

## CITY OF SOUTH PASADENA SPECIAL CITY COUNCIL MEETING AGENDA

Council Chamber 1424 Mission Street, South Pasadena, CA 91030 October 26, 2020, at 7:00 p.m.

South Pasadena City Council Statement of Civility

As your elected governing board, we will treat each other, members of the public, and city employees with patience, civility and courtesy as a model of the same behavior we wish to reflect in South Pasadena for the conduct of all city business and community participation. The decisions made tonight will be for the benefit of the South Pasadena community and not for personal gain.

## **NOTICE ON PUBLIC PARTICIPATION & ACCESSIBILITY**

Pursuant to Section 3 of Executive Order N-29-20, issued by Governor Newsom on March 17, 2020, the Special Meeting of the City Council for October 26, 2020 will be conducted remotely and held by video conference. The Meeting will be broadcast live on the City's website (http://www.spectrumstream.com/streaming/south\_pasadena/live.cfm).

Please be advised that pursuant to the Executive Order, and to ensure the health and safety of the public by limiting human contact that could spread the COVID-19 virus, the Council Chambers will not be open for the meeting. Council Members will be participating remotely and will not be physically present in the Council Chambers.

Public Comment on Special Meeting Agenda Items: Pursuant to Government Code Section 54954.3(a), members of the public will be provided with an opportunity to address any item **described on the agenda only**, at the time the matter is considered by the City Council.

If you would like to comment on an agenda item, members of the public may submit their comments in writing for City Council consideration, by one of the following methods: Option 1:

1. Dial (626) 322-2344 and leave a recording of your public comment. Please state your name; if you are providing public comment for open or closed session; and, the agenda item number. If no agenda item number is provided, your public comment will automatically be played under the general public comment portion of the open session meeting. The cutoff time for public comment to be submitted via phone recording (for this special meeting) is 4 p.m. the day of the Council Meeting.

Option 2:

2. Email your public comments to <u>ccpubliccomment@southpasadenaca.gov</u>. Public Comments received in writing <u>will not be read aloud at the meeting</u>. Written public comments will be

announced at the meeting and become part of the meeting record. Written public comments will be uploaded online for public viewing under Additional Documents. There is no word limit on emailed Public Comment. Please make sure to indicate: 1) your name, and 2) what agenda item you are submitting public comment on.

Pursuant to state law, the City Council may not discuss or take action on issues not on the meeting agenda, except that members of the City Council or staff may briefly respond to statements made or questions posed by persons exercising public testimony rights (Government Code Section 54954.2). Staff may be asked to follow up on such items.

CALL TO ORDER:	Mayor Robert S. Joe
ROLL CALL:	Councilmembers Stephen E. Rossi, Michael A. Cacciotti and Richard D. Schneider, M.D.; Mayor Pro Tem Diana Mahmud; and Mayor Robert S. Joe

PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE: Mayor Pro Tem Mahmud

## **ACTION/DISCUSSION**

## 1. <u>Presentation of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for Fiscal Year Ending</u> June 30, 2019

Recommendation:

It is recommended that the City Council receive and file the City of South Pasadena's (City) Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the Fiscal Year (FY) ending June 30, 2019.

## ADJOURNMENT

## FUTURE CITY COUNCIL MEETINGS (OPEN SESSION)

November 4, 2020	Regular City Council Meeting	Council Chamber	7:30 p.m.
November 18, 2020	Regular City Council Meeting	Council Chamber	7:30 p.m.
December 2, 2020	Regular City Council Meeting	Council Chamber	7:30 p.m.

## PUBLIC ACCESS TO AGENDA DOCUMENTS AND BROADCASTING OF MEETINGS

City Council Meeting agenda packets and agenda related documents are available for public inspection: <u>https://www.southpasadenaca.gov/government/city-council-meetings/2019-council-meetings-copy</u>

Additional Documents, when presented to City Council, will also be uploaded and available on the City's website.

Regular meetings are streamed live via the internet at:

https://www.southpasadenaca.gov/government/city-council-meetings/2019-council-meetings-copy.

## AGENDA NOTIFICATION SUBSCRIPTION

Individuals can be placed on an email notification list to receive forthcoming agendas by emailing <u>CityClerk@southpasadenaca.gov</u> or calling the City Clerk's Division at (626) 403-7230.

## ACCOMMODATIONS

The City of South Pasadena wishes to make all of its public meetings accessible to the public. If special assistance is needed to participate in this meeting, please contact the City Clerk's Division via e-mail at <u>CityClerk@southpasadenaca.gov</u> or by calling (626) 403-7230. Upon request, this agenda will be made available in appropriate alternative formats to persons with disabilities. Notification at least 48 hours prior to the meeting will assist staff in assuring that reasonable arrangements can be made to provide accessibility to the meeting (28 CFR 35.102-35.104 ADA Title II).

I declare under penalty of perjury that I posted this notice of agenda on the bulletin board in the courtyard of City Hall at 1414 Mission Street, South Pasadena, CA 91030, and on the City's website as required by law.

10/23/2020	/s/
Date	Maria E. Ayala
	Chief City Clerk



SUBJECT:	Presentation of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2019
PREPARED BY:	Elaine Aguilar, Interim Assistant City Manager Albert Trinh, Finance Manager Armine Trashian, Accounting Manager
FROM:	Sean Joyce, Interim City Manager
DATE:	October 26, 2020

## Recommendation

It is recommended that the City Council receive and file the City of South Pasadena's (City) Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the Fiscal Year (FY) ending June 30, 2019.

## **Commission Review and Recommendation**

This matter was reviewed by the Finance Commission on September 24, 2020 and on October 15, 2020. This matter was also reviewed by the Finance Ad Hoc Committee on October 13, 2020. The Commission voted to receive and file the CAFR.

## **Executive Summary**

The CAFR is a complete set of financial statements that summarizes the city's financial position for the Fiscal Year. The report is prepared annually by city staff and audited by an independent auditing firm. The purpose of the audit is to provide a reasonable assurance from an independent source that the information is reliable. The audit for FY19 was recently completed by Rogers, Anderson, Melody & Scott, LLP, who rendered an unmodified opinion, the optimal opinion issued by independent auditors. The City's total net position increased by \$5,197,271 over the prior year; this was due primarily to the increased value of the City's capital assets such as land, infrastructure and buildings, minus the increases in the City's net pension liability, and loans payable.

## **Discussion/Analysis**

For FY 2018-19, the accounting firms of Rogers, Anderson, Malody, & Scott, LLP, performed an independent audit to determine that the financial statements are fairly presented and free from material misstatement. The independent auditor concluded there was reasonable basis for

Presentation of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2019 October 26, 2020 Page 2 of 6

rendering an unmodified opinion, and that City's financial statements are fairly presented in conformity with (GAAP).

Listed below are financial highlights for FY 2018-19:

- The assets of the City exceeded liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$81,483,541.
- At the close of the current Fiscal Year, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$28,994,406 an increase of \$4,844,802. Of that amount, \$12,017,146 is the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund, and represents the fund balance available for spending at the City's discretion.
- At the end of the fiscal year, the total General Fund balance is \$18,417,885, while as previously mentioned, the emergency reserve fund balance (unassigned) for the General Fund was \$12,017,146, or 49% the General Fund expenditures.

There are two primary citywide financial statements: Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. Similar to a balance sheet in private sector accounting, the Statement of Net Position presents the City's overall financial position at a specific point in time – in the City's case, this is as of the last day of the fiscal year (June 30, 2019).

The Statement of Activities is similar to the income statement, presenting the City's results of operations over a period of time.

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activies		Total	
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018
Current and other assets	\$ 31,826,966	\$ 27,717,339	\$ 13,693,935	\$ 14,274,295	\$ 45,520,901	\$ 41,991,634
Capital assets, net	60,351,839	62,806,755	79,054,625	74,217,620	139,406,464	137,024,375
Total assets	92,178,805	90,524,094	92,748,560	88,491,915	184,927,365	179,016,009
Deferred outflow of resources	8,385,499	9,923,516	6,189,651	6,640,100	14,575,150	16,563,616
Long-term liabilities	48,451,206	48,591,497	59,086,852	58,327,986	107,538,058	106,919,483
Other liabilities	2,870,360	3,273,859	4,111,910	3,668,754	6,982,270	6,942,613
Total liabilities	51,321,566	51,865,356	63,198,762	61,996,740	114,520,328	113,862,096
Deferred inflow of resources	3,125,672	3,649,673	372,974	417,397	3,498,646	4,067,070
Net investment in capital assets	60,351,839	62,806,755	23,661,335	25,525,737	84,013,174	88,332,492
Restricted	8,115,962	6,336,084	1,156,612	1,154,374	9,272,574	7,490,458
Unrestricted	(22,350,735)	(24,210,258)	10,548,528	6,037,767	(11,802,207)	(18,172,491)
Total net position	\$ 46,117,066	\$ 44,932,581	\$ 35,366,475	\$ 32,717,878	\$ 81,483,541	\$ 77,650,459

#### City of South Pasadena Net Position As of June 30, 2019 and 2018

Presentation of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2019 October 26, 2020 Page 3 of 6

The table above presents a summarized version of the City's Statement of Net Position for FY 2018-19, and a comparison to the previous fiscal year. Net position may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets exceeded liabilities by \$81,483,541 at the close of the fiscal year. This represents an increase of \$3,833,082, or 5% from the prior year.

Net investment in capital assets of \$84,013,174 are by far the largest portion of the City's net position, and reflects its investment in non-liquid capital assets (e.g. land, infrastructure, buildings, and equipment). The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. The second portion of the City net position, \$9,272,574, represents special revenue resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

	<b>Governmental Activities</b>		Business-Type Activies		Total	
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 4,473,833	\$ 4,771,481	\$ 12,880,598	\$ 12,611,113	\$ 17,354,431	\$ 17,382,594
Operating contributions and grants	4,231,554	972,026	-	200,167	4,231,554	1,172,193
Capital contributions and grants	1,072,310	1,325,968	-	-	1,072,310	1,325,968
General revenues:					-	
Property taxes	15,368,198	14,135,844	-	-	15,368,198	14,135,844
Other taxes	7,586,093	8,929,003	-	-	7,586,093	8,929,003
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-	-	-
Use of money and property	1,308,952	650,749	392,230	92,551	1,701,182	743,300
Other	11,815	130,310	94,367	216,693	106,182	347,003
Total revenues	34,052,755	30,915,381	13,367,195	13,120,524	47,419,950	44,035,905
Expenses:						
General government	6,014,464	5,560,722	-	-	6,014,464	5,560,722
Public safety	14,257,292	14,624,313	-	-	14,257,292	14,624,313
Public works Community development	1,361,590	1,037,091	-	-	1,361,590	1,037,091
Community services	3,988,465	3,819,654	-	-	3,988,465	3,819,654
Community development Public works	6,045,511	5,197,516	-	-	6,045,511	5,197,516
Water	-	-	8,116,822	7,060,363	8,116,822	7,060,363
Sewer	-	-	1,280,398	686,672	1,280,398	686,672
Golf course	-		1,158,137	1,096,327	1,158,137	1,096,327
Total expenses	31,667,322	30,239,296	10,555,357	8,843,362	42,222,679	39,082,658
Income before transfers	2,385,433	676,085	2,811,838	4,277,162	5,197,271	4,953,247
Transfers	80,000	-	(80,000)		-	
Increase in net positions	2,465,433	676,085	2,731,838	4,277,162	5,197,271	4,953,247
Net position, beginning, as restated	43,651,633	44,256,496	32,634,637	28,440,716	76,286,270	72,697,212
Net position, ending June 30	\$ 46,117,066	\$ 44,932,581	\$ 35,366,475	\$ 32,717,878	\$ 81,483,541	\$ 77,650,459

#### City of South Pasadena Net Position As of June 30, 2019 and 2018

Presentation of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2019 October 26, 2020 Page 4 of 6

Governmental activities net position increased by \$2,465,433, after the prior period restatement, due to GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, GASB No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date, and GASB 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions.

Business activities net position increased by \$2,648,597 over the prior year due primarily to construction-in-progress on the Garfield Reservoir Construction Project, Graves Well Rehabilitation Project, and Wellhead Treatment Project.

## Background

After the close of each fiscal year, the Finance Department is responsible for the preparation and publication of the City's CAFR following an independent, certified audit. The goal of the financial audit and report is to provide users with a reasonable assurance that the information presented in the statements is accurate and timely.

The CAFR presents information on the status of the City's financial affairs, first on a citywide basis (Government-Wide Financial Statements) in which all the City activities are reported as governmental activities and business-type activities. A second set of statements (Fund Financial Statements) report separately the activities of all City Funds.

The CAFR is organized into three primary sections:

- 1. Introductory Section includes the Finance Director's Letter of Transmittal, List of Principal Officials, and the Organization Chart.
- Financial Section includes the Independent Auditors' Report, Management's Discussion and Analysis, and the general purpose financial statements, consisting of the combined financial statements, notes to the financial statements, and supplemental statements.
- 3. Statistical Section includes comparative information on pertinent City data, such as expenditures, revenues, assessed valuations, tax levies, demographic data, and performance measurements.

The CAFR is important for a number of reasons:

- The CAFR is utilized by the investment community, including bond buyers, underwriters, bond issuers, and credit rating agencies.
- It serves as a public information tool in the form of a comprehensive presentation of all of the City's financial activities.
- Due to a standardized format, the CAFR serves as a tool to provide a meaningful comparison to similar data for other cities.

Presentation of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2019 October 26, 2020 Page 5 of 6

The 2019 CAFR was reviewed by the City's Finance Commission and the recently created Finance Ad Hoc Committee (a temporary non-Brown Act Committee.) During the Commission's review, variances were noted between Revenues and Expenditures shown in the 2018/2019 Approved Budget Document, compared to the Approved Budget Revenues and Expenditures in the 2019/2019 CAFR. In addition, General Fund Committed Reserves as shown in the draft 2018/2019 CAFR omitted a few previously committed reserve amounts.

The Ad Hoc Committee and the Commission reviewed the variances. The summary explanation of the variances are as follows. First, regarding Revenues, staff identified instances where the original FY 18/19 budget document as approved by the City Council in June 2018 had numerical errors, such as incorrect formulas, and duplication of line items. Staff was able to reconcile the 2018/2019 Budget document errors and provide adequate explanation to the Commission. Second, there were formula and input errors in a few expenditure line items in the Approved FY 2018-2019 Budget. Third, regarding the Committed General Fund Reserve, the City's Auditors made the correction for General Fund Committed Reserve items, and will make corrections to two remaining reserve items in the 2019/2020 CAFR. (For 2020 CAFR: Library Park Drainage Project, and Tree Replacement projects.)

Also attached to this staff report is the Report on Internal Controls, the Schedule of Findings, the Corrective Action Plan, and the Management letters. Regarding Internal Controls and the Schedule of Findings, there were five (5) material weaknesses noted, two (2) significant deficiencies noted, and three (3) noncompliance deficiencies noted. Staff will be working with the Finance Commission, and the Finance Ad Hoc Committee to correct the weaknesses and deficiencies, and noted concern with the findings.

Lastly, to complete other important financial documents as soon as possible (i.e. FY 2019/2020 CAFR, and the FY 2020/2021 Budget), while also keeping up with current workloads, staff anticipates returning to the City Council at the November 4, 2020 meeting to seek authorization for additional, temporary staffing assistance. Planning head, almost as soon as the 2020 CAFR and the FY2021 Budget are completed, it will be time to begin the Budget preparation process for the FY 2021/2022 Budget, and the FY 2021 CAFR.

## Legal Review

The City Attorney has reviewed this item.

## **Fiscal Impact**

There is no cost associated with the presentation of this report.

## Public Notification of Agenda Item

The public was made aware that this item was to be considered this evening by virtue of its inclusion on the legally publicly noticed agenda, posting of the same agenda and reports on the City's website and/or notice in the *South Pasadena Review* and/or the *Pasadena Star-News*.

Presentation of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2019 October 26, 2020 Page 6 of 6

## Attachments:

- 1. Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2019
- 2. Auditor Report on Internal Controls
- 3. Schedule of Findings and Responses
- 4. Corrective Action Plan
- 5. Management Letter



PASTO TZ CALIFORNIA

Е

18588

Т

 $\triangleright$ 

6

04

CIT

ĩ

# Ending June 202, **Comprehensive Annual** *з*0

1-7

mm

## CITY OF SOUTH PASADENA, CALIFORNIA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

PREPARED BY: FINANCE DEPARTMENT

This page intentionally left blank

## COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT JUNE 30, 2019

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

## **INTRODUCTORY SECTION:**

Letter of Transmittal	i
Organizational Chart	viii
List of Principal Officials	
GFOA Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting	

## FINANCIAL SECTION:

Independent Auditor's Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	11
Statement of Activities	12
Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	14
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the	
Statement of Net Position	15
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances –	
Governmental Funds	16
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	17
Proprietary Funds	
Statement of Fund Net Position	18
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position	19
Statement of Cash Flows	20
Fiduciary Funds	
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	21
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	22
Notes to Financial Statements	23
Required Supplementary Information:	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund	65

## COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT JUNE 30, 2019

## TABLE OF CONTENTS, (Continued)

## FINANCIAL SECTION, (Continued):

Required Suppleme	entary Information, (continued):	
	portionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and	
	ios – Cost Sharing	66
	n Contributions – Cost Sharing	
	anges in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios	
	ed Supplementary Information	
Supplementary Info	rmation:	
Non-Major Gove	ernmental Funds	70
	Balance Sheet	73
Combining S	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
Fund Ba	lance	81
Schedule of	Revenues, Expenditures and Fund Balance - Budget ar	nd Actual
Propositi	ion A	
Propositi	ion C	90
Street Li	ghting	91
Clean Ai	ir Act	
Parking	and Business Development	93
Mission	Meridian Public Garage	94
State Ga	as Tax	95
County F	Park Bond	
Capital C	Growth Requirements	
Bike and	Pedestrian Paths	
State Po	lice Grant	
Park Imp	pact Fees	
Measure	e R	
Measure	e M	
TDA/Met	tro Grant Fund	
Public E	ducation Fund	
Road Ma	aintenance & Rehab Fund	
Housing	Authority	
Facilities	& Equipment Capital Project Fund	
2000 Ta	x Allocation Bonds Capital Projects Fund	
	mprovement Program Capital Project	

## COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT JUNE 30, 2019

## TABLE OF CONTENTS, (Continued)

## STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED):

Net Position by Component	112
Changes in Net Position	
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	118
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	120
Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	122
Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates	123
Principal Property Tax Payers	124
Property Tax Levies and Collections	125
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	126
Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	127
Legal Debt Margin Information	
Pledged Revenue Coverage	129
Demographic and Economic Statistics	130
Principal Employers	
Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program	132
Operating Indicators by Function/Program	
Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program	134

This page intentionally left blank



CITY OF SOUTH PASADENA 1414 Mission Street, South Pasadena, CA 91030 Tel: (626) 403-7210 • Fax: (626) 403-7211 www.southpasadenaca.gov

October 15, 2020

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council,

We proudly present to you the City of South Pasadena's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City of South Pasadena. It was prepared by the Finance Department in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) as promulgated by the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. We believe that the data presented is complete and reliable in all material respects; that it is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial activity of the City's various funds; and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain a good understanding of the City's financial activity have been included.

The City's financial statements have been audited by Rogers, Anderson, Malody & Scott, LLP, a licensed certified public accounting firm. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City of South Pasadena's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors in the financial section of the CAFR.

## Profile of the City of South Pasadena

South Pasadena is located approximately six miles northeast of downtown Los Angeles, on the west side of the San Gabriel Valley between the cities of Pasadena, San Marino, Los Angeles and Alhambra and has a population of 25,992. Founded in 1874 by the Indiana Colony, the City



encompasses 3.44 square miles and was incorporated as a General Law city of the State of California on March 2, 1888. South Pasadena is noted for its beautiful, historically significant homes on tree-lined streets, for its excellent public schools and for a small-town atmosphere in the midst of greater Los Angeles.

The City is a full-service general law city that operates under the Council-Manager form of government. The City Council consists of five members elected to four-year

staggered terms of office. The Mayor is selected from the City Council members and serves a one-year term. The City's other elected officials are the City Treasurer and City Clerk, each of whom serves a four-year term of office.

The City provides a full range of services, including police and fire protection; the construction and maintenance of streets and other infrastructure; sewer services; water utility; refuse collection; public improvements; planning and zoning; recreational activities and cultural events; library operations; and general administrative and support services.

The annual budget serves as the foundation of the City's financial planning and control. The City Council holds public hearings and adopts an annual budget resolution by July 1 of each fiscal year for all funds and account groups. The City Council may modify appropriations with majority approval. The budgets are adopted and presented on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

Changes in budget appropriations at the fund level during the year must be approved by the City Council. The legal level of expenditures is controlled at the fund level, and appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year unless encumbered for re-appropriation by the City Council in the following fiscal year. Department heads may, without Council approval, amend individual line items within their departments, within the same fund and only within the maintenance and operations portions of the budget, without increasing total appropriations. The City Manager may, without Council approval, amend individual line items within any fund, and between divisions and programs, in the personnel costs, maintenance and operations, capital outlay and capital projects portions of the budget without increasing total appropriations for that fund.

## **Factors Affecting Financial Condition**

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the environment within which the City of South Pasadena operates.

## **Local Economy**

For FY 2018/19, the City of South Pasadena, the greater Los Angeles region and the State of California, have shown increasing revenues over the last several years as the region has recovered from the 2008 recession.

The five largest sources of revenue to the City's General Fund are property taxes, utility taxes, sales taxes, current services, and licenses and permits. Property taxes make up 54% of all General Fund revenues. Utility users' taxes (UUT) make up 12% of total General Fund revenues. Sales taxes make up 6% of total General Fund revenues. Current services make up 9% of the total General Fund revenues. License and permits make up 3% of the total General Fund Revenues.

The top five revenue sources represent approximately 84% of the General Fund revenues. Historical data indicates that the City's General Fund is becoming more reliant on these five revenue sources.

Property taxes are the City's largest tax source and make up approximately half of the General Fund revenues. The City of South Pasadena experienced a net taxable value increase of 6.7% for the 2018/19 tax roll, which was slightly more than the increase experienced countywide at 6.5%. The assessed value increase between 2017/18 and 2018/19 was \$306 million. The change attributed to the 2% Proposition 13 inflation adjustment was \$86.2 million, which accounted for 28% of all growth experienced in the city. The housing market has fully recovered from the recent recession in many urban and coastal areas of the State while housing recovery has tended to lag in more rural and inland areas. Current median home prices, in many regions are at or above the pre-recession peak values. Affordability and inventory constraints are the main contributor to increases in home prices over the last year. The numbers of sales year over year have declined and the lack of significant new home construction in California is one of the main factors affecting supply. Moreover, the City's proximity to commercial and cultural developments in greater Pasadena offers our residents distinct lifestyle advantages. South Pasadena's assessed values and property taxes are expected to continue performing strongly as the general economy improves. Data also show that South Pasadena retains \$0.24 for every dollar of property tax collected within the City, while new cities receive only \$0.05 for every dollar of property tax collected within their city boundaries.

New subdivision and mixed-use development by 820 Mission Development, along with sales of finished units triggered reassessments that added \$35 million in value among all of the new properties.

The Utility Users Tax (UUT) is the second largest revenue source for the General Fund, at \$3.4 million. At the November 2018 local elections, the South Pasadena community voted to extend the UUT for four years, while retaining the amount at the current 7.5%. The Utility Users' Tax collects approximately \$3.4 million annually for the City of South Pasadena and is set to sunset on June 30, 2020, unless extended by voters.

The City underwent a comprehensive fee study in the spring of 2018, which is expected to increase overall revenue to the City by approximately \$350,000, and included a resolution to adjust fees according to Consumer Price Index (CPI) moving forward.

Overall, South Pasadena continues to remain in satisfactory financial condition thanks to a relatively diverse and stable revenue base. Our core services have remained consistent despite certain revenue losses to the State as a result of the dissolution of redevelopment agencies. However, with the shifting of the former property tax increment back to affected taxing agencies, the City has been recovering some of this lost revenue.

## **Risk Management**

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets, error and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. The City utilizes a combination of self-insurance, Joint Powers Authority participation and excess insurance to address these concerns. The City's primary coverage provider is Public Risk Innovation, Solutions and Management (PRISM). The purpose of this organization is to provide a form of liability, workers compensation and property coverage whereby risks are transferred to the JPA to fund appropriately for its member agencies. General liability, Workers Compensation and Property losses are pooled among the member cities at certain levels, and coverage is jointly purchased in excess layers. The City pays an annual deposit based on a calculation of prior claims experience and payroll (or Total Insured Values for Property coverage). For Liability, the City has a self-insured retention of \$100,000, losses exceeding the self-retention limit up to \$5 million per claim are recovered from deposits paid by member cities. Individual claims in excess of \$5 million up to a maximum of \$50 million are covered by private insurance carriers. For Workers Compensation, the City has a self-insured retention of \$125,000, losses exceeding the self-retention limit up to \$5 million per claim are recovered from deposits paid by member cities. Individual claims in excess of \$5 million are covered by private insurance carriers who provide 'Statutory' coverage. Additional information on the City's risk management activity can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

## **Pension Obligations**

The City contributes to the California Public Employees Retirement System, an agent multipleemployer public employee defined benefit pension plan for its employees. Each year, an independent actuary engaged by the pension plan calculates the amount of the annual contribution that the City must make to the pension plan to ensure that the plan will be able to fully meet its obligations to retired employees on a timely basis. As a matter of policy, the City fully funds each year's annual required contribution to the pension plan as determined by its funding policy. The unfunded actuarial liability associated with employee services rendered to date is being systematically funded over a set number of years for safety and miscellaneous employees as part of the annual required contribution calculated by the actuary. The City also provides postretirement health care benefits for certain retired employees. Most recently, the City updated its retiree health contribution to the PEMHCA minimum. Additional information regarding the City's pension arrangements and post-employment benefits can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Increased demands from CalPERS have also added significant costs. The State's pension fund lost almost 35% of its value during the recession and has been unable to achieve return rates assumed in the pro forma. As with pension programs across the Country, PERS has also found other fundamental assumptions to be unsustainable. For example, retirees are living much longer than originally planned and are pulling benefits for at least a decade longer than anticipated. This is the same issue faced by Social Security and most State pension plans created in the early 20th Century. Currently, funded at just under 70%, PERS is aiming to bring fund balances closer to 90-95%. With few other options, PERS has mandated huge payments from member cities to cover unfunded liability. Pension reforms have been enacted at the State level to reduce future liability, but those changes will not be fully realized for another 20 years. In the meantime, nearly every city in the State is struggling to fund the increases, with experts estimating many small cities will go bankrupt as a result.

South Pasadena offers the lowest possible pension formula (2% at 55) which has kept the City's liability low compared to Cities who pay 2.5%, 2.7% or even 3.0% at 55. Nonetheless, the City must bear the cost of increased payments to PERS over the next five years at least. Further, it remains unclear how PERS management decisions will impact the City in the future. Investment funds continue to perform far below projected returns and actuarial reports from PERS are several years behind. Many cities are hiring independent actuarial consultants to better analyze future impacts and plan appropriate strategies.

## **Retiree Health**

This past year, the City reduced its retiree healthcare contribution for all employees hired after July 1, 2020. The future retirees will receive a medical benefit equal only to the PEMHCA minimum. By reducing the retiree health contributions for future employees from \$625/month to the PEMCHA minimum (currently \$139/month,) the City will see significant long-term savings and substantially reduce the City's unfunded liabilities.

## Fee Study

As part of the 2018-19 Strategic Plan, the City engaged in a fee study to review current fees. The User Fee Study evaluates delivery methods, staffing, and overhead costs to determine the appropriate fee structures and full cost recovery potential of individual services. The study revealed that in total the City collected approximately 59% of the cost of services.

The Fee study indicated the majority of City fees were set at a rate far below the cost of providing the service and that additional fees would be appropriate to align with new services. The study also recommended annual CPI increases which have been incorporated into the resolution for the proposed Fee Schedule.

Long-Term Financial Planning for Infrastructure. In 2009, the City established a long-range vision for its sewer and water enterprises by issuing bonds and adjusting charges for service to finance many critically needed improvements. Since then, the water and sewer rates needed for the restoration and rehabilitation of the aging water and sewer infrastructure have increased by over 100%. Since 2009, the City has spent approximately \$37.0 million upgrading the water system, and \$7.08 million upgrading the sewer system. The City expects to spend an additional \$10 million over the next two years on these projects.

In 2018, the City created its first Five Year Capital Improvement Plan (CIP) which outlined over \$100 million in Capital repairs that were largely unfunded. For the last five fiscal years, the City Council has also voted to commit at least \$2 million annually towards the rehabilitation of city streets and \$146,000 annually to the Capital and Equipment Fund.

Most recently, the City has been working with its local and regional partners to restart the "Rogan Funds" project, which was originally identified to fund a hookramp onto SR-110. Further, following the elimination of the SR-710 project, the county has identified nearly \$100 million in available transportation funds for the City. All of these projects will require matching dollars or initial studies to implement, which should be considered in the overall long-term funding for the City.

## **Cash Management Policies and Practices**

Cash temporarily idle during the year was invested in accordance with the City's approved Investment Policy. The policy affords a broad spectrum of investment opportunities, as long as the investment is deemed prudent and permissible under currently effective legislation of the State of California and other imposed restrictions. Criteria for selecting investments and the order of priority are: safety, liquidity and yield. The cash management system of the City is designed to accurately monitor and forecast expenditures and revenues, thus ensuring the investment of monies to fullest extent possible. Attempts are made to obtain the highest yields available as long as investments meet the criteria required for safety and liquidity.

Internal Controls. The management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft or misuse, and to ensure that adequate account data is compiled for the preparation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control structure should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits require estimates and sound judgments by management.

## Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of South Pasadena for its CAFR for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award, recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR, whose contents conform to program standards. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. The City of South Pasadena has received a Certificate of Achievement for the last 30 consecutive years (fiscal years ended 1987 through 2018). We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements, and will again submit it to GFOA for award consideration.

