTH PASADENA Total	61 54 49 815	8 9 10	1.52% 1.35% 1.22% 20.30%				
MISSION HOSPICE BRISTOL FARMS So. PASADENA CONVALESCENT HOSPITAL WNC INSURNACE SERVICES INC. THE VONS COMPANIES INC. PAVILIONS ORCHARD SUPPLY HARDWARE RALPH'S GROCERY Co. TRADER JOE'S STARGATE FILMS INC. THE VONS COMPANIES INC.	3.0		20,5076	161 153 146 109 91 79 73 73 66 58 1,009.00	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	4.26% 4.05% 3.86% 2.89% 2.41% 2.09% 1.93% 1.93% 1.75% 1.54%	
Total City Employment (3)	4,014			3,778			

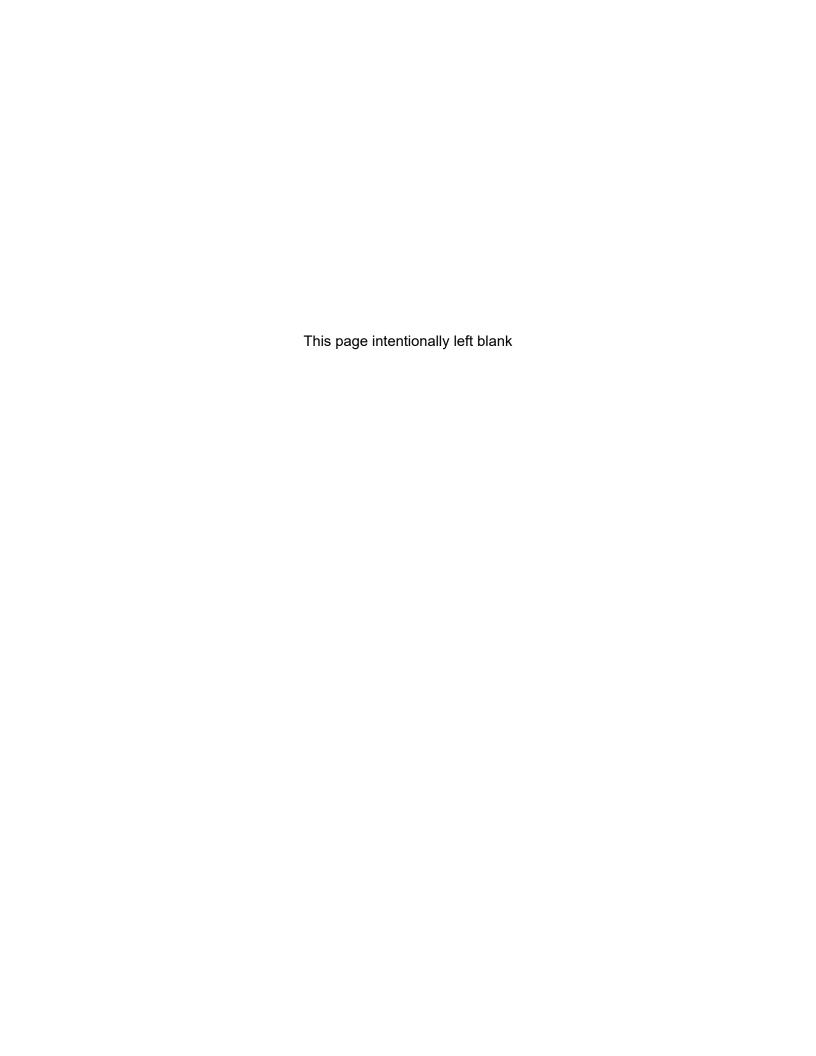
Source: South Pasadena Finance Department/Business License

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Function/Program:	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
General government Legistlative City Manager Finance	8 10 8	8 10 9	5 12 9	5 12 9	5 11 9	5 12 9	5 12 5	5 11 6	5 15 7	5 11 7
Public safety	81	79	81	80	80	77	75	80	82	76
Community Development	6	6	6	6	6	7	7	8	9	11
Public Works	28	20	21	21	20	21	22	23	22	29
Community Services	20	21	19	20	20	26	28	26	41	27
Water Utility	11_	11_	10	10	10	10	10	11_	11_	6
Total	172	163	163	163	161	167	164	170	192	172

Source: South Pasadena Finance Department/Adopted budget book





OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Function/Program	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
General Government:										
Number of building permits issued	476	354	349	433	424	876	1,510	1,396	379	1621
Number of building inspections conducted	2,380	2,568	2,087	1,860	2,041	3,240	3,775	2,287	1,846	2930
Refuse collection										
Refuse collected (tons per day)	85	83	69	74	77	83	80	86	79	81
Recyclables collected (tons per day)	29	28	25	29	32	30	32	31	31	30
Other public works										
Street resurfacing (miles)	1	1	2	2	0	5	1	1	2	0
Potholes repaired *	1,450	1,500	1,450	1,400	259	300	356	217	560	1300
Water										
New connections	6	11	7	8	5	2	6	288	362	334
Water main breaks	9	10	9	6	5	4	7	5	8	8
Average daily consumption										
(million gallons)	4	5	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Peak daily consumption										
(million gallons)	6	6	5	4	4	4	5	4	4	N/A
Fire Department										
Number of emergency calls responded to	1,594	1,695	1,775	1,880	1,483	2,584	2,276	2,445	2,180	2,572
Number of fire inspections	296	563	521	520	540	1,163	1,800	1,163	1,440	1,606
Police Department										
Arrest statistics	1,080	1,003	855	699	830	829	779	706	439	347
Traffic citations	3,753	3,717	2,847	2,288	4,313	4,038	3,815	2,970	131	2,482
Parking citations	10,936	11,388	8,843	10,811	9,136	7,803	7,071	4,517	4,906	4,450
Community Services										
Facility rentals	69	89	86	95	142	80	363	411	163	233
Recreation classes	441	432	399	416	465	277	631	593	703	506

Note: * Based on average sized potholes and cold patch purchased

Source: Various City Departments.

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Function/Program	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Tunction/Trogram										
Other public works										
Street (miles)	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	69	69	69
Traffic signals	31	31	31	31	31	31	33	33	33	33
Park and recreation										
Parks	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Acreage	89	89	89	89	89	89	89	89	89	89
Playgrounds	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Baseball/softball diamonds	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Soccer/football fields	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Community centers	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Water										
Water mains (miles)	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	70	70	70
Fire hydrants	165	165	165	165	165	165	308	452	452	452
Storage capacity (million gallons)	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	14	14	14
Sewage System										
Sanitary sewers (miles)	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	58	58	58
Storm sewers (miles)	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2

Notes: No capital asset indicators available for the general government.

Sources: Various City departments.