City of South Pasadena, CA

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ending:

June 30, 2023



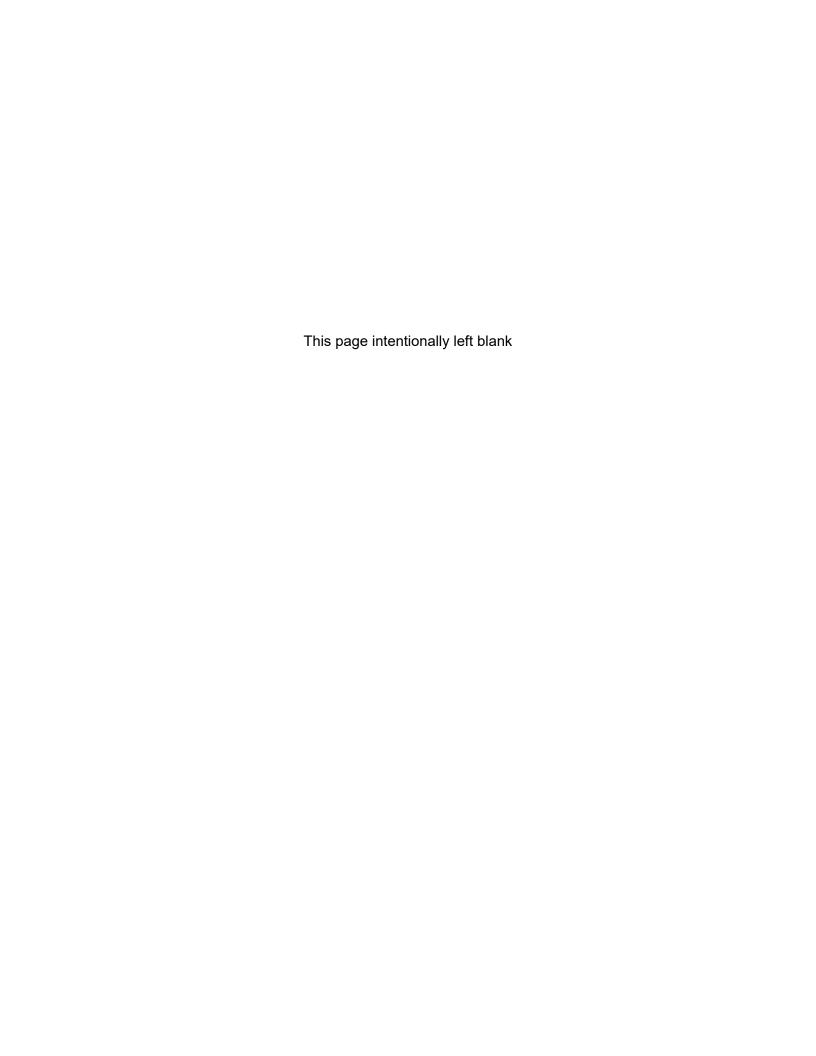






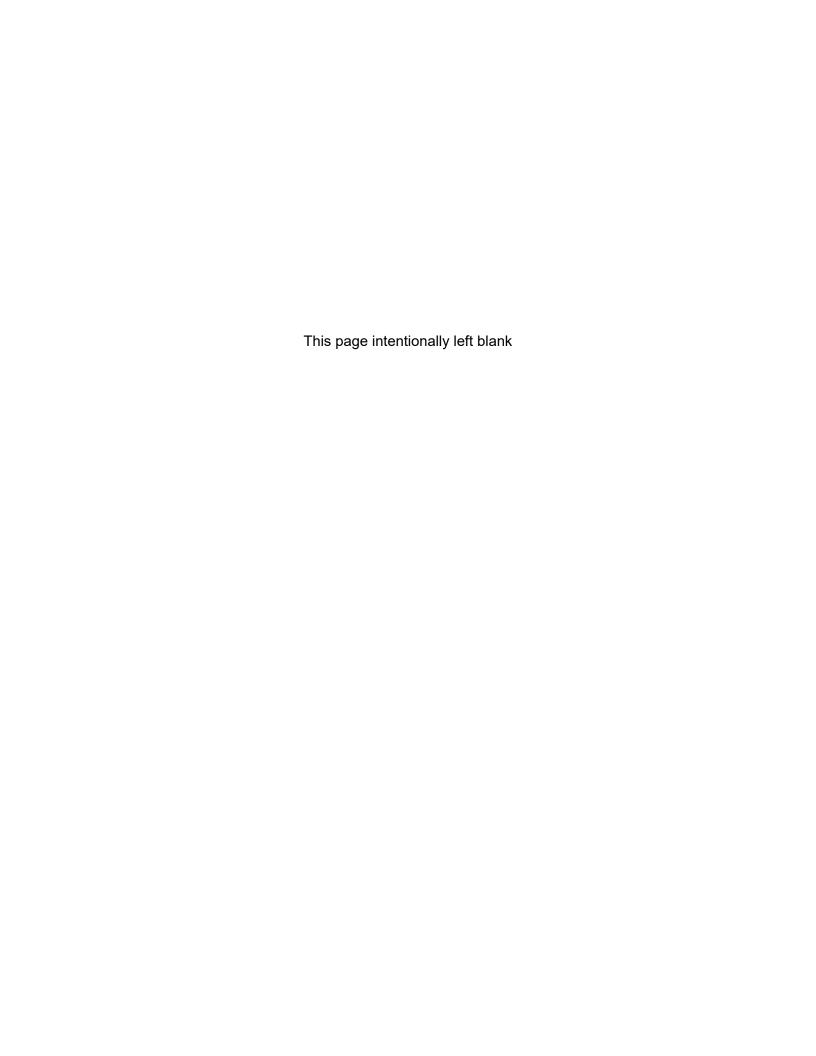






# CITY OF SOUTH PASADENA, CALIFORNIA ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

PREPARED BY: FINANCE DEPARTMENT



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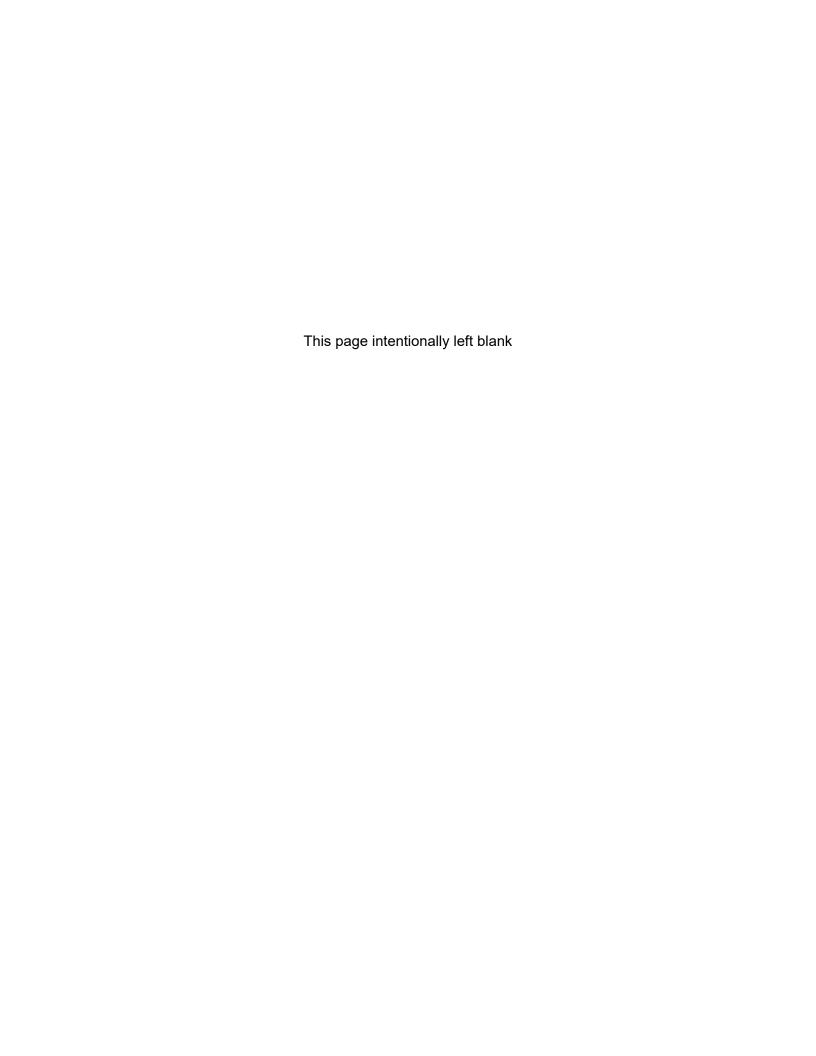
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January 17, 2024

Honorable Mayor, Councilmembers, and the Residents of the City of South Pasadena,

We proudly present to you the City of South Pasadena's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City of South Pasadena. It was prepared by the Finance Department in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) as promulgated by the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. We believe that the data presented is complete and reliable in all material respects; that it is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial activity of the City's various funds; and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain a good understanding of the City's financial activity have been included.

The City's financial statements have been audited by Rogers, Anderson, Malody & Scott, LLP, a licensed certified public accounting firm. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City of South Pasadena's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors in the financial section of the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

#### Profile of the City of South Pasadena

South Pasadena is located approximately six miles northeast of downtown Los Angeles, on the west side of the San Gabriel Valley between the cities of Pasadena, San Marino, Los Angeles and Alhambra and has a population of 26,273. Founded in 1874 by the Indiana Colony, the City



encompasses 3.44 square miles and was incorporated as a General Law city of the State of California on March 2, 1888. South Pasadena is noted for its beautiful, historically significant homes on tree-lined streets, for its excellent public schools and for a small-town atmosphere in the midst of greater Los Angeles.

The City is a full-service general law city that operates under the Council-Manager form of government. The City Council consists of five members elected to four-year

staggered terms of office. The Mayor is selected from the City Council members and serves a one-year term. The City's other elected official is the City Treasurer who serves a four-year term of office.

The City provides a full range of services, including police and fire protection; the construction and maintenance of streets and other infrastructure; sewer services; water utility; refuse collection; public improvements; planning and zoning; recreational activities and cultural events; library operations; and general administrative and support services.

The annual budget serves as the foundation of the City's financial planning and control. The City Council holds public hearings and adopts an annual budget resolution by July 1 of each fiscal year for all funds and account groups. The City Council may modify appropriations with majority approval. The budgets are adopted and presented on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

Changes in budget appropriations at the fund level during the year must be approved by the City Council. The legal level of expenditures is controlled at the fund level, and appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year unless encumbered for re-appropriation by the City Council in the following fiscal year. Department heads may, without Council approval, amend individual line items within their departments, within the same fund and only within the maintenance and operations portions of the budget, without increasing total appropriations. No budget was adopted for Fund 327 – 2000 Tax Allocation Bonds Fund. The City Manager may, without Council approval, amend individual line items within any fund, and between divisions and programs, in the personnel costs, maintenance and operations, capital outlay and capital projects portions of the budget without increasing total appropriations for that fund.

#### **Factors Affecting Financial Condition**

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the environment within which the City of South Pasadena operates.

#### **Local Economy**

For FY 2021/2022, the City of South Pasadena, the greater Los Angeles region and the State of California, were disbursed their share of State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund. The American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 created a one-time federal grant for pandemic response and recovery, a total of \$6,059,235 in unrestricted funds to the City. These now-unrestricted funds provide an opportunity for the City Council and community to provide input on priority and opportunity uses of the funds to alleviate and shift some reliance on the General Fund. City Council has taken the time to have fruitful discussion and provided direction to staff on the allocation and prioritization of the funds.

The four largest sources of revenue to the City's General Fund are property taxes, utility taxes, sales taxes, current services, and licenses and permits. Property taxes make up 50% of all General Fund revenues. Utility users' taxes (UUT) make up 11% of total General Fund revenues. Sales taxes make up 16% of total General Fund revenues. Current services make up 10% of the total General Fund revenues.

The top four revenue sources represent approximately 88% of the General Fund revenues. Historical data indicates that the City's General Fund is becoming more reliant on these four revenue sources.

Property taxes are the City's largest tax source and make up more than half of the General Fund revenues. The City of South Pasadena experienced a net taxable value increase of 7.78.% for the 2022/23 tax roll, which was slightly more than the increase experienced countywide at 6.99%. The assessed value increase between 2021/22 and 2022/23 was \$437 million. The change attributed to the 2% Proposition 13 inflation adjustment was \$108.7 million, which accounted for 25% of all growth experienced in the city. Growth in home sales remained strong through the summer of 2021. Many cities saw median price increases due to low interest rates, high demand, and limited properties for sale. Sales price increases in 2021 were reflected on the 2022/23 tax rolls. Tracking activity into 2022, new concerns over rising interest rates and inflation are decreasing the volume of home sales. For many locales, median prices have waned slightly in recent months, but still represent increases in sale price when compared to the prior year. Moreover, the City's proximity to commercial and cultural developments in greater Pasadena offers our residents distinct lifestyle advantages. South Pasadena's assessed values and property taxes are expected to continue performing strongly as the general economy improves. Data also show that South Pasadena retains \$0.24 for every dollar of property tax collected within the City, while new cities receive only \$0.05 for every dollar of property tax collected within their city boundaries.

The Sales Tax is the second largest revenue source for the General Fund, at \$6.5 million. The major industry groups that contribute to this revenue are restaurants, state and county pools, general consumer goods, food and drugs, and fuel and service stations. The statewide sales tax trends show a growth of 2.1% in sales taxes for fiscal year 2022-23, but it lags far behind the double-digit growth seem during the pandemic recovery. Looking ahead, various industries will grapple with challenges like labor costs, inventory issues, and competition. Spending generating sales taxes is expected to dip slightly in fiscal year 2023-24, with limited expansion anticipated in the following year.

Overall, South Pasadena remains in satisfactory financial condition due to these stable revenue streams and also is able to keep revenues in line with expenditures by its perpetual adoption of the fee schedule which is tied to changes in the Consumer Price Index (CPI).

#### Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets, error and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. The City utilizes a self-insurance and excess insurance to address these concerns. The City's primary coverage provider is Public Risk Innovation, Solutions and Management (PRISM). The purpose of this organization is to provide a form of liability, workers compensation and property coverage. For Liability, the City has a self-insured retention of \$100,000, losses exceeding the self-retention limit up to \$5 million per claim are recovered from deposits paid by member cities. Individual claims in excess of \$5 million up to a maximum of \$50 million are covered by private insurance carriers. For Workers Compensation, the City has a self-insured retention of \$125,000, losses exceeding the self-retention limit up to \$5 million per claim are recovered from deposits paid by member cities. Individual claims in excess of \$5 million are covered by private insurance carriers who provide 'Statutory' coverage. Additional information on the City's risk management activity can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

#### **Pension Obligations**

The City contributes to the California Public Employees Retirement System, an agent multiple-employer public employee defined benefit pension plan for its employees. Each year, an independent actuary engaged by the pension plan calculates the amount of the annual contribution that the City must make to the pension plan to ensure that the plan will be able to fully meet its obligations to retired employees on a timely basis. As a matter of policy, the City fully funds each year's annual required contribution to the pension plan as determined by its funding policy. The unfunded actuarial liability associated with employee services rendered to date is being systematically funded over a set number of years for safety and miscellaneous employees as part of the annual required contribution calculated by the actuary. The City also provides postretirement health care benefits for certain retired employees. Most recently, the City updated its retiree health contribution to the PEMHCA minimum. Additional information regarding the City's pension arrangements and post-employment benefits can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

South Pasadena offers one of the lowest pension formula (2% at 55) which has kept the City's liability low compared to Cities who pay 2.5%, 2.7% or even 3.0% at 55. Nonetheless, the City must bear the cost of increased payments to PERS over the next five years at least. Further, it

remains unclear how PERS management decisions will impact the City in the future. Investment funds continue to perform far below projected returns and actuarial reports from PERS are several years behind. Many cities are hiring independent actuarial consultants to better analyze future impacts and plan appropriate strategies.