The preparation and publication of this report is made possible through the dedication of the entire Finance Department staff, and especially from Albert Trinh, Finance Manager. This report would also not have been possible without the leadership of the City Manager, Stephanie DeWolfe, and continued commitment from the City Council in conducting the financial operations and corresponding financial disclosures of the City in an open, public and transparent manner. Finally, thanks are extended to the firm of Rogers, Anderson, Malody & Scott, LLP, for their contributions towards improving our financial reporting and year end processes.

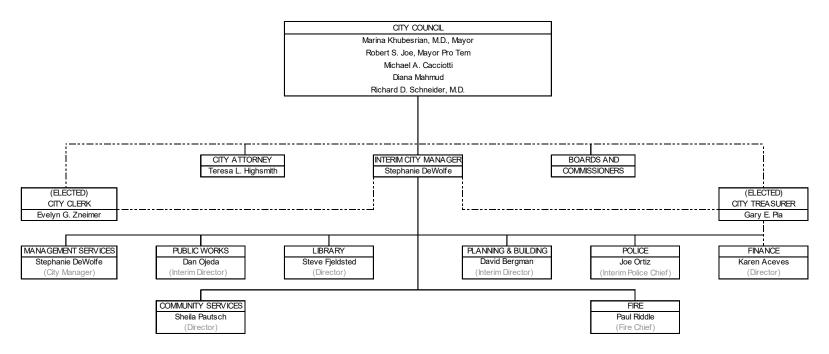
Respectfully submitted,

Karen Aceves

Karen Aceves

## ORGANIZATIONAL CHART

#### 2018 - 2019



## **CITY OF SOUTH PASADENA, CALIFORNIA**

## OFFICIALS OF THE CITY OF SOUTH PASADENA

## **CITY COUNCIL**

Marina Khubesrian, M.D. Mayor

Robert S. Joe Mayor Pro Tempore

Michael A. Cacciotti Mayor

> Diana Mahmud Councilmember

Richard D. Schneider, M.D. Mayor Pro Tempore

## **ADMINISTRATION AND DEPARTMENT HEADS**

City Manager	Stephanie DeWolfe
City Clerk	Evelyn G. Zneimer
City Treasurer	Gary E. Pia
City Attorney	Teresa L. Highsmith
Director of Finance	Karen Aceves
Director of Library, Arts, and Culture	Steve Fjeldsted
Police Chief	Joe Ortiz
Director of Community Services	Sheila Pautsch
Fire Chief	Paul Riddle
Interim Director of Public Works	Dan Ojeda
Interim Director of Planning and Building	David Bergman



Government Finance Officers Association

## Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

## City of South Pasadena California

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2018

Christophen P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

## FINANCIAL SECTION



ROGERS, ANDERSON, MALODY & SCOTT, LLP CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, SINCE 1948

735 E. Carnegie Dr. Suite 100 San Bernardino, CA 92408 909 889 0871 T 909 889 5361 F ramscpa.net

#### PARTNERS

Brenda L. Odle, CPA, MST Terry P. Shea, CPA Scott W. Manno, CPA, CGMA Leena Shanbhag, CPA, MST, CGMA Bradferd A. Welebir, CPA, MBA, CGMA Jenny W. Liu, CPA, MST

#### MANAGERS / STAFF

Charles De Simoni, CPA Gardenya Duran, CPA Brianna Schultz, CPA Jingjie Wu, CPA Evelyn Morentin-Barcena, CPA Veronica Hernandez, CPA Tara R. Thorp, CPA, MSA Laura Arvizu, CPA Louis Fernandez, CPA Abigail Hernandez Conde, CPA, MSA Zoe Xinlu Zhang, CPA, MSA

#### MEMBERS

American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

> PCPS The AICPA Alliance for CPA Firms

Governmental Audit Quality Center

Employee Benefit Plan Audit Quality Center

California Society of Certified Public Accountants



The Honorable City Council of the City of South Pasadena South Pasadena, California

Independent Auditor's Report

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of South Pasadena, California (City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

## Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

## Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

## Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of South Pasadena, California, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## Emphasis of a Matter

As discussed in Note 1 of the financial statements, the City adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 88, *Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements.* Our opinion in not modified with respect to this matter.

## Other Matters

## Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information as noted in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context.

We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of South Pasadena's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and the statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the nonmajor fund budgetary comparison schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

## Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 15, 2020 on our consideration of the City of South Pasadena's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of South Pasadena's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Rogens, Anderson, Malody & Scott, LLP.

San Bernardino, California October 15, 2020

This page intentionally left blank

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of South Pasadena, we offer readers of the City of South Pasadena's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal and the City's financial statements.

(A) Financial Highlights

- The assets of the City exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$81,483,541. Unrestricted net position in an amount of (\$11,802,207) is primarily due to the City recording the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, and information about the fiduciary net position of the City's CalPERS plans per GASB Statements No. 68 and 71 and 75.
- The City's total net position increased by \$5,197,271, after the prior period adjustment.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$28,994,406 an increase of \$4,844,802. Of this amount, \$10,838,355 or approximately 37% of total fund balances are available for spending at the City's discretion (*unassigned fund balance*).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$12,017,146, or 49% of the total General Fund Expenditures.
- The City's net investment capital assets decreased \$4,319,595 from the prior fiscal year.

(B) Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements, which are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-wide financial statements.** The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City's assets, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and liabilities, with the difference between these items reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of South Pasadena is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, with the use of the accrual basis of accounting, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

**Fund financial statements.** A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of South Pasadena, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

**Governmental funds.** Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City of South Pasadena maintains 35 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, which is considered to be a major fund for the purposes of this report. Data from the other 34 governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these *non-major* governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The City of South Pasadena adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund and each of its special revenue funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for each governmental fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget. The budgetary comparison statement for the General Fund is located in the basic financial statements; the budgetary comparison statements for the non-major governmental funds are presented in the Additional Financial Information section of this report.

**Proprietary funds.** The City of South Pasadena maintains two types of proprietary funds: enterprise fund and internal service fund. The enterprise fund is used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for the operations for its water and sewer utilities, and the municipal golf course. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The internal service fund is used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's functions for general liability and workers' compensation insurance. Because the internal service operations benefit both governmental and business-type functions, they have been proportionally allocated and included within the governmental and business-like activities in the government-wide financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service fund is provide in the form of combining statements in this report.

Ξ

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

**Fiduciary funds.** The City of South Pasadena maintains one type of fiduciary fund, a private purpose trust fund. *Fiduciary funds* are used to report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and therefore cannot be used to support the government's own programs. The City uses one type of fiduciary fund, a private purpose trust fund, to account for the assets and liabilities of the former Community Redevelopment Agency.

**Notes to the financial statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

**Other information.** In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found in notes to the financial statements.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds together with information are presented immediately following the notes to the financial statements.

#### (C) Government-wide Financial Analysis.

Net position may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of South Pasadena, assets exceeded liabilities by \$81,483,541 at the close of the most recent fiscal year. This represents an increase of \$5,197,271 or 7% from the prior year, primarily due to a decrease in investments in capital assets. Capital Assets are by far the largest portion of the City's net position; \$84,013,174 or 103% reflects its investment in non-liquid capital assets (e.g. land, infrastructure, buildings, and equipment). The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
	2019	2018	2019 2018	2019 2018
Current and other assets	\$ 31,826,966	\$ 27,717,339	\$ 13,693,935 \$ 14,274,295	5 \$ 45,520,901 \$ 41,991,634
Capital assets, net	60,351,839	62,806,755	79,054,625 74,217,620	139,406,464 137,024,375
Total assets	92,178,805	90,524,094	92,748,560 88,491,915	5 184,927,365 179,016,009
Deferred outflow of resources	8,385,499	9,923,516	6,189,651 6,640,100	14,575,150 16,563,616
Long-term liabilities	48,451,206	48,591,497	59,086,852 58,327,986	6 107,538,058 106,919,483
Other liabilities	2,870,360	3,273,859	4,111,910 3,668,754	6,982,270 6,942,613
Total liabilities	51,321,566	51,865,356	63,198,762 61,996,740	114,520,328 113,862,096
Deferred inflow of resources	3,125,672	3,649,673	372,974 417,397	3,498,646 4,067,070
Net investment in capital assets	60,351,839	62,806,755	23,661,335 25,525,737	84,013,174 88,332,492
Restricted	8,115,962	6,336,084	1,156,612 1,154,374	9,272,574 7,490,458
Unrestricted	(22,350,735)	(24,210,258)	10,548,528 6,037,767	(11,802,207) (18,172,491)
Total net position	\$ 46,117,066	\$ 44,932,581	\$ 35,366,475 \$ 32,717,878	8 \$ 81,483,541 \$ 77,650,459

#### City of South Pasadena Net Position As of June 30, 2019 and 2018

The second portion of the City net position of \$9,272,574 represents special revenue resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. Unrestricted net position shows a negative balance of (\$11,802,207).

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

The City's governmental current assets increased by \$4,109,627 and capital assets decreased by \$2,454,916. Current assets increased due to more cash on hand and capital assets decreased due to decrease spending on capital projects and current year depreciation.

The City's business-type current assets decreased by \$580,360, due to debt service payments for capital spending water and sewer projects. The City reported a net increase of \$4,837,005 in capital assets due to an increase in construction-in-progress relating to the Garfield Reservoir Capital Project, Graves Well Rehabilitation Project, and Wellhead Treatment Project, and Sewer Project. Upon completion, the City will transfer the construction-in-progress costs to infrastructure.

	Governmental Activities			Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total	
	2019	2018		2019	2018	2019	2018
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 4,473,833	\$ 4,771,48	81 \$	12,880,598	\$ 12,611,113	\$ 17,354,431	\$ 17,382,594
Operating contributions and grants	4,231,554	972,02	26	-	200,167	4,231,554	1,172,193
Capital contributions and grants	1,072,310	1,325,96	68	-	-	1,072,310	1,325,968
General revenues:							
Property taxes	15,368,198	14,135,84	4	-	-	15,368,198	14,135,844
Other taxes	7,586,093	8,929,00	)3	-	-	7,586,093	8,929,003
Intergovernmental	-	-		-	-	-	-
Use of money and property	1,308,952	650,74	9	392,230	92,551	1,701,182	743,300
Other	11,815	130,3 <sup>-</sup>	0	94,367	216,693	106,182	347,003
Total revenues	34,052,755	30,915,38	31	13,367,195	13,120,524	47,419,950	44,035,905
Expenses:							
General government	6,014,464	5,560,72	22	-	-	6,014,464	5,560,722
Public safety	14,257,292	14,624,3 <sup>-</sup>	3	-	-	14,257,292	14,624,313
Community development	1,361,590	1,037,09	91	-	-	1,361,590	1,037,091
Community services	3,988,465	3,819,65	54	-	-	3,988,465	3,819,654
Public works	6,045,511	5,197,5 <sup>-</sup>	6	-	-	6,045,511	5,197,516
Water	-	-		8,116,822	7,060,363	8,116,822	7,060,363
Sewer	-	-		1,280,398	686,672	1,280,398	686,672
Golf course		-		1,158,137	1,096,327	1,158,137	1,096,327
Total expenses	31,667,322	30,239,29	6	10,555,357	8,843,362	42,222,679	39,082,658
Income before transfers	2,385,433	676,08	35	2,811,838	4,277,162	5,197,271	4,953,247
Transfers	80,000	-		(80,000)		-	
Increase in net position	2,465,433	676,08	35	2,731,838	4,277,162	5,197,271	4,953,247
Net position, beginning, as restated	43,651,633	44,256,49	6	32,634,637	28,440,716	76,286,270	72,697,212
Net position, ending	\$ 46,117,066	\$ 44,932,58	81 \$	35,366,475	\$ 32,717,878	\$ 81,483,541	\$ 77,650,459

City of South Pasadena Change in Net Position For the Years Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

#### **Governmental Activities**

Governmental activities net position increased by \$2,465,434, after the prior period adjustment, due to an increase in general revenues which is offset with a small increase in the expenses across multiple departments.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### **Business-type Activities**

The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but offers more detail in the form of a statement of cash flows. Unrestricted net position of the fund at the end of the fiscal year shows \$10,548,528. Total net position for these funds was \$35,366,475, an increase of \$2,731,838 (8%) over the prior year, due to increases in the capital construction expenses for the Garfield Reservoir Construction Project, Graves Well Rehabilitation Project, and Wellhead Treatment Project

#### (D) Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

#### **Governmental Funds**

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows and outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, the unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the City's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$28,994,406 an increase of \$4,844,802 from the prior fiscal year. Approximately 37% of fund balances constitute the unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the City's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is either restricted for projects undertaken in the Special Revenue Funds (28%), committed by City Council action for specific purposes (33%), or represents net position that are non-spendable resources (2%).

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$12,017,146, while the total fund balance reached \$18,417,885. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. The unassigned fund balance represents 49% of General Fund expenditures, while the total fund balance represents 75% of that same amount.

The fund balance of the City's General Fund increased by \$2,835,923 in the current fiscal year. This represents an increase of 18% in fund balance from FY 2018. Key factors in this increase are as follows:

- An overall increase in revenue by \$2,811,369 due to increase in taxes, intergovernmental funding, use of money, and miscellaneous.
- Capital outlay decreased \$1,157,523.

There was an increase in transfers out of \$1,860,956 for insurance funds, facilities and maintenance, street projects, and LLMD.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The City adopts annual appropriated operating budgets for its governmental funds (General Fund, Special Revenue and Capital Projects Funds) and reports the results of operations on a budgetary comparison basis. The City also uses annual financial plans as a management tool for its enterprise funds, although the City does not report the results of these funds on a budgetary comparison basis.

In preparing its budgets, the City attempts to estimate its revenues using realistic, but conservative, methods so as to budget its expenditure appropriations and activities in a prudent manner. As a result, the City Council adopts budget adjustments during the course of the fiscal year to reflect both changed priorities and availability of additional revenues to allow for expansion of existing programs. During the course of the year, the City Council amended the originally adopted budget for various additional programs.

The General Fund reflected a net total favorable budget variance of \$2,659,160 when comparing actual amounts to the final budget for the current fiscal year. This budget variance reflects a favorable variance in revenues of \$2,318,300 and a favorable variance in total expenditures of \$956,816, and an unfavorable variance in transfers out of (\$615,956).

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

**Capital assets.** The City's net investment in capital assets for its governmental activities and businesstype activities as of June 30, 2019, amounts to \$60,351,839 and \$23,661,335 (net of accumulated depreciation), respectively. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, park improvements, roadways, vehicles, computer equipment, furniture, other equipment, and construction in progress.

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 3 in the Notes to Financial Statements section of this report.

**Long-term debt.** At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of South Pasadena had total debt outstanding related to governmental activities of \$48,511,520.

City of South Pasadena Long-term Debt

	Governmental Activities							
		2019	_	2018				
Employee compensated absences	\$	603,136	\$	801,087				
Total OPEB liability		14,416,661		14,482,468				
Net pension liability		33,491,723		33,307,942				
Total long-term debt	\$	48,511,520	\$	48,591,497				

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

The City's long-term debt decreased during the current fiscal year primarily due to a decrease in employee compensated absences.

#### Proprietary Fund Long-term Debt

	<b>Business-Type Activities</b>						
	2019		2018				
2012 State Loan Payable - Direct							
Borrowing	\$ 9,186,997	\$	7,415,790				
SRF State Loan Payable - Direct							
Borrowing	679,462		-				
2013 Water Revenue Bonds	5,010,000		5,370,000				
Issuance Premium	284,053		311,765				
2016 Water Revenue Bonds	36,020,000		36,855,000				
Issuance Premium	 4,212,778		4,420,816				
Total long-term debt	\$ 55,393,290	\$	54,373,371				
l otal long-term debt	\$ 55,393,290	\$	54,373,371				

Proprietary fund long-term debt increased \$1,019,919 during the current fiscal year due to drawdown on the 2012 State Loan and the initialization of the SRF State Loan. The further increase is offset by payments towards the principal for the 2012 State Loan, 2013 Water Revenue Bonds, and 2016 Water Revenue Bonds. Further details on long-term debt can be found in Notes 5 through 7 in the Notes to Financial Statements section of this report.

#### Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

- Increases in the contributions toward employee pensions through the California Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) as well as the increasing unfunded liability for Other Post-Employment Benefits remain serious concerns. In order to begin addressing these issues, the South Pasadena City Council has already committed \$1,000,000 of the General Fund balance towards funding retiree benefits and has prepaid the annual unfunded liability for both classic miscellaneous and safety employees
- Sales taxes generally are a direct reflection of the general economy. The City has a mature tax base, with no big box stores or car dealerships, etc. Sales taxes have been increasing. The City has emerged from recession and receipts have moved back to pre-recession levels.

During the 2019 fiscal year, unassigned fund balance in the General Fund remained substantial at \$12,017,146. The fiscal year 2020 Budget includes funding for much-needed capital improvements to the City's streets, sewer and water systems, the latter being funded with proceeds from the drawdown from the 2012 State Loan and the SRF State Loan. It remains the intention of City management not to use fund balance reserves for purposes of meeting costs of operations.

#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the financial position of the City of South Pasadena for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be directed to the Finance Department, FinanceDepartment@southpasadenaca.gov, 626.403.7250, or by U.S. mail: Finance Department, 1414 Mission Street, South Pasadena, CA 91030.

-10-**1-35**  THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

Accesto	Governmental Activities (Governmental Funds)	Business-Type Activities (Enterprise Funds)	Total
Assets Cash and investments	\$ 29,381,023	\$ 12,032,798	\$ 41,413,821
Receivables:	φ 20,001,020	φ 12,002,700	φ +1,+10,021
Accounts	520,869	737,051	1,257,920
Taxes	704,165	-	704,165
Accrued interest	160,927	57,765	218,692
Internal balances	573,313	(573,313)	
Due from other governments	477,480	-	477,480
Inventories	5,083	283,022	288,105
Prepaid items	4,106	-	4,106
Restricted assets:			
Cash and investments with fiscal agent	-	1,156,612	1,156,612
Capital assets, not being depreciated	3,231,583	6,819,737	10,051,320
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	57,120,256	72,234,888	129,355,144
Total assets	92,178,805	92,748,560	184,927,365
Deferred outflows of resources			
Deferred loss on debt refunding	-	5,423,238	5,423,238
Pension related	7,808,857	677,186	8,486,043
Other post-employment benefits related	576,642	89,227	665,869
Total deferred outflows of resources	8,385,499	6,189,651	14,575,150
	4 005 004	4 070 700	0.077.040
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	1,605,031	1,672,788	3,277,819
Accrued interest	400,148	27,864	428,012 616,743
Deposits payable	- 804,867	616,743 331,638	1,136,505
Noncurrent liabilities:	004,007	551,050	1,150,505
Due within one year	60,314	1,462,877	1,523,191
Due in more than one year		53,932,540	53,932,540
Compensated absences	542,822	19,147	561,969
Net pension liability	33,491,723	2,904,412	36,396,135
Total other post-employment benefits liability	14,416,661	2,230,753	16,647,414
Total liabilities	51,321,566	63,198,762	114,520,328
	- ,- ,		,,
Deferred inflows of resources			
Pension related	1,627,244	141,115	1,768,359
Other post-employment benefits related	1,498,428	231,859	1,730,287
Total deferred outflows of resources	3,125,672	372,974	3,498,646
Net position			
Net investment in capital assets	60,351,839	23,661,335	84,013,174
Restricted for:			
Community development projects	1,117,604	-	1,117,604
Public safety	208,088	-	208,088
Community services	1,519,766	-	1,519,766
Public works	4,594,063	-	4,594,063
Capital projects	676,441	-	676,441
Debt service		1,156,612	1,156,612
Unrestricted	(22,350,735)	10,548,528	(11,802,207)
Total net position	\$ 46,117,066	\$ 35,366,475	\$ 81,483,541

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements. -11-

<sup>-11-</sup>**1-37** 

### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

			Program Revenues							
				Charges		Operating		Capital		
				for	C	Frants and	C	Frants and		
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Services	C	ontributions	C	ontributions		
Governmental activities:	_									
General government	\$	6,014,464	\$	806,758	\$	755,965	\$	-		
Public safety		14,257,292		1,584,152		136,627		-		
Community development		1,361,590		7,647		34,967		-		
Community services		3,988,465		761,334		965,060		115,076		
Public works		6,045,511		1,313,942	1	2,338,935		957,234		
Total governmental activities		31,667,322		4,473,833		4,231,554		1,072,310		
Business-type activities:										
Water		8,116,822		10,152,661		-		-		
Sewer		1,280,398		1,472,122		-		-		
Arroyo Seco Golf Course		1,158,137		1,255,815				-		
Total business-type activities		10,555,357		12,880,598		-				
Total Primary Government	\$	42,222,679	\$	17,354,431	\$	4,231,554	\$	1,072,310		

General revenues:

Taxes: Property taxes Sales taxes Franchise taxes Business license taxes Utility users tax Other taxes Use of money and property Other Transfers Total general revenues

Change in Net Position

Net Position - Beginning, as Restated (Note 14) Net Position - Ending

-12-**1-38** 

Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
\$ (4,451,741) (12,536,513)	\$ - -	\$ (4,451,741) (12,536,513)
(1,318,976) (2,146,995) (1,435,400)	- - 	(1,318,976) (2,146,995) (1,435,400)
(21,889,625)		(21,889,625)
- - -	2,035,839 191,724 97,678	2,035,839 191,724 97,678
	2,325,241	2,325,241
(21,889,625)	2,325,241	(19,564,384)
15,368,198	-	15,368,198
2,563,117 1,002,408 399,653	-	2,563,117 1,002,408 399,653
3,228,320 392,595	-	3,228,320 392,595
1,308,952 11,815	392,230 94,367 (80,000)	1,701,182 106,182
80,000 24,355,058	(80,000) 406,597	- 24,761,655
2,465,433	2,731,838	5,197,271
43,651,633 \$ 46,117,066	32,634,637 \$ 35,366,475	76,286,270 \$ 81,483,541

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements. -13-

1-39

# BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

		General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds			Total Governmental Funds		
ASSETS								
Pooled cash and investments	\$	17,202,357	\$	12,153,725	\$	29,356,082		
Receivables:								
Accounts		383,996		136,873		520,869		
Taxes		691,657		12,508		704,165		
Accrued interest		127,768		33,159		160,927		
Due from other governments		383,474		94,006		477,480		
Due from other funds		1,166,928		-		1,166,928		
Advances to other funds		450,000		-		450,000		
Inventories		5,083		-		5,083		
Prepaid items		-		4,106		4,106		
Total assets	\$	20,411,263	\$	12,434,377	\$	32,845,640		
Liabilities:	^	040.000	•	704 070	~	4 000 00 1		
Accounts payable	\$	810,628	\$	791,976	\$	1,602,604		
Accrued liabilities		387,845		12,303		400,148		
Deposits payable		794,905		9,962		804,867		
Due to other funds		-		1,043,615		1,043,615		
Total liabilities		1,993,378		1,857,856		3,851,234		
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable:								
Advances to other funds		450,000		-		450,000		
Inventories		5,083		-		5,083		
Prepaid items		-		4,106		4,106		
Restricted for:				4,100		4,100		
Community development projects		-		1,117,604		1,117,604		
Public safety - police		-		208,088		208,088		
Community services		-		1,519,766		1,519,766		
Public works - streets and roads		_		4,366,258		4,366,258		
Capital projects		_		676,441		676,441		
Public works - street lighting		-		227,805		227,805		
Committed to:		-		227,005		227,005		
Capital projects				3,635,244		3,635,244		
Arroyo Golf Course Facility		- 600,000		3,033,244		, ,		
				-		600,000		
CalTrans Vacant Lot Purchases		392,000		-		392,000		
Legal Services Reserve		500,000		-		500,000		
Library Expansion		200,000		-		200,000		
Maintenance Yard/Community Center Reserve		267,067		-		267,067		
Renewable Energy Sources		700,000		-		700,000		
Retiree Medical Benefits		500,000		-		500,000		
Retiree Pension Benefits		500,000		-		500,000		
Tree Replacement		50,000		-		50,000		
Stormwater Reserve		600,000		-		600,000		
Library Park Drainage Reserve		147,000		-		147,000		
Financial Sustainability Reserve		900,000		-		900,000		
Slater Reimbursement Reserve		568,850		-		568,850		
Assigned to:								
Stables CIP Reserve		20,739		-		20,739		
Unassigned		12,017,146		(1,178,791)		10,838,355		
Total fund balances		18,417,885		10,576,521		28,994,406		
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	20,411,263	\$	12,434,377	\$	32,845,640		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements. -14-

<sup>-14-</sup>**1-40** 

### RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

Fund balances of governmental funds			\$	28,994,406
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:				
Capital assets net of depreciation have not been included as financial resources of the governmental funds. This amount excludes capital assets reported in the internal service funds.				60,351,839
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions have not been				00,001,000
reported in the governmental funds. These amounts exclude pension related deferred outflow and inflows reported in the internal service funds.	•	7 000 057		
Pension related deferred outflows of resources Pension related deferred inflows of resources	\$	7,808,857 (1,627,244)		
Total other post-employment benefits related deferred inflows of resources Total other post-employment benefits related deferred outflows of resources		(1,498,428) 576,642		
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not				5,259,827
reported in the governmental funds.		()		
Compensated absences Net pension liability		(603,136) (33,491,723)		
Total other post-employment benefits liability		(14,416,661)		(48,511,520)
Internal complex funds are used to shares the past of estivities to individual funds				(10,011,020)
Internal service funds are used to charge the cost of activities to individual funds. The assets and liabilities are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.				22,514
Net position of governmental activities			¢	46,117,066
rec position of governmental activities			ψ	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

-15-**1-41**  This page intentionally left blank

### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	 Nonmajor General Governmental Fund Funds			G	Total overnmental Funds
Revenues Taxes	\$ 22,623,486	\$	1,706,759	\$	24,330,245
Assessments Licenses and permits	- 892,560		893,205 75,522		893,205 968,082
Intergovernmental	710,323		1,512,173		2,222,496
Charges for services	3,342,254		225,555		3,567,809
Use of money and property	1,057,074		251,874		1,308,948
Fines and forfeitures	339,636				339,636
Miscellaneous	402,585		19,749		422,334
	 -				i
Total revenues	 29,367,918		4,684,837		34,052,755
Expenditures					
Current:					
General government	4,989,002		206,026		5,195,028
Public safety	13,245,634		8,193		13,253,827
Community development	1,116,412		10,766		1,127,178
Community services	2,909,338		618,850		3,528,188
Public works	1,791,628		1,866,262		3,657,890
Capital outlay	 619,025		1,636,861		2,255,886
Total expenditures	24,671,039		4,346,958		29,017,997
	 21,071,000		1,010,000		20,011,001
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	 4,696,879		337,879		5,034,758
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in	-		1,671,000		1,671,000
Transfers out	(1,860,956)		-		(1,860,956)
	 (1,000,000)				(1,000,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (1,860,956)		1,671,000		(189,956)
Net change in fund balance	2,835,923		2,008,879		4,844,802
Fund Balances, Beginning, as Restated (Note 14)	 15,581,962		8,567,642		24,149,604
Fund Balances, Ending	\$ 18,417,885	\$	10,576,521	\$	28,994,406

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

-16-**1-43** 

### RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds			\$ 4,844,802
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different b	ecau	ise:	
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlay in the current period: Capital asset expenditures, net of deletions of capital assets Depreciation expense, net of deletions of capital assets	\$	1,913,465 (3,087,433)	(1,173,968)
Certain revenues in the governmental funds are deferred inflows of resources because they are measurable but not available under the modified accrual basis of accounting. However, the revenues are included on the accrual basis used in the government-wide statements. This amount represents the change during the year:			(1,110,000)
Grants and other reimbursement revenue			(234,412)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds: Change in compensated absences Changes in total other post-employment benefits related items Changes in pension related items		197,951 (156,307) (975,683)	
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of			(934,039)
certain activities to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds is included in the statement of activities.			(36,950)
Changes in net position of governmental activities			\$ 2,465,433

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

-17-**1-44** 

# STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Busi	iness-Type Activit	ties - Enterprise F	unds	Governmental		
			Arroyo Seco			ctivities - nal Service	
	Water	Sewer	Golf Course	Total	mei	Fund	
ASSETS				- I Otdi		T dild	
Current assets:							
Cash and investments	\$ 6,203,916	\$ 5,317,919	\$ 510,963	\$ 12,032,798	\$	24,941	
Receivables:	, , , .	· · · · · · ·	• • • • • • • • •	• , ,	·	7 -	
Accounts	717,169	19,852	30	737,051		-	
Accrued interest	34,544	23,186	35	57,765		-	
Inventories	268,357	-	14,665	283,022		-	
Restricted:							
Cash and investments with fiscal agent	1,156,612			1,156,612		-	
Total current assets	8,380,598	5,360,957	525,693	14,267,248		24,941	
Noncurrent assets:							
Capital assets, not depreciated	6,819,737	-	-	6,819,737		-	
Capital assets, net of depreciation	61,767,779	9,641,818	825,291	72,234,888		-	
Total noncurrent assets	68,587,516	9,641,818	825,291	79,054,625		-	
Total assets	76,968,114	15,002,775	1,350,984	93,321,873		24,941	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred loss on debt refunding	5,423,238	-	-	5,423,238		-	
Pension related	529,529	147,657	-	677,186		-	
Other post-employment benefits related	74,378	14,849	-	89,227		-	
Total deferred outflows of resources	6,027,145	162,506	-	6,189,651		-	
LIABILITIES							
Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable	1,592,672	18,179	61,937	1,672,788		2,427	
Accrued liabilities	16,935	4,929	6,000	27,864		-	
Accrued interest	448,577	168,166	-	616,743		-	
Deposits payable	331,638	-	-	331,638		-	
Due to other funds	-	123,313	-	123,313		-	
Compensated absences	1,709	419	-	2,127		-	
Bonds payable	1,460,750			1,460,750		-	
Total current liabilities	3,852,281	315,006	67,937	4,235,223		2,427	
Noncurrent liabilities:		450.000		450.000			
Advances from other funds	-	450,000	-	450,000		-	
Compensated absences Total other post-employment benefits liability	15,380 1,859,516	3,767	-	19,147 2,230,753		-	
Net pension liability	2,271,119	371,237 633,293	-	2,230,753		-	
Loans payable	679,462	9,186,997	-	9,866,459		-	
Bonds payable	44,066,081	3,100,337		44,066,081		-	
Total noncurrent liabilities	48,891,558	10,645,294	-	59,536,852		-	
Total liabilities	52,743,839	10,960,299	67,937	63,772,075		2,427	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Pension related	110,346	30,769	-	141,115		-	
Other post-employment benefits related	193,273	38,586	_	231,859		_	
Total deferred inflows of resources	303,619	69,355		372,974		-	
NET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets	22,381,223	454,821	825,291	23,661,335		-	
Restricted	1,156,612	-	-	1,156,612		-	
Unrestricted	6,409,966	3,680,806	457,756	10,548,528		22,514	
Total net position	\$ 29,947,801	\$ 4,135,627	\$ 1,283,047	\$ 35,366,475	\$	22,514	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements. -18-