For FY 2021-22, the City established an Other Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund with monies from the sale of the City's cell tower lease contract and Designated General Fund Reserves. The investments held in the trust funds will pay for some of the future benefits cost.

#### Retiree Health

In FY 2021-22, the City reduced its retiree healthcare contribution for all employees hired after July 1, 2020. The future retirees will receive a medical benefit equal only to the Public Employees' Medical and Hospital Care Act (PEMHCA) minimum. By reducing the retiree health contributions for future employees from \$625/month to the PEMHCA minimum (currently \$149/month,) the City will see significant long-term savings and substantially reduce the City's unfunded liabilities.

#### **Cash Management Policies and Practices**

Cash temporarily idle during the year was invested in accordance with the City's approved Investment Policy. The policy affords a broad spectrum of investment opportunities, as long as the investment is deemed prudent and permissible under currently effective legislation of the State of California and other imposed restrictions. Criteria for selecting investments and the order of priority are: safety, liquidity and yield. The cash management system of the City is designed to accurately monitor and forecast expenditures and revenues, thus ensuring the investment of monies to fullest extent possible. Attempts are made to obtain the highest yields available as long as investments meet the criteria required for safety and liquidity.

Internal Controls. The management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft or misuse, and to ensure that adequate account data is compiled for the preparation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control structure should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits require estimates and sound judgments by management.

#### Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of South Pasadena for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award, recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the City published an Annual Comprehensive Financial Report that goes beyond the minimum requirement of GAAP and

demonstrates the spirit of transparency and full disclosure that ensures users of the financial statements have the necessary information to assess the City's financial health.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. The City of South Pasadena has received a Certificate of Achievement for the last 30 consecutive years (fiscal years ended 1987 through 2019). We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements and will submit it again to GFOA for award consideration.

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report stands as a testament to the dedication, expertise, and unwavering commitment exhibited by the Finance Department staff. This document's completion was made possible through their diligent effort and support. We extend our heartfelt appreciation to all department members who actively participated and contributed to the preparation of the report.

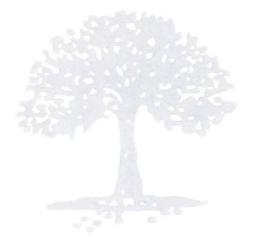
We also wish to express our gratitude to the Finance Commission, City Treasurer, City Manager, and the entire executive team for their steadfast support of the city's financial operations in the past fiscal year. Additionally, we acknowledge the Mayor and Councilmembers for their consistent adherence to the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the city's finances. Their collective efforts have been instrumental in ensuring the financial well-being of our city.

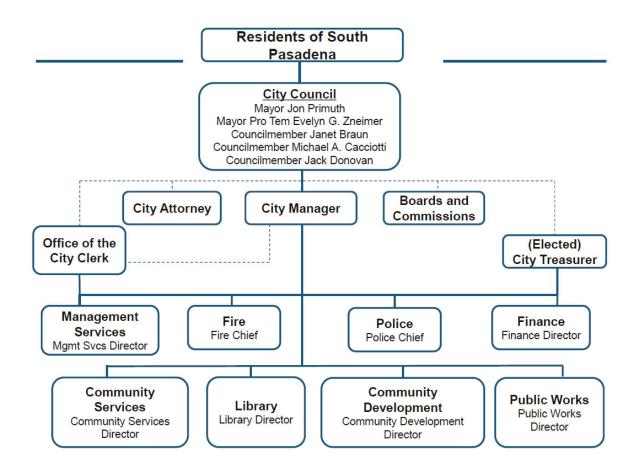
Finally, thanks are extended to the firm of Rogers, Anderson, Malody & Scott, LLP, for their contributions towards improving our financial reporting and year end processes.

Respectfully submitted,

Armine Chaparyan

City Manager





#### CITY OF SOUTH PASADENA, CALIFORNIA

#### OFFICIALS OF THE CITY OF SOUTH PASADENA

#### **CITY COUNCIL**

Jon Primuth Mayor

Evelyn G. Zneimer Mayor Pro Tempore

> Janet Braun Councilmember

Michael A. Cacciotti Councilmember

> Jack Donovan Councilmember

#### **ADMINISTRATION AND DEPARTMENT HEADS**

City Manager Arminé Chaparyan

Chief City Clerk Vacant

City Treasurer Zhen Tao

City Attorney Roxanne Diaz

Director of Finance John Downs

Director of Library, Arts, and Culture Cathy Billings

Police Chief Brian Solinsky

Director of Community Services Sheila Pautsch

Fire Chief Paul Riddle

Director of Public Works Harold Ted Gerber

Director of Community Development Angelica Frausto-Lupo



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

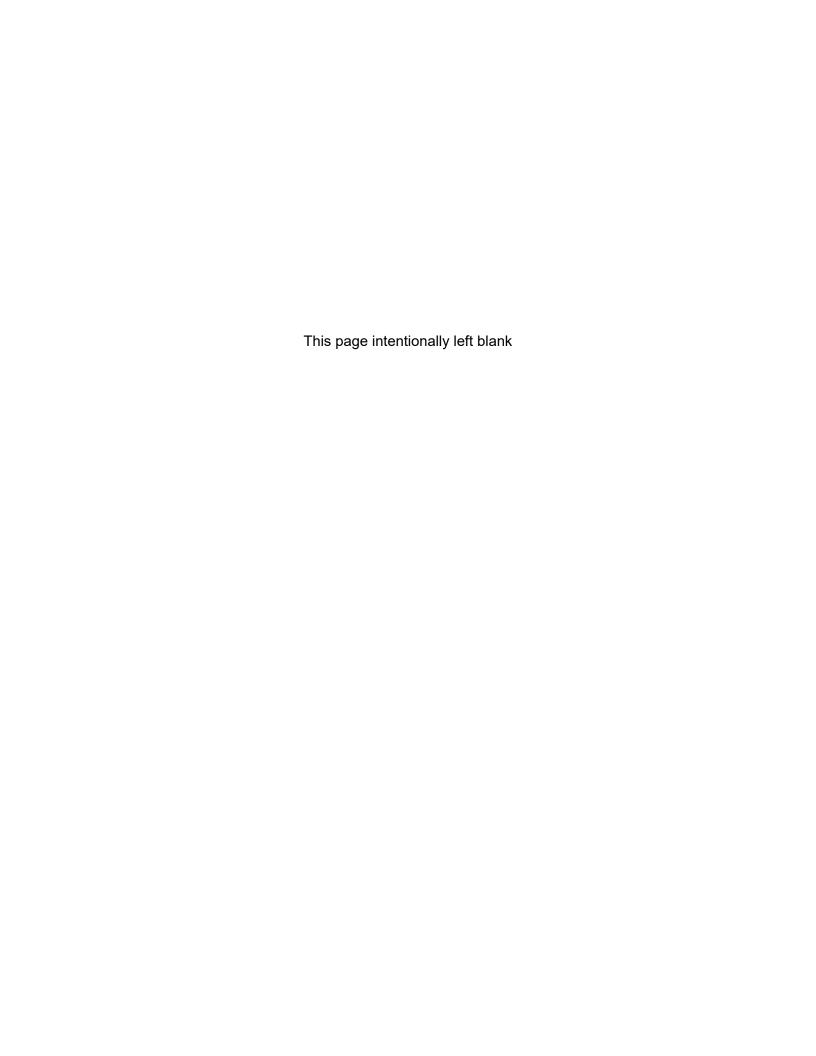
### City of South Pasadena California

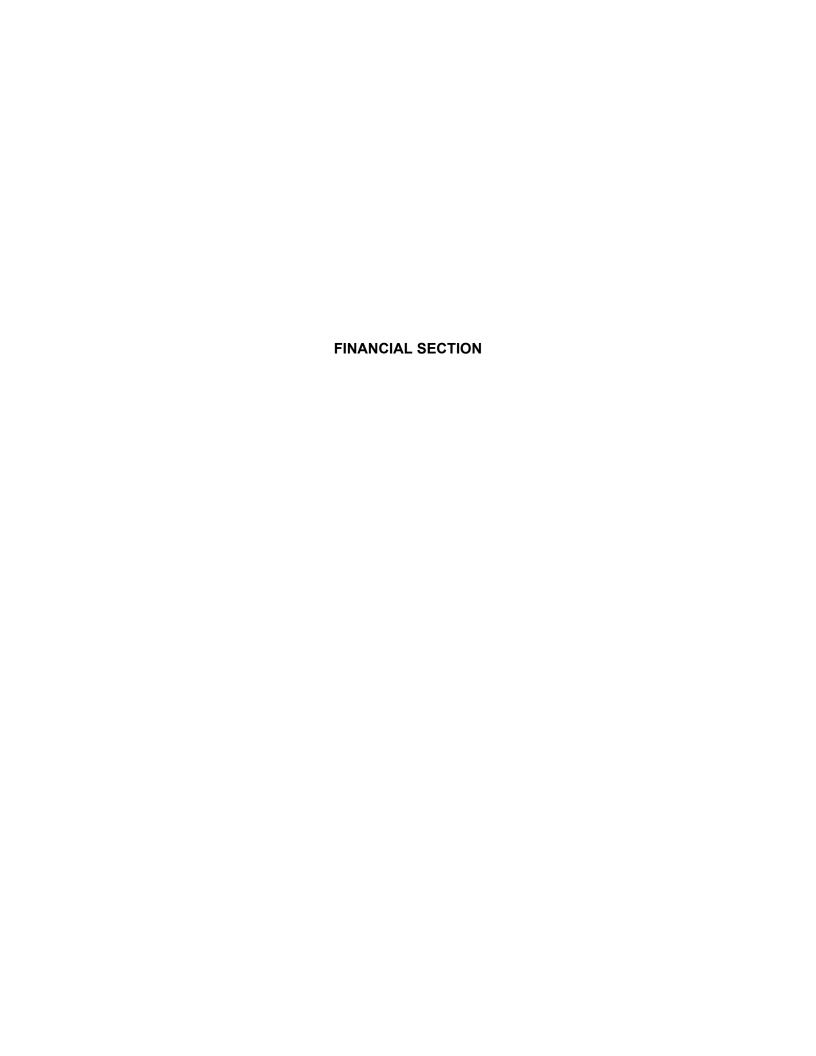
For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

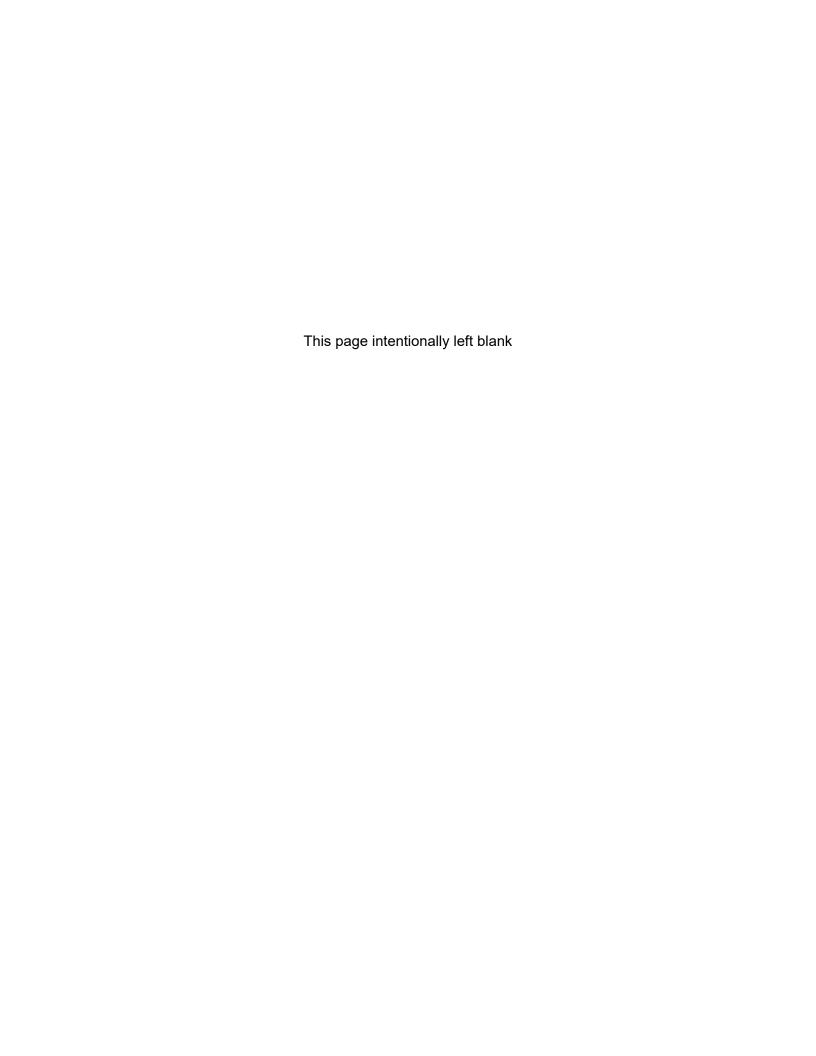
June 30, 2022

Executive Director/CEO

Christopher P. Morrill







735 E. Carnegie Dr. Suite 100 San Bernardino, CA 92408 909 889 0871 T 909 889 5361 F ramscpa.net

#### **PARTNERS**

Terry P. Shea, CPA
Scott W. Manno, CPA, CGMA
Leena Shanbhag, CPA, MST, CGMA
Bradferd A. Welebir, CPA, MBA, CGMA
Jenny W. Liu, CPA, MST
Gardenya Duran, CPA, CGMA
Brianna Schultz, CPA, CGMA
Brenda L. Odle, CPA, MST (Partner Emeritus)

#### MANAGERS / STAFF

Seong-Hyea Lee, CPA, MBA
Evelyn Morentin-Barcena, CPA
Veronica Hernandez, CPA
Laura Arvizu, CPA
John Maldonado, CPA, MSA
Julia Rodriguez Fuentes, CPA, MSA
Demi Hite, CPA
Jeffrey McKennan, CPA

#### **MEMBERS**

American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

> PCPS The AICPA Alliance for CPA Firms

Governmental Audit Quality Center

California Society of Certified Public Accountants



#### Independent Auditor's Report

The Honorable City Council of the City of South Pasadena South Pasadena, California

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of South Pasadena, California (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* (GAS), issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Emphasis of matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the City adopted provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The City's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and GAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and GAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
  expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no
  such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information as listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Information Included in the Annual Report

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Rogers, Anderson, Malody e Scott, LLP.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 17, 2024 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

San Bernardino, California January 17, 2024

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

#### **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

As management of the City of South Pasadena, we offer readers of the City of South Pasadena's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal and the City's financial statements.

#### (A) Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$119,478,678. Unrestricted net position in an amount of \$19,293,596 is primarily due to the City recording the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, and information about the fiduciary net position of the City's CalPERS plans per GASB Statements No. 68 and 71 and 75.
- The City's total net position increased by \$7,855,773.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$41,184,299 an increase of \$1,501,510. Of this amount, \$16,915,922 or approximately 41% of total fund balances are available for spending at the City's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$19,050,705, or 49% of the total General Fund Expenditures.
- The City's net investment capital assets decreased \$7,717,162 from the prior fiscal year.