<sup>-18-</sup>**1-45** 

### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION -PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Busi	unds	Governmental Activities -		
	Water	Sewer	Arroyo Seco Golf Course	Total	Internal Service Fund
OPERATING REVENUES Sales and service charges Miscellaneous	\$ 10,152,661 94,367	\$ 1,472,122 	\$ 1,255,815 	\$ 12,880,598 94,367	\$ - 
Total operating revenues	10,247,028	1,472,122	1,255,815	12,974,965	
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Administration and general Pumping	835,530 1,115,702	394,830 -	1,104,771 -	2,335,131 1,115,702	-
Transmission/collection Treatment	3,133,490 -	- 166,913	-	3,133,490 166,913	-
Insurance costs and claims Depreciation expense Amortization expense	- 1,219,634 22,500	- 173,544 -	- 53,366 -	1,446,544 22,500	306,906 - -
Total operating expenses	6,326,856	735,287	1,158,137	8,220,280	306,906
Operating income (loss)	3,920,172	736,835	97,678	4,754,685	(306,906)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Interest revenue Interest expense	230,347 (1,784,996)	161,581 (545,111)	302 -	392,230 (2,330,107)	-
Miscellaneous expenses	(4,970)			(4,970)	
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	(1,559,619)	(383,530)	302	(1,942,847)	
Income (loss) before transfers	2,360,553	353,305	97,980	2,811,838	(306,906)
TRANSFERS Transfers in					269,956
Transfers out	(60,000)	(20,000)		(80,000)	
Total transfers	(60,000)	(20,000)		(80,000)	269,956
Change in net position	2,300,553	333,305	97,980	2,731,838	(36,950)
<b>NET POSITION</b> Net position, beginning, as restated (Note 14)	27,647,248	3,802,322	1,185,067	32,634,637	59,464
Net position, ending	\$ 29,947,801	\$ 4,135,627	\$ 1,283,047	\$ 35,366,475	\$ 22,514

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

-19-**1-46** 

### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds							Governmenta	
	Water		Sewer		rroyo Seco Golf Course		Total		ctivities - ernal Service Funds
Cash flows from operating activities									
Cash received from customers and users	\$ 10,218,579	\$	1,511,143	\$	1,255,785	\$	12,985,507	\$	-
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services	(4,912,925)		(343,599)		(1,067,744)		(6,324,268)		(307,067)
Cash paid to employees for services	(114,300)		30,720		-		(83,580)		-
Cash received from (payments to) others	94,367		-		-		94,367		-
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	5,285,721		1,198,264		188,041		6,672,026		(307,067)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities									
Cash paid to other funds	(60,000)		(170,000)		-		(230,000)		-
Cash received from other funds	-		123,313		-		123,313		269,956
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital									
financing activities	(60,000)		(46,687)		-		(106,687)		269,956
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities									
Proceeds from capital debt	679,462		1,958,844		-		2,638,306		-
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(6,570,765)		-		-		(6,570,765)		-
Principal paid on capital debt	(1,195,000)		(187,637)		-		(1,382,637)		-
Interest paid on capital debt	(1,792,045)		(376,945)		-		(2,168,990)		-
Net cash provided by (used for) capital	(1,102,010)		(010,010)			-	(2,100,000)		
and related financing activities	(8,878,348)		1,394,262		-		(7,484,086)		-
	(0,010,010)		1,001,202				(1,101,000)		
Cash flows from investing activities Interest received	220 759		145 700		200		385.848		
	239,758 239,758		145,782		<u> </u>		385.848		-
Net cash provided by investing activities	239,758		145,782		308		385,848		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(3,412,869)		2,691,621		188,349		(532,899)		(37,111)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	10,773,397		2,626,298		322,614		13,722,309		62,052
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 7,360,528	\$	5,317,919	\$	510,963	\$	13,189,410	\$	24,941
Cash and investments	\$ 6,203,916	\$	5,317,919	\$	510,963	\$	12,032,798	\$	24,941
Restricted:									
Cash and investments with fiscal agent	1,156,612		-		-		1,156,612		-
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,360,528	\$	5,317,919	\$	510,963	\$	13,189,410	\$	24,941
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:									
Operating income (loss)	\$ 3,920,172	\$	736,835	\$	97,678	\$	4,754,685	\$	(306,906)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to									
net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:			000 075						
Abandoned construction in progress	-		203,975		-		203,975		-
Depreciation	1,219,634		173,544		53,366		1,446,544		-
Amortization	22,500		-		-		22,500		-
(Increase) decrease in operating assets:	7 220		20.021		(20)		46.220		
Accounts receivable Inventories	7,339 36,068		39,021		(30) (1,868)		46,330 34,200		-
Deferred outflows of resources	166,293		- 25,906		(1,000)		192,199		-
Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities:	100,235		20,000		-		132,133		-
Accounts payable	135,729		14,169		32,895		182,793		(161)
Accrued liabilities	(2,637)		208		6,000		3,571		-
Deposits payable	58,579		-		-		58,579		-
Compensated absences	(20,480)		(537)		-		(21,017)		-
Net pension liability	(212,049)		14,322		-		(197,727)		-
Net other post-employment benefits liability	(8,488)		(1,695)		-		(10,183)		-
Deferred inflows of resources	(36,939)		(7,484)		-		(44,423)		-
Total adjustments	1,365,549		461,429		90,363		1,917,341		(161)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ 5,285,721	\$	1,198,264	\$	188,041	\$	6,672,026	\$	(307,067)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements. -20-

-20-1-47

# STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Tr Sı Age	ate Purpose rust Fund uccessor ency of the rmer CRA
Assets		
Pooled cash and investments	\$	65,548
Interest receivable		1,073
Restricted assets:		
Cash and investments with fiscal agents		199,270
Total assets		265,891
Liabilities		
Accounts payable		2,013
Accrued interest		10,928
Long-term liabilities:		
Due within one year		140,000
Due in more than one year		825,000
Total liabilities		077 044
		977,941
Fiduciary Net Position (Deficit) Held in trust for other purposes	\$	(712,050)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements. -21-

-21-**1-48** 

### STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Tru Su Age	te Purpose ust Fund iccessor ncy of the mer CRA
Revenues		
Taxes	\$	191,735
Use of money and property		7,474
Total revenues		199,209
Expenses Contractual services Interest expense Total expenses		3,917 65,570 69,487
Change in net position		129,722
Net position (deficit) held in trust, beginning		(841,772)
Net position (deficit) held in trust, ending	\$	(712,050)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements. -22This page intentionally left blank

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

### Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

### A. Description of Entity

As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements present the City of South Pasadena, California (the City) and its component units, entities for which the City is considered financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the Government's operation, so data from these units are combined herein. The criteria used in determining the scope of the reporting entity is based on the provisions of GASB Statement No. 14 as amended by Statement 39, 61 and 80 and were as follows:

- 1. The members of the City Council also act as the governing body of the City of South Pasadena Housing Authority (the Authority).
- 2. The Authority is managed by employees of the City.
- 3. The Authority is financially interdependent with the City.

The City of South Pasadena was incorporated on March 2, 1888, under the general laws of the State of California. The City provides a full range of municipal services, including public safety (police and fire), streets, sanitation, refuse collection, sewer, water, parks and recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, housing and community development, and general administrative and support services.

### Blended Component Units

City of South Pasadena Housing Authority - The Authority was established pursuant to California Housing Authorities Law (Health and Safety Code Sections 34200 et seq.) on April 6, 2011. The purpose of the Housing Authority is to provide safe and sanitary housing opportunities for South Pasadena residents. The primary government has operational responsibility for the Housing Authority. Although the Housing Authority is legally separate, it is reported as if it were part of the City because the City Council also serves as the governing board of the Housing Authority. Separate financial statements of the Housing Authority are not prepared. Additionally, the Housing Authority took over the housing activities from the former Community Redevelopment Agency due to its dissolution on January 31, 2012.

### **B.** Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

### Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the fiscal year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The proprietary and private-purpose trust funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

### Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

The City reports the following major governmental fund:

• The <u>General Fund</u> is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

- The <u>Water Fund</u> is used to account for the construction, operation, and maintenance of the City-owned water system.
- The <u>Sewer Fund</u> is used to account for the provision of sewer construction, maintenance, and operation services to residents of the City.

The City's fund structure also includes the following fund types:

- The <u>Private Purpose Trust Fund</u> accounts for the assets and liabilities of the former community redevelopment agency and its allocated revenue to pay estimated installment payments of enforceable obligations until obligations of the former community redevelopment agency are paid in full and assets have been liquidated. Please refer to Note 10 for more information.
- The <u>Internal Service Fund</u> is used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's functions for general liability and worker's compensation insurance. Because the internal service operations benefit both governmental and business-type functions, they have been proportionally allocated and included within the governmental and business-like activities in the government-wide financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the governmentwide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the government's proprietary funds function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

### Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

Proprietary funds and internal service fund distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Enterprise Funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for Enterprise Funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The City has elected to follow all pronouncements of the GASB.

### D. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position or Equity

### Deposits and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. For financial statement presentation purposes, cash and cash equivalents are shown as both restricted and unrestricted cash and investments in the Governmental and Proprietary Funds.

Investments for the City, as well as for its component units, are reported at fair value. The City's policy is generally to hold investments until maturity or until market values equal or exceed cost. The State Treasurer's Investment Pool operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares.

#### Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans), or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

### Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

### D. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position or Equity (continued)

#### Receivables and Payables (continued)

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts.

Property tax revenue is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes have been levied providing they become available. Available means when due, or past due and receivable within the current period and collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter (not to exceed 60 days) to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The County of Los Angeles collects property taxes for the City. Tax liens attach annually as of 12:01 A.M. on the first day in January proceeding the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. The tax levy covers the fiscal period July 1 to June 30. All secured personal property taxes and one-half of the taxes on real property are due November 1; the second installment is due February 1. All taxes are delinquent, if unpaid, after December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured personal property taxes become due on the first of March each year and are delinquent after August 31.

### Functional Classifications

Expenditures of the Governmental Funds are classified by function. Functional classifications are defined as follows:

General Government includes legislative activities which have a primary objective of providing legal and policy guidelines for the City. Also included in this classification are those activities which provide management or support services across more than one functional area.

Public Safety includes those activities which involve the protection of people and property.

Community Development includes those activities which involve the enhancing of the general quality of life.

Community Services includes activities such as administering the Senior Center, recreation classes, and special events committees.

Public Works includes those activities that involve the maintenance and improvement of City streets, roads and park department development and maintenance.

Capital Outlay includes those activities that account for the acquisition of capital assets.

### Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

### D. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position or Equity (continued)

Functional Classifications (continued)

#### Inventories

Inventory consisting primarily of materials and supplies is held by the Water Enterprise Fund. Such goods are valued using the average-cost method applied on a first-in, first-out (FIFO) basis. Inventories reported in the City's General Fund are charged to inventories when purchased and treated as an expenditure when issued.

#### **Restricted Assets**

Certain proceeds of debt issues, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet and statement of net position because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants. In addition, funds have been restricted for future capital improvements by City resolution.

### Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 for non-infrastructure assets and \$25,000 for infrastructure assets (amount not rounded). Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

### Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

## D. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position or Equity (continued)

Functional Classifications (continued)

#### Capital Assets (continued)

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	50
Improvements other than buildings	10 - 25
Machinery and equipment	3 - 30
Vehicles	8
Infrastructure	Years
Sewer collection system	60
Storm drain system	60
Bridges	60
Hardscape	40
Parkways and medians	40
Pavement, curbs and gutters, and sidewalks	35
Streetlights	20
Electronic traffic control devices	20

#### Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position and balance sheet of governmental funds will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and balance sheet of governmental funds will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has only one item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from three sources: property taxes, special assessments, and reimbursable grants billed but not yet available. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

### Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

## D. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position or Equity (continued)

Functional Classifications (continued)

#### Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

### Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

#### Compensated Absences

It is the policy of the City to record the cost of annual vacation as accrued. Employees are 100% vested in accrued vacation after six months of employment. The entire compensated absence liability for the Enterprise Fund is accrued as earned in the Enterprise Fund. All accumulated compensated absence liability of governmental funds is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. Compensated absences are reported in governmental funds only if they have matured.

It is the policy of the City to pay sick leave as used; accordingly, the expenditures are recorded when paid. Sick leave does not vest with employees. Accordingly, employees do not receive a payout for unused sick leave upon termination, although employees do receive credit for unused sick leave upon retirement.

### Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position or Equity (continued)

Functional Classifications (continued)

#### Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the CalPERS Financial Office. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. CalPERS audited financial statements are publicly available reports that can be obtained at CalPERS' website at www.calpers.ca.gov.

GASB Statement No. 68 requires that the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined timeframes. For this report, the following timeframes are used.

Valuation Date (VD)	June 30, 2017
Measurement Date (MD)	June 30, 2018
Measurement Period (MP)	July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2018

### Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the totaled OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis. For this purpose, benefit payments are reported at fair value.

Generally accepted accounting principles require that the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined timeframes. For this report, the following timeframes are used:

Valuation Date (VD)	January 1, 2018
Measurement Date (MD)	June 30, 2018
Measurement Period (MP)	July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2018

### Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

## D. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position or Equity (continued)

Functional Classifications (continued)

### Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position.

#### Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the following fund balance classification:

Nonspendable include amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted include amounts that are constrained on the use of resources by either (a) external creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws of regulations of other governments or (b) by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed include amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest authority, City Council. The formal action that is required to be taken to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment is a resolution of the City Council.

Assigned include amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The City Council, with Resolution No. 7152, authorized the Finance Director to assign fund balance amounts for specific purposes.

Unassigned include the residual amounts that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes. The General Fund is the only fund that can report a positive unassigned fund balance.

### Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

## D. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position or Equity (continued)

Functional Classifications (continued)

### Fund Equity (continued)

An individual governmental fund could include nonspendable resources and amounts that are restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) or any combination of those classifications. Restricted amounts are to be considered spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available and committed, assigned, and then unassigned amounts are considered to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balances classifications can be used.

The City Council adopts and amends committed and assigned fund balance amounts for specific purposes through a resolution. When expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the City considers restricted amounts to be used first. When expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used, they are considered to be spent in the order as follows: committed, assigned, and then unassigned.

#### Net Position

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, net position is classified as follows:

<u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> – This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

<u>Restricted</u> – This component of net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets.

<u>Unrestricted</u> – This component of net position is the amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted component of net position.

### E. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses, during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

### Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

### F. Implementation of New Accounting Principle

Effective July 1, 2018, the City adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 88 Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements. The objective of GASB Statement No. 88 is to improve the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt. This Statement defines debt for the purposes of disclosure in notes to financial statements and requires that additional essential information related to debt be disclosed in notes to the financial statements and requires that additional essential information related to debt be disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

### Note 2: Cash and Investments

Cash and investments are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of net position:	
Cash and investments	\$ 41,413,821
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	1,156,612
Statement of fiduciary net position:	
Cash and investments	65,548
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	 199,270
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 42,835,251

Cash and investments at June 30, 2019, consists of the following:

Cash and cash equivalents:	
Petty cash	\$ 7,434
Deposits with financial institutions	3,680,744
Investments	 39,147,073
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 42,835,251

The City of South Pasadena maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use for all funds. Each fund type's position in the pool is reported on the combined balance sheet as cash and investments. The City has adopted an investment policy which authorizes it to invest in various investments.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

#### Note 2: Cash and Investments (continued)

#### A. Deposits

At June 30, 2019, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$3,680,744 and the bank balance was \$3,898,534. The \$217,790 difference represents outstanding checks and other reconciling items.

The California Government Code requires California banks and savings and loan associations to secure a City's deposits by pledging government securities with a value of 110% of a City's deposits. California law also allows financial institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of a City's total deposits. The City Treasurer may waive the collateral requirement for deposits which are fully insured up to \$250,000 by the FDIC. The collateral for deposits in federal and state chartered banks is held in safekeeping by an authorized Agent of Depository recognized by the State of California Department of Banking. The collateral for deposits with savings and loan associations is generally held in safekeeping by the Federal Home Loan Bank in San Francisco, California as an Agent of Depository. These securities are physically held in an undivided pool for all California public agency depositors.

Under Government Code Section 53655, the placement of securities by a bank or savings and loan association with an "Agent of Depository" has the effect of perfecting the security interest in the name of the local governmental agency. Accordingly, all collateral held by California Agents of Depository are considered to be held for, and in the name of, the local governmental agency.

#### Note 2: Cash and Investments (continued)

### **B.** Investments

Under provision of the City's investment policy, and in accordance with Section 53601 of the California Government Code, the City may invest in the following types of investments:

Authorized Investment Type	Authorized by Investment Policy	Maximum Maturity	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment In One Issuer	Minimum Quality Requirements
		_			
Local Agency Bonds	Yes	5 years	None	None	N/A
U.S. Treasury Obligations	Yes	5 years	None	None	N/A
State Obligations - CA & Others	Yes	5 years	None	None	N/A
CA Local Agency Obligations	Yes	5 years	None	None	N/A
U.S. Agency Obligations	Yes	5 years	None	None	N/A
Banker's Acceptances	Yes	180 days	40%	30%	N/A
Commercial Paper - Select Agencies	Yes	270 days	25%	10%	A-1
Commercial Paper - Other Agencies	Yes	270 days	40%	None	A-1
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	Yes	5 years	30%	None	N/A
CD Placement Service	Yes	5 years	30%	None	N/A
Repurchase Agreements	Yes	1 year	None	None	N/A
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	Yes	92 days	20%	None	N/A
Medium-Term Notes	Yes	5 years	30%	N/A	Α
Mutual Funds	Yes	N/A	20%	10%	N/A
Money Market Mutual Funds	Yes	N/A	20%	10%	N/A
Collateralized Bank Deposits	Yes	5 years	None	None	N/A
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	Yes	5 years	20%	None	AA
Bank/Time Deposits	Yes	5 years	None	None	N/A
County Pooled Investment Funds	Yes	N/A	None	None	N/A
Joint Powers Authority Pool	Yes	N/A	None	None	N/A
Local Agency Investment Fund	Yes	N/A	None	None	N/A
Voluntary Investment Program Fund	Yes	N/A	None	None	N/A

The City has monies held by trustees or fiscal agents pledged to the payment or security of certain bonds. The California Government Code provides that these monies, in the absence of specific statutory provisions governing the issuance of bonds, may be invested in accordance with the ordinance, resolutions, or indentures specifying the types of investments its trustees or fiscal agents may make.

### C. Investments in State Investment Pool

The City is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. LAIF is overseen by the Local Agency Investment Advisory Board, which consists of five members, in accordance with State statute. The State Treasurer's Office audits the fund annually. The fair value of the position in the investment pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

### Note 2: Cash and Investments (continued)

### D. Credit Risk

The City's investment policy limits investments in medium-term notes (MTN's) to those rated "A" or better by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Investments in U.S. government securities are not considered to have credit risk and, therefore, their credit quality is not disclosed.

Presented below is the minimum rating required by the City's Investment Policy and the actual rating as of June 30, 2019:

Investment Type	Amount	Minimum Legal Rating	Exempt from Disclosure	AAA	AA+	AA	AA-	A+	Α	A-	Not Rated
Local Agency Investment Fund	\$ 22,183,133	N/A	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	s -	\$ 22,183,133
Money Market Mutual Funds	186,408	N/A		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	186,408
U.S. Treasury Notes	7,138,283	N/A	7,138,283	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Government Agency Securities	4,820,512	A		-	4,820,512	-	-	-	-	-	-
Medium-Term Notes	4,818,737	A		82,829	325,209	240,172	614,683	1,107,110	1,456,355	992,379	<u> </u>
Total	\$ 39,147,073		\$ 7,138,283	\$ 82,829	\$ 5,145,721	\$ 240,172	\$ 614,683	\$ 1,107,110	\$ 1,456,355	\$ 992,379	\$ 22,369,541

### E. Custodial Credit Risk

The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the City will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Of the bank balances, up to \$250,000 is federally insured and the remaining balances are collateralized in accordance with the California Government Code.

### F. Concentration of Credit Risk

The City's investment policy imposes restrictions on the percentage that the City can invest in a single type of investment in accordance with CA Government Code. In addition, GASB 40 requires a separate disclosure if any single issuer comprises more than 5% of the total investment value. As of June 30, 2019, investments in any one issuer (other than U.S. Treasury securities, mutual funds, and external investment pools) that represent 5% or more of total City investments are as follows:

		Reported						1 to 3	3 to 5
Investment Type	Issuer	Amount		Interest Rate	year		years		 years
Federal National Mortgage Association	FNMA	\$	2,205,640	1.625% - 1.875%	\$	566,529	\$	400,936	\$ 1,238,175
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	FHLMC		1,958,158	1.250% - 2.375%		1,461,013		497,145	-

#### Note 2: Cash and Investments (continued)

#### G. Interest Rate Risk

The City's investment policy limits investment maturities, in accordance with CA Government Code, as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The certificates of deposit in cash with fiscal agent below with a maturity of three to five years are governed by the debt agreements, rather than the City's investment policy. The City has elected to use the segmented time distribution method of disclosure for its interest rate risk.

As of June 30, 2019, the City had the following investments and original maturities:

	Remaining Maturity (in months)										
			6	months to 1							
Investment Type	6 months or less		year		1 to 3 years		3 to 5 years		Total		
Local Agency Investment Fund	\$	22,183,133	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 22,183,133		
Money Market Mutual Funds		186,408		-		-		-	186,408		
U.S. Treasury Notes		983,654		404,002		3,233,637		2,516,990	7,138,283		
Government Agency Securities		1,461,013		1,063,674		2,295,825		-	4,820,512		
Medium-Term Notes		404,561		380,112		4,034,064		-	4,818,737		
Total	\$	25,218,769	\$	1,847,788	\$	9,563,526	\$	2,516,990	\$ 39,147,073		

### H. Fair Value Measurements

The definition of fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by the generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The following table presents the balances of the assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of June 30, 2019.

Investment by Fair Value Level	Fair Value		Level 1		Level 2		Le	evel 3
Debt securities:							-	
Money Market Mutual Funds	\$	186,408	\$	186,408	\$	-	\$	-
U.S. Treasury Notes		7,138,283		7,138,283		-		-
Government Agency Securities		4,820,512		4,820,512		-		-
Medium-Term Notes		4,818,737		4,818,737		-		-
Total investments measured at fair value		16,963,940	\$	16,963,940	\$	-	\$	-
Investments not subject to fair value measurement LAIF		22,183,133						
Total investments	\$	39,147,073						

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

### **Note 3: Capital Assets**

Capital asset activity was as follows for the year ended June 30, 2019:

Governmental activities:	Balance June 30, 2018 Addit		Additions	Deletions		Balance June 30, 2019		
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress	\$	2,456,995 1,843,542	\$	- 1,372,319	\$	(2,750) (2,438,523)	\$	2,454,245 777,338
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		4,300,537		1,372,319		(2,441,273)		3,231,583
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Infrastructure Machinery, equipment, and vehicles		11,740,396 5,651,150 90,025,583 11,350,751		- 435,969 2,129,190 488,215		(85,722) (57,944) - (19,351)		11,654,674 6,029,175 92,154,773 11,819,615
Total capital assets, being depreciated		118,767,880		3,053,374		(163,017)	1	21,658,237
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Infrastructure Machinery, equipment, and vehicles		(7,336,881) (1,552,505) (44,196,857) (8,456,367)		(316,198) (322,659) (1,908,750) (539,826)		27,995 46,099 - 17,968	(	(7,625,084) (1,829,065) 46,105,607) (8,978,225)
Total accumulated depreciation		(61,542,610)		(3,087,433)		92,062	(	64,537,981)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		57,225,270		(34,059)		(70,955)		57,120,256
Total governmental activities	\$	61,525,807	\$	1,338,260	\$	(2,512,228)	\$	60,351,839

\* Beginnning balances included prior period adjustment of \$(1,280,948). See Note 14 for details.

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:		
General government	\$	269,005
Public safety		317,345
Community services		460,277
Public works		2,040,806
Total depreciation expense – governmental activities		3,087,433

### Note 3: Capital Assets (continued)

Business-type activities:	Balance * _June 30, 2018 A		Additions Deletions		Deletions	Balance June 30, 2019		
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress	\$	84,685 480,328	\$	- 6,590,546	\$	- (335,822)	\$	84,685 6,735,052
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		565,013	ī	6,590,546		(335,822)		6,819,737
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Infrastructure Machinery and equipment		4,181,553 4,105,621 74,099,591 1,906,683		- - 335,822 -		(8,745) - (203,975) (18,318)	7	4,172,808 4,105,621 4,231,438 1,888,365
Total capital assets, being depreciated		84,293,448		335,822		(231,038)	8	4,398,232
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Infrastructure Machinery and equipment		(1,171,883) (3,525,586) (5,307,050) (719,560)		(83,631) (72,049) (1,172,976) (117,888)		3,213 - - 4,066	(	1,252,301) 3,597,635) 6,480,026) (833,382)
Total accumulated depreciation		(10,724,079)		(1,446,544)		7,279	(1	2,163,344)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		73,569,369		(1,110,722)		(223,759)	7	2,234,888
Total business-type activities	\$	74,134,382	\$	5,479,824	\$	(559,581)	\$7	9,054,625

\* Beginnning balances included prior period adjustment of \$(83,241). See Note 14 for details.

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Business-type Activities:	
Water	\$ 1,219,634
Sewer	173,544
Arroyo Seco Golf Course	53,366
Total depreciation expense – business-type activities	\$ 1,446,544

### Note 4: Interfund Receivable, Payable and Transfers

### A. Due To/From Other Funds

At June 30, 2019, the City had the following internal balances:

Due To Other Funds							
Nonmajor		Internal					
Funds	Sewer Fund	Service Fund	Total				
\$ 1,043,615	\$ 123,313	\$ -	\$ 1,166,928				
	Funds	Nonmajor Funds Sewer Fund	Nonmajor Internal Funds Sewer Fund Service Fund				

The due to General fund of \$1,166,928 for various Nonmajor Governmental Funds, and the Sewer Fund was a result of temporary cash deficit balances in those funds.

### **B.** Advances to/from Other Funds

The General Fund advanced \$750,000 to the Sewer Fund on July 11, 2012, in order to fund the construction of the Arroyo Drive, Marengo Ave, Meridian Ave, and Huntington Drive Sewer Improvement Project. The advance bears interest at the City's portfolio rate of return, with payments due within ten years. The balance outstanding at June 30, 2019 is \$450,000.

### C. Transfers

	Transfers In							
		Internal Non-Major				Total		
		Service	Governmental		-	Transfers		
		Fund	Funds			Out		
Transfers Out:								
General Fund	\$	189,956	\$	1,671,000	\$	1,860,956		
Water Enterprise Fund		60,000		-		60,000		
Sewer Enterprise Fund		20,000		-		20,000		
Total Transfers In:	\$	269,956	\$	1,671,000	\$	1,940,956		

All transfers were made as budgeted. \$1,100,000 was transferred from the General Fund to the Street Improvements Fund for various projects including the following: Alpha Ave & Camino Del Sol, Bushnell Ave & Diamond Ave, El Centro, Etc. \$546,000 was transferred from the General Fund to the Facilities and Equipment Capital Projects Fund for planned facilities maintenance such as improvements to the War Memorial Building and \$25,000 was transferred from the General Fund to the LLMD Fund for Professional Tree Removal and replacement. A total of \$269,956 was transferred to the internal service fund from the General Fund, and Sewer Fund as listed above for the Cost Allocation Plan.

## Note 5: Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2019:

	Balance June 30, 2018	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2019	Due Within One Year
Business-Type Activities:					
2012 State Loan Payable - Direct Borrowing	\$ 7,415,790	\$ 1,958,844	\$ (187,637)	\$ 9,186,997	\$-
SRF State Loan Payable - Direct Borrowing	-	679,462	-	679,462	-
2013 Water Revenue Bonds	5,370,000	-	(360,000)	5,010,000	375,000
Issuance Premium	311,765	-	(27,712)	284,053	27,712
2016 Water Revenue Bonds	36,855,000	-	(835,000)	36,020,000	850,000
Issuance Premium	4,420,816		(208,038)	4,212,778	208,038
Total Business-Type Activities	\$ 54,373,371	\$ 2,638,306	\$ (1,618,387)	\$ 55,393,290	\$ 1,460,750

## 2012 State Loan Payable (Direct Borrowing)

California State Water Resources Control Board loaned the City an assessable amount of \$11,000,000 over the term agreement starting December 1, 2013 through May 30, 2037. The proceeds from the loan are to be used by the City for its rehabilitation and replacement of the City's sewer infrastructure. The loan acts as an installment sale agreement, in which, the City must expend its own funds prior to drawing on the accessible loan amount for reimbursement. Repayment of project funds, together with all interest accrued thereon, by the City shall be repaid in annual installments commencing 1 year after the completion of the project. For the period ended June 30, 2019, the amount payable to the California State Water Resources Control Board was \$9,186,997.

### SRF State Loan Payable (Direct Borrowing)

California State Water Resources Control Board loaned the City an assessable amount of \$10,803,550 over the term agreement starting November 15, 2017 through January 1, 2050. The proceeds from the loan are to be used by the City for the Graves Reservoir Replacement Project. The loan acts as an installment sale agreement, in which, the City must expend its own funds prior to drawing on the accessible loan amount for reimbursement. Repayment of project funds, together with all interest accrued thereon, by the City shall be repaid in annual installments commencing 1 year after the completion of the project. The balance outstanding as of June 30, 2019 is \$679,462.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

### Note 5: Long-Term Debt (continued)

#### 2013 Water Revenue Bonds

In March, 2013, the South Pasadena Public Financing Authority issued \$6,995,000 Water and Wastewater Revenue Bonds, 2013 Series A. The bonds were issued to refund of a portion of the outstanding California Statewide Communities Development Authority Water and Wastewater Revenue Bonds, Series 2004A that were issued on behalf of the City of South Pasadena, to purchase a surety for a reserve fund for the Bonds, and to pay costs of issuance of the bonds. The bonds are secured by a pledge of system net revenues of the City's water system.

Bond proceeds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants. In addition, funds have been restricted for future capital improvements by City resolution.

The serial bonds mature annually from October 1, 2014 to October 1, 2029, in increasing amounts from \$325,000 to \$545,000. The bonds bear interest at rates ranging from .35% to 3.4%. The term bonds mature on October 1, 2029, and carry an interest rate of 5.0%. Interest is payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1, commencing on October 1, 2014 and October 1, 2029, respectively.

If the City defaults on its obligations to make debt service payments on the bonds, the trustee, as assignee of the City, has the right to accelerate the total unpaid principal amount of the bonds. However, in the event of a default and such acceleration, there can be no assurance that the trustee will have sufficient moneys available for payment of the bonds.

Year Ending June 30,		Principal		Interest		Total
2020	¢	275 000	¢	474 000	¢	F 40, 200
2020	\$	375,000	\$	174,288	\$	549,288
2021		390,000		158,988		548,988
2022		405,000		143,088		548,088
2023		420,000		128,688		548,688
2024		435,000		113,688		548,688
2025-2029		2,440,000		298,209		2,738,209
2030		545,000		8,516		553,516
Total	\$	5,010,000	\$	1,025,465	\$	6,035,465

The annual requirements to amortize the outstanding bond indebtedness as of June 30, 2019, including interest are as follows:

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

#### Note 5: Long-Term Debt (continued)

#### 2016 Water Revenue Bonds

In November, 2016, the City of South Pasadena issued \$37,845,000 Water Revenue Refunding Bonds. The bonds were issued to refund all of the outstanding 2009 Water Revenue Bonds, purchase a municipal bond insurance policy to guarantee payment of the principal of and interest on the 2016 bonds and to pay costs of issuance of the 2016 bonds.

The serial bonds mature annually from October 1, 2017 to October 1, 2036, in amounts from \$835,000 to \$2,610,000. The bonds bear interest at rates ranging from 2% to 5%. The term bonds mature on October 1, 2039, and carry an interest rate of 5.0%. Interest is payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1, commencing and ending on April 1, 2017 and April 1, 2037, respectively.

If the City defaults on its obligations to make debt service payments on the bonds, the trustee, as assignee of the City, has the right to accelerate the total unpaid principal amount of the bonds. However, in the event of a default and such acceleration, there can be no assurance that the trustee will have sufficient moneys available for payment of the bonds.

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 850,000	\$ 1,576,988	\$ 2,426,988
2021	880,000	1,551,038	2,431,038
2022	905,000	1,519,738	2,424,738
2023	945,000	1,482,738	2,427,738
2024	985,000	1,439,213	2,424,213
2025-2029	5,755,000	6,382,813	12,137,813
2030-2034	9,710,000	4,590,113	14,300,113
2035-2039	13,050,000	1,824,212	14,874,212
2040	 2,940,000	 49,613	 2,989,613
Total	\$ 36,020,000	\$ 20,416,466	\$ 56,436,466

The annual requirements to amortize the outstanding bond indebtedness as of June 30, 2019, including interest are as follows:

#### **Note 6: Compensated Absences**

The City's liability at June 30, 2019 for vested and unpaid compensated absences (accrued vacation and compensatory time) is as follows:

	 3alance e 30, 2018	A	Additions Deletions		Balance e 30, 2019	Due Within One Year		
Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$ 801,087 42,291	\$	603,304 14,545	\$	(801,255) (35,562)	\$ 603,136 21,274	\$	60,314 2,127
Total compensated absences payable	\$ 843,378	\$	617,849	\$	(836,817)	\$ 624,410	\$	62,441

Compensated absences are paid, if matured, out of the General Fund and other various special revenue funds.

### Note 7: City Employees Defined Benefit Pension Plan

### A. General Information about the Pension Plans

#### Plan Description

All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the Public Agency Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Plan) administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS.) The Plan consists of individual rate plans (benefit tiers) within a safety risk pool (police and fire) and a miscellaneous risk pool (all other). Plan assets may be used to pay benefits for any employer rate plan of the safety and miscellaneous pools. Accordingly, rate plans within the safety or miscellaneous pools are not separate plans under GASB Statement No. 68. Individual employers may sponsor more than one rate plan in the miscellaneous or safety risk pools. The City sponsors five rate plans (two miscellaneous and three safety). Benefit provisions under the Plan are established by State statute and City resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS' website, at www.calpers.ca.gov.

#### **Benefits Provided**

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 5 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

### Note 7: City Employees Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

### A. General Information about the Pension Plans (continued)

The Plan operates under the provisions of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law (PERL), the California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act of 2013 (PEPRA), and the regulations, procedures and policies adopted by the CalPERS Board of Administration. The Plan's authority to establish and amend the benefit terms are set by the PERL and PEPRA, and may be amended by the California state legislature and in some cases require approval by the CalPERS Board.

### **Benefits Provided**

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2019, are summarized as follows:

	Miscella	aneous
	Prior to	On or after
Hire date	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013
Benefit formula	2% @ 55	2% @ 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age	50 - 63	52 - 67
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	1.426% to 2.418%	1.0% to 2.5%
Required employee contribution rates	7.00%	6.50%
Required employer contribution rates	10.152%	7.266%
	Saf	2
	Prior to	On or after
Hire date	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013
Benefit formula	2% @ 50	2.7% @ 57
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age	50 - 55	50 - 57
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	2.0% to 2.7%	2.0% to 2.7%
Required employee contribution rates	9.00%	12.75%
Required employer contribution rates	18.319%	12.965%

### **Employees Covered**

At June 30, 2017 (valuation date), the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	Miscellaneous -	Miscellaneous -	Safety -	Safety -
	Classic	PEPRA	Classic	PEPRA
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits Inactive employees entitled to but	144	-	138	-
not yet receiving benefits	184	20	31	7
Active employees	69	37	39	11
Total	397	57	208	18

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## Note 7: City Employees Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

#### A. General Information about the Pension Plans (continued)

#### **Contributions**

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law (PERL) requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The total plan contributions are determined through CalPERS' annual actuarial valuation process. For public agency cost-sharing plans covered by either the Miscellaneous or Safety risk pools, the Plan's actuarially determined rate is based on the estimated amount necessary to pay the Plan's allocated share of the risk pool's costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, and any unfunded accrued liability. The employer is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. Employer contribution rates may change if plan contracts are amended. Payments made by the employer to satisfy contribution requirements that are identified by the pension plan terms as plan member contribution requirements are classified as plan member contributions. Employer Contributions to the Plan for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 were \$3,460,075. The actual employer payments of \$3,082,379 made to CalPERS by the City during the measurement period ended June 30, 2018 differed from the City's proportionate share of the employer's contributions of \$4,216,267 by \$1,133,888. which is being amortized over the expected average remaining service lifetime in the Public Agency Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Plan.

#### B. Net Pension Liability

The City's net pension liability for the Plan is measured as the total pension liability, less the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2018, using an annual actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017 rolled forward to June 30, 2018 using standard update procedures. A summary of principal assumptions and methods used to determine the net pension liability is as follows:

#### Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Total Pension Liability

Valuation Date Measurement Date Actuarial Cost Method Asset Valuation Method	June 30, 2017 June 30, 2018 Entry Age Normal Market Value of Assets
Actuarial Assumptions:	Market value of Assets
Discount Rate	7.15%
Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases (1)	3.3% - 14.2%
Mortality Rate Table (2)	Derived using CALPERS'
	membership data for all Funds
Post Retirement Benefit Increase	Contract COLA up to 2.75% until purchasing power protection
··· · · · ·	

(1) Annual increases vary by category, entry age, and duration of service (2) The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale 90% of scale MP 2016. For more details on this table, please refer to the 2017 experience study report (based on CalPERS demographic data from 1997 to 2015) that can be found on the CalPERS website.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

### Note 7: City Employees Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

#### B. Net Pension Liability (continued)

All other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from 1997 to 2015, including updates to salary increase, mortality and retirement rates. The Experience Study report can be obtained at CaIPERS' website, at www.calpers.ca.gov.

#### Long-term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both shortterm and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the rounded single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equal to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

Asset Class <sup>1</sup>	Current Target <u>Allocation</u>	Real Return Years 1 - 10 <sup>2</sup>	Real Return Year 11+ <sup>3</sup>
Global equity	50.0%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed income	28.0%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation assets	-	0.77%	1.81%
Private equity	8.0%	6.30%	7.23%
Real assets	13.0%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1.0%	0.00%	(0.92%)
Total	100.0%		

The expected real rates of return by asset class are as follows:

<sup>1</sup> In the System's CAFR, fixed income is included in global debt securities; liquidity is included in short-term investments; inflation assets are included in both global equity securities and global debt securities.

<sup>2</sup> An expected inflation of 2.0% used for this period

<sup>3</sup> An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period

### Note 7: City Employees Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

### B. Net Pension Liability (continued)

### Change of Assumptions

In 2018, demographic assumptions and inflation rate were changed in accordance to the CaIPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions December 2017. There were no changes in the discount rate.

### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for PERF C was 7.15%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Information about the pension plan's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fiduciary net position are presented in CalPERS' audited financial statements, which are publicly available reports that can be obtained at CalPERS' website, at www.calpers.ca.gov. The plan's fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis used by the pension plan, which is the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Investments are reported at fair value.

The plan fiduciary net position disclosed in the GASB 68 accounting valuation report may differ from the plan assets reported in the funding actuarial valuation report due to several reasons. First, for the accounting valuations, CalPERS must keep items such as deficiency reserves, fiduciary self-insurance and Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) expense included as assets. These amounts are excluded for rate setting purposes in the funding actuarial valuation. In addition, differences may result from early Comprehensive Annual Financial Report closing and final reconciled reserves.

### Note 7: City Employees Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

### C. Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability

The following table shows the Plans' proportionate share of the net pension liability over the measurement period.

#### **Miscellaneous Plan**

		Increase (Decrease)					
	Plar	n Total Pension	Plan Fiduciary Net				
		Liability		Position		Net Pension Liability	
		(a)		(b)		(c) = (a) - (b)	
Balance at: 6/30/2017 (MD)	\$	49,340,576	\$	36,480,686	\$	12,859,890	
Balance at: 6/30/2018 (MD)		50,430,227		37,923,852		12,506,375	
Net Changes during 2017-18		1,089,651		1,443,166		(353,515)	

#### Safety

		Increase (Decrease)					
	Pla	n Total Pension	Plar	n Fiduciary Net			
		Liability		Position		Net Pension Liability	
		(a)		(b)		(c) = (a) - (b)	
Balance at: 6/30/2017 (MD)	\$	86,843,812	\$	63,293,621	\$	23,550,191	
Balance at: 6/30/2018 (MD) Net Changes during 2017-18		89,590,960 2,747,148		65,701,200 2,407,579		23,889,760 339,569	

Valuation Date (VD), Measurement Date (MD)

The City's net pension liability for each of the cost sharing, multiple-employer Plans is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of each of the Plans is measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability for each Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, rolled forward to June 30, 2018, using standard update procedures. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was determined by CalPERS using the output from the Actuarial Valuation System and the fiduciary net position, as provided in the CalPERS Public Agency Cost-Sharing Allocation Methodology Report, which is a publicly available report that can be obtained at CalPERS' at www.calpers.ca.gov. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for each Plan as of June 30, 2017, and 2018, was as follows:

	Miscellaneous	Safety
Proportionate Share of NPL - June 30, 2017	0.32622%	0.39413%
Proportionate Share of NPL - June 30, 2018	0.33185%	0.40715%
Change - Increase	0.00563%	0.01302%

## Note 7: City Employees Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

### C. Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (continued)

## Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability of each Plan as of the measurement date, calculated using the discount rate of 7.15 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower (6.15 percent) or 1 percentage-point higher (8.15 percent) than the current rate:

	Disc	count Rate - 1% (6.15%)	Current Discount Rate (7.15%)		Dis	count Rate + 1% (8.15%)
Miscellaneous Plan's Net Pension Liability	\$	19,328,131	\$	12,506,375	\$	6,875,127
Safety Plan's Net Pension Liability	\$	36,240,448	\$	23,889,760	\$	13,770,583

### Subsequent Events

There were no subsequent events that would materially affect the results presented in this disclosure.

### **Recognition of Gains and Losses**

Under GASB 68, gains and losses related to changes in total pension liability and fiduciary net position are recognized in pension expense systematically over time.

The first amortized amounts are recognized in pension expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and are to be recognized in future pension expense.

The amortization period differs depending on the source of the gain or loss:

Difference between projected and actual earnings	5 year straight-line amortization
All other amounts	Straight-line amortization over the expected average remaining service lives of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive and retired) as of the beginning of the measurement period

The expected average remaining service lifetime (EARSL) is calculated by dividing the total future service years by the total number of plan participants (active, inactive, and retired) in the Public Agency Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan (PERF C).

## 1-579

### Note 7: City Employees Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

### C. Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (continued)

The EARSL for PERF C for the measurement period ending June 30, 2018 is 3.8 years, which was obtained by dividing the total service years of 516,147 (the sum of remaining service lifetimes of the active employees) by 135,474 (the total number of participants: active, inactive, and retired). Note that inactive employees and retirees have remaining service lifetimes equal to 0. Also note that total future service is based on the members' probability of decrementing due to an event other than receiving a cash refund.

## D. Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of the start of the measurement period (July 1, 2017), the City's net pension liability was \$36,410,081. For the measurement period ending June 30, 2018 (the measurement date), the City incurred a pension expense of \$4,351,440.

As of June 30, 2019, the City has deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions as follows:

	Miscellaneous				Safety			
	Deferred Deferred Outflows of Inflows of Resources Resources		C	Deferred Dutflows of Resources	Infl	ferred ows of ources		
Changes of Assumptions	\$	1,076,337	\$	-	\$	2,027,754	\$	-
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience Differences between Projected and Actual		316,558 61.828		-		511,363		-
Investment Earnings Differences between Employer's Contributions		01,020		-		101,745		-
and Proportionate Share of Contributions		-		(299,359)		-	· · ·	059,679)
Change in Employer's Proportion		115,834		(75,104)		754,549	(	334,217)
Pension Contributions Made Subsequent to Measurement Date		1,352,663		-		2,107,412		-
	\$	2,923,220	\$	(374,463)	\$	5,562,823	\$(1,	393,896)

These amounts above are net of outflows and inflows recognized in the 2017-18 measurement period expense. Contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$3,460,075 reported with deferred outflows of resources will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the upcoming fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in future pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year	Deferred Outflows/						
Ended	(Inflows) of Res	sources, Net					
June 30,	Miscellaneous	Safety					
2020	\$ 1,126,319	\$ 1,863,039					
2021	618,829	1,010,268					
2022	(436,566)	(646,321)					
2023	(112,488)	(165,471)					
2024	-	-					
Thereafter	-	-					

### Note 7: City Employees Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

#### E. Payable to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2019, the City reported a payable of \$0 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required for the year ended June 30, 2019.

### F. Pension Plan Summary

Miscellaneous plan NPL Safety plan NPL	\$ 12,506,375 23,889,760
Combined NPL	\$ 36,396,135
Governmental NPL Business-type	\$ 33,491,723
NPL	 2,904,412
Total NPL	\$ 36,396,135

#### Note 8: Other Post-Employment Benefits

### A. Plan Description

The City provides certain other post-employment benefits (OPEB) through a singleemployer defined benefit healthcare plan which provides health insurance for its retired employees according to the Personnel Rules and Regulations for each of the five employee groups. Benefit provisions are included annually in the Memorandum of Understanding between the City and each of its employee groups and ultimately passed by Council action. Separate financial statements for the plan are not available.

### **B.** Employees Covered

As of the June 30, 2018 measurement date, the following numbers of participants were covered by the benefit terms under the Plan:

Active employees	152
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	96
Inactive employees entitled to, but not yet receiving benefits	23
Total	271

### C. Funding Policy

The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by the City, City Council and/or employee associations. Currently, contributions are not required from plan members.

## Note 8: Other Post-Employment Benefits (continued)

### C. Funding Policy (continued)

The City pays for postemployment health insurance on a pay-as-you-go basis (no prefunding). For fiscal year 2018-2019, the City paid \$644,554 for other postemployment benefits.

## D. Total OPEB Liability

The City's total OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation using the Alternative Measurement Method dated January 1, 2017 that was rolled forward to determine the June 30, 2018 total OPEB liability, based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial Assumptions	June 30, 2018 Measurement Date
Actuarial Valuation Date	January 1, 2017
Contribution Policy	No pre-funding
Discount Rate	3.87% at June 30, 2018
	(Bond Buyer 20-Bond Index)
	3.58% at June 30, 2017
	(Bond Buyer 20-Bond Index)
General Inflation	2.75% annually
Mortality, Retirement,	CalPERS 1997-2011 Experience Study
Disability, Termination	
Salary increases	Aggregate - 3% annually
Medical Trend	Non-Medicare – 7.5% for 2019, decreasing to an
	ultimate rate of 4.0% in 2076
	Medicare – 6.5% for 2019, decreasing to an
	ultimate rate of 4.0% in 2076 and later
Healthcare Participation	90% of employees hired prior to July 1, 2012 50% of employees receiving PEMHCA minimum

### E. Discount Rate

A discount rate of 3.87 percent was used in the valuation for measurement date June 30, 2018.

## Note 8: Other Post-Employment Benefits (continued)

### F. Changes in the OPEB Liability

The changes in the total OPEB liability for the Plan are as follows:

	(a) (b) Plan		(a) - (b) = (c)
	Total OPEB	Fiduciary Net	Net OPEB
	Liability	Position	Liability
Balance at June 30, 2018			
(6/30/17 measurement date)	\$ 16,723,404	\$ -	\$ 16,723,404
Changes recognized for the measurement period:			
Service cost	560,960	-	560,960
Interest	607,364	-	607,364
Changes in assumptions	(606,526)	-	(606,526)
Benefit payments	(637,788)		(637,788)
Net changes	(75,990)	-	(75,990)
Balance at June 30, 2019			
(6/30/18 measurement date)	\$ 16,647,414	\$ -	\$ 16,647,414

### G. Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate, for measurement period ended June 30, 2018:

	1% Decrease (2.87%)	C	Current Discount Rate (3.87%)	1% Increase (4.87%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 18,934,735	\$	16,647,414	\$ 14,767,986

### H. Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate, for measurement period ended June 30, 2018:

	Current Healthcare						
		1% Decrease	Cost Trend Rates			1% Increase	
Total OPEB Liability	\$	15,492,061	\$	16,647,414	\$	18,037,267	

## I. OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

As the City is not prefunding with an OPEB trust, Plan Fiduciary Net Position was \$0 at the June 30, 2018 measurement date.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

### Note 8: Other Post-Employment Benefits (continued)

### I. OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position (continued)

#### Recognition of Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources

Gains and losses related to changes in total OPEB liability and fiduciary net position are recognized in OPEB expense systematically over time. Amounts are first recognized in OPEB expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and are to be recognized in future OPEB expense. The net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments is amortized using the straight-line method over 5 years, while all other amounts are amortized over the expected average remaining service lifetime (EARSL) of plan participants.

### J. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$846,362. As of fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	 red Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Changes in assumptions Contributions to OPEB plan subsequent to the measurement date	\$ - 665,869	\$	(1,730,287) -	
Total	\$ 665,869	\$	(1,730,287)	

The \$665,869 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the June 30, 2018 measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows or inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as expense as follows:

	Deferred				
Fiscal Year Ended	Outflows/(Inflows)	)			
June 30	of Resources				
2019	\$ (328,728)				
2020	(328,728	)			
2021	(328,728				
2022	(328,728)				
2023	(328,731)				
Thereafter	(86,644	)			
	\$ (1,730,287	)			

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

#### Note 9: Insurance

The City is partially self-insured for general liability insurance. The City is responsible for claims up to \$100,000 per occurrence. Coverage in excess of the City's self-insured retention is purchased through CSAC Excess Insurance Authority (CSAC-EIA) up to the statutory limits. The City participates in a risk pool for general liability insurance through CSAC-EIA above the City's self-insured retention of \$100,000 up to \$4,900,000 per occurrence. Reinsurance coverage in excess of the pool layer up to \$25,000,000 is purchased through CSAC-EIA. CSAC-EIA retains responsibility for claims in excess of each member's self-insured retention.

For workers' compensation insurance, the City is covered from the first dollar. Coverage between \$1 and \$5,000,000 is provided by CSAC-EIA. CSAC-EIA participates in an excess pool which provides coverage from \$5,000,000 to \$50,000,000 and purchases excess insurance above \$50,000,000 to the statutory limit.

Workers' compensation and general liability claims incurred prior to July 1, 2014 were covered through the City's participation in the California Joint Powers Insurance Authority.

#### Note 10: Commitments and Contingencies

Due to the occurrence of several spills from the City's sanitary sewer system, the City entered into a settlement on November 16, 2011, with the Regional Water Quality Control Board, Los Angeles Region and the state Attorney General for violations of the state's general waste discharge requirements. The settlement required the City to cover fines and attorney fees, complete repairs to its sanitary sewer system over a 10 year period, and implement specified system maintenance programs. These requirements will be monitored through an open court proceeding and, if not met; the City could be subjected to further monetary penalties.

The City is presently involved in certain matters of litigation that have arisen in the normal course of conducting City business. City management believes that based upon consultation with the City Attorney, that these cases in the aggregate are not expected to result in a material adverse financial impact on the City beyond that already accrued for in the basic financial statements. Additionally, City management believes that sufficient resources are available to the City to cover any potential losses, should an unfavorable outcome materialize.

### Note 11: Successor Agency Trust for Assets of Former Community Redevelopment Agency

On December 29, 2011, the California Supreme Court upheld Assembly Bill 1X 26 ("the Bill") that provides for the dissolution of all redevelopment agencies in the State of California. This action impacted the reporting entity of the City of South Pasadena that previously had reported a community redevelopment agency within the reporting entity of the City as a blended component unit.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## Note 11: Successor Agency Trust for Assets of Former Community Redevelopment Agency (continued)

The Bill provides that upon dissolution of a community redevelopment agency, a "successor agency" is to be established to hold the assets until they are distributed to other units of state and local government. On January 4, 2012, the City Council elected to become the Successor Agency for the former community redevelopment agency in accordance with the Bill as part of City resolution number 7205.

After enactment of the law, which occurred on June 28, 2011, community redevelopment agencies in the State of California cannot enter into new projects, obligations or commitments. Subject to the control of a newly established oversight board, remaining assets can only be used to pay enforceable obligations in existence at the date of dissolution (including the completion of any unfinished projects that were subject to legally enforceable contractual commitments).

Successor agencies will only be allocated revenue in the amount that is necessary to pay the estimated annual installment payments on enforceable obligations of the former community redevelopment agency until all enforceable obligations of the prior community redevelopment agency have been paid in full and all assets have been liquidated.

#### Cash and investments

At June 30, 2019, Cash and investments reported in the accompanying financial statements consisted of the following:

Cash and investments pooled with the City	\$ 65,548
Cash and investments with fiscal agent	 199,270
	\$ 264,818

### Long-term debt

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2019:

		E	Balance	Due Within						
	June 30, 2018		Additions		Deletions		June 30, 2019		One Year	
2000 Tax Allocation Bond	\$	1,095,000	\$	-	\$	(130,000)	\$	965,000	\$	140,000
Total	\$	1,095,000	\$	-	\$	(130,000)	\$	965,000	\$	140,000

A description of long-term debt outstanding (excluding defeased debt) of the Successor Agency as of June 30, 2019, follows:

## Note 11: Successor Agency Trust for Assets of Former Community Redevelopment Agency (continued)

#### 2000 Tax Allocation Bonds

In July 2000, the Agency issued \$2,600,000 in tax allocation bonds for the Downtown Revitalization Project No. 1, which mature annually from May 1, 2001 to May 1, 2025, in increasing amounts from \$55,000 to \$195,000, plus interest at 4.4% to 6.0%, payable semiannually on May 1 and November 1, commencing on November 1, 2000. Bonds are subject to redemption at the option of the Agency beginning May 1, 2010, at a price ranging from 102% to 100% of principal value. Debt service on the bonds is provided by incremental property tax revenues generated within the Downtown Redevelopment Project Area. At June 30, 2019, \$965,000 was outstanding.

#### **Pledged Revenue**

The City pledged, as security for bonds issued, either directly or through the Financing Authority, a portion of tax increment revenue (including Low and Moderate Income Housing set-aside and pass through allocations) that it receives. The bonds issued were to provide financing for various capital projects, accomplish Low and Moderate Income Housing projects and to defease previously issued bonds. Assembly Bill 1X 26 provided that upon dissolution of the community redevelopment agency, property taxes allocated to community redevelopment agencies no longer are deemed tax increment but rather property tax revenues and will be allocated first to successor agencies to make payments on the indebtedness incurred by the dissolved community redevelopment agency. Total principal and interest remaining on the debt is \$1,177,400 with annual debt service requirements as indicated above. For the current fiscal year, the total property tax revenue recognized by the City and Successor Agency for the payment of indebtedness incurred by the dissolved Community Redevelopment Agency was \$191,735 and the debt service obligation on the bonds was \$65,570.

Year Ending					
June 30,	Principal	 Interest	Total		
2020	\$ 140,000	\$ 57,900	\$	197,900	
2021	145,000	49,500		194,500	
2022	155,000	40,800		195,800	
2023	165,000	31,500		196,500	
2024	175,000	21,600		196,600	
2025	185,000	11,100		196,100	
Total	\$ 965,000	\$ 212,400	\$	1,177,400	

The annual requirements to amortize the outstanding bond indebtedness as of June 30, 2019, including interest are as follows:

## Note 11: Successor Agency Trust for Assets of Former Community Redevelopment Agency (continued)

#### Insurance

The Successor Agency is covered under the City of South Pasadena's insurance policies. Therefore, the limitation and self-insured retentions applicable to the City also apply to the Successor Agency. Additional information as to coverage and self-insured retentions can be found in Note 9.

### Note 12: Deficit Fund Balances

The following funds have deficits in fund balance at June 30, 2019:

Fund	 Amount
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	
Special Revenue Funds:	
MTA Pedestrian Improvement	\$ (29,951)
CTC Traffic Improvement	(23)
Rogan HR 5294 Grant	(2,497)
Mission Meridian Public Garage	(338,053)
County Park Bond	(140,763)
Measure W	(514)
Homeland Security Grant	(21,078)
MSRC Grant Fund	(7,281)
BTA Grants	(245,940)
Golden Streets Grant	(346,170)
HSIP Grant	(46,521)

The City intends to fund these deficits with future revenue, transfers and reductions of expenditures in future years.

## Note 13: Supplementary Budget Information

Excess of expenditures over appropriations at the fund level were as follows:

Fund	Appropriations	Expenditures	Excess
Non-Major Governmental Funds:			
Clean Air Act	15,000	22,856	(7,856)
Parking and Business Improvement	139,500	161,500	(22,000)
CDBG	140,834	143,480	(2,646)
Bike and Pedestrian Paths	-	22,735	(22,735)
Park Impact Fees	-	83,374	(83,374)
TDA/Metro Grant	-	8,675	(8,675)
Housing Authority	10,000	10,766	(766)
Facilities & Equipment Capital Project	425,000	565,103	(140,103)

## Note 14: Restatement of Beginning Fund Balance and Net Position

#### Fund Statements

Beginning fund balance on the governmental funds balance sheet for the year ended June 30, 2019 has been restated as follows:

### **General Fund**

#### General Fund

Fund balance - beginning, as previously reported Prior period restatement	\$ 17,890,983 (2,309,021)
Fund balance - beginning, as restated	\$ 15,581,962

Prior year transfers, adjustments, and corrections from various funds were made to correct fund balances for the various special revenue funds.

## Note 14: Restatement of Beginning Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)

#### Fund Statements, (continued)

## Special Revenue Fund:

## <u>C.D.B.G.</u>

Fund balance - beginning, as previously reported Prior period restatement	\$ (2,437) 2,437
Fund balance - beginning, as restated	\$ _

CDBG is a reimbursable grant. The revenue from the grant should offset any expenditures up to the limit provided by the grant. An adjustment was made to correct the fund balance to zero to reflect one-to-one match on expenditure and grant revenue.

## Capital Projects Funds:

### Facilities & Equipment Replacement Fund

Fund balance - beginning, as previously reported Prior period restatement	\$ 495,412 1,006,584
Fund balance - beginning, as restated	\$ 1,501,996
Streets Improvement Program Fund	
Fund balance - beginning, as previously reported Prior period restatement	\$ 301,309 1,300,000
Fund balance - beginning, as restated	\$ 1,601,309

Prior year budgeted transfers were not made. Adjustments were made to reflect the missed transfers.