#### (B) Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements, which are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-wide financial statements.** The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City's assets, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and liabilities, with the difference between these items reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of South Pasadena is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, with the use of the accrual basis of accounting, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

**Fund financial statements.** A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of South Pasadena, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

**Governmental funds.** Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City of South Pasadena maintains 41 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, which is considered to be a major fund for the purposes of this report. Data from the other 40 governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these *non-major* governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The City of South Pasadena adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund and each of its special revenue funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for each governmental fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget. The budgetary comparison statement for the General Fund is located in the basic financial statements; the budgetary comparison statements for the non-major governmental funds are presented in the Additional Financial Information section of this report.

**Proprietary funds.** The City of South Pasadena maintains two types of proprietary funds: enterprise fund and internal service fund. The enterprise fund is used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for the operations for its water and sewer utilities, and the municipal golf course. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The internal service fund is used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's functions for general liability and workers' compensation insurance. Because the internal service operations benefit both governmental and business-type functions, they have been proportionally allocated and included within the governmental and business-like activities in the government-wide financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service fund is provided in the form of combining statements in this report.

**Fiduciary funds.** The City of South Pasadena maintains one type of fiduciary fund, a private purpose trust fund. *Fiduciary funds* are used to report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and therefore cannot be used to support the government's own programs. The City uses one type of fiduciary fund, a private purpose trust fund, to account for the assets and liabilities of the former Community Redevelopment Agency.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

**Notes to the financial statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

**Other information.** In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found in notes to the financial statements.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds together with information are presented immediately following the notes to the financial statements.

#### (C) Government-wide Financial Analysis.

Net position may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of South Pasadena, assets exceeded liabilities by \$119,478,678 at the close of the most recent fiscal year. This represents an increase of \$7,855,773 or 7% from the prior year, primarily due to an increase in unrestricted assets, which consists of investments. Capital Assets are by far the largest portion of the City's net position; \$85,124,243 or 71% reflects its investment in non-liquid capital assets (e.g. land, infrastructure, buildings, and equipment). The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

#### City of South Pasadena Net Position As of June 30, 2023 and 2022

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total			
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022		
Current and other assets	\$ 56,205,463	\$ 48,147,358	\$ 41,062,712	\$ 32,651,303	\$ 97,268,175	\$ 80,798,661		
Capital assets, net	56,286,150	56,780,684	84,548,150	86,761,153	140,834,300	143,541,837		
Total assets	112,491,613	104,928,042	125,610,862	119,412,456	238,102,475	224,340,498		
Deferred outflow of resources	21,745,356	17,238,038	6,543,874	6,454,058	28,289,230	23,692,096		
Long-term liabilities	55,214,017	41,192,563	62,665,598	58,215,895	117,879,615	99,408,458		
Other liabilities	14,450,070	9,754,672	4,013,535	4,070,213	18,463,605	13,824,885		
Total liabilities	69,664,087	50,947,235	66,679,133	62,286,108	136,343,220	113,233,343		
Deferred inflow of resources	9,545,040	21,247,803	1,024,767	1,928,543	10,569,807	23,176,346		
Net investment in capital assets	55,139,529	56,780,684	29,984,714	36,060,721	85,124,243	92,841,405		
Restricted	14,896,784	13,615,668	164,055	158,464	15,060,839	13,774,132		
Unrestricted	(15,008,471)	(20,425,310)	34,302,067	25,432,678	19,293,596	5,007,368		
Total net position	\$ 55,027,842	\$ 49,971,042	\$ 64,450,836	\$ 61,651,863	\$ 119,478,678	\$ 111,622,905		

The second portion of the City net position of \$15,060,839 represents special revenue resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. Unrestricted net position shows a positive balance of \$19,293,596.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

The City's governmental current assets increased by \$8,058,105 and capital assets decreased by \$494,534. Current assets increased due to more cash on hand and capital assets decreased due to decrease spending on capital projects and current year depreciation.

The City's business-type current assets increased by \$8,411,409, due to proceeds from capital debt for capital spending water and sewer projects. The City reported a net decrease of \$2,213,003 in capital assets due to an increase in current year depreciation.

City of South Pasadena Change in Net Position For the Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

	Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities				Total						
	2023		2022	2023		2022	2023			2022				
Program revenues:														
Charges for services	\$ 11,058,943	\$	8,114,870	\$ 15,415,646	\$	16,075,073	\$	26,474,589	\$	24,189,943				
Operating contributions and grants	6,010,569		4,263,342	-		-		6,010,569		4,263,342				
Capital contributions and grants	1,316,896		923,772	-		-		1,316,896		923,772				
General revenues:														
Property taxes	18,728,374		17,906,070	-		-		18,728,374		17,906,070				
Other taxes	12,996,439		11,807,082	-		-		12,996,439		11,807,082				
Use of money and property	745,160		(466,697)	133,523		(360,030)		878,683		(826,727)				
Other	72,011		266,540	 21,945		9,317,881		93,956		9,584,421				
Total revenues	50,928,392		42,814,979	15,571,114		25,032,924		66,499,506		67,847,903				
Expenses:				 										
General government	14,558,524		12,798,257	-		-		14,558,524		12,798,257				
Public safety	17,246,487		17,075,166	-		-	17,246,487			17,075,166				
Community development	3,661,544		2,672,653	-		-		-		-		3,661,544		2,672,653
Community services	4,682,762		5,219,387	-		-		- 4,682		4,682,762		5,219,387		
Public works	6,302,312		4,604,333	-	-		- 6,302,312			4,604,333				
Water	-		-	9,517,654		7,283,972		9,517,654		7,283,972				
Sewer	-		-	1,285,403		(107,647)		1,285,403		(107,647)				
Arroyo Seco Golf Course	 -		-	1,389,047		1,314,725		1,389,047		1,314,725				
Total expenses	 46,451,629		42,369,796	12,192,104		8,491,050		58,643,733		50,860,846				
Income before transfers	4,476,763		445,183	3,379,010		16,541,874		7,855,773		16,987,057				
Transfers	 580,037		-	(580,037)		-		-						
Increase in net position	5,056,800		445,183	2,798,973		16,541,874		7,855,773		16,987,057				
Net position, beginning, as restated	49,971,042		49,525,859	61,651,863		45,109,989		111,622,905		94,635,848				
Net position, ending	\$ 55,027,842	\$	49,971,042	\$ 64,450,836	\$	61,651,863	\$	119,478,678	\$	111,622,905				

#### **Governmental Activities**

Governmental activities net position increased by \$5,056,800 due to increases in charges for services, operating grants and contributions for general government, property taxes, sales taxes, and UUT.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

#### **Business-type Activities**

The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but offers more detail in the form of a statement of cash flows. Unrestricted net position of the funds at the end of the fiscal year shows \$34,302,067. Total net position for these funds was \$64,450,836, an increase of \$2,798,973 (5%) over the prior year, due to changes in net position, and a prior period adjustment related to depreciation.

#### (D) Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

#### **Governmental Funds**

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows and outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, the unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the City's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$41,184,299 an increase of \$1,501,510 from the prior fiscal year. Approximately 45% of fund balances constitute the unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the City's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is either restricted for projects undertaken in the Special Revenue Funds (35%), committed by City Council action for specific purposes (20%), or represents net position that are non-spendable resources (0%).

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$19,050,705, while the total fund balance reached \$23,626,136. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. The unassigned fund balance represents 49% of General Fund expenditures, while the total fund balance represents 61% of that same amount.

The fund balance of the City's General Fund decreased by \$996,035 in the current fiscal year. This represents a decrease of 4% in fund balance from FY 2022. This was the result of overall increase in revenues, off-set by an overall greater increase in expenditures and Transfers Out.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

The City adopts annual appropriated operating budgets for its governmental funds (General Fund, Special Revenue and Capital Projects Funds) and reports the results of operations on a budgetary comparison basis. The City also uses annual financial plans as a management tool for its enterprise funds, although the City does not report the results of these funds on a budgetary comparison basis.

In preparing its budgets, the City attempts to estimate its revenues using realistic, but conservative, methods so as to budget its expenditure appropriations and activities in a prudent manner. As a result, the City Council adopts budget adjustments during the course of the fiscal year to reflect both changed priorities and availability of additional revenues to allow for expansion of existing programs. During the course of the year, the City Council amended the originally adopted budget for various additional programs.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

The General Fund reflected a net total unfavorable budget variance of \$4,487,735 when comparing actual amounts to the final budget for the current fiscal year. This budget variance reflects an unfavorable variance in revenues of \$4,856,465 due to reclassification of SLFRF revenue and an unfavorable variance in total expenditures of \$146,862, and an unfavorable variance in transfers of \$909,248. The unfavorable variance is due to the City paying down the unfunded accrued liability and reclassification of payment to the California Joint Powers Insurance Authority, and a favorable variance due to one-time GASB 96 adjustment for Subscription-Based IT Arrangements (SBITA).

#### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

**Capital assets.** The City's net investment in capital assets for its governmental activities and business-type activities as of June 30, 2023, amounts to \$56,286,150 and \$84,548,150 (net of accumulated depreciation), respectively. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, park improvements, roadways, vehicles, computer equipment, furniture, other equipment, and construction in progress.

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 3 in the Notes to Financial Statements section of this report.

**Long-term liabilities.** At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of South Pasadena had total liabilities outstanding related to governmental activities of \$55,671,449.

#### Governmental Activities Long-term Liabilities

	Governmental Activi							
		2023		2022				
Employee compensated absences	\$	942,518	\$	870,984				
Lease liability		283,367		-				
SBITA liability		863,254		-				
OPEB liability		12,235,150		15,571,526				
Net pension liability		41,347,160		24,837,151				
Total long-term liabilities	\$	55,671,449	\$	41,279,661				

The City's governmental activities long-term liabilities increased \$14,391,788 during the current fiscal year primarily due to changes in the net pension and OPEB liabilities.

#### Business-Type Activities Long-term Liabilities

Business-Type Activities							
	2023		2022				
\$	101,144	\$	68,919				
	19,539,843		14,334,339				
	39,413,831		41,014,581				
	1,893,198		2,409,451				
	3,742,437		2,174,432				
\$	64,690,453	\$	60,001,722				
	\$	2023 \$ 101,144 19,539,843 39,413,831 1,893,198 3,742,437	2023 \$ 101,144 \$ 19,539,843 39,413,831 1,893,198 3,742,437				

Business-type activities long-term liabilities increased \$4,688,731 during the current fiscal year due to increased borrowing from the California State Water Resources Board, principal debt service payments on the 2012 State Loan, 2013 Water Revenue Bonds, and 2016 Water Revenue Bonds. Further details on long-term debt can be found in Notes 6 through 9 in the Notes to Financial Statements section of this report.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

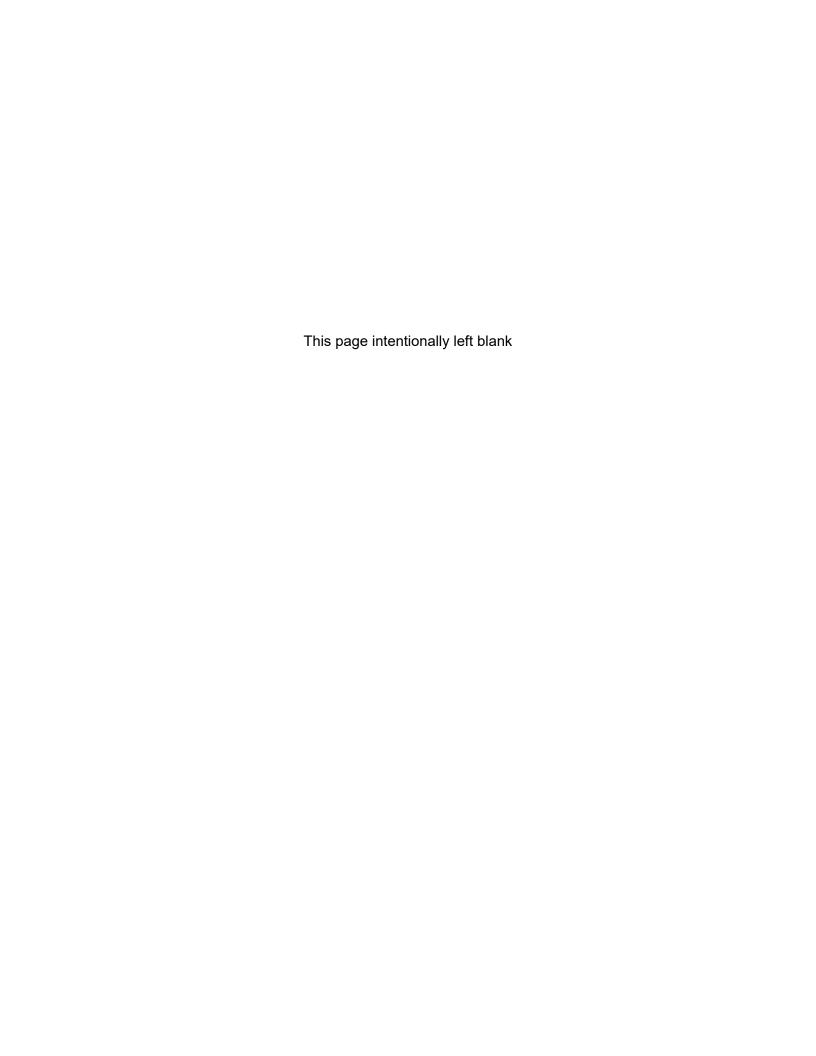
#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget**

- The local economy continues to remain strong with respect to Property taxes, Sales and Use taxes, Utility User taxes along with Current Services. General Fund revenues are estimated at \$39.6m and expenditures are appropriated at \$39.1m, which includes \$1.5m of one-time expenditures. Transfers out to other funds are \$2.3m and will provide funding to short falls of \$.8m in the City's Landscape and Lighting district and \$1.8m in infrastructure projects.
- The City received \$6m in State and Local Recovery Funds, \$3m paid in July 2021 and \$3m paid in July 2022. The purpose of these funds are to provide funding to meet local needs including COVID-19 response, replace public sector revenue loss, premium pay for essential workers, improving facilities to ensure health and safety, increase usage of outdoor spaces as well as investing in public infrastructure and broadband.

During the 2023 fiscal year, unassigned fund balance in the General Fund remained substantial at \$19m. Capital improvement projects of \$16.5m have been programed and are funded from the General Fund and restricted funds, with the General Fund contributing \$1.4m. It remains the intention of City management not to use fund balance reserves for purposes of meeting costs of operations.

#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the financial position of the City of South Pasadena for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be directed to <a href="mailto:the-rinance-peartment">the-rinance-peartment</a>, Finance-peartment (South Pasadena, CA 91030.



## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

	Go 	overnmental Activities	Ві	usiness-Type Activities		Total
Assets						
Cash and investments	\$	49,504,800	\$	38,729,962	\$	88,234,762
Receivables: Accounts		2,798,001		1,843,624		4,641,625
Taxes		2,491,531		1,043,024		2,491,531
Accrued interest		88,146		37,647		125,793
Leases		1,118,167		-		1,118,167
Due from other governments		166,878		-		166,878
Inventories		11,898		287,424		299,322
Prepaid items		26,042		-		26,042
Restricted assets:						
Cash and investments		<u>-</u>		164,055		164,055
Capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized		5,660,908		436,868		6,097,776
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization		50,625,242		84,111,282		134,736,524
Total assets		112,491,613		125,610,862		238,102,475
Deferred outflows of resources						
Deferred loss on debt refunding		_		4,390,238		4,390,238
Pension related		18,858,364		1,706,918		20,565,282
Other post-employment benefits related		2,886,992		446,718		3,333,710
Total deferred outflows of resources	_	21,745,356		6,543,874		28,289,230
Liabilities						
Accounts payable		4,374,915		941,220		5,316,135
Accrued liabilities		506,147		62,599		568,746
Accrued interest		-		589,875		589,875
Deposits payable		1,447,995		394,986		1,842,981
Unearned revenue		4,940,581		-		4,940,581
Claims and judgments payable		2,723,000		-		2,723,000
Compensated absences, due within one year		94,252		10,114		104,366
Lease liability, due within one year		69,561		-		69,561
SBITA liability, due within one year		293,619		- 		293,619
Loans payable, due within one year		-		594,741		594,741
Bonds payable, due within one year Noncurrent liabilities:		-		1,420,000		1,420,000
Compensated absences, due in more than one year		848,266		91,030		939,296
Lease liability		213,806		-		213,806
SBITA liability		569,635		_		569,635
Loans payable, due in more than one year		-		18,945,102		18,945,102
Bonds payable, due in more than one year		-		37,993,831		37,993,831
Net pension liability		41,347,160		3,742,437		45,089,597
Other post-employment benefits liability		12,235,150		1,893,198		14,128,348
Total liabilities		69,664,087		66,679,133		136,343,220
Deferred inflows of resources						
Pension related		4,355,785		394,254		4,750,039
Other post-employment benefits related		4,074,805		630,513		4,705,318
Lease related		1,114,450		1 004 767		1,114,450
Total deferred inflows of resources		9,545,040		1,024,767	-	10,569,807
Net position (deficit)						
Net investment in capital assets		55,139,529		29,984,714		85,124,243
Restricted for:		00,100,020		20,004,714		00,124,240
Community Development projects		1,294,303		_		1,294,303
Public Safety		795,930		_		795,930
Community Services		2,863,231		_		2,863,231
Public Works		8,667,765		-		8,667,765
Capital projects		1,275,555		-		1,275,555
Debt service		-		164,055		164,055
Unrestricted		(15,008,471)		34,302,067		19,293,596
Total net position	\$	55,027,842	\$	64,450,836	\$	119,478,678

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

			Program Revenues								
				Charges		Capital					
				for	(	Frants and	C	Frants and			
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Services	C	ontributions	Co	ontributions			
Governmental activities:											
General government	\$	14,558,524	\$	6,504,618	\$	2,121,823	\$	-			
Public safety		17,246,487		1,727,521		200,269		-			
Community development		3,661,544		4,164		2,950		-			
Community services		4,682,762		740,318		1,255,268		-			
Public works		6,302,312		2,082,322		2,430,259		1,316,896			
Total governmental activities		46,451,629		11,058,943		6,010,569		1,316,896			
Business-type activities:											
Water		9,517,654		11,516,207		_		_			
Sewer		1,285,403		2,226,832		_		_			
Arroyo Seco Golf Course		1,389,047		1,672,607		_		_			
, areye edes een eeuree		1,000,011		1,012,001				_			
Total business-type activities		12,192,104		15,415,646							
Total Primary Government	\$	58,643,733	\$	26,474,589	\$	6,010,569	\$	1,316,896			
Total I filliary Government	Ψ	00,070,700	Ψ	20,717,000	Ψ	0,010,000	Ψ	1,010,000			

#### General revenues:

Taxes:

Property taxes

Sales taxes

Franchise taxes

Business license taxes

Utility users tax

Other taxes

Use of money and property

Other

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in Net Position

Net Position, beginning, as restated (Note 15)

Net Position, ending

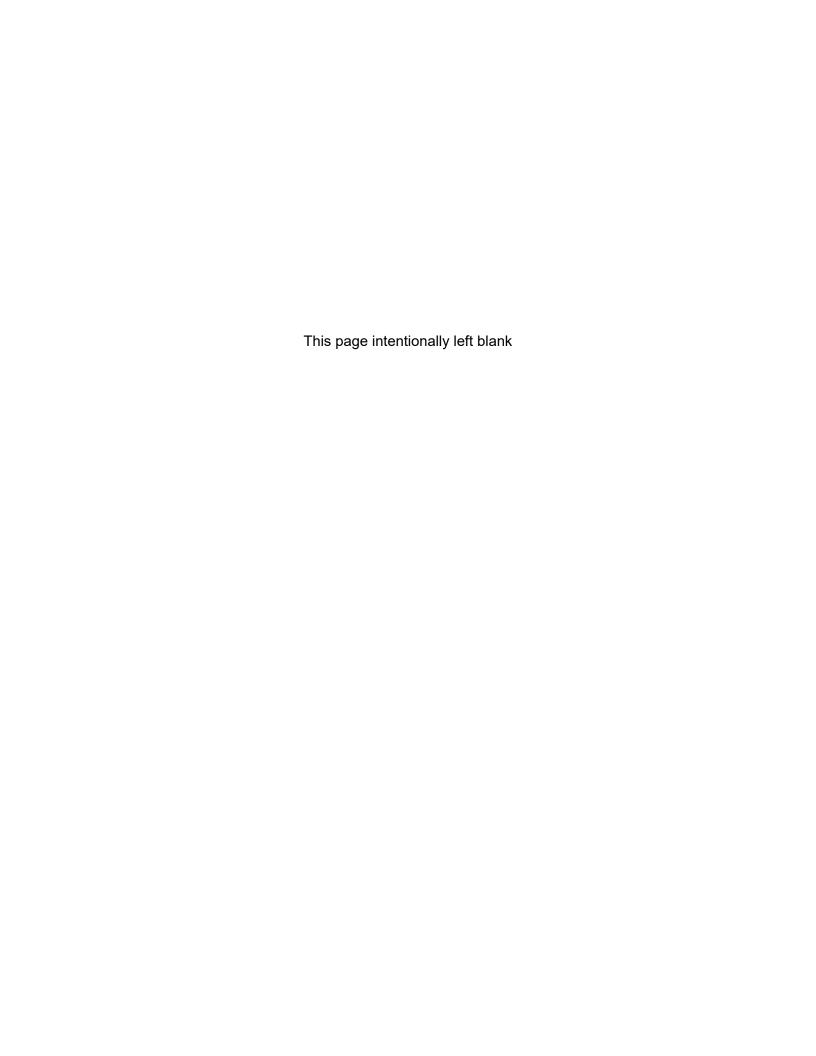
Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position										
_		_								
G	Governmental	Bu	siness-Type							
	Activities		Activities		Total					
\$	(5,932,083)	\$	-	\$	(5,932,083)					
	(15,318,697)		-		(15,318,697)					
	(3,654,430)		-		(3,654,430)					
	(2,687,176)		-		(2,687,176)					
	(472,835)		-		(472,835)					
	(28,065,221)		_		(28,065,221)					
-	(==;===:)				(,,,					
			4 000 550		4 000 550					
	-		1,998,553		1,998,553					
	-		941,429		941,429					
-			283,560		283,560					
			3,223,542		3,223,542					
	(28,065,221)		3,223,542		(24,841,679)					
	_		_							
	18,728,374		<u>-</u>		18,728,374					
	6,523,428		_		6,523,428					
	1,131,598		_		1,131,598					
	451,309		_		451,309					
	4,431,072		_		4,431,072					
	459,032		_		459,032					
	745,160		133,523		878,683					
	72,011		21,945		93,956					
	580,037		(580,037)		-					
	33,122,021		(424,569)		32,697,452					
			_							
	5,056,800		2,798,973		7,855,773					
	49,971,042		61,651,863		111,622,905					
\$	55,027,842	\$	64,450,836	\$	119,478,678					

## BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

	General Fund			SLFRF Fund	G	Nonmajor overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS								
Pooled cash and investments	\$	22,987,425	\$	4,940,581	\$	19,828,658	\$	47,756,664
Receivables:								
Accounts		212,534		-		154,470		367,004
Taxes		2,475,683		-		15,848		2,491,531
Accrued interest		29,148		-		58,998		88,146
Leases		1,118,167		-		-		1,118,167
Due from other governments		2,047		-		164,831		166,878
Due from other funds		1,923,033		-		-		1,923,033
Inventories		11,898		-		-		11,898
Prepaid items		26,042			_			26,042
Total assets	\$	28,785,977	\$	4,940,581	\$	20,222,805	\$	53,949,363
LIABILITIES DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities:	•	0.400.055	<b>~</b>		•	700.000	_	0.000.055
Accounts payable	\$	2,100,256	\$	-	\$	732,602	\$	2,832,858
Accrued liabilities		457,076		-		49,071		506,147
Deposits payable		1,438,059		-		9,936		1,447,995
Due to other funds		-				1,923,033		1,923,033
Unearned revenue				4,940,581				4,940,581
Total liabilities		3,995,391		4,940,581		2,714,642		11,650,614
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
Lease related		1,114,450		_		_		1,114,450
Lease related		1,114,450			_			1,114,430
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable:								
Inventories		11,898		-		-		11,898
Prepaid items		26,042		-		-		26,042
Restricted for:								
Community development projects		-		-		1,294,303		1,294,303
Public safety - police		-		-		795,930		795,930
Community services		-		-		2,863,231		2,863,231
Public works - streets and roads		-		-		8,550,351		8,550,351
Capital projects		-		-		1,275,555		1,275,555
Public works - street lighting		-		-		117,414		117,414
Committed to:								
Capital projects				-		4,746,162		4,746,162
Arroyo Golf Course Facility		600,000		-		-		600,000
CalTrans Vacant Lot Purchases		392,000		-		-		392,000
Legal Services Reserve		500,000		-		-		500,000
Library Expansion		200,000		-		-		200,000
Maintenance Yard/Community Center Reserve		267,067		-		-		267,067
Renewable Energy Sources		700,000		-		-		700,000
Stormwater Reserve		300,000		-		-		300,000
Vehicle Replacement Reserve		100,000		-		-		100,000
Financial Sustainability Reserve		900,000		-		-		900,000
Slater Reimbursement Reserve		305,876		-		-		305,876
Mental Health Reserve		200,000		-		-		200,000
Assigned to:								
Stables CIP Reserve		122,548		-		-		122,548
Unassigned		19,050,705		-		(2,134,783)		16,915,922
Total fund balances		23,676,136				17,508,163		41,184,299
Total liabilities deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	28,785,977	\$	4,940,581	\$	20,222,805	\$	53,949,363

# RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

Fund balances of governmental funds			\$	41,184,299
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:				
Capital assets net of depreciation have not been included as financial resources of the governmental funds.				56,286,150
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions and other post- employment benefits liabilities have not been reported in the governmental funds.				
Pension related deferred outflows of resources	\$	18,858,364		
Pension related deferred inflows of resources		(4,355,785)		
Total other post-employment benefits related deferred outflows of resources		2,886,992		
Total other post-employment benefits related deferred inflows of resources		(4,074,805)		
, com and past on projection and the same account account and the same account and the same account account and the same account account and the same account account account and the same account account and the same account ac	_	(1,011,000)		13,314,766
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not				, ,
reported in the governmental funds.				
Compensated absences		(942,518)		
Lease liability		(283,367)		
SBITA liability		(863,254)		
Net pension liability		(41,347,160)		
Other post-employment benefits liability		(12,235,150)		
outer poor omproyment portente maping		(12,200,100)		(55,671,449)
Internal service funds are used to charge the cost of activities to individual funds.				(,,,,,,,)
The assets and liabilities are included in governmental activities in the statement				
of net position.				(85,924)
•				(,)
Net position of governmental activities			\$	55,027,842
1 5			<u> </u>	,- ,



# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		General Fund		SLFRF Fund		Nonmajor overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Revenues	•	04 000 450	•		•	0.404.700	•	00 570 005
Taxes	\$	31,380,453	\$	-	\$	2,191,782	\$	33,572,235
Assessments		-		-		896,896		896,896
Licenses and permits		870,974		-		39,830		910,804
Intergovernmental		234,380		1,118,655		2,479,742		3,832,777
Charges for services		4,429,964		-		284,530		4,714,494
Use of money and property		514,440		-		230,721		745,161
Fines and forfeitures		65,860		-		-		65,860
Miscellaneous		496,694				25,863		522,557
Total revenues		37,992,765		1,118,655		6,149,364		45,260,784
Expenditures								
Current:								
General government		9,447,459		969,011		139,682		10,556,152
Public safety		20,049,922		-		-		20,049,922
Community development		3,657,854		-		3,690		3,661,544
Community services		3,472,674		29,710		700,330		4,202,714
Public works		2,336,495		-		2,363,153		4,699,648
Capital outlay		156,909		275,029		828,043		1,259,981
Total expenditures		39,121,313		1,273,750		4,034,898		44,429,961
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(1,128,548)		(155,095)		2,114,466		830,823
, , ,				, , ,		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		,
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in		-		-		383,079		383,079
Transfers out		(1,292,327)		-		-		(1,292,327)
Subscription/lease acquisition		1,424,840		155,095		-		1,579,935
Total other financing sources (uses)		132,513		155,095		383,079		670,687
Net change in fund balance		(996,035)		-		2,497,545		1,501,510
Fund Balances, beginning		24,672,171		-		15,010,618		39,682,789
Fund Balances, ending	\$	23,676,136	\$	-	\$	17,508,163	\$	41,184,299

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds			\$ 1,501,510
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation/amortization expense. This is the amount by which depreciation/amortization exceeded capital outlay in the current period:  Capital asset expenditures, net of deletions of capital assets  Depreciation/amortization expense, net of deletions of capital assets	\$	2,527,310 (3,021,844)	
	_	<u> </u>	(494,534)
Governmental funds report proceeds from issuance of debt and lease/SBITA acquisitions as other financing sources or uses, and do not report the respective long term liabilities. For the Statement of Activities these amounts been reclassified to long term debt in the Statement of Net Position. This is the amount for the			
current year:			(1,579,935)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:			
Change in compensated absences		(71,534)	
Principal payments on leases		361,049	
Principal payments on SBITA liability		72,265	
Changes in pension related items		3,670,757	
Changes in total other post-employment benefits related items		(269,368)	
Internal coming funds are used by management to shares the costs of			3,763,169
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the			
internal service funds is included in the statement of activities.			1,866,590
			, ,
Changes in net position of governmental activities			\$ 5,056,800

# STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

	Busi	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds					
	Water	Cower	Arroyo Seco	Total	Activities -		
ASSETS	<u>Water</u>	Sewer	Golf Course	Total	Fund		
Current assets:							
Cash and investments	\$ 29,649,827	\$ 7,517,637	\$ 1,562,498	\$ 38,729,962	\$ 1,748,13		
Receivables:	Ψ 20,010,02.	Ψ .,σ,σσ.	Ψ 1,002,100	Ψ 00,: 20,002	Ψ .,σ,.σ		
Accounts	1,562,887	280,737	-	1,843,624	2,430,99		
Accrued interest	28,428	4,910	4,309	37,647	-		
Inventories Restricted:	256,222	-	31,202	287,424	-		
Cash and investments with fiscal agent	164,055			164,055	-		
Total current assets	31,661,419	7,803,284	1,598,009	41,062,712	4,179,13		
Noncurrent assets:							
Capital assets, not depreciated	303,091	133,777	-	436,868	-		
Capital assets, net of depreciation	73,207,732	10,159,974	743,576	84,111,282			
Total noncurrent assets	73,510,823	10,293,751	743,576	84,548,150	-		
Total assets	105,172,242	18,097,035	2,341,585	125,610,862	4,179,13		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred loss on debt refunding	4,390,238	-	-	4,390,238	-		
Pension related	1,384,043	322,875	-	1,706,918	-		
Other post-employment benefits related	372,376	74,342		446,718			
Total deferred outflows of resources	6,146,657	397,217	· <del></del>	6,543,874			
LIABILITIES							
Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable	847,586	32,835	60,799	941,220	1,542,05		
Accrued liabilities	45,533	17,066	-	62,599	-		
Accrued interest	422,256	167,619	-	589,875	-		
Deposits payable Claims and judgments payable	394,986	-	-	394,986	2,723,00		
Compensated absences	8,625	1,489	_	10,114	2,723,00		
Loans payable	341,479	253,262	_	594,741	_		
Bonds payable	1,420,000	-	_	1,420,000	_		
Total current liabilities	3,480,465	472,271	60,799	4,013,535	4,265,05		
Noncurrent liabilities:							
Compensated absences	77,629	13,401	=	91,030	-		
Total other post-employment benefits liability	1,578,136	315,062	-	1,893,198	-		
Net pension liability	3,034,530	707,907	-	3,742,437	-		
Loans payable	10,981,891	7,963,211	-	18,945,102	-		
Bonds payable Total noncurrent liabilities	<u>37,993,831</u> 53,666,017	8,999,581		37,993,831 62.665.598	· <del>-</del>		
	<del></del>		60.700		4 265 05		
Total liabilities	57,146,482	9,471,852	60,799	66,679,133	4,265,05		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	2.2.2==						
Pension related	319,678	74,576	-	394,254	-		
Other post-employment benefits related Total deferred inflows of resources	525,584 845,262	104,929 179,505	-	630,513 1,024,767			
NET POSITION			·	·			
Net investment in capital assets	27,163,860	2,077,278	743,576	29,984,714			
Restricted	164,055	2,011,210	-	164,055	<u>-</u>		
Unrestricted	25,999,240	6,765,617	1,537,210	34,302,067	(85,92		
Total net position	\$ 53,327,155	\$ 8,842,895	\$ 2,280,786	\$ 64,450,836	\$ (85,92		

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds						Governmental		
				Δr	royo Seco			Activities - ernal Service	
	Water		Sewer		olf Course	Total	11100	Fund	
OPERATING REVENUES									
Sales and service charges	\$ 11,516,207	\$	2,226,832	\$	1,672,607	\$ 15,415,646	\$	5,667,608	
Miscellaneous	21,945		-		-	21,945			
Total operating revenues	11,538,152		2,226,832		1,672,607	15,437,591		5,667,608	
OPERATING EXPENSES									
Administration and general	963,382		436,382		1,355,661	2,755,425		_	
Pumping	1,947,510		-		-	1,947,510		_	
Transmission/collection	2,880,202		-		-	2,880,202		-	
Treatment	-		396,651		-	396,651		-	
Insurance costs and claims	-		-		-	-		5,290,303	
Depreciation expense	1,944,342		274,615		33,386	2,252,343		-	
Amortization expense	22,500		-		-	22,500		-	
Total operating expenses	7,757,936		1,107,648		1,389,047	10,254,631		5,290,303	
Operating income	3,780,216		1,119,184		283,560	5,182,960		377,305	
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)									
Interest revenue	106,498		21,630		5,395	133,523		-	
Interest expense	(1,758,468)		(177,755)		-	(1,936,223)		-	
Miscellaneous expenses	(1,250)		- '-		-	(1,250)		-	
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	(1,653,220)		(156,125)		5,395	(1,803,950)			
Income before transfers	2,126,996		963,059		288,955	3,379,010		377,305	
TRANSFERS									
Transfers in	_		_		_	_		1,489,285	
Transfers out	(376,240)		(156,767)		(47,030)	(580,037)		-	
Total transfers	(376,240)		(156,767)		(47,030)	(580,037)		1,489,285	
Change in net position	1,750,756		806,292		241,925	2,798,973		1,866,590	
NET POSITION									
Net position, beginning, as restated (Note 15)	51,576,399		8,036,603		2,038,861	61,651,863		(1,952,514)	
Net position, ending	\$ 53,327,155	\$	8,842,895	\$	2,280,786	\$ 64,450,836	\$	(85,924)	

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

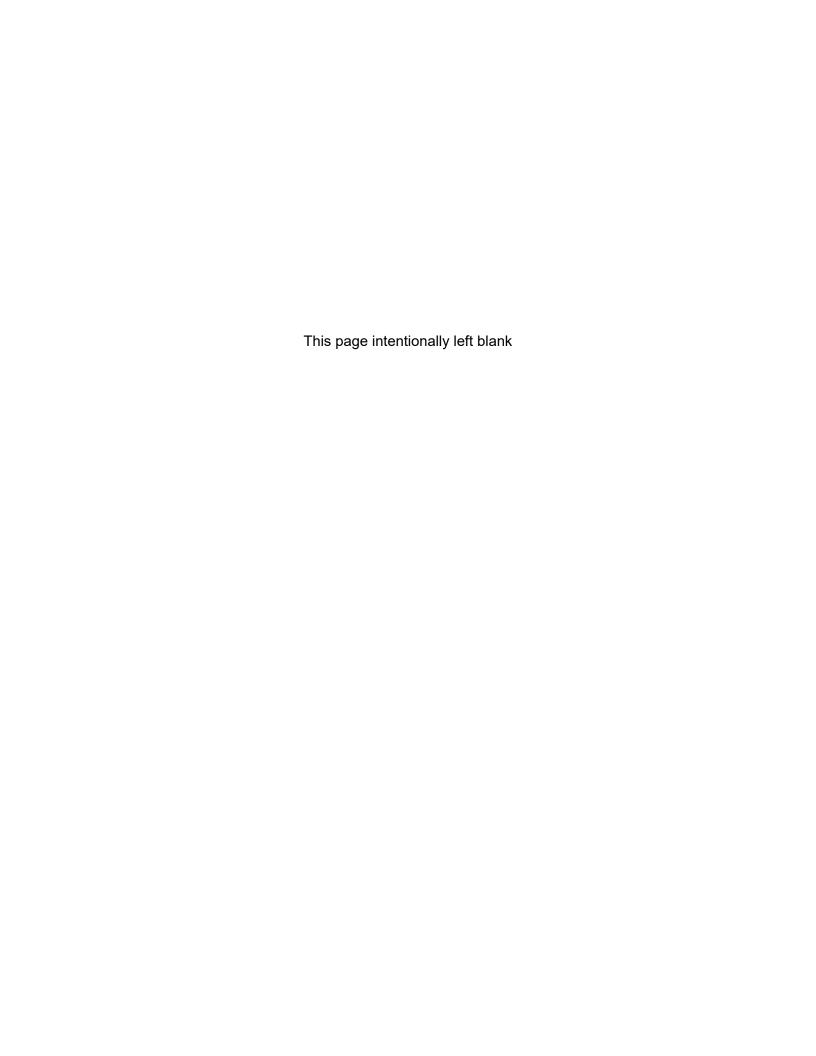
	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds								overnmental Activities -	
		Water		Sewer		rroyo Seco Solf Course		Total		ernal Service Funds
Cash flows from operating activities			_		_					
Cash received from customers and users	\$	11,475,446	\$	2,201,571	\$	1,672,607	\$	15,349,624	\$	3,236,611
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services		(6,055,558)		(867,386)		(1,392,398)		(8,315,342)		(3,329,837)
Cash paid to (received from) employees for services		(108,172)		(52,384)		-		(160,556)		-
Cash received from (payments to) others		21,945		- 1		-		21,945		-
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities		5,333,661		1,281,801		280,209		6,895,671		(93,226)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities										
•		(204 722)		(450.707)		(47,000)		(505 500)		
Cash paid to other funds		(381,733)		(156,767)		(47,030)		(585,530)		4 400 005
Cash received from other funds		-		-		-		-		1,489,285
Cash received from operating grants									_	
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital										
financing activities		(381,733)	_	(156,767)		(47,030)		(585,530)		1,489,285
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities										
Proceeds from capital debt		5,704,829		_		_		5,704,829		_
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		-		_		(39,340)		(39,340)		_
Principal paid on capital debt		(1,616,271)		(248,054)		(00,0.0)		(1,864,325)		_
Interest paid on capital debt		(1,759,718)		(177,755)		_		(1,937,473)		_
Net cash provided by (used for) capital		(1,739,710)		(177,733)	_			(1,937,473)		
and related financing activities		2,328,840		(425,809)		(39,340)		1,863,691		_
and related maneing detiriates		2,020,010		(120,000)		(00,0.0)	_	1,000,001		
Cash flows from investing activities										
Interest received		91,399		17,938		1,086	_	110,423		-
Net cash provided by investing activities		91,399		17,938	_	1,086		110,423		
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		7,372,167		717,163		194,925		8,284,255		1,396,059
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		22,441,715		6,800,474		1,367,573		30,609,762		352,077
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	29,813,882	\$	7,517,637	\$	1,562,498	\$	38,894,017	\$	1,748,136
Cash and investments	\$	29,649,827	\$	7,517,637	\$	1,562,498	\$	38,729,962	\$	1,748,136
Restricted:	*	20,0.0,02.	*	.,0,00.	•	.,002,.00	•	00,120,002	•	1,1 10,100
Cash and investments with fiscal agent		164,055			_		_	164,055		
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	29,813,882	\$	7,517,637	\$	1,562,498	\$	38,894,017	\$	1,748,136
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:										
Onevating income	•	2 700 246	¢.	1 110 104	rt.	202 560	Φ.	E 100 000	¢.	277 205
Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to	<u>\$</u>	3,100,210	Ф	1,119,184	\$	283,560	\$	5,182,960	\$	377,305
net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:										
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1 044 242		274 645		22.200		0.050.040		
Depreciation		1,944,342		274,615		33,386		2,252,343		-
Amortization		22,500		-		-		22,500		-
(Increase) decrease in operating assets:		(0.4.000)		(05.004)				(00.007)		(0.400.007)
Accounts receivable		(64,836)		(25,261)		- (0.404)		(90,097)		(2,430,997)
Inventories		-		-		(8,464)		(8,464)		-
Deferred outflows of resources		(287,644)		(60,422)		-		(348,066)		-
Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities:						/·				
Accounts payable		(264,464)		(34,353)		(28,273)		(327,090)		1,534,466
Accrued liabilities		(861)		8,170		-		7,309		-
Deposits payable		24,075		-		-		24,075		-
Claims and judgements payable		-		-		-		-		426,000
Compensated absences		28,335		3,890		-		32,225		-
Net pension liability		1,292,283		275,722		-		1,568,005		-
Other post-employment benefits liability		(430,339)		(85,914)		-		(516,253)		-
Deferred inflows of resources		(709,946)	_	(193,830)	_			(903,776)		
Total adjustments		1,553,445		162,617		(3,351)		1,712,711		(470,531)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	5,333,661	\$	1,281,801	\$	280,209	\$	6,895,671	\$	(93,226)

# STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

	Tı S Age	ate Purpose rust Fund uccessor ency of the rmer CRA
Assets		
Pooled cash and investments	\$	204,948
Restricted assets:		
Cash and investments with fiscal agents		198,205
Total assets		403,153
Liabilities		
Accrued interest		6,800
Due to other governments		2,047
Long-term liabilities:		
Due within one year		175,000
Due in more than one year		185,000
Total liabilities		368,847
Fiduciary Net Position		
Held in trust for other purposes	\$	34,306

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	<u>Tri</u> Su Age	te Purpose ust Fund uccessor ncy of the mer CRA
Revenues		
Taxes	\$	269,170
Use of money and property		6,559
Total revenues		275,729
Expenses		
Contractual services		3,550
Interest expense		31,500
Total expenses		35,050
Change in net position		240,679
Net position (deficit) held in trust, beginning		(206,373)
Net position held in trust, ending	\$	34,306



# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

### **Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

#### A. Description of Entity

As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements present the City of South Pasadena, California (the City) and its component units, entities for which the City is considered financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the Government's operation, so data from these units are combined herein. The criteria used in determining the scope of the reporting entity is based on the provisions of GASB Statement No. 14 as amended by Statement 39, 61 and 80 and were as follows:

- 1. The members of the City Council also act as the governing body of the City of South Pasadena Housing Authority (the Authority).
- 2. The Authority is managed by employees of the City.
- 3. The Authority is financially interdependent with the City.

The City of South Pasadena was incorporated on March 2, 1888, under the general laws of the State of California. The City provides a full range of municipal services, including public safety (police and fire), streets, sanitation, refuse collection, sewer, water, parks and recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, housing and community development, and general administrative and support services.

#### **Blended Component Units**

City of South Pasadena Housing Authority - The Authority was established pursuant to California Housing Authorities Law (Health and Safety Code Sections 34200 et seq.) on April 6, 2011. The purpose of the Housing Authority is to provide safe and sanitary housing opportunities for South Pasadena residents. The primary government has operational responsibility for the Housing Authority. Although the Housing Authority is legally separate, it is reported as if it were part of the City because the City Council also serves as the governing board of the Housing Authority. Separate financial statements of the Housing Authority are not prepared. Additionally, the Housing Authority took over the housing activities from the former Community Redevelopment Agency due to its dissolution on January 31, 2012.

#### B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fiduciary fund financial statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

### **Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

#### B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the fiscal year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. Other general revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The proprietary and private-purpose trust funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

### **Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

# C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

The City reports the following major governmental fund:

- The <u>General Fund</u> is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- The <u>SLFRF Fund</u> is used to account for the State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund (SLFRF) which is a one-time federal grant for pandemic response and recovery.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

- The <u>Water Fund</u> is used to account for the construction, operation, and maintenance of the City-owned water system.
- The <u>Sewer Fund</u> is used to account for the provision of sewer construction, maintenance, and operation services to residents of the City.

The City's fund structure also includes the following fund types:

- The <u>Private Purpose Trust Fund</u> accounts for the assets and liabilities of the former community redevelopment agency and its allocated revenue to pay estimated installment payments of enforceable obligations until obligations of the former community redevelopment agency are paid in full and assets have been liquidated. Please refer to Note 12 for more information.
- The <u>Internal Service Fund</u> is used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's functions for general liability and worker's compensation insurance. Because the internal service operations benefit both governmental and business-type functions, they have been proportionally allocated and included within the governmental and business-like activities in the government-wide financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the government's proprietary funds function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

### **Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

# C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

Proprietary funds and the internal service fund distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Enterprise Funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for Enterprise Funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The City has elected to follow all pronouncements of the GASB.

### D. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position or Equity

#### Deposits and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. For financial statement presentation purposes, cash and cash equivalents are shown as both restricted and unrestricted cash and investments in the Governmental and Proprietary Funds.

Investments for the City, as well as for its component units, are reported at fair value. The City's policy is generally to hold investments until maturity or until market values equal or exceed cost. The State Treasurer's Investment Pool operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares.

#### Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans), or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

### Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

# D. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position or Equity (continued)

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts.