## Note 14: Restatement of Beginning Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)

#### Fund Statements, (continued)

Beginning net position proprietary funds statement of net position for the year ended June 30, 2019 has been restated as follows:

## Proprietary Funds:

### Water

Net position - beginning, as previously reported Prior period restatement	\$ 27,649,718 (2,470)
Net position - beginning, as restated	\$ 27,647,248
Sewer	
Net position - beginning, as previously reported Prior period restatement	\$ 3,840,240 (37,918)
Net position - beginning, as restated	\$ 3,802,322
Arroyo Seco Golf Course	
Net position - beginning, as previously reported Prior period restatement	\$ 1,227,920 (42,853)
Net position - beginning, as restated	\$ 1,185,067

Adjustments were made to reflect correct beginning net position balances from truing up capital assets and accumulated depreciations from prior years.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

### Note 14: Restatement of Beginning Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)

#### **Government-Wide Statements**

Beginning net position on the Statement of Activities for the year ended June 30, 2019 has been restated as follows:

### Governmental Activities:

Net position - beginning, as previously reported Prior period restatement	\$ 44,932,581 (1,280,948)
Net position - beginning, as restated	\$ 43,651,633
Business-Type Activities:	
Net position - beginning, as previously reported Prior period restatement	\$ 32,717,878 (83,241)
Net position - beginning, as restated	\$ 32,634,637

The beginning net position of for governmental activities also includes the following prior period adjustment: during fiscal year 2018-19, prior period adjustments were needed to correct the depreciable capital assets.

**REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** 

## GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with		
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget		
Revenues						
Taxes	\$ 21,558,000	\$ 21,558,000	\$ 22,623,486	\$ 1,065,486		
Licenses and permits	1,046,400	1,046,400	892,560	(153,840)		
Intergovernmental	45,000	45,000	710,323	665,323		
Charges for services	2,870,700	2,870,700	3,342,254	471,554		
Use of money and property	666,136	666,136	1,057,074	390,938		
Fines and forfeitures	380,000	380,000	339,636	(40,364)		
Miscellaneous	483,382	483,382	402,585	(80,797)		
Total revenues	27,049,618	27,049,618	29,367,918	2,318,300		
Expenditures						
Current:						
General government	4,544,458	4,544,458	4,989,002	(444,544)		
Public safety	13,784,174	14,066,986	13,245,634	821,352		
Community development	1,230,203	1,230,203	1,116,412	113,791		
Community services	3,132,316	3,142,316	2,909,338	232,978		
Public works	2,149,141	2,149,141	1,791,628	357,513		
Capital outlay	152,960	494,751	619,025	(124,274)		
Total expenditures	24,993,252	25,627,855	24,671,039	956,816		
Excess of revenues over						
expenditures	2,056,366	1,421,763	4,696,879	3,275,116		
experiatores	2,000,000	1,421,700	4,000,070	0,270,110		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers out	(1,245,000)	(1,245,000)	(1,860,956)	(615,956)		
<b>-</b>						
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1 245 000)	(1 245 000)	(1 960 056)	(615.056)		
sources (uses)	(1,245,000)	(1,245,000)	(1,860,956)	(615,956)		
Net change in fund balance	811,366	176,763	2,835,923	2,659,160		
Fund balance, beginning of year, as restated	15,581,962	15,581,962	15,581,962			
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 16,393,328	\$ 15,758,725	\$ 18,417,885	\$ 2,659,160		

### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS – COST SHARING LAST TEN YEARS\*

Measurement Date	Employer's Proportion of the Collective Net Pension Liability <sup>1</sup>	P S C	Employer's roportionate Share of the ollective Net nsion Liability C		Employer's vered Payroll	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net Pension Liability as a percentage of the Employer's Covered Payroll	Pension Plan's Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of the Total Pension Liability
6/30/2014	0.35660%	\$	22,189,470	\$	10,021,859	221.41%	79.82%
6/30/2015	0.35146%		24,123,577		10,601,417	227.55%	78.40%
6/30/2016	0.36618%		31,865,437		10,683,089	298.28%	74.06%
6/30/2017	0.36714%		36,410,081		11,218,719	324.55%	73.31%
6/30/2018	0.37770%		36,396,135		11,190,390	325.24%	74.01%

<sup>1</sup> Proportion of the net pension liability represents the plan's proportion of PERF C, which includes both the Miscellaneous and Safety Risk Pools excluding the 1959 Survivors Risk Pool.

\* Measurement date 6/30/2014 (fiscal year 2014-15) was the first year of implementation. Additional years will be presented as information comes available.

## REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PLAN CONTRIBUTIONS – COST SHARING LAST TEN YEARS\*

Fiscal Year	Measurement Date	D	Actuarially Determined Contribution		Actuarially Actua Determined Determined		ontributions in elation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution	ation to the ctuarially Contribution termined Deficiency		Employer's vered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	
6/30/2015	6/30/2014	\$	1,926,460	\$	(1,926,460)	\$	-	\$ 10,601,417	18.17%			
6/30/2016	6/30/2015		2,445,893		(2,445,893)		-	10,683,089	22.89%			
6/30/2017	6/30/2016		3,258,700		(3,258,700)		-	11,218,719	29.05%			
6/30/2018	6/30/2017		3,082,379		(3,082,379)		-	11,190,390	27.54%			
6/30/2019	6/30/2018		3,460,075		(3,460,075)		-	10,760,952	32.15%			

\* Measurement period 2013-14 was the first year of implementation. Additional years will be presented as information becomes available.

#### Notes to Schedule:

#### Change in Benefit Terms: None

Changes in Assumptions: In 2018, demographic assumptions and inflation rate were changed in accordance to the CaIPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions December 2017. There were no changes in the discount rate. In 2017, the accounting discount rate was reduced from 7.65 percent to 7.15 percent. In 2016, there were no changes. In 2015, amounts reported reflect an adjustment of the discount rate from 7.5 percent (net of administrative expense) to 7.65 percent (without a reduction for pension plan administrative expense). In 2014, amounts reported were based on the 7.5 percent discount rate.

## REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST TEN YEARS\*

Fiscal Year Measurement Period	2017-18 2016-17	2018-19 2017-18
Total OPEB Liability		
Service cost	\$ 664,681	\$ 560,960
Interest	519,308	607,364
Changes in assumptions	(1,694,570)	(606,526)
Benefit payments	(645,346)	(637,788)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(1,155,927)	(75,990)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	17,879,331	16,723,404
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	16,723,404	16,647,414
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions – employer Net investment income Benefit payments Administrative expense Net change in plan fiduciary net position Plan fiduciary net position - beginning Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	- - - - - - - - -	- - - - - - -
Net OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 16,723,404	\$ 16,647,414
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	0.0%	0.0%
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 11,644,645	\$ 14,031,728
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	143.6%	118.6%

### Notes to Schedule:

Changes in assumptions: Discount rate increased from 3.58% at June 30, 2017 to 3.87% at June 30, 2018.

Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB 75 is applicable. Future years' information will be displayed up to 10 years as information becomes available.

\*Fiscal Year 2017-18 was the first year of implementation

## NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2019

### **General Budget Policies**

Budgetary control is an essential element in governmental financial reporting. The City, a general law city in the State of California, does not legally require a budget. However, the City Council adopted budgets for the General, Special Revenue, and Capital Projects Funds with the exception of the Gold Line Mitigation, Asset Forfeiture, Measure W, Homeland Security Grant, MSRC Grant, BTA Grant, Golden Streets Grant, HSIP Grant, MTA Pedestrian Improvement, CTC Traffic Improvement Grant, Rogan HR 5294 Grant, and Historic Preservation Grant Special Revenue Funds.

To facilitate a greater understanding of the City's operations, budget information for the General, Special Revenue and Capital Projects Funds is included in the accompanying basic financial statements. This detailed budget document is published and is a matter of public record. Each year, the City Manager submits his proposed budget to the City Council. The City Council holds public hearings and may modify the appropriations by majority approval. The legal level of expenditures is controlled at the fund level and operating appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year. All budgeted amounts are reported on the same basis as the fund types and adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Changes in appropriations at the fund level during the year must be submitted by the City's departments for City Council review and approval. The City Manager may, without Council approval, amend individual line items within any fund and between divisions and programs, in personnel costs, maintenance and operations, capital outlay and capital projects portions of the budget without increasing total appropriations for that fund. Department heads may, without Council approval, amend individual line items within any fund in the maintenance and operation portions of the budget without increasing total appropriations for that division.

## SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

## Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditure for particular purposes.

**201-MTA Pedestrian Improvement Fund** – To account for MTA grants used for the Fair Oaks/Mission pedestrian improvement projects which include pedestrian accessibility, widened bikeways, landscaping, lighting modification and aesthetics.

**205-Proposition "A" Local Return Fund** – To account for all revenues and expenditures associated with the one-half cent sales tax approved by Proposition A in 1980. All revenues of this fund must be expended for transportation-related items as established by the Los Angeles County Transportation Commission.

**207-Proposition "C" Local Return Fund** – To account for all revenues and expenditures associated with the one-half cent sales tax approved by Proposition C in 1990. All revenues of this fund must be expended for transportation-related items as established by the Los Angeles County Transportation Commission.

**208-TDA/Metro Grant Fund** – To account for all revenues and expenditures associated with the TEA/Metro Fund. All revenues of this fund must be expended for transportation-related items.

**211-CTC Traffic Improvement Grant Fund** – To account for state and federal funding of street and intersection improvements relieving congestion at our busiest intersections.

**214-Rogan HR 5294 Grant Fund** – To account for the revenue and expenditures associated with the 110 FWY Hook Ramp Project funded by Rogan grant.

**215-Street Lighting and Landscaping Fund** – To account for the costs associated with the City's street lighting and median landscaping programs. These costs are deemed to benefit all property owners who are assessed their proportionate share of the costs. These assessments are placed on the property tax bill and collected and remitted to the City by the County of Los Angeles.

**217-Public, Education, and Government Fund** – To account for revenues and expenditures used for public education and government access charges that the City's cable franchise collects. Monies in this fund must be used to purchase equipment related to the production of public education and government access television.

**218-Clean Air Act Fund** – To account for revenues and expenditures expended for air quality improvement projects as established by the South Coast Air Quality Management District.

**220-Parking and Business Improvement Tax (BIT) Fund** – To account for business improvement tax returns collected by the City for specified purposes within the Parking and Business Improvement Area: (1) decoration of any public place, (2) promotion of public events; (3) furnishing of music; (4) general promotion of retail trade activities.

-70-1**-100** 

## NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

**223-Gold Line Mitigation Fund** – To account for the MTA's funding for the improvements to the Gold Line Mission Street Station.

**226-Mission Meridian Public Garage Fund** – To account for the revenues and expenditures of the Mission Meridian Public Garage.

**228-Housing Authority Fund** – To account for the revenues and expenditures for the City of South Pasadena Housing Authority.

**230-State Gas Tax Fund** – To account for all state gas tax related revenues and expenditures, including street repair, reconstruction and maintenance. State law requires these gasoline taxes to be used to maintain the City's street and highway system.

**232-County Park Bond** – To account for the revenues and expenditures for the County Park Bond related improvements.

**233-Measure R Fund** – To account for all revenues and expenditures associated with the onehalf cent sales tax approved by Measure R in 2009. All revenues of this fund must be expended for transportation-related items as established by the Los Angeles County Transportation Commission.

**236-Measure M Fund** – To account for all revenues and expenditures associated with the onehalf cent sales tax approved by Measure M in 2016. All revenues of this fund must be expended for transportation-related items as established by the Los Angeles County Transportation Commission.

**237-Road Maintenance & Rehab Fund** – To account for all revenues and expenditures associated with State Gas Tax SB1.

**238-MSRC Grant Fund** – To account for the revenues and expenditures for the Mobile Source Air Pollution Reduction Review Committee projects.

**239-Measure W Fund** – To account for all revenues and expenditures associated with improving conditions of stormwater runoffs funded by parcel tax.

**245-Bike and Pedestrian Paths Fund** – To account for the revenues and expenditures for bike and pedestrian facilities improvements funded by the State of California Transportation Development Act.

**248-BTA Grant Fund** – To account for the revenues and expenditures for the Bicycle Transportation Account (BTA) grant funded by the Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority. This grant was awarded to fund two projects from the City's Bicycle Master Plan: the Mission Street Green Sharrow Lane Project and the South Pasadena Bicycle Parking Project.

-71-**1-101** 

## NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

**249-Golden Streets Grant Fund** – To account for the revenues and expenditures for the open streets grant funded by the Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority. The goals of the Open Streets Grant Program is to provide opportunities for 1) riding transit, walking and riding a bike, possibly for the first time, 2) to encourage future mode shift to more sustainable transportation modes, and for 3) civic engagement to foster the development of multi-modal policies and infrastructure at the city/community level.

**255-Capital Growth Requirement Fund** – To account for fees paid to the City for building development to be applied towards the costs of public facilities improvements.

**260-Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Fund** – To account for the revenues and expenditures for Community Development Block Grant projects.

**270-Asset Forfeiture Fund** – To account for proceeds received from forfeiture in narcotics investigations allocated for law enforcement activities.

**272-State Police Grant Fund** – To account for revenue and expenditures for frontline police services funded by COPS (AB 3229) grant.

**274-Homeland Security Grant Fund** – To account for revenue and expenditures the operations of police equipment and conferences funded by Homeland Security.

**275- Park Impact Fees Fund** – To account for the proceeds of a development fee used for the purpose of park facilities improvements and related expenditures.

**277- Highway Safety Improvement Program Grant (HSIP) Fund** – To account for revenues and expenditures related to street improvements funded by the grant.

**276-Historic Preservation Grant Fund** – To account for revenues and expenditures related to historic preservation grant funds.

### Capital Projects Funds

Capital projects funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds.

**104-Street Improvements Program Fund** – To account for capital expenditures related to street improvements projects.

**105-Facilities and Equipment Replacement Fund** - To account the replacement costs of City vehicles and equipment.

**327-2000 Tax Allocation Bonds Fund** – To account for capital expenditures for improvements funded by the bonds formerly held by the Successor Agency to the Community Redevelopment Agency.

## COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Special Revenue Funds								
		MTA destrian rovement	Proposition "A"		Proposition "C"				
ASSETS Pooled cash and investments	\$	_	\$	1,017,135	\$	672,568			
Receivables:	Ψ		Ψ	1,017,100	Ψ	072,000			
Accounts		-		32		-			
Taxes		-		-		-			
Interest Due from other governments		-		4,386		3,090			
Prepaid items		-		-		4,106			
Total assets	\$		\$	1,021,553	\$	679,764			
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	6,385	\$	6,119			
Accrued liabilities		-		2,395		2,654			
Deposits payable		-		-		-			
Due to other funds		29,951		-		-			
Total liabilities		29,951		8,780		8,773			
Fund Balances (Deficits):									
Nonspendable:									
Prepaid items		-		-		4,106			
Restricted for:									
Community development projects Public safety - police		-		-		-			
Community services		-		- 1,012,773		-			
Public works - streets and roads		-		-		666,885			
Capital projects		-		-		-			
Public works - street lighting		-		-		-			
Committed to:									
Capital projects		-		-		-			
Unassigned		(29,951)		-		-			
Total fund balances (deficits)		(29,951)		1,012,773		670,991			
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of									
resources, and fund balances	\$	-	\$	1,021,553	\$	679,764			

## (continued)

			S	Special Reve	enue	Funds			
Impro	Traffic vement rant	n HR 5294 Int Fund		Street Lighting	0	Clean Air Act	В	rking and usiness rovement	old Line itigation
\$	-	\$ -	\$	387,338	\$	140,598	\$	38,566	\$ 61,672
	-	-		-		-		199	-
	-	-		12,508		-		-	-
	-	-		1,673		601		215	276
	-	-		-		8,759 -		-	 -
\$	-	\$ -	\$	401,519	\$	149,958	\$	38,980	\$ 61,948
\$	-	\$ -	\$	164,399	\$	10,294	\$	-	\$ -
	-	-		1,582		-		-	-
	- 23	 - 2,497		7,733 -		-		-	 -
	23	 2,497		173,714		10,294			 -
	-	-		-		-		-	-
	-	-		-		-		-	-
	-	-		-		-		-	-
	-	-		-		-		-	-
	-	-		-		- 139,664		- 38,980	- 61,948
	-	-		227,805		-		-	-
	-	-		-		-		-	-
	(23)	 (2,497)		-		-		-	 -
	(23)	 (2,497)		227,805		139,664		38,980	 61,948
\$	-	\$ -	\$	401,519	¢	149,958	\$	38,980	\$ 61,948

## COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

		Special Revenue Funds							
	Mission								
	N	leridian	S	tate Gas	Co	ounty Park			
	Pub	lic Garage		Tax	Bond				
ASSETS									
Pooled cash and investments	\$	-	\$	907,120	\$	-			
Receivables:									
Accounts		-		-		-			
Taxes		-		-		-			
Interest		-		3,940		922			
Due from other governments		-		-		-			
Due from other funds		-		-		-			
Total assets	\$	-	\$	911,060	\$	922			
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES									
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$	804	\$	22,612	\$	1,847			
Accrued liabilities	•	-		5,158	,	-			
Deposits payable		-		-		-			
Due to other funds		337,249		-		139,838			
Total liabilities		338,053		27,770		141,685			
Fund Balances (Deficits):									
Nonspendable:									
Prepaid items		-		-		-			
Restricted for:									
Community development projects		-		-		-			
Public safety - police		-		-		-			
Community services		-		-		-			
Public works - streets and roads		-		883,290		-			
Capital projects		-		-		-			
Public works - street lighting		-		-		-			
Committed to:									
Capital projects		-		-		-			
Unassigned		(338,053)		-		(140,763)			
Total fund balances (deficits)		(338,053)		883,290		(140,763)			
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of									
resources, and fund balances	¢		¢	911,060	\$	922			

# (continued)

 	 	S	pecial Re	venue Fu	inds				
Capital Growth quirements	 C.D.B.G	Asset Forfeiture		Ме	Measure W		e and estrian aths	Sta	ate Police Grant
\$ 433,967	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	12	\$	207,160
-	123,665		-		-		-		-
-	-		-		-		-		-
1,882	-		-		-		-		928
 -	 -		-		-		-		-
\$ 435,849	\$ 123,665	\$	-	\$	-	\$	12	\$	208,088
\$ -	\$ 121,133	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
-	-		-		514		-		-
-	- 2,532		-		-		-		-
 -	 123,665		-		514		-		-
-	-		-		-		-		-
-	-		-		-		12		-
-	-		-		-		-		208,088
-	-		-		-		-		-
- 435,849	-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-
_	_		_		_		_		_
-	-		-		(514)		-		-
 435,849	 -		-		(514)	1	12		208,088
\$ 435,849	\$ 123,665	\$	-	\$	-	\$	12	\$	208,088

# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Special Revenue Funds										
		omeland urity Grant	Pa	rk Impact Fees	N	/leasure R					
ASSETS Pooled cash and investments	\$	-	\$	507,909	\$	989,389					
Receivables: Accounts		4,319		-		-					
Taxes		-		-		-					
Interest Due from other governments		-		2,198 -		4,242					
Due from other funds		-				-					
Total assets	\$	4,319	\$	510,107	\$	993,631					
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:											
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	3,114	\$	-					
Accrued liabilities Deposits payable		-		-		-					
Due to other funds		- 25,397									
Total liabilities		25,397		3,114		-					
Fund Balances (Deficits):											
Nonspendable:											
Prepaid items		-		-		-					
Restricted for: Community development projects		-		_		-					
Public safety - police		-		-		-					
Community services		-		506,993		-					
Public works - streets and roads		-		-		993,631					
Capital projects		-		-		-					
Public works - street lighting Committed to:		-		-		-					
Capital projects		-		-		-					
Unassigned		(21,078)		-		-					
Total fund balances (deficits)		(21,078)		506,993		993,631					
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	¢	4.040	٠	540 407	¢	000 004					
resources, and fund balances	\$	4,319	\$	510,107	\$	993,631					

# (continued)

			Spe	ecial Revenue Fu	unds		
N	leasure M	DA/Metro rant Fund		Public Education		Maintenance & Rehab	MSRC ant Fund
\$	657,153	\$ 502,702	\$	142,132	\$	572,006	\$ -
	-	-		2,879		-	-
	- 2,764	- 2,217		- 631		- 2,485	-
	2,704	-		-		85,247	-
	-	 -		-		-	 -
\$	659,917	\$ 504,919	\$	145,642	\$	659,738	\$ -
\$	-	\$ 2,122	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
	-	-		-		-	-
	-	 -		-		-	 7,281
		 2,122		-			 7,281
	-	-		-		-	-
	-	-		145,642		-	_
	-	-		-		-	-
	- 659,917	- 502,797		-		- 659,738	-
	- 059,917	502,797		-		-	-
	-	-		-		-	-
	-	-		-		-	-
	-	 -		-	·	-	 (7,281)
	659,917	 502,797		145,642		659,738	 (7,281)
\$	659,917	\$ 504,919	\$	145,642	\$	659,738	\$ -

# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

		S	pecial	Revenue Fu	nds	
		BTA		lousing Authority		den Streets
	G	rant Fund		Fund	G	rant Fund
ASSETS						
Pooled cash and investments	\$	-	\$	66,013	\$	-
Receivables:				770		
Accounts Taxes		-		779		-
Interest		-		- 287		-
Due from other governments		-		-		-
Due from other funds		-		_		-
				07.070		
Total assets	\$	-	\$	67,079	\$	-
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	2,138	\$	139,784
Accrued liabilities		-		-		-
Deposits payable		-		2,229		-
Due to other funds		245,940		-		206,386
Total liabilities		245,940		4,367		346,170
Fund Balances (Deficits):						
Nonspendable:						
Prepaid items		-		-		-
Restricted for:						
Community development projects		-		62,712		-
Public safety - police		-		-		-
Community services		-		-		-
Public works - streets and roads		-		-		-
Capital projects		-		-		-
Public works - street lighting		-		-		-
Committed to:						
Capital projects		-		-		-
Unassigned		(245,940)		-		(346,170)
Total fund balances (deficits)		(245,940)		62,712		(346,170)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of						
resources, and fund balances	\$	-	\$	67,079	\$	-

# (continued)

	Special Rev	enue F	unds	Capital Projects Funds							
			istoric		acilities &		000 Tax		Streets		tal Nonmajor
	HSIP		servation	Ec	luip. Capital		llocation		nprovement	Go	overnmental
Gr	ant Fund	Gra	ant Fund		Project	Bo	onds Fund	Pro	ogram Fund		Funds
\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,589,018	\$	904,226	\$	2,357,041	\$	12,153,725
	-		5,000		-		-		-		136,873
	-		-		-		-		-		12,508
	-		-		410		12		-		33,159
	-		-		-		-		-		94,006
	-		-	1	-		-		-		4,106
\$		\$	5,000	\$	1,589,428	\$	904,238	\$	2,357,041	\$	12,434,377
\$	-	\$	-	\$	100,712	\$	-	\$	210,513	\$	791,976
	-		-		-		-		-		12,303
	-		-		-		-		-		9,962
	46,521		-		-		-		-		1,043,615
	46,521		-		100,712				210,513		1,857,856
	-		-		-		-		-		4,106
	-		5,000		-		904,238		-		1,117,604
	-		-		-		-		-		208,088
	-		-		-		-		-		1,519,766
	-		-		-		-		-		4,366,258
	-		-		-		-		-		676,441
	-		-		-		-		-		227,805
	-		-		1,488,716		_		2,146,528		3,635,244
	(46,521)		-		-		-		-		(1,178,791)
	(46,521)		5,000		1,488,716		904,238		2,146,528		10,576,521
\$	-	\$	5,000	\$	1,589,428	\$	904,238	\$	2,357,041	\$	12,434,377

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	MTA destrian				roposition "C"
\$	-	\$	521,818	\$	432,833
	-		-		-
	-		-		45,775
	-		-		-
	-				- 22,778
	-				-
	-		565,765		501,386
	-		6,011		5,001
	-		-		-
	-		-		-
	-				286,841
	-		-		-
	-		309,616		291,842
	-		256,149		209,544
	-		-		-
	-		-		
_	-	_	256,149	_	209,544
			., .		, -
	(29,951)		756,624		461,447
\$	(29,951)	\$	1,012,773	\$	670,991
		MTA Pedestrian Improvement  \$	MTA Pedestrian P Improvement	MTA Pedestrian Improvement         Proposition "A"           \$         -         \$         521,818           -         -         -         -           -         -         -         -           -         -         -         -           -         -         -         -           -         5,079         -         34,004           -         -         565,765           -         -         565,765           -         -         -           -         -         -           -         -         -           -         -         -           -         303,605         -           -         -         -           -         309,616         -           -         -         -           -         -         -           -         -         -           -         -         -           -         -         -           -         -         -           -         -         -           -         -         -           -         -	Pedestrian Improvement         Proposition "A"         Proposition "A"           \$         -         \$           \$         -         \$           -         -         -           -         -         -           -         -         -           -         -         -           -         5,079         -           -         5,079         -           -         565,765         -           -         -         6,011           -         -         -           -         565,765         -           -         303,605         -           -         -         -           -         309,616         -           -         -         -           -         -         -           -         -         -           -         -         -           -         -         -           -         -         -           -         -         -           -         -         -           -         -         -           -         -

# (continued)

	Special Revenue Funds CTC Traffic Parking and													
Impro	Traffic vement rant	Rogan HR Grant Fu			reet hting	C	lean Air Act	В	king and usiness rovement		Gold Line Aitigation			
\$	-	\$	-	\$	- 893,205	\$	-	\$	61,654 -	\$	-			
	- 108 -		- -				- 33,784 -		29,747 - -					
	-		-		5,017 4,476		4,776 -		1,380 -		1,240 -			
	108				902,698		38,560		92,781		1,240			
	-		-		-		20,461		161,500		-			
	-		-		-				-		-			
	-	2	- 2,497		930,064 46,576		- 2,395		-		-			
	-	2	2,497		976,640		22,856		161,500		-			
	108	(2	2,497)		(73,942)		15,704		(68,719)		1,240			
			-		25,000		-							
	-				25,000		-		-		-			
	108	(2	2,497)		(48,942)		15,704		(68,719)		1,240			
	(131)		-		276,747		123,960		107,699		60,708			
\$	(23)	\$ (2	2,497)	\$	227,805	\$	139,664	\$	38,980	\$	61,948			

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Spe	S		
	I	Mission Meridian blic Garage	State Gas Tax		ounty Park Bond
Revenues Taxes Assessments Licenses and permits Intergovernmental Charges for services Use of money and property Miscellaneous Total revenues	\$	- - - (3,440) - 	\$ - - 535,049 - 32,793 -	\$	- - 41,294 - 2,108 - -
		(3,440)	 567,842		43,402
Expenditures Current: General government Public safety Community development Community services Public works Capital outlay		13,053 - - - - - -	 - - - 586,900 -		- - - 43,455 -
Total expenditures		13,053	 586,900		43,455
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(16,493)	 (19,058)		(53)
<b>Other Financing Sources (Uses)</b> Transfers in		-	 -		
Total other financing sources (uses)		-	 -		-
Net change in fund balance		(16,493)	(19,058)		(53)
Fund Balances (Deficit), Beginning, as Restated (Note 14)		(321,560)	 902,348		(140,710)
Fund Balances (Deficit), Ending	\$	(338,053)	\$ 883,290	\$	(140,763)

# (continued)

				Special Rev	enue F	unds				
Capital Growth quirements	(	C.D.B.G	Asset Forfeiture		Measure W		Pe	ike and destrian Paths	Sta	ate Police Grant
\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
-		-		-		-		-		-
-		133,071		4,469		-		22,735		100,000
56,405		-		-		-		-		-
 15,046 -		- 10,409		136 -		-		-		7,172 -
 71,451		143,480		4,605				22,735		107,172
-		-		-		-		-		-
-		-		8,193		-		-		-
-		28,404		-		-		-		-
-		- 115,076		-		514 -		- 22,735		- 63,126
 -		143,480		8,193		514		22,735		63,126
 71,451		-		(3,588)		(514)		_		44,046
-		-				_		_		_
 -		-		-		-		-		-
71,451		-		(3,588)		(514)		-		44,046
 364,398		-		3,588		_		12		164,042
\$ 435,849	\$	-	\$	_	\$	(514)	\$	12	\$	208,088

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	 Sp	nds		
	omeland urity Grant	Impact ees	N	leasure R
Revenues Taxes Assessments Licenses and permits Intergovernmental Charges for services Use of money and property Miscellaneous Total revenues	\$ - - 4,319 - - - -	\$ - - - 164,071 9,367 -	\$	324,718 - - 33,537 - -
	 4,319	 173,438		358,255
Expenditures Current: General government Public safety Community development Community services Public works Capital outlay Total expenditures	 - - - - -	 - - - - 83,374 83,374		- - - 50,856
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	 4,319	 90,064		307,399
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in	 -	 -		
Total other financing sources (uses)	 -	 -		-
Net change in fund balance	4,319	90,064		307,399
Fund Balances (Deficit), Beginning, as Restated (Note 14)	 (25,397)	 416,929		686,232
Fund Balances (Deficit), Ending	\$ (21,078)	\$ 506,993	\$	993,631

# (continued)

 Special Revenue Funds													
 Measure M	TDA/Metro Grant Fund			Public ducation		Maintenance Rehab	G	MSRC rant Fund					
\$ 365,736 -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-					
-		-		- 7,104		- 490,158		- 134,182					
 - 19,959 -		- 18,381 -		2,810 -		- 17,066 -		-					
 385,695		18,381		9,914		507,224		134,182					
-		-		-		-		-					
-		-		-		-		-					
 -		- 8,675		-		-		- 7,281					
 		8,675						7,281					
 385,695		9,706		9,914		507,224		126,901					
-		-		_		-		_					
 -		_		-		-		-					
385,695		9,706		9,914		507,224		126,901					
 274,222		493,091		135,728		152,514		(134,182)					
\$ 659,917	\$	502,797	\$	145,642	\$	659,738	\$	(7,281)					

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Special Revenue Funds								
				lousing					
		BTA	A	uthority	Golo	den Streets			
	G	rant Fund		Fund		rant Fund			
Revenues									
Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-			
Assessments	Ŧ	-	Ŧ	-	Ŧ	-			
Licenses and permits		-		_		-			
Intergovernmental		-		-		-			
Charges for services		-		-		-			
Use of money and property		-		21,821		-			
Miscellaneous		-				-			
Total revenues				21,821					
Expenditures									
Current:									
General government		-		-		-			
Public safety		-		-		-			
Community development		-		10,766		-			
Community services		-		-		-			
Public works		-		-		299,801			
Capital outlay		111,666		-		-			
Total expenditures		111,666		10,766		299,801			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(111,666)		11,055		(299,801)			
		(111,000)		11,000		(299,001)			
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfers in				-		-			
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-					
Net change in fund balance		(111,666)		11,055		(299,801)			
Fund Balances (Deficit), Beginning, as									
Restated (Note 14)		(134,274)		51,657		(46,369)			
Fund Balances (Deficit), Ending	\$	(245,940)	\$	62,712	\$	(346,170)			

# (continued)

	Revenu	e Funds			С	apital I	Projects Fun	ıds								
		Histo	ric	F	acilities &		00 Tax		Streets	ement Governm n Fund Fund - \$ 1,7 - 8 - - 1,5 - 2 - 2 - 2						
	HSIP	Preserv	ation	Eq	uip. Capital	Al	location	Im	provement	Go	vernmental					
Gr	ant Fund	Grant F	Fund		Project	Bor	nds Fund	Pro	ogram Fund		Funds					
•		•		•		•		•		•	4 700 750					
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,706,759					
	-		-		-		-		-		893,205					
	- 900		- 5,000		-		-		-		75,522 1,512,173					
	900		5,000		-		-		-		225,555					
	-		-		- 5,823		- 100		-		225,555					
	-		-		5,025				-		19,749					
	-						-				19,749					
	900		5,000		5,823		100				4,684,837					
					-		-		-		206,026					
					-		-		-		8,193					
					-		-		-		10,766					
	-		-		-		-		-		618,850					
	5,528		-		-		-		-		1,866,262					
	2,720		-		565,103		-		554,781		1,636,861					
	8,248		-		565,103				554,781		4,346,958					
	(7,348)		5,000		(559,280)		100		(554,781)		337,879					
	-		-		546,000		-		1,100,000		1,671,000					
	-		-		546,000		-		1,100,000		1,671,000					
	(7,348)		5,000		(13,280)		100		545,219		2,008,879					
	(.,)		_,		(,=:0)				0.0,210		_,, c					
	(39,173)		-		1,501,996		904,138		1,601,309		8,567,642					
\$	(46,521)	\$	5,000	\$	1,488,716	\$	904,238	\$	2,146,528	\$	10,576,521					

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL PROPOSITION "A" FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Budgeted Original	Amo	unts Final		Actual Amount		riance with al Budget
Revenues		onginai				Amount		a bugget
Taxes	\$	508,735	\$	508,735	\$	521,818	\$	13,083
Charges for services	Ψ	5,000	Ψ	5,000	Ψ	5,079	Ψ	79
Use of money and property		7,800		7,800		34,004		26,204
Miscellaneous		1,200		1,200		4,864		3,664
Total revenues		522,735		522,735		565,765		43,030
Expenditures Current:								
General government		13,680		13,680		6,011		7,669
Community services		396,602		396,602		303,605		92,997
Capital outlay		177,000		177,000		-		177,000
Total expenditures		587,282		587,282		309,616		277,666
Net change in fund balance		(64,547)		(64,547)		256,149		320,696
Fund balance, beginning		756,624		756,624		756,624		-
Fund balance, ending	\$	692,077	\$	692,077	\$	1,012,773	\$	320,696

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL PROPOSITION "C" FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Budgeted Original	Amo	unts Final		Actual Amount	Variance with Final Budget	
Revenues	Oliginal			1 IIIdi		anount		a Dudget
Taxes	\$	421,982	\$	421,982	\$	432,833	\$	10,851
Licenses and permits		40,000		40,000		45,775		5,775
Use of money and property		4,500		4,500		22,778		18,278
Total revenues	466,482		466,482		501,386			34,904
Expenditures Current: General government		5,860		5,860		5,001		859
Community services		297,426		297,426		286,841		10,585
Total expenditures		303,286		303,286		291,842		11,444
Net change in fund balance		163,196		163,196		209,544		46,348
Fund balance, beginning		461,447		461,447		461,447		-
Fund balance, ending	\$	624,643	\$	624,643	\$	670,991	\$	46,348

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL STREET LIGHTING FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts			ounts	Actual		Variance with	
		Original		Final	Ā	Amounts	Fina	al Budget
Revenues								
Assessments	\$	900,000	\$	900,000	\$	893,205	\$	(6,795)
Use of money and property		-		-		5,017		5,017
Miscellaneous		10,000		10,000		4,476		(5,524)
Total revenues		910,000		910,000		902,698		(7,302)
Expenditures								
Current:								
Public works		952,283		952,283		930,064		22,219
Capital outlay		95,000		95,000		46,576		48,424
Total expenditures		1,047,283		1,047,283		976,640		70,643
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
(under) expenditures		(137,283)		(137,283)		(73,942)		63,341
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in		25,000		25,000		25,000		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		25,000		25,000		25,000		-
Net change in fund balance		(112,283)		(112,283)		(48,942)		63,341
Fund balance, beginning		276,747		276,747		276,747		-
Fund balance, ending	\$	164,464	\$	164,464	\$	227,805	\$	63,341

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL CLEAN AIR ACT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual	Variance with	
	(	Driginal		Final		Amount	Final Budget	
Revenues								
Intergovernmental	\$	32,000	\$	32,000	\$	33,784	\$	1,784
Use of money and property		1,500		1,500		4,776		3,276
Total revenues		33,500		33,500		38,560		5,060
Expenditures								
Current:								
General government		15,000		15,000		20,461		(5,461)
Capital outlay		-		-		2,395		(2,395)
Total expenditures		15,000		15,000		22,856		(7,856)
Net change in fund balance		18,500		18,500		15,704		(2,796)
Fund balance, beginning		123,960		123,960		123,960		-
Fund balance, ending	\$	142,460	\$	142,460	\$	139,664	\$	(2,796)

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL PARKING AND BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Budgeted	l Amo	unts	Actual	Variance with	
	Original			Final	 Amount	Final Budget	
Revenues							
Taxes	\$	130,000	\$	130,000	\$ 61,654	\$	(68,346)
Licenses and permits		30,000		30,000	29,747		(253)
Use of money and property		-		-	1,380		1,380
Total revenues		160,000		160,000	 92,781		(67,219)
<b>Expenditures</b> Current: General government Total expenditures		139,500 139,500		139,500 139,500	 161,500 161,500		(22,000) (22,000)
Net change in fund balance		20,500		20,500	(68,719)		(89,219)
Fund balance, beginning		107,699		107,699	 107,699		
Fund balance, ending	\$	128,199	\$	128,199	\$ 38,980	\$	(89,219)

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL MISSION MERIDIAN PUBLIC GARAGE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Budgeted	Amo		Actual	Variance with	
	Original			Final	 Amount	Final Budget	
Revenues							
Use of money and property	\$	2,000	\$	2,000	\$ (3,440)	\$	(5,440)
Total revenues		2,000		2,000	 (3,440)		(5,440)
Expenditures Current:							
General government		93,000		93,000	13,053		79,947
Total expenditures		93,000		93,000	13,053		79,947
Net change in fund balance		(91,000)		(91,000)	(16,493)		74,507
Fund balance (deficit), beginning		(321,560)		(321,560)	 (321,560)		-
Fund balance (deficit), ending	\$	(412,560)	\$	(412,560)	\$ (338,053)	\$	74,507

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL STATE GAS TAX FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Budgeted	l Amo	unts	Actual		Va	riance with
	(	Original		Final		Mounts	Fir	nal Budget
Revenues								
Intergovernmental	\$	661,659	\$	661,659	\$	535,049	\$	(126,610)
Use of money and property		8,946		8,946		32,793		23,847
Total revenues	670,605			670,605		567,842		(102,763)
								<u> </u>
Expenditures								
Current:								
Public works		617,252		617,252		586,900		30,352
Total expenditures		617,252		617,252		586,900		30,352
·				· · · · ·				
Net change in fund balance		53,353		53,353		(19,058)		(72,411)
Ũ								
Fund balance, beginning		902,348		902,348		902,348		-
. 5 6		, ,		· · ·		, ,		
Fund balance, ending	\$ 955,701		\$	955,701	\$	883,290	\$	(72,411)

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL COUNTY PARK BOND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	 Budgeted	Amo			Actual		riance with
	Original		Final		Amount	_ ⊢ır	nal Budget
Revenues							
Intergovernmental	\$ 400,000	\$	400,000	\$	41,294	\$	(358,706)
Use of money and property	 -		-		2,108		2,108
Total revenues	400,000		400,000		43,402		(356,598)
Expenditures							
Current:							
Public works	63,500		63.500		43.455		20.045
Total expenditures	 63,500		63,500		43,455		20,045
·	 		,				
Net change in fund balance	336,500		336,500		(53)		(336,553)
5	,		,		()		()
Fund balance (deficit), beginning	(140,710)		(140,710)		(140,710)		-
	 (112),10)		(112), 10)		(112).107		
Fund balance (deficit), ending	\$ 195,790	\$	195,790	\$	(140,763)	\$	(336,553)

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL CAPITAL GROWTH REQUIREMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Budgetec	l Amo			Actual		ance with
	Original			Final	Amount		Final Budget	
Revenues								
Charges for services	\$	65,000	\$	65,000	\$	56,405	\$	(8,595)
Use of money and property		1,000		1,000		15,046		14,046
Total revenues	66,000			66,000		71,451		5,451
Net change in fund balance		66.000		66.000		71.451		5,451
······································		,		,		,		-,
Fund balance, beginning		364,398		364,398		364,398		-
Fund balance, ending	\$	430,398	\$	430,398	\$	435,849	\$	5,451
Fund balance, enulity		100,000	Ψ	100,000	Ψ	100,040	Ψ	5,401

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL CDBG FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Budgeted Original			ounts Final	Actual Amounts		 iance with al Budget
Revenues		- 5					<u> </u>
Intergovernmental	\$	118,995	\$	118,995	\$	133,071	\$ 14,076
Miscellaneous		25,000		25,000		10,409	 (14,591)
Total revenues		143,995		143,995		143,480	(515)
Expenditures Current: Community services Capital outlay Total expenditures		39,000 101,834 140,834		39,000 <u>101,834</u> 140,834		28,404 <u>115,076</u> 143,480	 10,596 (13,242) (2,646)
Net change in fund balance		3,161		3,161		-	(3,161)
Fund balance, beginning, as restated						-	-
Fund balance, ending	\$	3,161	\$	3,161	\$	-	\$ (3,161)

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL BIKE AND PEDESTRIAN PATHS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Budgeted	l Amou	unts		Actual	Var	iance with
	0	riginal		Final	A	mounts	Final Budget	
Revenues								
Intergovernmental	\$	17,630	\$	17,630	\$	22,735	\$	5,105
Total revenues		17,630		17,630		22,735		5,105
<b>Expenditures</b> Capital outlay Total expenditures		-		-		22,735 22,735		(22,735) (22,735)
Net change in fund balance		17,630		17,630		-		(17,630)
Fund balance, beginning		12		12		12		
Fund balance, ending	\$	17,642	\$	17,642	\$	12	\$	(17,630)

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL STATE POLICE GRANT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Budgeted	Amo	unts		Actual	Variance with	
	(	Original		Final	A	Amounts	Final Budget	
<b>Revenues</b> Intergovernmental Use of money and property Total revenues	\$	115,000 - 115,000	\$	115,000 - 115,000	\$	100,000 7,172 107,172	\$	(15,000) 7,172 (7,828)
<b>Expenditures</b> Capital outlay Total expenditures		75,000 75,000		75,000		<u>63,126</u> 63,126		<u>11,874</u> 11,874
Net change in fund balance		40,000		40,000		44,046		4,046
Fund balance, beginning		164,042		164,042		164,042		-
Fund balance, ending	\$	204,042	\$	204,042	\$	208,088	\$	4,046

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL PARK IMPACT FEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Budgeted	Amo	unts		Actual	Variance with		
	(	Original		Final	A	Amounts	Final Budget		
<b>Revenues</b> Charges for services Use of money and property	\$	65,000 -	\$	65,000 -	\$	164,071 9,367	\$	99,071 9,367	
Total revenues		65,000		65,000		173,438		108,438	
<b>Expenditures</b> Capital outlay Total expenditures		-		-		<u>83,374</u> 83,374		(83,374) (83,374)	
Net change in fund balance		65,000		65,000		90,064		25,064	
Fund balance, beginning		416,929		416,929		416,929			
Fund balance, ending	\$	481,929	\$	481,929	\$	506,993	\$	25,064	

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL MEASURE R FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Budgeted	l Amo	unts	Actual	Variance with		
	(	Original		Final	 Amount	Final Budget		
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	316,493	\$	316,493	\$ 324,718	\$	8,225	
Use of money and property		-		-	 33,537		33,537	
Total revenues		316,493		316,493	358,255		41,762	
Expenditures								
Capital outlay		300,000		300,000	 50,856		249,144	
Total expenditures		300,000		300,000	 50,856		249,144	
Net change in fund balance		16,493		16,493	307,399		290,906	
Fund balance, beginning		686,232		686,232	 686,232		-	
Fund balance, ending	\$	702,725	\$	702,725	\$ 993,631	\$	290,906	

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL MEASURE M FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	(	Budgeted Original	Amo	unts Final	Actual Amount	Variance with Final Budget		
Revenues		- 0						
Taxes	\$	358,685	\$	358,685	\$ 365,736	\$	7,051	
Use of money and property		-		-	 19,959		19,959	
Total revenues		358,685		358,685	 385,695		27,010	
Expenditures Capital outlay		350,000		350,000	 -		350,000	
Total expenditures		350,000		350,000	 -		350,000	
Net change in fund balance		8,685		8,685	385,695		377,010	
Fund balance, beginning		274,222		274,222	274,222		-	
Fund balance, ending	\$	282,907	\$	282,907	\$ 659,917	\$	377,010	

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL TDA/METRO GRANT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual	Var	iance with
	Original		Final		Amounts		Final Budget	
Revenues								
Use of money and property	\$	3,000	\$	3,000	\$	18,381	\$	15,381
Total revenues		3,000		3,000		18,381		15,381
<b>Expenditures</b> Capital outlay Total expenditures		-				8,675 8,675		(8,675) (8,675)
Net change in fund balance		3,000		3,000		9,706		6,706
Fund balance, beginning		493,091		493,091		493,091		-
Fund balance, ending	\$	496,091	\$	496,091	\$	502,797	\$	6,706

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL PUBLIC EDUCATION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	(	Budgeted Driginal	Amo	unts Final	A	Actual Mounts	 ance with al Budget
Revenues		<u>-</u>					 <u> </u>
Intergovernmental	\$	13,000	\$	13,000	\$	7,104	\$ (5,896)
Use of money and property Total revenues		- 13,000		- 13,000		<u>2,810</u> 9,914	 2,810 (3,086)
		,				-,	 (-,)
Net change in fund balance		13,000		13,000		9,914	(3,086)
Fund balance, beginning		135,728		135,728		135,728	 
Fund balance, ending	\$	148,728	\$	148,728	\$	145,642	\$ (3,086)

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL ROAD MAINTENANCE & REHAB FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	 Budgeted Original	Amo	unts Final	Actual mounts	 iance with al Budget
Revenues	 <u> </u>			 	 <u></u>
Intergovernmental	\$ 431,624	\$	431,624	\$ 490,158	\$ 58,534
Use of money and property	-		-	17,066	17,066
Total revenues	 431,624		431,624	 507,224	 75,600
<b>Expenditures</b> Capital outlay Total expenditures	 350,000 350,000		350,000 350,000	 	 350,000 350,000
Net change in fund balance	81,624		81,624	507,224	425,600
Fund balance, beginning	 152,514		152,514	 152,514	 
Fund balance, ending	\$ 234,138	\$	234,138	\$ 659,738	\$ 425,600

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL HOUSING AUTHORITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	 Budgeted Driginal	l Amou	unts Final		Actual mounts	Variance with Final Budget	
Revenues							
Use of money and property	\$ 21,098	\$	21,098	\$	21,821	\$	723
Total revenues	 21,098		21,098		21,821		723
Expenditures Current:							
Community development	 10,000		10,000		10,766		(766)
Total expenditures	 10,000		10,000		10,766		(766)
Net change in fund balance	11,098		11,098		11,055		(43)
Fund balance, beginning	 51,657		51,657		51,657		-
Fund balance, ending	\$ 62,755	\$	62,755	\$	62,712	\$	(43)

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL FACILITIES & EQUIPMENT CAPITAL PROJECT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts				Actual	Variance with	
		Original		Final	Amount	Fii	nal Budget
Revenues							
Use of money and property	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 5,823	\$	5,823
Total revenues		-		-	 5,823		5,823
Expenditures							
Capital outlay		225,000		425,000	 565,103		(140,103)
Total expenditures		225,000		425,000	565,103		(140,103)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(225,000)		(425,000)	 (559,280)		(134,280)
Other financing sources							
Transfers in		-		-	 546,000		546,000
Total other financing sources		-		-	546,000		546,000
Net change in fund balance		(225,000)		(425,000)	 (13,280)		411,720
Fund balance, beginning, as restated		1,501,996		1,501,996	 1,501,996		-
Fund balance, ending	\$	1,276,996	\$	1,076,996	\$ 1,488,716	\$	411,720

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL 2000 TAX ALLOCATION BONDS CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual	Variance with		
	(	Original		Final		Amount		Final Budget	
Revenues									
Use of money and property	\$	7,000	\$	7,000	\$	100	\$	(6,900)	
Total revenues		7,000		7,000		100		(6,900)	
Expenditures									
Capital outlay		800,000		800,000		-		800,000	
Total expenditures		800,000		800,000		-		800,000	
Net change in fund balance		(793,000)		(793,000)		100		793,100	
Fund balance, beginning		904,138		904,138		904,138			
Fund balance, ending	\$	111,138	\$	111,138	\$	904,238	\$	793,100	

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL STREETS IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM CAPITAL PROJECT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual	Variance with	
		Original	Final		Amounts		Final Budget	
Revenues								
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Total revenues		-		-		-		-
Expenditures								
Capital outlay		1,100,000		1,100,000		554,781		545,219
Total expenditures		1,100,000		1,100,000		554,781		545,219
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(1,100,000)		(1,100,000)		(554,781)		545,219
Other financing sources								
Transfers in		1,100,000		1,100,000		1,100,000		-
Total other financing sources		1,100,000		1,100,000		1,100,000		-
Net change in fund balance		-		-		545,219		545,219
Fund balance, beginning, as restated		1,601,309		1,601,309		1,601,309		-
Fund balance, ending	\$	1,601,309	\$	1,601,309	\$	2,146,528	\$	545,219

This page intentionally left blank

# STATISTICAL SECTION

This page intentionally left blank

### STATISTICAL SECTION

The statistical section of the City of South Pasadena's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information say about the City's overall financial health.

#### **Contents**

#### **Financial Trends**

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

#### **Revenue Capacity**

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the City's ability to generate its property and sales taxes.

#### **Debt Capacity**

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of understanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

#### Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within the City's financial activities take place and to help make comparison over time and with other governments.

#### **Operating Information**

These schedules contain information about the City's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the City's financial information relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.

**Source**: Unless otherwise noted, the information in the schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

Financial Trends

This page intentionally left blank

# NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

			Fiscal Year		
	2010	 2011	 2012	 2013	2014
Governmental Activities:			 		
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 57,541,752	\$ 60,741,741	\$ 62,226,846	\$ 61,969,593	\$ 62,764,726
Restricted	4,069,279	4,438,340	2,722,783	2,328,184	3,184,841
Unrestricted	6,937,924	6,562,890	5,143,951	7,314,507	8,720,752
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 68,548,955	\$ 71,742,971	\$ 70,093,580	\$ 71,612,284	\$ 74,670,319
Business-type activities:					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 1,276,626	\$ 4,550,204	\$ 4,808,013	\$ 7,448,158	\$ 10,855,319
Restricted	36,135,935	32,451,626	29,973,386	-	-
Unrestricted	(28,488,758)	(26,740,899)	(22,097,380)	334,901	6,943,845
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 8,923,803	\$ 10,260,931	\$ 12,684,019	\$ 7,783,059	\$ 17,799,164
Primary Government:					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 58,818,378	\$ 65,291,945	\$ 67,034,859	\$ 69,417,751	\$ 73,620,045
Restricted	40,205,214	36,889,966	32,696,169	2,328,184	3,184,841
Unrestricted	(21,550,834)	(20,178,009)	(16,953,429)	7,649,408	15,664,597
Total primary government net position	\$ 77,472,758	\$ 82,003,902	\$ 82,777,599	\$ 79,395,343	\$ 92,469,483

# (Continued)

		Fiscal Year		
2015	 2016	 2017	 2018	 2019
\$ 63,611,268 4,179,297 (14,506,500)	\$ 57,152,793 4,894,822 (12,620,721)	\$ 59,774,372 6,328,022 (15,130,068)	\$ 62,806,755 6,336,084 (24,210,258)	\$ 60,351,839 8,115,962 (22,350,735)
\$ 53,284,065	\$ 49,426,894	\$ 50,972,326	\$ 44,932,581	\$ 46,117,066
\$ 11,727,300 2,982,160 4,690,608	\$ 19,878,644 2,880,237 4,159,721	\$ 22,302,873 2,998,161 4,178,403	\$ 25,526,014 1,154,374 6,037,490	\$ 23,661,335 1,156,612 10,548,528
\$ 19,400,068	\$ 26,918,602	\$ 29,479,437	\$ 32,717,878	\$ 35,366,475
\$ 75,338,568 7,161,457 (9,815,892)	\$ 77,031,437 7,775,059 (8,461,000)	\$ 82,077,245 9,326,183 (10,951,665)	\$ 88,332,769 7,490,458 (18,172,768)	\$ 84,013,174 9,272,574 (11,802,207)
\$ 72,684,133	\$ 76,345,496	\$ 80,451,763	\$ 77,650,459	\$ 81,483,541

## CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

		Fisca	al Year	
	2010	2011	2012	2013
Expenses:				
Governmental Activities:				
General government	\$ 5,816,414	\$ 5,935,671	\$ 7,449,632	\$ 4,152,804
Public safety	11,589,395	10,939,183	11,596,854	11,217,279
Community development	920,339	911,718	948,777	902,945
Community services	3,033,614	3,175,891	3,052,840	3,101,910
Public works	5,484,601	4,863,335	5,306,742	4,758,677
Interest on long-term debt	131,539	125,032	47,185	8,288
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	26,975,902	25,950,830	28,402,030	24,141,903
Business-type activities:				
Water Utility	7,144,268	5,105,517	4,598,754	6,135,803
Sewer Utility	861,207	715,395	1,104,098	838,800
Arroyo Seco Golf Course	-	-	985,611	888,930
Total Business-type Activities Expenses	8,005,475	5,820,912	6,688,463	7,863,533
Total Primary Government Expenses	34,981,377	31,771,742	35,090,493	32,005,436
Program Revenues:				
Governmental Activities:				
Charges for Services:				
General government	\$ 1,319,410	\$ 1,472,338	\$ 1,489,846	\$ 1,005,393
Public safety	840,207	860,609	899,536	868,577
Community development	446,050	530,395	548,532	576,063
Community services	672,765	805,608	772,898	805,635
Public works	1,096,487	1,121,657	1,102,936	1,103,664
Total Charges for Services	4,374,919	4,790,607	4,813,748	4,359,332
Operating Contribution and Grants:				
General government	71,059	51,115	43,838	32,872
Public safety	478,495	437,544	779,399	775,610
Community development	457,670	505,547	618,435	610,355
Community services	29,449	46,012	30,937	31,854
Public works	209,762	2,600,475	184,948	255,526
Total Operating Contributions and Grants	1,246,435	3,640,693	1,657,557	1,706,217
Capital Contributions and Grants:				
Community development	-	-	-	-
Community services	-	-	-	-
Public works	820,447	1,305,657	1,415,306	93,947
Total Capital Contributions and Grants	820,447	1,305,657	1,415,306	93,947
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenue	6,441,801	9,736,957	7,886,611	6,159,496
Business-type Activities:				
Charges for services:				
Water Utility	4,270,244	4,943,874	6,903,816	8,022,705
Sewer Utility	657,045	759,680	955,204	1,127,843
Arroyo Seco Golf Course	-	-	1,195,978	1,082,826
Operating Contribution and Grants:				
Water Utility				
Total Business-type Activities Program Revenue	4,927,289	5,703,554	9,054,998	10,233,374
Total primary government program revenues	11,369,090	15,440,511	16,941,609	16,392,870
Net (expenses) revenues:				
Governmental activities	(20,534,101)	(16,213,873)	(20,515,419)	(17,982,407)
Business-type activities	(3,078,186)	(117,358)	2,366,535	2,369,841
Total primary government net (expenses)/revenues	\$ (23,612,287)	\$ (16,331,231)	\$ (18,148,884)	\$ (15,612,566)

# (Continued)

		Fisca	l Year		
2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
		2010			
\$ 5,039,084	\$ 4,354,683	\$ 3,847,476	\$ 4,324,484	\$ 5,560,722	\$ 6,014,464
11,012,625	12,363,366	13,218,063	15,596,078	14,624,313	14,257,292
					, ,
918,665	1,116,084	953,471	1,289,447	1,037,091	1,361,590
3,132,433	3,336,626	3,153,329	3,566,285	3,819,654	3,988,465
4,990,390	5,578,457	5,578,850	5,529,025	5,197,516	6,045,511
4,465	4,335	-			
25,097,662	26,753,551	26,751,189	30,305,319	30,239,296	31,667,322
5,804,509	4,772,647	5,886,309	7,028,827	7,060,363	8,116,822
998,603	968,996	962,623	1,012,338	686,672	1,280,398
930,255	923,660	954,898	1,032,358	1,096,327	1,158,137
7,733,367	6,665,303	7,803,830	9,073,523	8,843,362	10,555,357
32,831,029	33,418,854	34,555,019	39,378,842	39,082,658	42,222,679
\$ 1,173,376	\$ 1,372,549	\$ 1,126,241	\$ 1,026,398	\$ 922,603	\$ 806,758
983,181	1,189,968	1,154,628	1,166,125	1,554,948	1,584,152
761,632	963,987	804,309	871,571	3,160	7,647
864,271					761,334
,	1,064,439	853,949	926,897	841,445	
1,159,519	1,226,729	1,172,172	1,189,342	1,449,325	1,313,942
4,941,979	5,817,672	5,111,299	5,180,333	4,771,481	4,473,833
=		101005		10.001	
53,999	21,413	164,625	312,062	48,304	755,965
328,654	185,067	116,029	175,919	173,401	136,627
504,312	476,886	627,488	810,749	22,189	34,967
24,876	38,348	20,527	84,519	25,248	965,060
348,797	212,472	399,656	87,864	702,884	2,338,935
1,260,638	934,186	1,328,325	1,471,113	972,026	4,231,554
-	-	-	901,436	-	-
-	-	-	-	143,601	115,076
1,300,814	1,220,504	734,935	1,516,800	1,182,367	957,234
1,300,814	1,220,504	734,935	2,418,236	1,325,968	1,072,310
7,503,431	7,972,362	7,174,559	9,069,682	7,069,475	9,777,697
9,210,982	8,694,880	8,094,350	8,804,890	9,830,246	10,152,661
1,256,682	1,353,233	1,543,925	1,583,362	1,614,351	1,472,122
1,197,047	1,133,562	1,129,927	1,101,970	1,166,516	1,255,815
.,,	.,,	.,0,0_1	.,	.,,	.,,
-	-	-	-	200,167	-
11,664,711	11,181,675	10,768,202	11,490,222	12,811,280	12,880,598
19,168,142	19,154,037	17,942,761	20,559,904	19,880,755	22,658,295
,100,172	,,	,012,101	20,000,004	,	,000,200
(17 EQ4 024)	(10 704 400)	(10 576 620)	(01 005 607)	(22 160 024)	(21 000 605)
(17,594,231)	(18,781,189)	(19,576,630)	(21,235,637)	(23,169,821)	(21,889,625)
3,931,344	4,516,372	2,964,372	2,416,699	3,967,918	2,325,241
♠ (40,000,00 <sup>-</sup> )	• (11 cot ot=)	A (40.010.075)	A (10 010 00-)	A (40 004 005)	• (10 =0 1 0C ···
\$ (13,662,887)	\$ (14,264,817)	\$ (16,612,258)	\$ (18,818,938)	\$ (19,201,903)	\$ (19,564,384)

# CHANGES IN NET POSITION (Continued) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

		Fisca	l Year	
	2010	2011	2012	2013
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position:				
Governmental activities:				
Taxes:				
Property taxes	\$ 10,426,753	\$ 10,667,838	\$ 10,557,651	\$ 11,074,604
Sales taxes	2,797,621	2,714,102	2,956,964	2,481,560
Franchise taxes	777,843	803,969	814,766	810,642
Business License taxes	323,307	347,665	347,096	363,437
Other taxes	4,109,696	4,143,183	4,133,582	4,092,063
Motor Vehicle in Lieu - Unrestricted	76,294	150,390	13,267	10,980
Use of money and property	517,079	415,280	381,165	446,167
Other	207,937	165,462	104,245	221,658
Transfers	(1,829,787)	-	-	-
Extraordinary gain/loss on dissolution of RDA			(442,708)	
Total governmental activities	17,406,743	19,407,889	18,866,028	19,501,111
Business-type activities:				
Use of money and property	681,532	77,378	45,652	38,006
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-
Other	12,379	13,103	10,901	5,972
Transfers	1,829,787	-	-	-
Total business-type activities	2,523,698	90,481	56,553	43,978
Total primary government	19,930,441	19,498,370	18,922,581	19,545,089
Change in Net Position:				
Governmental activities	(3,127,358)	3,194,016	(1,649,391)	1,518,704
Business-type activities	(554,488)	(26,877)	2,423,088	2,413,819
Total primary government	\$ (3,681,846)	\$ 3,167,139	\$ 773,697	\$ 3,932,523