Property tax revenue is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes have been levied providing they become available. Available means when due, or past due and receivable within the current period and collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter (not to exceed 60 days) to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The County of Los Angeles collects property taxes for the City. Tax liens attach annually as of 12:01 A.M. on the first day in January proceeding the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. The tax levy covers the fiscal period July 1 to June 30. All secured personal property taxes and one-half of the taxes on real property are due November 1; the second installment is due February 1. All taxes are delinquent, if unpaid, after December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured personal property taxes become due on the first of March each year and are delinquent after August 31.

#### Functional Classifications

Expenditures of the Governmental Funds are classified by function. Functional classifications are defined as follows:

General Government includes legislative activities which have a primary objective of providing legal and policy guidelines for the City. Also included in this classification are those activities which provide management or support services across more than one functional area.

Public Safety includes those activities which involve the protection of people and property.

Community Development includes those activities which involve the enhancing of the general quality of life.

Community Services includes activities such as administering the Senior Center, recreation classes, and special events committees.

Public Works includes those activities that involve the maintenance and improvement of City streets, roads and park department development and maintenance.

Capital Outlay includes those activities that account for the acquisition of capital assets.

#### Inventories

Inventory consisting primarily of materials and supplies is held by the Water Enterprise Fund. Such goods are valued using the average-cost method applied on a first-in, first-out (FIFO) basis. Inventories reported in the City's General Fund are charged to inventories when purchased and treated as an expenditure when issued.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

### Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

# D. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position or Equity (continued)

#### Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds of debt issues, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet and statement of net position because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants. In addition, funds have been restricted for future capital improvements by City resolution.

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 for non-infrastructure assets and \$25,000 for infrastructure assets (amount not rounded). Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	50
Improvements other than buildings	10 - 25
Machinery and equipment	3 - 30
Vehicles	8
Infrastructure	Years
Sewer collection system	60
Storm drain system	60
Bridges	60
Hardscape	40
Parkways and medians	40
Pavement, curbs and gutters, and sidewalks	35
Streetlights	20
Electronic traffic control devices	20

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

### Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

# D. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position or Equity (continued)

#### Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position and balance sheet of governmental funds will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and balance sheet of governmental funds will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has only one item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from three sources: property taxes, special assessments, and reimbursable grants billed but not yet available. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

#### Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

#### Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

### Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

# D. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position or Equity (continued)

### Compensated Absences

It is the policy of the City to record the cost of annual vacation as accrued. Employees are 100% vested in accrued vacation after six months of employment. The entire compensated absence liability for the Enterprise Fund is accrued as earned in the Enterprise Fund. All accumulated compensated absence liability of governmental funds is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. Compensated absences are reported in governmental funds only if they have matured.

It is the policy of the City to pay sick leave as used; accordingly, the expenditures are recorded when paid. Sick leave does not vest with employees. Accordingly, employees do not receive a payout for unused sick leave upon termination, although employees do receive credit for unused sick leave upon retirement.

#### **Pensions**

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Plan and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

GASB 68 requires that the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined timeframes. For this report, the following timeframes are used.

Valuation Date (VD) June 30, 2021 Measurement Date (MD) June 30, 2022

Measurement Period (MP) July 1, 2021 to June 30, 2022

#### Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the totaled OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis. For this purpose, benefit payments are reported at fair value.

Generally accepted accounting principles require that the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined timeframes. For this report, the following timeframes are used:

Valuation Date (VD) June 30, 2021 Measurement Date (MD) June 30, 2022

Measurement Period (MP) July 1, 2021 to June 30, 2022

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

### Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

# D. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position or Equity (continued)

### Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position.

### Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the following fund balance classification:

Nonspendable include amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted include amounts that are constrained on the use of resources by either (a) external creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws of regulations of other governments or (b) by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed include amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest authority, City Council. The formal action that is required to be taken to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment is a resolution of the City Council.

Assigned include amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The City Council, with Resolution No. 7152, authorized the Finance Director to assign fund balance amounts for specific purposes.

Unassigned include the residual amounts that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes. The General Fund is the only fund that can report a positive unassigned fund balance.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

### **Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

# D. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position or Equity (continued)

An individual governmental fund could include nonspendable resources and amounts that are restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) or any combination of those classifications. Restricted amounts are to be considered spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available and committed, assigned, and then unassigned amounts are considered to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balances classifications can be used.

The City Council adopts and amends committed fund balance amounts for specific purposes through a resolution. When expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the City considers restricted amounts to be used first. When expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used, they are considered to be spent in the order as follows: committed, assigned, and then unassigned.

#### Net Position

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, net position is classified as follows:

<u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> – This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

<u>Restricted</u> – This component of net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets.

<u>Unrestricted</u> – This component of net position is the amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted component of net position.

#### E. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses, during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

### **Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

#### F. Implementation of New Pronouncement

In May 2020, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued GASB Statement No. 96 – Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements: This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

The City adopted the requirements of the guidance effective July 1, 2022 and has applied the provisions of this standard to the beginning of the period of adoption.

#### Note 2: Cash and Investments

Cash and investments are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of net position:	
Cash and investments	\$ 88,234,762
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	164,055
Statement of fiduciary net position:	
Cash and investments	204,948
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	198,205
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 88,801,970

Cash and investments at June 30, 2023, consists of the following:

Cash and cash equivalents:	
Petty cash	\$ 9,236
Deposits with financial institutions	13,582,571
Investments	 75,210,163
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 88,801,970

The City of South Pasadena maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use for all funds. Each fund type's position in the pool is reported on the combined balance sheet as cash and investments. The City has adopted an investment policy which authorizes it to invest in various investments.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

### Note 2: Cash and Investments (continued)

#### A. Deposits

At June 30, 2023, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$13,582,571 and the bank balance was \$12,734,142. The difference between the two represents outstanding checks and other reconciling items.

The California Government Code requires California banks and savings and loan associations to secure a City's deposits by pledging government securities with a value of 110% of a City's deposits. California law also allows financial institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of a City's total deposits. The City Treasurer may waive the collateral requirement for deposits which are fully insured up to \$250,000 by the FDIC. The collateral for deposits in federal and state chartered banks is held in safekeeping by an authorized Agent of Depository recognized by the State of California Department of Banking. The collateral for deposits with savings and loan associations is generally held in safekeeping by the Federal Home Loan Bank in San Francisco, California as an Agent of Depository. These securities are physically held in an undivided pool for all California public agency depositors.

Under Government Code Section 53655, the placement of securities by a bank or savings and loan association with an "Agent of Depository" has the effect of perfecting the security interest in the name of the local governmental agency. Accordingly, all collateral held by California Agents of Depository are considered to be held for, and in the name of, the local governmental agency.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

### Note 2: Cash and Investments (continued)

#### **B.** Investments

Under provision of the City's investment policy, and in accordance with Section 53601 of the California Government Code, the City may invest in the following types of investments:

	Authorized by Investment	Maximum	Maximum Percentage	Maximum Investment	Minimum Quality
Authorized Investment Type	Policy	Maturity	of Portfolio	In One Issuer	Requirements
	_				
Local Agency Bonds	Yes	5 years	None	None	N/A
U.S. Treasury Obligations	Yes	5 years	None	None	N/A
State Obligations - CA & Others	Yes	5 years	None	None	N/A
CA Local Agency Obligations	Yes	5 years	None	None	N/A
U.S. Agency Obligations	Yes	5 years	None	None	N/A
Banker's Acceptances	Yes	180 days	40%	30%	N/A
Commercial Paper - Select Agencies	Yes	270 days	25%	10%	A-1
Commercial Paper - Other Agencies	Yes	270 days	40%	None	A-1
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	Yes	5 years	30%	None	N/A
CD Placement Service	Yes	5 years	30%	None	N/A
Repurchase Agreements	Yes	1 year	None	None	N/A
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	Yes	92 days	20%	None	N/A
Medium-Term Notes	Yes	5 years	30%	N/A	Α
Mutual Funds	Yes	N/A	20%	10%	N/A
Money Market Mutual Funds	Yes	N/A	20%	10%	N/A
Collateralized Bank Deposits	Yes	5 years	None	None	N/A
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	Yes	5 years	20%	None	AA
Bank/Time Deposits	Yes	5 years	None	None	N/A
County Pooled Investment Funds	Yes	N/A	None	None	N/A
Joint Powers Authority Pool	Yes	N/A	None	None	N/A
Local Agency Investment Fund	Yes	N/A	None	None	N/A
Voluntary Investment Program Fund	Yes	N/A	None	None	N/A

The City has monies held by trustees or fiscal agents pledged to the payment or security of certain bonds. The California Government Code provides that these monies, in the absence of specific statutory provisions governing the issuance of bonds, may be invested in accordance with the ordinance, resolutions, or indentures specifying the types of investments its trustees or fiscal agents may make.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

### Note 2: Cash and Investments (continued)

#### C. Investments in State Investment Pool

The City is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. LAIF is overseen by the Local Agency Investment Advisory Board, which consists of five members, in accordance with State statute. The State Treasurer's Office audits the fund annually. The fair value of the position in the investment pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

#### D. Credit Risk

The City's investment policy limits investments in medium-term notes (MTN's) to those rated "A" or better by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Investments in U.S. government securities are not considered to have credit risk and, therefore, their credit quality is not disclosed.

Presented below is the minimum rating required by the City's Investment Policy and the actual rating as of June 30, 2023:

				Rating as of Fiscal Year End					
Investment Type	Amount	Minimum Legal Rating	Exempt from Disclosure	AA+	AA / AA-	<u>A</u> +	A / A-	Not Rated	
Local Agency Investment Fund	\$ 15,610,760	N/A	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 15,610,760	
Money Market Mutual Funds	443,983	Multiple	-	-	-	-	-	443,983	
U.S. Treasury Notes	38,964,422	N/A	38,964,422	-	-	-	-	-	
U.S. Agency Obligations	3,301,512	N/A	-	3,301,512	-	-	-	-	
Medium-Term Notes	16,889,486	Α			2,456,818	3,294,572	11,138,096		
Total	\$ 75,210,163		\$ 38,964,422	\$3,301,512	\$2,456,818	\$3,294,572	\$11,138,096	\$ 16,054,743	

#### E. Custodial Credit Risk

The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the City will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Of the bank balances, up to \$250,000 is federally insured and the remaining balances are collateralized in accordance with the California Government Code.

### F. Concentration of Credit Risk

The City's investment policy imposes restrictions on the percentage that the City can invest in a single type of investment in accordance with CA Government Code. In addition, GASB 40 requires a separate disclosure if any single issuer comprises more than 5% of the total investment value. As of June 30, 2023, there were no investments in any one issuer (other than U.S. Treasury securities, mutual funds, and external investment pools) that represent 5% or more of total City investments.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

### Note 2: Cash and Investments (continued)

#### G. Interest Rate Risk

The City's investment policy limits investment maturities, in accordance with CA Government Code, as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The certificates of deposit in cash with fiscal agent below with a maturity of three to five years are governed by the debt agreements, rather than the City's investment policy. The City has elected to use the segmented time distribution method of disclosure for its interest rate risk.

As of June 30, 2023, the City had the following investments and original maturities:

	Remaining Maturity (in months)								
			6	months to 1					
Investment Type	<u>6 n</u>	nonths or less		year		1 to 3 years	3 to 5 years		Total
Local Agency Investment Fund	\$	15,610,760	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	15,610,760
Money Market Mutual Funds		443,983		-		-	-		443,983
U.S. Treasury Notes		1,361,407		3,627,621		24,821,442	9,153,95	2	38,964,422
U.S. Agency Obligations		-		-		1,464,227	1,837,28	5	3,301,512
Medium-Term Notes		1,420,533		2,388,990		9,546,639	3,533,32	<u> </u>	16,889,486
Total	\$	18,836,683	\$	6,016,611	\$	35,832,308	\$ 14,524,56	1\$	75,210,163

#### H. Fair Value Measurements

The definition of fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by the generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The following table presents the balances of the assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of June 30, 2023.

Investment by Fair Value Level		Fair Value	Level 1		Level 2	Level 3	
Debt securities:	-						
Money Market Mutual Funds	\$	443,983	\$	-	\$ 443,983	\$	-
U.S. Treasury Notes		38,964,422		-	38,964,422		-
U.S. Agency Obligations		3,301,512		-	3,301,512		
Medium-Term Notes		16,889,486			 16,889,486		-
Total investments measured at fair value Investments not subject to fair value measurement		59,599,403	\$		\$ 59,599,403	\$	
LAIF		15,610,760					
Total investments	\$	75,210,163					

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

# **Note 3: Capital Assets**

Capital asset activity was as follows for the year ended June 30, 2023:

Governmental activities:	Balance June 30, 2022			Deletions	Balance June 30, 2023
Capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized: Land Construction in progress	\$ 2,454,245 3,149,988	\$ - (530,408)	\$ - 587,083	\$ - -	\$ 2,454,245 3,206,663
Total capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized	5,604,233	(530,408)	587,083		5,660,908
Capital assets, being depreciated/amortized: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Infrastructure Machinery, equipment, and vehicles Right-to-use lease asset Right-to-use subscription asset	12,001,967 7,788,183 93,123,286 11,926,265 -	- - - (374,104) - -	- - 327,890 355,632 1,256,705	- - - - -	12,001,967 7,788,183 93,123,286 11,880,051 355,632 1,256,705
Total capital assets, being depreciated/amortized	124,839,701	(374,104)	1,940,227		126,405,824
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization for: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Infrastructure Machinery, equipment, and vehicles Right-to-use lease asset Right-to-use subscription asset	(8,595,382) (2,986,412) (48,177,536) (10,469,875) -	- (2,856,778)	(336,537) (446,019) (1,546,651) (418,272) (52,525) (221,840)	- - - - -	(8,931,919) (3,432,431) (52,580,965) (10,560,902) (52,525) (221,840)
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization	(70,229,205)	(2,529,533)	(3,021,844)		(75,780,582)
Total capital assets, being depreciated/amortized, net	54,610,496	(2,903,637)	(1,081,617)		50,625,242
Total governmental activities	\$ 60,214,729	\$ (3,434,045)	\$ (494,534)	\$ -	\$ 56,286,150

Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Act	i١	٧	/i	it	ie	s:	
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General government	\$ 512,235
Public safety	426,897
Community services	480,048
Public works	 1,602,664
Total depreciation expense – governmental activities	\$ 3,021,844

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

**Note 3: Capital Assets (continued)** 

Business-type activities:	Balance June 30, 2022	Prior Period Restatement	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2023
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress	\$ 84,685 352,183	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ 84,685 352,183
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	436,868				436,868
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Infrastructure Machinery and equipment	4,180,702 16,931,054 77,141,305 2,074,056	- - - -	37,045 - 2,295	- - - -	4,180,702 16,968,099 77,141,305 2,076,351
Total capital assets, being depreciated	100,327,117		39,340		100,366,457
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Infrastructure Machinery and equipment	(1,502,316) (4,369,077) (10,479,296) (1,231,317)	- - 3,953,278 (374,104)	(83,340) (609,808) (1,449,345) (109,850)	- - - -	(1,585,656) (4,978,885) (7,975,363) (1,715,271)
Total accumulated depreciation	(17,582,006)	3,579,174	(2,252,343)		(16,255,175)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	82,745,111	3,579,174	(2,213,003)		84,111,282
Total business-type activities	\$ 83,181,979	\$ 3,579,174	\$ (2,213,003)	\$ -	\$ 84,548,150

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Water	\$ 1,944,342
Sewer	274,615
Arroyo Seco Golf Course	 33,386
Total depreciation expense – business-type activities	\$ 2,252,343

#### Note 4: Leases Receivable

On April 1, 2023, the City entered into a 120 month lease as Lessor for the use of South Pasadena Batting Cages, LLC. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$440,191. As of June 30, 2023, the value of the lease receivable is \$440,191. The lessee is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$4,000. The lease has an interest rate of 1.2173%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of 06/30/2023 was \$440,191, and the City recognized lease revenue of \$11,005 during the fiscal year.