# (Continued)

				Fisca	l Ye	ar				
	2014	2015		2016		2017		2018		2019
\$	11,462,585 3,447,593	\$ 11,779,438 3,535,113		12,632,984 3,786,423	\$	13,236,932 3,627,051	\$	14,135,844 3,965,016	\$	15,368,198 2,563,117
	3,447,593 804,995	878,332		3,760,423 875,304		818,724		784,736		1,002,408
	373,935	385.69		397.762		412.594		389,726		399,653
	4,004,746	3,965,217		3,940,883		4,057,552		3,775,843		3,228,320
	-	16,845		10,561		11,660		13,682		392,595
	498,208	542,196		739.761		553,165		650.749		1,308,952
	32,823	70,188		745,315		38,877		130,310		11,815
	-	87,000		13,919		24,514		-		80,000
	-	-		-		-		-		-
	20,624,885	21,260,020	)	23,142,912		22,781,069	_	23,845,906		24,355,058
	28,372	32,205	5	137,524		(2,802)		92,551		392,230
	-	-		-		-		-		-
	10,143	184,786		230,156		171,452		216,693		94,367
	-	(87,000		(13,919)		(24,514)		-		(80,000)
	38,515	129,99		353,761		144,136		309,244	-	406,597
_	20,663,400	21,390,01 <sup>2</sup>		23,496,673		22,925,205		24,155,150		24,761,655
	3,030,654	2,478,83		3,566,282		1,545,432		676,085		2,465,433
	3,969,859	4,646,363		3,318,133		2,560,835		4,277,162		2,731,838
\$	7,000,513	\$ 7,125,194			\$	4,106,267	\$	4,953,247	\$	5,197,271

### FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

		Fisc	al Year	
	2010	2011	2012	2013
General Fund:				
Pre-GASB 54:				
Reserved	\$ 947,	588 \$ -	\$-	\$-
Unreserved	10,251,	- 769	-	-
GASB 54:				
Nonspendable		- 426,430	433,637	1,199,091
Committed		- 2,564,280	2,563,481	2,141,481
Assigned			-	-
Unassigned		- 10,541,790	11,757,341	11,727,832
Total General Fund	11,199,5	357 13,532,500	14,754,459	15,068,404
All Other Governmental Funds:				
Pre-GASB 54:				
Reserved	\$ 420,3	227 \$ -	\$-	\$-
Unreserved, reported in:				
Special revenue funds	1,112,4	- 146	-	-
Capital projects funds	1,977,	- 128	-	-
GASB 54:				
Nonspendable			-	-
Restricted		- 4,438,340	2,722,783	2,328,184
Committed			-	579,447
Assigned			-	-
Unassigned		- (2,355,949)		
Total all other governmental funds	3,509,8	301 2,082,391	(1,292,747)	1,857,696
Total governmental funds	\$ 14,709,	158 \$ 15,614,891	\$ 13,461,712	\$ 16,926,100

# (Continued)

			Fisca	l Yea	ar		
 2014		2015	 2016		2017	 2018	 2019
\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ - -	\$ -
 1,207,961 2,650,000 - 12,788,280 16,646,241	_	1,022,841 3,500,000 - <u>13,124,419</u> 17,647,260	 1,035,224 5,635,000 - 12,724,205 19,394,429		1,044,519 5,899,130 - 9,681,531 16,625,180	 904,445 5,803,778 - 11,182,760 17,890,983	 455,083 5,924,917 20,739 12,017,146 18,417,885
\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
- 3,184,841 611,447 - (791,469)		- 4,179,297 461,472 - (572,623)	4,894,822 696,953 - (771,286)		- 6,328,022 2,482,803 - (791,741)	- 6,336,084 796,721 - (874,184)	4,106 8,115,962 3,635,244 - (1,178,791)
 3,004,819		4,068,146	 4,820,489		8,019,084	 6,258,621	 10,576,521
\$ 19,651,060	\$	21,715,406	\$ 24,214,918	\$	24,644,264	\$ 24,149,604	\$ 28,994,406

### CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

		Fisca	l Yea	ar		
	2010	 2011		2012		2013
Revenues:		 				
Taxes	\$ 18,037,383	\$ 18,317,689	\$	18,393,272	\$	19,166,312
Assessment	883,681	885,387		888,619		905,459
Licenses and permits	934,708	1,000,988		944,680		1,012,753
Intergovernmental	1,942,882	2,572,819		2,909,377		4,290,262
Charges for services	1,982,863	2,144,589		2,222,151		2,270,737
Use of money and property	517,079	415,280		381,165		446,167
Fines and forfeitures	629,280	552,093		533,035		523,629
Contributions	10,050	15,637		11,285		17,970
Miscellaneous	 508,025	 733,700		701,995	_	313,612
Total Revenues	 25,445,951	 26,638,182		26,985,579		28,946,901
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government	4,220,337	4,099,345		4,207,231		5,651,008
Public safety	11,147,779	10,608,012		11,217,259		10,968,211
Community development	919,697	913,862		955,648		898,709
Community services	2,887,103	3,024,889		2,915,639		2,953,811
Public works	3,297,647	2,806,005		3,024,746		2,921,136
Capital outlay	5,540,889	5,978,832		2,467,712		2,028,330
Debt service:						
Principal retirement	123,891	131,037		48,289		50,650
Interest and fiscal charges	 134,275	 127,929		67,064		10,658
Total expenditures	 28,271,618	 27,689,911		24,903,588		25,482,513
Excess/(deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	 (2,825,667)	 (1,051,729)		2,081,991		3,464,388
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in	24,136	146,179		46,729		1,176,376
Transfers out	 (376,173)	 (146,179)		(46,729)		(1,176,376)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (352,037)	 -		-		-
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ (3,177,704)	\$ (1,051,729)	\$	2,081,991	\$	3,464,388
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	1.1%	1.2%		0.5%		0.3%

# (Continued)

2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
19,697,011	\$ 20,205,691	\$ 21,235,594	\$ 21,740,257	\$ 22,827,899	\$ 24,330,245
896,465	895,798	876,972	892,361	890,227	893,205
985,186	1,047,540	1,069,023	1,093,865	1,001,349	968,082
2,303,094	1,989,281	1,104,398	3,193,603	1,374,597	2,222,496
2,682,074	3,880,357	3,439,167	3,529,076	3,711,816	3,567,809
498,208	542,194	739,761	553,165	650,749	1,308,948
412,748	347,585	444,556	397,738	388,061	339,636
12,455	12,365	9,691	4,310	16,135	-
594,210	480,206	1,028,401	576,915	54,548	422,334
28,081,451	29,401,017	29,947,563	31,981,290	30,915,381	34,052,755
4,297,373	3,988,989	3,930,354	4,208,084	4,643,875	5,195,028
10,636,711	11,651,620	12,099,774	13,454,529	13,223,377	13,253,827
911,871	1,121,098	1,003,041	1,157,431	1,037,091	1,127,178
2,970,037	3,209,105	3,175,023	3,394,984	3,570,903	3,528,188
2,970,322	3,107,053	3,638,844	3,602,684	3,294,839	3,657,890
3,536,250	3,739,660	3,507,229	5,687,034	5,639,956	2,255,886
53,130	55,725	58,450	-	-	-
8,178	5,583	2,858		-	
25,383,872	26,878,833	27,415,573	31,504,746	31,410,041	29,017,997
2,697,579	2,522,184	2,531,990	476,544	(494,660)	5,034,758
421,511	408,497	648,622	5,424,382	_	1,671,000
(421,511)	(625,137)	(681,100)	(5,481,580)	-	(1,860,956)
-	(216,640)	(32,478)	(57,198)	-	(189,956)
2,697,579	\$ 2,305,544	\$ 2,499,512	\$ 419,346	\$ (494,660)	\$ 4,844,802
				0.0%	

This page intentionally left blank

#### ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (in thousands of dollars)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,		Residential Property	 ommercial Property	Othe	er Property_	Less: x-Exempt Property	 otal Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	Estimated Actual Taxable Value <sup>a</sup>	Taxable Assessed Value as a Percentage of Actual Taxable Value
2010	\$	2,899,484	\$ 224,824	\$	142,474	\$ (30,931)	\$ 3,235,851	0.252%	N/A	N/A
2011		2,972,102	228,851		125,651	(32,678)	3,293,926	0.251%	N/A	N/A
2012		3,049,558	236,648		143,771	(32,852)	3,397,125	0.252%	N/A	N/A
2013		3,175,548	246,971		137,830	(33,508)	3,526,841	0.252%	N/A	N/A
2014		3,329,419	260,726		135,712	(34,820)	3,691,037	0.264%	N/A	N/A
2015		3,501,716	267,657		124,487	(32,836)	3,861,024	0.264%	N/A	N/A
2016		3,692,063	269,163		121,018	(9,974)	4,072,270	0.264%	N/A	N/A
2017		3,879,157	277,223		130,593	(9,974)	4,276,999	0.264%	N/A	N/A
2018		4,127,779	302,031		131,435	(9,974)	4,551,271	0.264%	N/A	N/A
2019		4,421,323	318,282		117,481	(9,974)	4,847,112	0.264%	N/A	N/A

Source: County of Los Angeles Auditor-Controller and HDL Coren & Cone

Note: <sup>a</sup> Estimated Actual Taxable is not available

In 1978 the voters of the State of California passed Proposition 13 which limited taxes to a total maximum rate of 1%, based upon the assessed value of the property being taxed. Each year, the assessed value of the property may be increased by an "inflation factor" (limited to a maximum of 2%)

### DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (rate per \$1,000 of assessed value)

	City Dire	ect Rates	Overlapping Ra	tes			
Fiscal Year	General Basic Tax Levy	Total Direct Rate	Los Angeles County (1)	Educational Revenue Augmentation Fund	Los Angeles County Fire FfW	Los Angeles County Flood Control	Community College
2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019	0.2400 0.2400 0.2400 0.2400 0.2400 0.2400 0.2400 0.2400 0.2400 0.2400	0.2400 0.2400 0.2400 0.2400 0.2400 0.2400 0.2400 0.2400 0.2637 0.2634	0.2857 0.2857 0.2857 0.2857 0.2857 0.2857 0.2857 0.2857 0.2856 0.2857 0.2857	0.2551 0.2551 0.2551 0.2551 0.2551 0.2551 0.2551 0.2551 0.2551 0.2551	0.0060 0.0060 0.0060 0.0060 0.0060 0.0060 0.0060 0.0060 0.0060 0.0060	0.0096 0.0096 0.0096 0.0096 0.0096 0.0096 0.0096 0.0096 0.0096 0.0096	0.0320 0.0320 0.0320 0.0320 0.0320 0.0320 0.0320 0.0320 0.0320 0.0320 0.0320
			Voter Approved				
Fiscal Year	School District	Upper San Gabriel Valley Municipal Water District	South Pasadena Unified School District	Upper San Gabriel Valley Municipal Water District	Detention Facilities	Pasadena Community College District	Total
2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019	0.1712 0.1712 0.1712 0.1712 0.1712 0.1712 0.1712 0.1712 0.1712 0.1712 0.1712	0.0005 0.0005 0.0005 0.0005 0.0005 0.0005 0.0005 0.0005 0.0005 0.0005	0.0884 0.1105 0.1058 0.1011 0.1014 0.1006 0.0981 0.0993 0.1514 0.1438	0.00430 0.00370 0.00350 0.00350 0.00350 0.00350 0.00350 0.00350 0.00350 0.00350		0.0230 0.0199 0.0196 0.0206 0.0190 0.0103 0.0087 0.0089 0.0082 0.0077	1.1158 1.1342 1.1292 1.1253 1.1240 1.1145 1.1104 1.1117 1.1631 1.1551

Source: County of Los Angeles Auditor-Controller and HDL Coren and Cone

(1) - The following were included in Los Angeles County; Childrens Institutional Tuition Fund, County Sanitation District No. 16, County School Services, Development Center, and LA County General

### PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2019		2009/2010			
Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Value (1)	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	Combined Taxable Value (1)	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	
625 Fair Oaks Investors LLC	\$ 21,125,321	1	0.43%				
WF Property Holdings LP	14,085,504	2	0.29%				
NNC Apartment Ventures LLC	13,687,067	3	0.28%				
Jerry B and Roberta L Furrey Trust	12,630,615	4	0.26%				
Jagatara Properties LLC	12,345,964	5	0.25%				
LDW Pico Properties LLC	12,101,932	6	0.25%				
Casa De General LLC	11,965,216	7	0.25%				
99 Pasadena Avenue LLC	11,819,492	8	0.24%				
829 Croft At Melrose Place LLC	11,220,000	9	0.23%				
Tredco LLC	10,790,450	10	0.22%				
H and O Fair Oaks Partners				16,296,896	1	0.50%	
MT Olive Sepulveda LP				10,559,362	2	0.33%	
635 Prospect Sp LLC				9,689,120	3	0.30%	
Time Warner Entertainment Advance Newh				9,580,385	4	0.30%	
Golden Oaks Investment LLC				9,151,221	5	0.28%	
NNC Terraces At South Pasadena				9,029,203	6	0.28%	
California Empire LP				8,765,302	7	0.27%	
Kan Investments Limited				8,757,009	8	0.27%	
Richard Wagner Trust				8,134,844	9	0.25%	
CCCC Growth Fund LLc				8,081,861	10	0.25%	
Total	\$ 131,771,561		2.70%	\$ 98,045,203		3.03%	

Source: (1) County of Los Angeles Assessor and HDL Coren and Cone

Fiscal Year Ended	axes Levied r the Fiscal		ected within the Fiscal Year of the Levy Percentage			lections in bsequent		Total Collections to Date				
June 30,		Year		Amount		of Levy		Years	Amount		Percentage	
2010	\$	7,261,945	\$	7,237,513		99.7%	\$	(12,883)	\$	7,224,631	g	9.5%
2011		7,422,229		7,375,394		99.4%		(6,476)		7,368,918	g	9.3%
2012		7,669,207		7,570,264		98.7%		(17,918)		7,552,346	g	8.5%
2013		8,244,644		8,211,281		99.6%		(12,718)		8,198,563	g	9.4%
2014		8,569,818		8,389,757		97.9%		(16,427)		8,373,331	g	7.7%
2015		9,063,962		8,791,225		97.0%		(16,959)		8,774,266	g	6.8%
2016		9,607,577		9,281,790		96.6%		(19,676)		9,262,115	g	6.4%
2017		10,163,709		9,757,452		96.0%		(14,953)		9,742,499	g	5.9%
2018		10,718,463		10,421,475		97.2%		(18,677)		10,402,798	g	7.1%
2019		11,427,260		10,832,812		94.8%		(56,597)		10,776,215	g	4.3%

# PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

**Source:** Los Angeles County Tax Collector and City of South Pasadena, Finance Division HDL Property Tax Revenue

Debt Capacity

This page intentionally left blank

# RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		Gove	ntal Activities	s (1)		Business-	ype /	Activities	_				
Fiscal Year						Loans	Water Revenue Bonds State Loan			Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income	Per Capita ª	
2010	\$	1,920,000	\$	312,281	\$	-	\$ 51,150,000	\$	-	\$ 53,382,281	5.02%	2,074	
2011		1,835,000		266,243		-	50,915,000		-	53,016,243	4.60%	2,048	
2012		-		217,955		-	50,670,000		-	50,887,955	4.17%	1,978	
2013		-		167,305		-	49,887,458		-	50,054,763	3.92%	1,936	
2014		-		114,175		-	48,854,762		527,283	49,496,220	4.11%	1,903	
2015		-		58,450		-	47,838,993		2,475,913	50,373,356	4.16%	1,936	
2016		-		-		-	46,753,226		4,147,892	50,901,118	4.21%	1,956	
2017		-		-		-	48,533,332		6,373,623	54,906,955	4.58%	2,112	
2018		-		-		-	46,957,581		7,415,790	54,373,371	4.26%	2,088	
2019		-		-		-	45,526,831		9,866,459	55,393,290	3.95%	2,111	

Note:

Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements

<sup>a</sup> See demographic and Economic Statistics schedule for personal income and population data. These ratios are calculated using personal income and population for the prior calendar year

# DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT AS OF JUNE 30, 2019

Fiscal Year 2018-19 Assessed Valuation : \$4,345,252,055 after deducting \$511,832,020 incremental value

	Debt Outstanding	% Applicable (1)	City's Share of Debt 6/30/2019		
Direct Debt					
Total Direct Debt			\$ -		
Overlapping Debt					
Metropolitan Water District	23,317,224	0.357%	83,242		
Pasadena Area Community College District 2002, 2006 Series D	1,840,000	5.454%	100,359		
Pasadena Area Community College District 2002, 2009 Series E	25,295,000	5.454%	1,379,669		
Pasadena Area Community College District 2014 Ref Series A	13,900,000	5.454%	758,150		
Pasadena Area Community College District 2016 Ref Series A	32,395,000	5.454%	1,766,926		
South Pasadena Unified 96 Series A	825,000	100.000%	825,000		
South Pasadena Unified DS 95 Series B	912,074	100.000%	912,074		
South Pasadena Unified SD DS 95 S-C	3,587,591	100.000%	3,587,591		
South Pasadena Unified SD DS 95 Series D	1,423,945	100.000%	1,423,945		
South Pasadena USD DS 2002 Series B	1,287,583	100.000%	1,287,583		
South Pasadena USD DS 2010 Ref Bond	15,880,000	100.000%	15,880,000		
South Pasadena USD DS 2016 Series A	22,590,000	100.000%	22,590,000		
South Pasadena USD DS 2018 REF 2002 Series B	9,480,617	100.000%	9,480,617		
Total Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt			60,075,157		
Combined Total Debt			\$ 60,075,157		

Source: (1) HDL Coren & Core, Los Angeles County Assessor

Note:

(1) Percentage of overlapping agency's assessed valuation located within boundaries of the city

(2) Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, enterprise revenue, mortgage revenue and tax allocation bonds.

Debt to Assessed Valuation Ratios:

Direct Debt	0.00%
Overlapping Debt	1.38%
Total Debt	1.38%

# LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (in thousands of dollars)

Fiscal Year	Debt Limit			et Debt e to Limit	Le	egal Debt Limit	Total Net Debt Applicable to the Limit as a Percentage of Debt Limit
2010	\$	485,378	\$		\$	485,378	0.00%
2010	φ	,	φ	-	φ	,	
		494,089		-		494,089	0.00%
2012		509,569		-		509,569	0.00%
2013		471,822		-		471,822	0.00%
2014		494,193		-		494,193	0.00%
2015		516,507		-		516,507	0.00%
2016		544,458		-		544,458	0.00%
2017		641,550		-		641,550	0.00%
2018		682,691		-		682,691	0.00%
2019		727,067		-		727,067	0.00%
Legal Debt M	argin Calcul	ation for F	iscal Year 2	018			

# PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (in thousands of dollars)

		Water Revenue Bonds											
								Debt S					
		y Service harges		Operating penses	0		Principal		lr	iterest	Coverage		
2010	\$	4,283	\$	4,490	\$	(207)	\$	225	\$	2,158	1.80		
2011		4,956		2,581		2,375		235		2,439	1.85		
2012		6,911		4,086		2,825		245		2,423	2.59		
2013		8,029		5,563		2,466		255		2,046	3.49		
2014		9,221		5,674		3,547		95		2,271	3.90		
2015		8,695		4,430		4,265		1,065		2,240	2.63		
2016		8,094		4,562		3,532		1,095		2,211	2.45		
2017		8,805		6,218		2,587		340		1,142	5.94		
2018		9,627		6,371		3,256		1,195		1,802	1.09		
2019		9,176		6,254		2,922		1,195		1,779	3.09		
Notes:		0	0	ity's outstand not include	•						cial statements.		
	The Water Revenue bonds were issued in 2013 and 2016.												

Source: City of South Pasadena Finance Department

Demographic and Economic Information

# DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

Calendar Year	Population	Personal Income (In Thousands)		Р	er Capita ersonal ncome	Unemployment Rate		
2009	25,737	\$	1,063,171	\$	41,309	5.8%		
2010	25,881		1,152,274		44,522	6.3%		
2011	25,725		1,220,780		47,455	6.1%		
2012	25,857	1,277,956			49,424	4.6%		
2013	26,011		1,203,347		46,263	3.7%		
2014	26,022		1,211,194		46,545	5.9%		
2015	26,028		1,208,853		46,444	4.7%		
2016	25,992		1,199,887		46,163	3.7%		
2017	26,047		1,276,801		49,019	3.2%		
2018	26,245		1,402,630		53,443	3.9%		

## PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2018-201	9	2009-2010*			
Employer	Number of Employees Rank		Percent of Total Employment	Number of Employees	Rank	Percent of Total Employment	
The Vons Companies Inc. Pavillions #2228	99	1	3.03%	-		0.00%	
Trader Joe No. 18	92	2	2.82%	-		0.00%	
Ralph's Grocery Co. #21	88	3	2.69%	-			
Bristol Farms	80	4	2.45%	-		0.00%	
W N C Insurance Services, Inc.	67	5	2.05%	-		0.00%	
The Vons Companies Inc. #3075	60	6	1.84%	-			
White Moon Dreams, Inc	53	7	1.62%	-			
Whittier Trust Company	48	8	1.47%	-		0.00%	
McDonald's South Pasadena	46	9	1.41%	-			
Stargate Films, Inc.	46	10	1.41%			0.00%	
Total	679		20.79%			0.00%	
Total City Employment (3)	3,268						

\* Information not available

Source: South Pasadena Finance Department/Business License

	Fiscal Year									
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Function/Program:										
General government										
Legislative	8	8	8	8	8	5	5	5	5	5
City Manager	8	10	10	10	10	12	12	11	12	12
Finance	8	8	8	8	9	9	9	9	9	5
Public safety	81	81	81	81	79	81	80	80	77	75
Community Development	6	7	6	6	6	6	6	6	7	7
Public Works	30	27	28	28	20	21	21	20	21	22
Community Services	22	18	19	20	21	19	20	20	26	28
Water Utility	9	12	11	11	11	10	10	10	10	10
Total	173	171	171	172	163	163	163	161	167	164

# FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Source: South Pasadena Finance Department/Adopted budget book

**Operating Information** 

This page intentionally left blank

# OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Function/Program	Fiscal Year									
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
General Government:										
Number of building permits issued	326	380	342	476	354	349	433	424	876	1,510
Number of building inspections conducted	2,113	2,158	2,376	2,380	2,568	2,087	1,860	2,041	3,240	3,775
Refuse collection										
Refuse collected (tons per day)	92	90	90	85	83	69	74	77	83	84
Recyclables collected (tons per day)	38	38	38	29	28	25	29	32	30	28
Other public works										
Street resurfacing (miles)	1	3	2	1	1	2	2	0	5	1
Potholes repaired *	520	580	1,600	1,450	1,500	1,450	1,400	259	300	356
Water										
New connections	18	10	9	6	11	7	8	5	2	6
Water main breaks	4	9	5	9	10	9	6	5	4	7
Average daily consumption										
(million gallons)	4	4	4	4	5	3	3	3	3	3
Peak daily consumption										
(million gallons)	6	6	6	6	6	5	4	4	4	5
Fire Department										
Number of emergency calls responded to	1,780	1,760	1,664	1,594	1,695	1,775	1,880	1,483	2,584	2,276
Number of fire inspections	254	229	544	296	563	521	520	540	1,163	1,800
Police Department										
Arrest statistics	2,056	1,096	1,159	1,080	1,003	855	699	830	829	779
Traffic citations	8,216	4,734	3,468	3,753	3,717	2,847	2,288	4,313	4,038	3,815
Parking citations	10,967	9,314	9,629	10,936	11,388	8,843	10,811	9,136	7,803	7,071
Community Services										
Facility rentals	58	60	60	69	89	86	95	142	80	363
Recreation classes	180	419	419	441	432	399	416	465	277	631

Note: \* Based on average sized potholes and cold patch purchased

Source: Various City Departments.

# CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year									
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Function/Program										
Other public works										
Street (miles)	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55
Traffic signals	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	39
Park and recreation										
Parks	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Acreage	89	89	89	89	89	89	89	89	89	89
Playgrounds	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Baseball/softball diamonds	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Soccer/football fields	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Community centers	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Water										
Water mains (miles)	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68
Fire hydrants	165	165	165	165	165	165	165	165	165	165
Storage capacity (million gallons)	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13
Sewage System										
Sanitary sewers (miles)	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55
Storm sewers (miles)	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2

Notes: No capital asset indicators available for the general government.

Sources: Various City departments.



ROGERS, ANDERSON, MALODY & SCOTT, LLP CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, SINCE 1948

735 E. Carnegie Dr. Suite 100 San Bernardino, CA 92408 909 889 0871 T 909 889 5361 F ramscpa.net

#### PARTNERS

Brenda L. Odle, CPA, MST Terry P. Shea, CPA Scott W. Manno, CPA, CGMA Leena Shanbhag, CPA, MST, CGMA Bradferd A. Welebir, CPA, MBA, CGMA Jenny W. Liu, CPA, MST

#### MANAGERS / STAFF

Charles De Simoni, CPA Gardenya Duran, CPA Brianna Schultz, CPA Jingjie Wu, CPA Evelyn Morentin-Barcena, CPA Veronica Hernandez, CPA Tara R. Thorp, CPA, MSA Laura Arvizu, CPA Louis Fernandez, CPA Abigail Hernandez Conde, CPA, MSA Zoe Xinlu Zhang, CPA, MSA

#### MEMBERS

American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

> PCPS The AICPA Alliance for CPA Firms

Governmental Audit Quality Center

Employee Benefit Plan Audit Quality Center

California Society of Certified Public Accountants



### REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable City Council City of South Pasadena

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of South Pasadena (the City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 15, 2020.

#### Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying *Schedule of Findings and Responses*, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We identified deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting, described in the accompanying *Schedule of Findings and Responses* as items 2019-001, 2019-002, 2019-003, 2019-004 and 2019-005 that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We identified deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting, described in the accompanying *Schedule of Findings and Responses* as items 2019-006 and 2019-007 that we consider to be significant deficiencies

### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. We identified noncompliance and other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*, described in the accompanying *Schedule of Findings and Responses* as items 2019-008, 2019-009 and 2019-010.

# City of South Pasadena's Response to Findings

The City's response to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying *Schedule of Findings and Responses*. The City's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rogers, Anderson, Malody & Scott, LLP.

San Bernardino, California October 15, 2020

# Schedule of Findings and Responses Year Ended June 30, 2019

# Finding 2019-001 Material Weakness – Bank Reconciliations (previously reported as Finding 2018-002)

## <u>Criteria</u>

Bank reconciliations should be prepared, reviewed and approved in a timely manner.

#### Condition and Context

During our audit, we noted that bank statements for various accounts were not reconciled to the general ledger in a timely manner.

## <u>Cause</u>

The City did not have controls in place to ensure bank reconciliations were performed in a timely manner.

# Effect

Most of the problems encountered within the area of cash can be avoided if a proper system of checks and balances is incorporated into the City's procedures.

## Recommendation

We recommend that all of the bank accounts be reconciled monthly to the general ledger and that all unusual reconciling items be promptly investigated and adjusted with adequate explanations.

<u>Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions</u> See accompanying "Corrective Action Plan".

# Finding 2019-002 Material Weakness – Accounting and Management of Capital Assets (previously reported as Finding 2018-003)

## <u>Criteria</u>

Capital asset listings should be complete and depreciation expense should be calculated on each asset individually, utilizing accounting software.

## Condition and Context

During our audit, we noted that certain capital assets were missing from the detailed listing of capital assets, journal entries to record depreciation expense were recorded to incorrect accounts and the calculation of depreciation expense was done incorrectly and manually. We also noted that several projects were open for multiple years, and those projects were continued to be carried as construction in progress when they have been completed. Some projects were carried in the construction in progress account when the project has been abandoned and there is no plan to complete the construction.

## <u>Cause</u>

The City did not have controls in place to ensure capital assets and related depreciation expense was properly recorded.

# Schedule of Findings and Responses Year Ended June 30, 2019

# Effect

The lack of procedures and controls over capital assets and related depreciation expense has led to inaccurate reporting of capital asset costs.

#### Recommendation

We recommend that the City utilize the accounting software to assist in tracking capital asset purchases and disposals and assist in calculating depreciation expense and recoding the related entries.

<u>Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions</u> See accompanying "Corrective Action Plan".

# Finding 2019-003 Material Weakness – Year-End Closing Process

# <u>Criteria</u>

An important element of internal controls over financial reporting is for the entity to have procedures in place to ensure that all relevant accounts are reconciled at year-end.

#### Condition and Context

Over the past three years, the City has experienced a high turnover at the management level in the Finance Department. As a result, many accounts were not properly reviewed and/or reconciled at year-end in preparation for the audit. These accounts include (but are not limited to) capital assets amongst all funds, water fund inventory, interest income, fund balance and cash.

## <u>Cause</u>

The City did not maintain the appropriate staffing levels to allow for the proper year-end closing process.

Effect

The City could be under/overstating amounts reported in the financial statements.

## **Recommendation**

We recommend the City maintain proper staffing levels within the Finance Department to allow for the proper review and reconciliation at year-end.

<u>Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions</u> See accompanying "Corrective Action Plan".

# Schedule of Findings and Responses Year Ended June 30, 2019

# Finding 2019-004 Material Weakness – System Segregation of Duties

#### <u>Criteria</u>

Having appropriate segregation of duties within the IT environment is important to ensure that physical security and access to programs and data are appropriately controlled to prevent modification, damage, or loss of data.

#### Condition and Context

During the audit, we noted the Management Assistant processes payroll and has access to change employee pay rates.

# <u>Cause</u>

The Finance Department has not recently performed an internal risk assessment to decipher where potential risks and segregation of duties issues lie.

#### Effect

The lack of segregation of duties related to payroll and human resource processes could result in fictitious employees, or unapproved personnel rate changes.

#### Recommendation

We recommend the Finance Department perform regular risk assessment reviews to identify where segregation of duties issues need to be addressed.

<u>Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions</u> See accompanying "Corrective Action Plan".

## Finding 2019-005 Material Weakness – Errors in OPEB Census Data

#### <u>Criteria</u>

In order for the City to record its liability for providing Other Post-employment Benefits (OPEB) to eligible participants, it must submit census data to actuaries who use this information to calculate the City's liability.

#### Condition and Context

During the audit, we noted multiple employees that were included in the census data submitted that were ineligible for OPEB benefits.

#### <u>Cause</u>

Due to the turnover of key staff, there is a lack of knowledge from the City as to who is eligible to receive such benefits and should be included in the census data.

#### <u>Effect</u>

The City's OPEB liability could be improperly calculated and misstated.

#### **Recommendation**

We recommend the Finance Department review the eligibility requirements for receiving OPEB benefits and ensure only eligible participants are included in the census data to be submitted.

5 1-180

# Schedule of Findings and Responses Year Ended June 30, 2019

<u>Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions</u> See accompanying "Corrective Action Plan".

# Finding 2019-006 Significant Deficiency – Accounting Procedures and Policies Manual

## <u>Criteria</u>

In order to ensure accuracy and consistency, the Finance Department should have an updated accounting procedures and policies manual readily available for reference.

## Condition and Context

During the audit, we noted that the City's various accounting policies and procedures were either outdated or nonexistent and not readily available for all employees to review.

## <u>Cause</u>

The Finance Department has not updated their accounting procedures and policies manual to conform to current practices and procedures.

## Effect

The lack of an updated manual contributed to in inconsistent procedures being performed within the Finance Department.

#### **Recommendation**

We recommend the City update its accounting procedures and policies manual and communicate with all City departments to ensure consistency and appropriate control procedures.

<u>Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions</u> See accompanying "Corrective Action Plan".

## Finding 2019-007 Significant Deficiency – Grants Management

# <u>Criteria</u>

Grant reimbursement requests are to be tracked and submitted in a timely and routine fashion to the respective granting agency. Reimbursement requests will occasionally cross fiscal years, in which case, a grant receivable and offsetting revenue should be recorded, if the expenditures have already been incurred, thus increasing fund balance.

## Condition and Context

During the audit, we noted multiple grant-related funds have deficit fund balance as of year-end.

## <u>Cause</u>

The lack of proper grant management delays the reimbursement request process, and thus the recording of related revenue, which in turn causes a deficit fund balance.

## Effect

Grant awards can expire if not spent and/or used within a certain timeframe.

#### **Recommendation**

We recommend the Finance Department implement policies and procedures to ensure grants and reimbursement requests are tracked and submitted in a timely manner.

# Schedule of Findings and Responses Year Ended June 30, 2019

<u>Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions</u> See accompanying "Corrective Action Plan".

# Finding 2019-008 – Noncompliance with Debt Reporting

# <u>Criteria</u>

In order to maintain compliance with bond requirements, annual filings must be made in a timely manner to Electronic Municipal Market Access (EMMA).

#### Condition and Context

During the audit, we noted reporting of continuing disclosure on the 2016 Water Revenue Refunding Bonds had not been submitted to Electronic Municipal Market Access (EMMA) agency in a timely manner.

## <u>Cause</u>

Due to the delay of financial reporting and issuance of the June 30, 2019 financial statements, the City fell out of compliance with the requirements noted above.

## Effect

The City is not in compliance with bond reporting requirements.

#### **Recommendation**

We recommend the City prioritize timely financial reporting in the future to allow for timely reporting to EMMA.

<u>Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions</u> See accompanying "Corrective Action Plan".

## Finding 2019-009 Significant Deficiency – Noncompliance with Budget Policy

## <u>Criteria</u>

The City Manager may, without Council approval, amend individual line items within any fund, and between divisions and programs, in the personnel costs, maintenance and operations, capital outlay and capital projects portions of the budget without increasing total appropriations for that fund.

## Condition and Context

During the audit, we noted budget amendments that were not approved by the City Manager.

## <u>Cause</u>

The lack of formal policies and procedures within the Finance Department caused budget amendments to be processed without proper approval.

## Effect

Budgets can be altered without proper authorization.

## **Recommendation**

We recommend the Finance Department implement policies and procedures to ensure all budget amendments receive proper authorizations.

# Schedule of Findings and Responses Year Ended June 30, 2019

<u>Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions</u> See accompanying "Corrective Action Plan".

# Finding 2019-010 – Noncompliance with Purchasing Policy

## <u>Criteria</u>

The City has policies and procedures in place for entering into contractual agreements with vendors/service providers. Depending on the amount of the good/service, certain procurement methods and documentation must be obtained to support the adherence to these policies.

## Condition and Context

During the audit, we noted various instances where the appropriate procurement method was not used prior to entering into a contractual agreement and insufficient supporting documents were maintained.

# <u>Cause</u>

The City is not following their policies and procedures when entering into agreements with vendors/service providers.

# Effect

There could be circumvention of the City's purchasing policy.

## **Recommendation**

We recommend the Finance Department review contracts in place and ensure that appropriate supporting documents are maintained. We also recommend that the City put procedures in place to ensure the purchasing policy is followed and the proper procurement method is used prior to entering into agreements.

<u>Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions</u> See accompanying "Corrective Action Plan".



CITY OF SOUTH PASADENA 1414 MISSION STREET, SOUTH PASADENA, CA 91030 TEL: (626) 403-7210 • FAX: (626) 403-7211 WWW.SOUTHPASADENACA.GOV

# Corrective Action Plan

# Finding 2019-001 Material Weakness – Bank Reconciliations

<u>Corrective Action</u>: Management is in agreement with the recommendation and has been working diligently to improve the reconciliation process, by creating a template that automates parts of the reconciliation process by matching GL revenue and expense postings to bank statement deposits and checks paid postings and only identifying reconciling items to investigate further. This process had made the bank reconciliation process much more efficient and has allowed for staff to move through the backlog of bank reconciliations a lot quicker.

<u>Proposed Completion Date:</u> Management anticipates to have the bank reconciliations completed through June 2020 in December 2020 and caught up to date by April 2021.

## Finding 2019-002 Material Weakness – Accounting and Management of Capital Assets

<u>Corrective Action:</u> Management agrees with the recommendation and will be exploring the capability of the current accounting software to manage the capital assets and assist in tracking purchases, disposals and assist in calculating depreciation expense.

<u>Proposed Completion Date:</u> Management will continue utilizing the current up-to-date Capital Assets worksheet to track purchases, disposals and depreciation expense until such time that resources would be available to be delegated to the transition of the information from the current worksheet to the accounting software.

## Finding 2019-003 Material Weakness – Year-End Closing Process

<u>Corrective Action:</u> Management agrees that there were issues regarding management staff turnover, and will be looking to implement procedures for the year end process to ensure all relevant accounts are reconciled at year end. Management will also review the current staffing levels to determine appropriate staffing levels are maintained.

<u>Proposed Completion Date:</u> Management will be sure to designate resources to create year end procedures to ensure all relevant accounts are reconciled prior to the 2020/2021 audit.

## Finding 2019-004 Material Weakness – System Segregation of Duties

<u>Corrective Action:</u> While segregation of duties is most appropriate and the best way to manage risk, it is not always feasible in a small organizations. There were a number of Finance

employees that were given payroll and human resource access during the transition to ADP. The City has now transitioned its payroll processing to ADP. However even on ADP, selective few employees have practitioner access allowing for pay rate changes and payroll processing functions. As an added control, management will run quarterly reports of changes made on the system and have the HR manager review and sign off on all the changes.

<u>Proposed Completion Date:</u> Management will start generating system audit reports for review immediately.

# Finding 2019-005 Material Weakness – Errors in OPEB Census Data

<u>Corrective Action</u>: Management agrees with recommendation. The census data is generated every two years for the calculation of the OBEP Liability by a third party. The census data utilized for the current OPEB Liability calculation was generated and provided in 2017. Management will be generating a new file for the upcoming audit period and will ensure accuracy of the census data utilized for the calculation of the OPEB liability.

<u>Proposed Completion Date:</u> Management anticipates starting this process prior to the end of the calendar year.

# Finding 2019-006 Significant Deficiency – Accounting Procedures and Policies Manual

<u>Corrective Action</u>: Management strongly agrees with this recommendation. Accounting Policies and Procedures manual is critical to any organization. This process will be a huge undertaking that will require resources to be dedicated to this process.

<u>Proposed Completion Date</u>: While a critical task, it is one that will require resources to be dedicated to this progression. Given the current level of staffing within the department, we anticipate this process will take some time.

## Finding 2019-007 Significant Deficiency – Grants Management

<u>Corrective Action</u>: Management agrees with the recommendation and will be working closely with our Grants Analyst to ensure grant reimbursement requests are tracked and submitted in a timely manner. In addition, Finance will ensure to record a receivable and offsetting revenue for when grants reimbursements are received in the following fiscal year.

<u>Proposed Completion Date:</u> Management will work through this process with an anticipated completion date of end of the fiscal year 2021.

## Finding 2019-008 – Noncompliance with Debt Reporting

<u>Corrective Action</u>: Due to the delay of financial reporting and issuance of the June 30, 2019 financial statements, the City fell out of compliance with the debt reporting requirements. Management is working through the backlog to ensure the CAFR is completed timely in all future years and financial statements are available to be submitted to comply with the debt reporting requirements.

<u>Proposed Completion Date:</u> Management anticipates completing the 2019/2020 CAFR in a timely manner thereby placing the City in a position to comply with the debt reporting requirements by providing audited financials to the authoritative agency.

# Finding 2019-009 – Noncompliance with Budget Policy

<u>Corrective Action:</u> Management is in agreement with the recommendation and is in the process of implementing system controls within the PO/RFP processes to ensure the system stops expenses from being processed prior to appropriate budgeted encumbrance. This will enforce submission of budget amendments with appropriate authorization prior to proceeding with disbursement process.

<u>Proposed Completion Date:</u> Management anticipates the upgrade along with system controls to be set up prior to the end of fiscal year 2021.

# Finding 2019-010 – Noncompliance with Purchasing Policy

<u>Corrective Action</u>: Management is in agreement with the recommendation and is in the process of implementing system controls within the PO/RFP processes to ensure the system stops expenses from being processed if appropriate procurement procedures are not followed. This process is currently very manual and leaves room for noncompliance. This will be part of the system upgrade the department has initiated with its current accounting software provider.

<u>Proposed Completion Date:</u> Management anticipates the upgrade along with system controls to be set up prior to the end of fiscal year 2021.

Armine Trashian, Accounting Manager





ROGERS, ANDERSON, MALODY & SCOTT, LLP CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, SINCE 1948

735 E. Carnegie Dr. Suite 100 San Bernardino, CA 92408 909 889 0871 T 909 889 5361 F ramscpa.net

#### PARTNERS

Brenda L. Odle, CPA, MST Terry P. Shea, CPA Scott W. Manno, CPA, CGMA Leena Shanbhag, CPA, MST, CGMA Bradferd A. Welebir, CPA, MBA, CGMA Jenny W. Liu, CPA, MST

#### MANAGERS / STAFF

Charles De Simoni, CPA Gardenya Duran, CPA Brianna Schultz, CPA Jingjie Wu, CPA Evelyn Morentin-Barcena, CPA Veronica Hernandez, CPA Tara R. Thorp, CPA, MSA Laura Arvizu, CPA Louis Fernandez, CPA Abigail Hernandez Conde, CPA, MSA

#### MEMBERS

American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

> PCPS The AICPA Alliance for CPA Firms

Governmental Audit Quality Center

Employee Benefit Plan Audit Quality Center

California Society of Certified Public Accountants



October 15, 2020

Management of the City of South Pasadena

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the City of South Pasadena (the City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and therefore, there can be no assurance that all deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses have been identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified certain matters involving the internal control and other operational matters that are presented for your consideration. This letter does not affect our report dated October 15, 2020 on the financial statements of the City. We will review the status of these comments during our next audit engagement. Our comments and recommendations, all of which have been discussed with appropriate members of management, are intended to improve the internal control or result in other operating efficiencies. Our comments are summarized as follows:

Observation 1:

During our audit procedures, we noted the City is utilizing the *Master Schedule of Fees for Service for Fiscal Year 2010/11, and Reallocation of Administrative Expenses Among Various Funds* as the basis for the allocation of administrative funds between the General Fund and the Water Fund.

We recommend the City have a cost analysis done by a third party, at a minimum, every 5 years, to ensure a true reflection of costs is charged amongst the funds.

# **Observation 2:**

During our audit procedures, we noted that there was a lack of documentation for the review process within the payroll processing function.

We recommend the City consistently document their various review procedures for over the payroll cycle.

We believe that the implementation of these recommendations will provide the City with a stronger system of internal control while also making its operations more efficient. We will be happy to discuss the details of these recommendations with you at your convenience.

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Respectfully,

Rogers, Anderson, Maloohy & Scott, LLP.

San Bernardino, California



ROGERS, ANDERSON, MALODY & SCOTT, LLP CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, SINCE 1948

735 E. Carnegie Dr. Suite 100 San Bernardino, CA 92408 909 889 0871 T 909 889 5361 F ramscpa.net

#### PARTNERS

Brenda L. Odle, CPA, MST Terry P. Shea, CPA Scott W. Manno, CPA, CGMA Leena Shanbhag, CPA, MST, CGMA Bradferd A. Welebir, CPA, MBA, CGMA Jenny W. Liu, CPA, MST

#### MANAGERS / STAFF

Charles De Simoni, CPA Gardenya Duran, CPA Brianna Schultz, CPA Jingjie Wu, CPA Evelyn Morentin-Barcena, CPA Veronica Hernandez, CPA Tara R. Thorp, CPA, MSA Laura Arvizu, CPA Louis Fernandez, CPA Abigail Hernandez Conde, CPA, MSA Zoe Xinlu Zhang, CPA, MSA

#### MEMBERS

American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

> PCPS The AICPA Alliance for CPA Firms

Governmental Audit Quality Center

Employee Benefit Plan Audit Quality Center

California Society of Certified Public Accountants



October 15, 2020

To the Honorable City Council City of South Pasadena

We have audited the financial statements of the City of South Pasadena (the City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and have issued our report thereon dated October 15, 2020. Professional standards require that we advise you of the following matters relating to our audit.

#### Our Responsibility in Relation to the Financial Statement Audit

As communicated in our engagement letter dated July 5, 2019, our responsibility, as described by professional standards, is to form and express opinions about whether the financial statements that have been prepared by management with your oversight are presented fairly, in all material respects, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our audit of the financial statements does not relieve you or management of your respective responsibilities.

Our responsibility, as prescribed by professional standards, is to plan and perform our audit to obtain reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit of financial statements includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, as part of our audit, we considered the internal control of the City solely for the purpose of determining our audit procedures and not to provide any assurance concerning such internal control.

We are also responsible for communicating significant matters related to the audit that are, in our professional judgment, relevant to your responsibilities in overseeing the financial reporting process. However, we are not required to design procedures for the purpose of identifying other matters to communicate to you.

We have provided our findings regarding significant control deficiencies over financial reporting, material weaknesses and material noncompliance, and other matters noted during our audit in a separate letter to you dated October 15, 2020.

#### Planned Scope and Timing of the Audit

We conducted our audit consistent with the planned scope and timing we previously communicated to you.

#### **Compliance with All Ethics Requirements Regarding Independence**

The engagement team, others in our firm, as appropriate, and our firm have complied with all relevant ethical requirements regarding independence.

#### **Qualitative Aspects of the Entity's Significant Accounting Practices**

#### Significant Accounting Policies

Management has the responsibility to select and use appropriate accounting policies. A summary of the significant accounting policies adopted by the City is included in Note 1 to the financial statements. There have been no initial selection of accounting policies and no changes in significant accounting policies or their application during 2019. No matters have come to our attention that would require us, under professional standards, to inform you about (1) the methods used to account for significant unusual transactions and (2) the effect of significant accounting policies in controversial or emerging areas for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus.

#### Significant Accounting Estimates

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's current judgments. Those judgments are normally based on knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ markedly from management's current judgments.

The most sensitive accounting estimates affecting the financial statements are:

Management's estimate of the fair value of investments is based on information provided by financial institutions. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the fair value of investments in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Management's estimate of capital asset depreciation is based on historical estimates of each capitalized item's useful life. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the estimated useful lives in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

The estimate of the net pension liability, other post-employment benefits liability and related deferred inflows and outflows of resources are based on actuarial reports provided by independent actuaries. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the estimate in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

#### Financial Statement Disclosures

Certain financial statement disclosures involve significant judgment and are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users. The most sensitive disclosures affecting the City's financial statements relate to:

The disclosure of fair value of investments in the notes to the financial statements represents amounts susceptible to market fluctuations.

The disclosure of accumulated depreciation in the notes to the financial statements is based on estimated useful lives which could differ from actual useful lives of each capitalized item.

The disclosure of the net pension liability and related pension information in the notes to the financial statements is based on actuarial assumptions which will differ from actual amounts in future periods.

The disclosure of the other post-employment benefit liability information in the notes to the financial statements is based on actuarial assumptions, using the alternative calculation method, which will differ from actual amounts in future periods.

#### Significant Difficulties Encountered during the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management relating to the performance of the audit.

#### **Uncorrected and Corrected Misstatements**

For purposes of this communication, professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that we believe are trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Further, professional standards require us to also communicate the effect of uncorrected misstatements related to prior periods on the relevant classes of transactions, account balances or disclosures, and the financial statements as a whole and each applicable opinion unit. Management has corrected all identified misstatements.

#### **Disagreements with Management**

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, concerning a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, which could be significant to the City's financial statements or the auditor's report. No such disagreements arose during the course of the audit.

#### **Representations Requested from Management**

We have requested certain written representations from management, which are included in the attached letter dated October 15, 2020.

#### Management's Consultations with Other Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters. Management informed us that, and to our knowledge, there were no consultations with other accountants regarding auditing and accounting matters.

#### Other Significant Matters, Findings, or Issues

In the normal course of our professional association with the City, we generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, operating and regulatory conditions affecting the entity, and operational plans and strategies that may affect the risks of material misstatement. None of the matters discussed resulted in a condition to our retention as the City's auditors.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the City Council and management of the City and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Rogers, Anderson, Malochy & Scott, LLP.

October 15, 2020 San Bernardino, California



CITY OF SOUTH PASADENA 1414 MISSION STREET, SOUTH PASADENA, CA 91030 TEL: (626) 403-7210 • FAX: (626) 403-7211 WWW.SOUTHPASADENACA.GOV

Rogers, Anderson, Malody & Scott, LLP 735 E. Carnegie Drive, Suite 100 San Bernardino, CA 92408

This representation letter is provided in connection with your audit of the financial statements of the City of South Pasadena (the City), which comprise the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, for the purpose of expressing opinions as to whether the financial statements are presented fairly, in all material respects, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP).

Certain representations in this letter are described as being limited to matters that are material. Items are considered material, regardless of size, if they involve an omission or misstatement of accounting information that, in the light of surrounding circumstances, makes it probable that the judgment of a reasonable person relying on the information would be changed or influenced by the omission or misstatement.

We confirm, to the best of our knowledge and belief, having made such inquiries as we considered necessary for the purpose of appropriately informing ourselves as of October 15, 2020:

# **Financial Statements**

- 1) We have fulfilled our responsibilities, as set out in the terms of the audit engagement letter dated July 5, 2019, including our responsibility for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP and for preparation of the supplementary information in accordance with the applicable criteria.
- 2) We acknowledge our responsibility for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.
- 3) We acknowledge our responsibility for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control to prevent and detect fraud.
- 4) We acknowledge our responsibility for compliance with the laws, regulations, and provisions of contracts and grant agreements.
- 5) We have reviewed, approved, and taken responsibility for the financial statements and related notes.
- 6) Significant assumptions used by us in making accounting estimates, including those measured at fair value, are reasonable.

- 7) Related party relationships and transactions have been appropriately accounted for and disclosed in accordance with the requirements of U.S. GAAP.
- 8) All events subsequent to the date of the financial statements and for which U.S. GAAP requires adjustment or disclosure have been adjusted or disclosed.
- 9) The effects of all known actual or possible litigation and claims have been accounted for and disclosed in accordance with U.S. GAAP.
- 10) All component units, as well as joint ventures with an equity interest, are included and other joint ventures and related organizations are properly disclosed.
- 11) All funds that meet the quantitative criteria in GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments, GASB Statement No. 37, Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments: Omnibus as amended, and GASB Statement No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities, for presentation as major are identified and presented as such and all other funds that are presented as major are considered important to financial statement users.
- 12) All components of net position, nonspendable fund balance, and restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance are properly classified and, if applicable, approved.
- 13) Our policy regarding whether to first apply restricted or unrestricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position/fund balance are available is appropriately disclosed and net position/fund balance is properly recognized under the policy.
- 14) All revenues within the statement of activities have been properly classified as program revenues or general revenues.
- 15) All expenses have been properly classified in or allocated to functions and programs in the statement of activities, and allocations, if any, have been made on a reasonable basis.
- 16) All interfund and intra-entity transactions and balances have been properly classified and reported.
- 17) Deposit and investment risks have been properly and fully disclosed.
- 18) Capital assets, including infrastructure assets, are properly capitalized, reported, and if applicable, depreciated.
- 19) With regard to investments and other instruments reported at fair value:
  - a) The underlying assumptions are reasonable and they appropriately reflect management's intent and ability to carry out its stated courses of action.
  - b) The measurement methods and related assumptions used in determining fair value are appropriate in the circumstances and have been consistently applied.
  - c) The disclosures related to fair values are complete, adequate, and in accordance with U.S. GAAP.
  - d) There are no subsequent events that require adjustments to the fair value measurements and disclosures included in the financial statements.

# **Information Provided**

20) We have provided you with:

- a) Access to all information, of which we are aware that is relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements of the various opinion units referred to above, such as records, documentation, meeting minutes, and other matters;
- b) Additional information that you have requested from us for the purpose of the audit; and
- c) Unrestricted access to persons within the City from whom you determined it necessary to obtain audit evidence.
- 21) All transactions have been recorded in the accounting records and are reflected in the financial statements.
- 22) We have disclosed to you the results of our assessment of the risk that the financial statements may be materially misstated as a result of fraud.
- 23) We have no knowledge of any fraud or suspected fraud that affects the City and involves
  - a) Management;
  - b) Employees who have significant roles in internal control; or
  - c) Others where the fraud could have a material effect on the financial statements.
- 24) We have no knowledge of any allegations of fraud, or suspected fraud, affecting the City's financial statements communicated by employees, former employees, vendors, regulators, or others.
- 25) We have disclosed to you all known actual or possible litigation, claims, and assessments whose effects should be considered when preparing the financial statements.
- 26) We have disclosed to you the identity of the City's related parties and all the related party relationships and transactions of which we are aware.
- 27) There have been no communications from regulatory agencies concerning noncompliance with or deficiencies in accounting, internal control, or financial reporting practices.
- 28) The City has no plans or intentions that may materially affect the carrying value or classification of assets and liabilities.
- 29) We have disclosed to you all guarantees, whether written or oral, under which the City is contingently liable.
- 30) We have identified and disclosed to you the laws, regulations, and provisions of contracts and grant agreements that could have a direct and material effect on financial statement amounts, including legal and contractual provisions for reporting specific activities in separate funds.

31) There are no:

- a) Violations or possible violations of laws or regulations, or provisions of contracts or grant agreements whose effects should be considered for disclosure in the financial statements or as a basis for recording a loss contingency, including applicable budget laws and regulations.
- b) Unasserted claims or assessments that our lawyer has advised are probable of assertion and must be disclosed in accordance with financial reporting standards.
- c) Other liabilities or gain or loss contingencies that are required to be accrued or disclosed by financial reporting standards.

- d) Continuing disclosure consent decree agreements or filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission and we have filed updates on a timely basis in accordance with the agreements (Rule 240, 15c2-12).
- 32) The City has satisfactory title to all owned assets, and there are no liens or encumbrances on such assets nor has any asset or future revenue been pledged as collateral, except as disclosed to you.
- 33) We have complied with all aspects of grant agreements and other contractual agreements that would have a material effect on the financial statements in the event of noncompliance.
- 34) We acknowledge our responsibility for Required Supplementary Information (RSI). The RSI is measured and presented within prescribed guidelines and the methods of measurement and presentation have not changed from those used in the prior period. We have disclosed to you any significant assumptions and interpretations underlying the measurement and presentation of the RSI.
- 35) With respect to the Supplementary Information, as listed in the table of contents, of the financial statements:
  - a) We acknowledge our responsibility for presenting the Supplementary Information in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and we believe the Supplementary Information, including its form and content, is fairly presented in accordance with applicable criteria.
  - b) The methods of measurement or presentation have not changed from those used in the prior period and we have disclosed to you any significant assumptions or interpretations underlying the measurement and presentation of the Supplementary Information.
  - c) When the Supplementary Information is not presented with the audited financial statements, management will make the audited financial statements readily available to the intended users of the Supplementary Information no later than the date of issuance by the City of the Supplementary Information and the auditor's report thereon.
  - d) We acknowledge our responsibility to include the auditor's report on the Supplementary Information in any document containing the Supplementary Information and that indicates the auditor reported on such Supplementary Information.
  - e) We acknowledge our responsibility to present the Supplementary Information with the audited financial statements or, if the Supplementary Information will not be presented with the audited financial statements, to make the audited financial statements readily available to the intended users of the Supplementary Information no later than the date of issuance by the City of the Supplementary Information and the auditor's report thereon.
- 36) We believe that the actuarial assumptions and methods used to measure pension and other postemployment benefit liabilities and costs for financial accounting purposes are appropriate in the circumstances.
- 37) We agree with the findings of specialists in evaluating the GASBS 68 accounting report and have adequately considered the qualifications of the specialist in determining the amounts and disclosures used in the financial statements and underlying accounting records. We did not give or cause any instructions to be given to specialists with respect to the values or amounts derived in an attempt to bias their work, and we are not otherwise aware of any matters that have had an impact on the independence or objectivity of the specialists.
- 38) We believe that the actuarial assumptions and methods used to measure pension and other postemployment benefit liabilities and costs for financial accounting purposes are appropriate in the circumstances.

39) There have been no changes or updates to legal information disclosed to you by our attorneys since the dates of such legal responses and now.

Signature: Manger Title: 🖸 erim



ROGERS, ANDERSON, MALODY & SCOTT, LLP CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, SINCE 1948

735 E. Carnegie Dr. Suite 100 San Bernardino, CA 92408 909 889 0871 T 909 889 5361 F ramscpa.net

#### PARTNERS

Brenda L. Odle, CPA, MST Terry P. Shea, CPA Scott W. Manno, CPA, CGMA Leena Shanbhag, CPA, MST, CGMA Bradferd A. Welebir, CPA, MBA, CGMA Jenny W. Liu, CPA, MST

#### **MANAGERS / STAFF**

Charles De Simoni, CPA Gardenya Duran, CPA Brianna Schultz, CPA Jingjie Wu, CPA Evelyn Morentin-Barcena, CPA Veronica Hernandez, CPA Tara R. Thorp, CPA, MSA Laura Arvizu, CPA Louis Fernandez, CPA Abigail Hernandez Conde, CPA, MSA Zoe Xinlu Zhang, CPA, MSA

MEMBERS

American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

> PCPS The AICPA Alliance for CPA Firms

Governmental Audit Quality Center

Employee Benefit Plan Audit Quality Center

California Society of Certified Public Accountants



Independent Accountant's Report on Agreed-Upon Procedures Applied to the Appropriations Limit Worksheet

The Honorable City Council City of South Pasadena, California

We have performed the procedures enumerated below, which were agreed to by management of the City of South Pasadena, California (the City) on the Appropriations Limit Worksheet for the year ended June 30, 2019. The City's management is responsible for the Appropriations Limit Worksheet. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of the parties specified in this report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures enumerated below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose.

The procedures performed and our findings were as follows:

1. We obtained the completed worksheets and compared the limit and annual adjustment factors included in those worksheets to the limit and annual adjustment factors that were adopted by resolution of the City Council. We also compared the population and inflation options included in the aforementioned documents to those that were selected by a recorded vote of the City Council.

Finding: The population factor used to calculate the City's limit did not agree to the amounts in the Department of Finance price and population factors.

2. For the accompanying Appropriations Limit worksheet, we added last year's limit to total adjustments and agreed the resulting amount to this year's limit.

Finding: No exceptions were noted as a result of our procedure.

3. We agreed the current year information presented in the accompanying Appropriations Limit Worksheet to the other documents referenced in number one above.

Finding: As described in #1 above, the population factors used to calculate the City's limit did not agree to the Department of Finance price and population factors.

4. We agreed the prior year appropriations limit presented in the accompanying Appropriations Limit Worksheet to the prior year appropriations limit adopted by the City Council during the prior year.

Finding: No exceptions were noted as a result of our procedure.

This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination or review, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on the Appropriations Limit Worksheets for the year ended June 30, 2019. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the City Council and management of the City of South Pasadena, California, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Rogens, Anderson, Malody & Scott, LLP.

San Bernardino, California October 15, 2020

# City of South Pasadena APPROPRIATIONS LIMIT COMPUTATION 2018 - 2019

	FISCAL YEAR 2018 - 2019
Change in California Per Capita Personal Income	e 3.67%
Change in the Population for the City of South Pasadena	-0.25%
Change in California Per Capita Personal Income Converted to a Ratio	e 1.0367
Change in County of Los Angeles Population Converted to a Ratio	0.9975
Calculation of Growth Factor (1.0367 x 0.9975)	1.0341
Fiscal Year 2017 - 2018 Limit <u>\$ 25</u>	<u>5,120,116</u>
Fiscal Year 2018 - 2019 Limit (\$25,120,116 x 1.0341) <u>\$ 25</u>	<u>976,918</u>