On July 1, 2021, the City entered into a 126 month lease as Lessor for the use of iTennis. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$828,404. As of June 30, 2023, the value of the lease receivable is \$677,976. The lessee is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$7,000. The lease has an interest rate of 1.2173%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2023 was \$674,259, and the City recognized lease revenue of \$78,896 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 1 extension option(s), each for 120 months.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

### Note 4: Leases Receivable (continued)

Total future payments on the lease receivable are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,		Principal	<u> </u>	nterest		Total
2024	\$	118,148	\$	13,852	\$	132,000
2024	φ	120,497	φ	11,503	φ	132,000
		•		•		•
2026		121,972		10,028		132,000
2027		123,466		8,534		132,000
2028		124,977		7,023		132,000
2029 - 2033		509,107		12,893		522,000
Total	\$	1,118,167	\$	63,833	\$	1,182,000

## Note 5: Interfund Receivable, Payable and Transfers

#### A. Due To/From Other Funds

At June 30, 2023, the City had the following internal balances:

	Due To Other Funds					
	Nonmajor	_				
Due From Other Funds	Funds	Total				
General Fund	\$ 1,923,033	\$ 1,923,033				

The due to General Fund of \$1,923,033 for various Nonmajor Governmental Funds was a result of temporary cash deficit balances in those funds.

#### B. Transfers

	Transfers In							
	Non-Major			Internal		Total		
	Gov	rernmental		Service		Transfers		
		Funds		Fund		Out		
Transfers Out:								
General Fund	\$	383,079	\$	909,248	\$	1,292,327		
Water Enterprise Fund		-		376,240		376,240		
Sewer Enterprise Fund		-		156,767		156,767		
Arroyo Seco Golf Course		-		47,030		47,030		
		_						
Total Transfers In:	\$	383,079	\$	1,489,285	\$	1,872,364		

All transfers were made as budgeted or as approved by Council. A total of \$1,489,285 was moved from various funds into the insurance fund to address a one-time expense from CAJPIA. Additionally, \$383,079 was transferred from the General Fund to the Street Light & Landscape Fund, to support the City's operations.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

### Note 6: Long-Term Liabilities

#### A. Leases

On October 05, 2022, the City entered into a 60 month lease for the use of Axon. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$355,632. As of June 30, 2023, the value of the lease liability is \$283,367. The City is required to make annual fixed payments of \$73,011. The lease has an interest rate of 1.2173%. The value of the right to use asset as of June 30, 2023 of \$355,632 with accumulated amortization of \$52,525 is included in the capital asset table at note 3.

The following is a summary of changes in lease liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2023:

	 ance 0, 2022	ļ	Additions	С	)eletions	-	Balance e 30, 2023	 ie Within ne Year	 ie in More n One Year
Governmental activities									
Lease liabilities	\$ 	\$	355,632	\$	(72,265)	\$	283,367	\$ 69,561	\$ 213,806
Total lease liabilities	\$ 	\$	355,632	\$	(72,265)	\$	283,367	\$ 69,561	\$ 213,806

Future payments on the total lease liabilities are as follows:

ear Ending June 30,	Pı	rincipal	Ir	terest	 Total
2024	\$	69,561	\$	3,449	\$ 73,010
2025		70,408		2,603	73,011
2026		71,265		1,746	73,011
2027		72,133		878	 73,011
Total	\$	283,367	\$	8,676	\$ 292,043

#### **B. SBITA**

During fiscal year 2023, the City entered into subscriptions for various software packages. The terms range from 17 to 60 months with interest rates at 1.85% to 3.45%. The City is required to make payments ranging from \$5,183 to \$100,099. As of June 30, 2023, the City had \$863,254 outstanding for the SBITA liability. The value of the right-to-use asset as of June 30, 2023, of \$1,256,705 with accumulated amortization of \$221,840 is included with the capital asset note at Note 3.

The following is a summary of changes in SBITA liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2023:

	Ва	alance			I	Balance	D	ue Within	Du	e in More
	June 30, 2022		Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2023		One Year		Than One Year	
Governmental activities		<u>.</u>								
SBITA	\$	-	\$ 1,224,303	\$ (361,049)	\$	863,254	\$	293,619	\$	569,635
Total SBITA liability	\$	-	\$ 1,224,303	\$ (361,049)	\$	863,254	\$	293,619	\$	569,635

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

### Note 6: Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

# B. SBITA (continued)

Future payments on the total SBITA liabilities are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	F	Principal		nterest		Total		
2024	\$	293,619	\$	24,315	\$	317,934		
2025	Ψ	269,881	Ψ	16,291	Ψ	286,172		
2026		164,592		8,785		173,377		
2027		135,162		4,031		139,193		
	\$	863,254	\$	53,422	\$	916,676		

#### C. Loans and Bonds

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2023:

	Balance			Balance	Due Within	
	June 30, 2022	Additions Deletions		June 30, 2023	One Year	
Business-Type Activities:						
2012 State Loan Payable - Direct Borrowing	\$ 8,464,527	\$ -	\$ (248,054)	\$ 8,216,473	\$ 253,262	
SRF State Loan Payable - Direct Borrowing	5,869,812	5,704,829	(251,271)	11,323,370	341,479	
2013 Water Revenue Bonds	3,840,000	-	(420,000)	3,420,000	435,000	
Issuance Premium	200,917	=	(27,712)	173,205	=	
2016 Water Revenue Bonds	33,385,000	=	(945,000)	32,440,000	985,000	
Issuance Premium	3,588,664		(208,038)	3,380,626		
Total Business-Type Activities	\$ 55,348,920	\$ 5,704,829	\$ (2,100,075)	\$ 58,953,674	\$ 2,014,741	

#### 2012 State Loan Payable (Direct Borrowing)

California State Water Resources Control Board loaned the City an assessable amount of \$11,000,000 over the term agreement starting December 1, 2013 through May 30, 2037. The proceeds from the loan are to be used by the City for its rehabilitation and replacement of the City's sewer infrastructure. The loan acts as an installment sale agreement, in which, the City must expend its own funds prior to drawing on the accessible loan amount for reimbursement. Repayment of project funds, together with all interest accrued thereon, by the City shall be repaid in annual installments commencing 1 year after the completion of the project.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

### Note 6: Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

### C. Loans and Bonds (continued)

The annual requirements to amortize the outstanding bond indebtedness as of June 30, 2023, including interest are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	 Interest	Total		
2024	\$ 253,262	\$ 172,546	\$ 425,808		
2025	258,581	167,227	425,808		
2026	264,011	161,797	425,808		
2027	269,555	156,253	425,808		
2028	275,216	150,592	425,808		
2029-2033	1,465,238	663,803	2,129,041		
2034-2038	1,625,687	503,354	2,129,041		
2039-2043	1,803,706	325,335	2,129,041		
2044-2048	 2,001,217	 127,823	 2,129,040		
Total	\$ 8,216,473	\$ 2,428,730	\$ 10,645,203		

### **SRF State Loan Payable (Direct Borrowing)**

California State Water Resources Control Board loaned the City an assessable amount of \$10,803,550 over the term agreement starting November 15, 2017 through January 1, 2050. The proceeds from the loan are to be used by the City for the Graves Reservoir Replacement Project. The loan acts as an installment sale agreement, in which, the City must expend its own funds prior to drawing on the accessible loan amount for reimbursement. Repayment of project funds, together with all interest accrued thereon, by the City shall be repaid in annual installments commencing 1 year after the completion of the project.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

### Note 6: Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

### C. Loans and Bonds (continued)

The annual requirements to amortize the outstanding bond indebtedness as of June 30, 2023, including interest are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total		
2024	\$ 341,479	\$ 191,052	\$ 532,531		
2025	347,309	185,222	532,531		
2026	353,238	179,293	532,531		
2027	359,269	173,262	532,531		
2028	365,402	167,129	532,531		
2029-2033	1,922,743	739,913	2,662,656		
2034-2038	2,092,571	570,085	2,662,656		
2039-2043	2,277,399	385,257	2,662,656		
2044-2048	2,478,553	184,103	2,662,656		
2049-2051	785,407	13,390	798,797		
Total	\$ 11,323,370	\$ 2,788,706	\$ 14,112,076		

### 2013 Water Revenue Bonds

In March, 2013, the South Pasadena Public Financing Authority issued \$6,995,000 Water and Wastewater Revenue Bonds, 2013 Series A. The bonds were issued to refund of a portion of the outstanding California Statewide Communities Development Authority Water and Wastewater Revenue Bonds, Series 2004A that were issued on behalf of the City of South Pasadena, to purchase a surety for a reserve fund for the Bonds, and to pay costs of issuance of the bonds. The bonds are secured by a pledge of system net revenues of the City's water system.

Bond proceeds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants. In addition, funds have been restricted for future capital improvements by City resolution.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

### Note 6: Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

#### C. Loans and Bonds (continued)

The serial bonds mature annually from October 1, 2014 to October 1, 2029, in increasing amounts from \$325,000 to \$545,000. The bonds bear interest at rates ranging from .35% to 3.4%. The term bonds mature on October 1, 2029, and carry an interest rate of 5.0%. Interest is payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1, commencing on October 1, 2014 and October 1, 2029, respectively.

If the City defaults on its obligations to make debt service payments on the bonds, the trustee, as assignee of the City, has the right to accelerate the total unpaid principal amount of the bonds. However, in the event of a default and such acceleration, there can be no assurance that the trustee will have sufficient moneys available for payment of the bonds.

The annual requirements to amortize the outstanding bond indebtedness as of June 30, 2023, including interest are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
	 · ····oipai	 	10101
2024	\$ 435,000	\$ 113,688	\$ 548,688
2025	450,000	95,988	545,988
2026	470,000	77,588	547,588
2027	490,000	58,388	548,388
2028	505,000	41,013	546,013
2029-2030	1,070,000	33,750	1,103,750
Total	\$ 3,420,000	\$ 420,415	\$ 3,840,415

#### 2016 Water Revenue Bonds

In November 2016, the City of South Pasadena issued \$37,845,000 Water Revenue Refunding Bonds. The bonds were issued to refund all of the outstanding 2009 Water Revenue Bonds, purchase a municipal bond insurance policy to guarantee payment of the principal of and interest on the 2016 bonds and to pay costs of issuance of the 2016 bonds.

The serial bonds mature annually from October 1, 2017, to October 1, 2036, in amounts from \$835,000 to \$2,610,000. The bonds bear interest at rates ranging from 2% to 5%. The term bonds mature on October 1, 2039 and carry an interest rate of 5.0%. Interest is payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1, commencing and ending on April 1, 2017, and April 1, 2037, respectively.

If the City defaults on its obligations to make debt service payments on the bonds, the trustee, as assignee of the City, has the right to accelerate the total unpaid principal amount of the bonds. However, in the event of a default and such acceleration, there can be no assurance that the trustee will have sufficient moneys available for payment of the bonds.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

# Note 6: Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

## C. Loans and Bonds (continued)

The annual requirements to amortize the outstanding bond indebtedness as of June 30, 2023, including interest are as follows:

Year Ending				
June 30,	Principal		 Interest	 Total
		_	 _	_
2024	\$	985,000	\$ 1,439,213	\$ 2,424,213
2025		1,035,000	1,388,713	2,423,713
2026		1,095,000	1,335,463	2,430,463
2027		1,145,000	1,279,463	2,424,463
2028		1,210,000	1,220,588	2,430,588
2029-2033		8,730,000	5,031,563	13,761,563
2034-2038		12,455,000	2,394,116	14,849,116
2039-2040		5,785,000	 196,847	 5,981,847
		_	 _	_
Total	\$	32,440,000	\$ 14,285,966	\$ 46,725,966

## **Note 7: Compensated Absences**

The City's liability on June 30, 2023 for vested and unpaid compensated absences (accrued vacation and compensatory time) is as follows:

	-	Balance e 30, 2022	 Additions	 Deletions	Balance ne 30, 2023	 ie Within ne Year
Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$	870,984 68,919	\$ 960,230 104,526	\$ (888,696) (72,301)	\$ 942,518 101,144	\$ 94,252 10,114
Total compensated absences payable	\$	939,903	\$ 1,064,756	\$ (960,997)	\$ 1,043,662	\$ 104,366

Compensated absences are paid, if matured, out of the General Fund, other various special revenue funds and enterprise funds.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

### Note 8: City Employees Defined Benefit Pension Plan

#### A. General Information about the Pension Plans

#### Plan Description

All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the Public Agency Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Plan) administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS.) The Plan consists of individual rate plans (benefit tiers) within a safety risk pool (police and fire) and a miscellaneous risk pool (all other). Plan assets may be used to pay benefits for any employer rate plan of the safety and miscellaneous pools. Accordingly, rate plans within the safety or miscellaneous pools are not separate plans under GASB Statement No. 68. Individual employers may sponsor more than one rate plan in the miscellaneous or safety risk pools. The City sponsors five rate plans (two miscellaneous and three safety). Benefit provisions under the Plan are established by State statute and City resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS' website, at www.calpers.ca.gov.

#### Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full-time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 5 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost-of-living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The Plan operates under the provisions of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law (PERL), the California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act of 2013 (PEPRA), and the regulations, procedures and policies adopted by the CalPERS Board of Administration. The Plan's authority to establish and amend the benefit terms are set by the PERL and PEPRA, and may be amended by the California state legislature and in some cases require approval by the CalPERS Board.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

# Note 8: City Employees Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

### A. General Information about the Pension Plans (continued)

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2023 are summarized as follows:

Miscellaneous				
Prior to January 1,	On or after			
2013	January 1, 2013			
2% @ 55	2% @ 62			
5 years service	5 years service			
monthly for life	monthly for life			
50 - 67	52 - 67			
1.426% to 2.418%	1.0% to 2.5%			
7.00%	7.25%			
13.260%	8.000%			
Safet	ty			
Safet Prior to January 1,	On or after			
	,			
Prior to January 1,	On or after			
Prior to January 1, 2013	On or after January 1, 2013			
Prior to January 1, 2013 2% @ 50	On or after January 1, 2013 2.7% @ 57			
Prior to January 1, 2013 2% @ 50 5 years service	On or after January 1, 2013 2.7% @ 57 5 years service			
Prior to January 1, 2013 2% @ 50 5 years service monthly for life	On or after January 1, 2013 2.7% @ 57 5 years service monthly for life			
Prior to January 1, 2013 2% @ 50 5 years service monthly for life 50 - 55	On or after January 1, 2013 2.7% @ 57 5 years service monthly for life 50 - 57			
	Prior to January 1, 2013 2% @ 55 5 years service monthly for life 50 - 67 1.426% to 2.418% 7.00%			

## **Employees Covered**

At June 30, 2021 (valuation date), the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	Miscellaneous - Classic	Miscellaneous - PEPRA	Safety - Classic	Safety - PEPRA	
Inactive employees or beneficiaries	455		404		
currently receiving benefits Inactive employees entitled to but	155	-	134	1	
not yet receiving benefits	193	53	31	14	
Active employees	38	66	35	19	
Total	386	119	200	34	

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

### Note 8: City Employees Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

#### A. General Information about the Pension Plans (continued)

#### **Contributions**

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law (PERL) requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The total plan contributions are determined through CalPERS' annual actuarial valuation process. For public agency cost-sharing plans covered by either the Miscellaneous or Safety risk pools, the Plan's actuarially determined rate is based on the estimated amount necessary to pay the Plan's allocated share of the risk pool's costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, and any unfunded accrued liability. The employer is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. Employer contribution rates may change if plan contracts are amended. Payments made by the employer to satisfy contribution requirements that are identified by the pension plan terms as plan member contribution requirements are classified as plan member contributions. Employer Contributions to the Plan for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 were \$5,201,924. The actual employer payments of \$9,206,330 made to CalPERS by the City during the measurement period ended June 30, 2022 differed from the City's proportionate share of the employer's contributions of \$7,172,669 by \$2,033,661, which is being amortized over the expected average remaining service lifetime in the Public Agency Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Plan.

#### **B.** Net Pension Liability

The City's net pension liability for the Plan is measured as the total pension liability, less the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2022, using an annual actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021 rolled forward to June 30, 2022 using standard update procedures. A summary of principal assumptions and methods used to determine the net pension liability is as follows:

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

### Note 8: City Employees Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

#### B. Net Pension Liability (continued)

#### Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Total Pension Liability

All other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from 1997 to 2015, including updates to salary increase, mortality and retirement rates. The Experience Study report can be obtained at CalPERS' website, at www.calpers.ca.gov.

Valuation Date June 30, 2021 Measurement Date June 30, 2022

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal in accordance with the

requirements of GASB 68

Asset Valuation Method Fair Value of Assets

**Actuarial Assumptions:** 

Discount Rate 6.90% Inflation 2.30%

Salary Increases Varies by entry age and service

Mortality Rate Table (1) Derived using CALPERS' membership data

for all funds

Post Retirement Benefit Increase The lesser of contract COLA or 2.30% until

Purchasing Power Protection Allowance floor on purchasing power applies, 2.30%

thereafter.

#### Long-term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the rounded single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equal to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

<sup>(1)</sup> The morality table used was developed based on CalPERS specific data. The rates incorporate Generational Morality to capture ongoing morality improvement using 80% Scale MP-2020 published by Society of Actuaries. For more details, please refer to the 2021 Experience Study that can be found on the CalPERS website.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

### Note 8: City Employees Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

#### B. Net Pension Liability (continued)

The expected real rates of return by asset class are as follows:

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Real Return Years 1 - 10 <sup>1,2</sup>
Global Equity - cap weighted	30.00%	4.54%
Global Equity - cap weighted  Global Equity - non-cap-weighted	12.00%	3.84%
Private Equity	13.00%	7.28%
Treasury	5.00%	0.27%
Mortgage-backed securities	5.00%	0.50%
Investment grade corporation	10.00%	1.56%
High yield	5.00%	2.27%
Emerging market debt	5.00%	2.48%
Private debt	5.00%	3.21%
Real assets	15.00%	3.21%
Leverage	(5.00%)	(0.59%)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> An expected inflation of 2.3% used for this period

#### Change of Assumptions

Effective with the June 30, 2021, valuation date (2022 measurement date), the accounting discount rate was reduced from 7.15% to 6.90%. In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Projected returns for all asset classes are estimated, combined with risk estimates, and are used to project compound (geometric) returns over the long term. The discount rate used to discount liabilities was informed by the long-term projected portfolio return. In addition, demographic assumptions and the inflation rate assumption were changed in accordance with the 2021 CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions.

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for PERF C was 6.90%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Figures are based on the 2021-22 Assets Liability Management Study.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

### Note 8: City Employees Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

#### **B.** Net Pension Liability (continued)

#### Subsequent Events

On July 12, 2021, CalPERS reported a preliminary 21.3% net return on investments for fiscal year 2020-21. Based on the thresholds specified in CalPERS Funding Risk Mitigation policy, the excess return of 14.3% prescribes a reduction in investment volatility that corresponds to a reduction in the discount rate used for funding purposes of 0.20%, from 7.00% to 6.80%. Since CalPERS was in the final stages of the four-year Asset Liability Management (ALM) cycle, the board elected to defer any changes to the asset allocation until the ALM process concluded, and the board could make its final decision on the asset allocation in November 2021.

On November 17, 2021, the board adopted a new strategic asset allocation. The new asset allocation along with the new capital market assumptions, economic assumptions and administrative expense assumption support a discount rate of 6.90% (net of investment expense but without a reduction for administrative expense) for financial reporting purposes. This includes a reduction in the price inflation assumption from 2.50% to 2.30% as recommended in the November 2021 CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions. This study also recommended modifications to retirement rates, termination rates, mortality rates and rates of salary increases that were adopted by the board. These new assumptions will be reflected in the GASB 68 accounting valuation reports for the June 30, 2022, measurement date.

#### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Information about the pension plan's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fiduciary net position are presented in CalPERS' audited financial statements, which are publicly available reports that can be obtained at CalPERS' website, at www.calpers.ca.gov. The plan's fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis used by the pension plan, which is the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Investments are reported at fair value.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

## Note 8: City Employees Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

### C. Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability

The following table shows the Plans' proportionate share of the net pension liability over the measurement period.

Miscellaneous Plan	Increase (Decrease)					
	Plan Total Pension		Plan Fiduciary Net		Plan Net Pension	
	Liability		Position		Liability	
		(a)	(b)		(c) = (a) - (b)	
Balance at: 6/30/2021 (MD)	\$	55,170,159	\$	46,571,804	\$	8,598,355
Balance at: 6/30/2022 (MD)		59,890,261		44,539,549		15,350,712
Net Changes during 2021-22	\$	4,720,102	\$	(2,032,255)	\$	6,752,357
		_				
Safety			Incre	ease (Decrease)	)	
	Plar	Total Pension	Plan	Fiduciary Net	Pla	an Net Pension
	Liability		Position			Liability
	(a)			(b)		(c ) = (a) - (b)
Balance at: 6/30/2021 (MD)	\$	97,523,463	\$	79,110,235	\$	18,413,228
Balance at: 6/30/2022 (MD)		102,620,868		72,881,983		29,738,885
Net Changes during 2021-22	\$	5,097,405	\$	(6,228,252)	\$	11,325,657

Valuation Date (VD), Measurement Date (MD)

The City's proportion of the net pension liability was determined by CalPERS using the output from the Actuarial Valuation System and the fiduciary net position, as provided in the CalPERS Public Agency Cost-Sharing Allocation Methodology Report, which is a publicly available report that can be obtained at CalPERS' at www.calpers.ca.gov. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for each Plan as of the June 30, 2021, and 2022 measurement dates was as follows:

	Miscellaneous	Sarety
Proportionate Share of NPL - June 30, 2021	0.452830%	0.524670%
Proportionate Share of NPL - June 30, 2022	0.328061%	0.432781%
Change - Decrease	(0.124770%)	(0.091889%)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

#### **Note 8: City Employees Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)**

#### C. Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (continued)

# Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability of each Plan as of the measurement date, calculated using the discount rate of 6.90 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower (5.90 percent) or 1 percentage-point higher (7.90 percent) than the current rate:

	Disc	Discount Rate - 1% (5.90%)		Current Discount Rate (6.90%)		count Rate + 1% (7.90%)
Miscellaneous Plan's Net Pension Liability	\$	23,514,835	\$	15,350,712	\$	8,633,666
Safety Plan's Net Pension Liability	\$	43,910,667	\$	29,738,885	\$	18,156,655

#### Amortization of Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources

Under GASB 68, gains and losses related to changes in total pension liability and fiduciary net position are recognized in pension expense systematically over time.

The first amortized amounts are recognized in pension expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and are to be recognized in future pension expense.

The amortization period differs depending on the source of the gain or loss:

Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	5 year straight-line amortization
All other amounts	Straight-line amortization over the expected average remaining service lives (EARSL) of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive and retired) as of the beginning of the measurement period

The expected average remaining service lifetime (EARSL) is calculated by dividing the total future service years by the total number of plan participants (active, inactive, and retired) in the Public Agency Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan (PERF C).

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

### Note 8: City Employees Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

#### C. Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (continued)

The EARSL for PERF C for the measurement period ending June 30, 2021 is 3.7 years, which was obtained by dividing the total service years of 561,622 (the sum of remaining service lifetimes of the active employees) by 150,648 (the total number of participants: active, inactive, and retired) in PERF C. Inactive employees and retirees have remaining service lifetimes equal to 0. Total future service is based on the members' probability of decrementing due to an event other than receiving a cash refund.

# D. Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of the start of the measurement period (July 1,2021), the City's net pension liability was \$27,011,583. For the measurement period ending June 30, 2022 (the measurement date), the City incurred a pension expense of \$1,289,398.

As of June 30, 2023, the City has deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions as follows:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		rred Inflows of Resources
Changes of Assumptions	\$ 4,571,581	\$	-
Differences between Expected and			
Actual Experience	1,539,058		529,408
Differences between Projected and Actual			
Investment Earnings	7,508,028		-
Differences between Employer's Contributions			
and Proportionate Share of Contributions	1,493,175		657,478
Change in Employer's Proportion	251,516		3,563,153
Pension Contributions Made Subsequent to			
Measurement Date	5,201,924		-
	\$ 20,565,282	\$	4,750,039

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

### Note 8: City Employees Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

# D. Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

The amounts above are net of outflows and inflows recognized in the 2021-22 measurement period expense. Contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$5,201,924 reported with deferred outflows of resources will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the upcoming fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in future pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year	(	rred Outflows/ Inflows) of sources, Net
Ended June 30,	Re	sources, met
2024 2025	\$	2,749,288 2,130,862
2026		1,148,617
2027		4,584,552
2028		-
Thereafter		_

### E. Payable to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2023, the City reported a payable of \$0 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required for the year ended June 30, 2023.

#### F. Pension Plan Summary

Miscellaneous plan net pension liability Safety plan net pension liability	\$ 15,350,712 29,738,885
Combined net pension liability	\$ 45,089,597
Governmental activities net pension liability Business-type activities net pension liability	\$ 41,347,160 3,742,437
Total net pension liability	\$ 45,089,597

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

### **Note 9: Other Post-Employment Benefits**

#### A. Plan Description

The City provides certain other post-employment benefits (OPEB) through a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan which provides health insurance for its retired employees according to the Personnel Rules and Regulations for each of the five employee groups. Benefit provisions are included annually in the Memorandum of Understanding between the City and each of its employee groups and ultimately passed by Council action. Separate financial statements for the plan are not available.

### **B.** Employees Covered

As of the June 30, 2022 measurement date, the following numbers of participants were covered by the benefit terms under the Plan:

Active employees	142
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	97
Inactive employees entitled to, but not yet receiving benefits	22
Total	261

#### C. Funding Policy

The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by the City, City Council and/or employee associations. Currently, contributions are not required from plan members.

The City pays for postemployment health insurance by prefunding with an OPEB trust. For fiscal year 2022-2023, the City paid \$727,864 for other postemployment benefits.

### D. Changes of Assumptions

Discount rate increased from 2.16% at June 30, 2021 to 3.79% at June 30, 2022.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

# Note 9: Other Post-Employment Benefits (continued)

# E. Total OPEB Liability

The City's total OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022 and was based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial Assumptions	June 30, 2022 Measurement Date
Actuarial Valuation Date	June 30, 2021
Contribution Policy	City pre-funded on an ad hoc basis
Long Term Expected Rate of Return on Assets	6.25% at June 30,2022
20- Year Municipal Bond Rate	3.54% at June 30, 2022
	(Bond Buyer 20-Bond Index)
	2.16% at June 30, 2021
	(Bond Buyer 20-Bond Index)
Discount Rate	3.79% at June 30, 2022
	2.16% at June 30, 2021
General Inflation	2.50% annually
Mortality, Retirement, Disability, Termination	CalPERS 2000-2019 Experience Study
Mortality Improvement	Mortality projected fully generational with Scale
	MP-2021
Salary increases	Aggregate - 2.75% annually
	Mert - CalPERS 2000-2019 Experience Study
Medical Trend	
	Non-Medicare – 6.5% for 2023, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 3.75% in 2076 Medicare (Non-Kaiser) - 5.65% for 2023, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 3.75% in 2076 Medicare (Kaiser) – 4.6% for 2023, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 3.75% in 2076
Fixed Dollar Cap	None

#### F. Discount Rate

A discount rate of 3.79% was used in the valuation for measurement date June 30, 2022.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

### Note 9: Other Post-Employment Benefits (continued)

#### G. Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

The changes in the total OPEB liability for the Plan are as follows:

	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b) = (c)
	Total OPEB Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Net OPEB Liability
Balance at June 30, 2022			
(June 30, 2021 measurement date)	\$ 17,980,977	\$ -	\$ 17,980,977
Changes recognized for the measurement period:			
Service cost	712,718	-	712,718
Interest	396,046	-	396,046
Changes of benefit terms	391,787		391,787
Assumption changes	(3,495,189)	-	(3,495,189)
Changes in assumptions	-	-	-
Contributions – employer	-	1,847,160	(1,847,160)
Net investment income	-	16,528	(16,528)
Benefit payments	(716,472)	(716,472)	-
Administrative expense		(5,697)	5,697
Net changes	(2,711,110)	1,141,519	(3,852,629)
Balance at June 30, 2023			
(June 30, 2022 measurement date)	\$ 15,269,867	\$ 1,141,519	\$ 14,128,348

### H. Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate, for measurement period ended June 30, 2022:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase
	(2.79%)	Rate (3.79%)	(4.79%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 16,140,468	\$ 14,128,349	\$ 12,457,701

#### I. Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate, for measurement period ended June 30, 2022:

		Current						
	Healthcare							
		Cost Trend						
	1% Decrease	Rates	1% Increase					
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 13,061,967	\$ 14,128,349	\$ 15,280,006					

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

### Note 9: Other Post-Employment Benefits (continued)

#### J. OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

As the City is prefunding with an OPEB trust, Plan Fiduciary Net Position was \$1,141,518 at the June 30, 2022 measurement date. The City has assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria of GASB 75 to pay related benefits. Contributions are fixed and not based on a measure of pay.

#### Recognition of Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources

Gains and losses related to changes in total OPEB liability and fiduciary net position are recognized in OPEB expense systematically over time. Amounts are first recognized in OPEB expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and are to be recognized in future OPEB expense. The net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments is amortized using the straight-line method over 5 years, while all other amounts are amortized over the expected average remaining service lifetime (EARSL) of plan participants.

#### K. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$1,038,911. As of fiscal year, ended June 30, 2023, the City reported deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of		Defe	rred Inflows of
	F	Resources	F	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	644,663	\$	602,430
Changes in assumptions		1,961,183		4,091,916
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investment	S	-		10,972
Contributions to OPEB plan subsequent to the measurement date		727,864		<u>-</u>
Total	\$	3,333,710	\$	4,705,318

The \$727,864 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the June 30, 2022 measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows or inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as expense as follows:

	Deferred
Fiscal Year Ended	Outflows/(Inflows) of
June 30,	Resources
	-
2024	\$ (464,528)
2025	(222,441)
2026	(135,799)
2027	(53,422)
2028	(452,149)
Thereafter	(771,133)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

#### Note 10: Insurance

The City is partially self-insured for general liability insurance. The City is responsible for claims up to \$100,000 per occurrence. Coverage in excess of the City's self-insured retention is purchased through Public Risk, Innovation, Solutions and Management (PRISM) Excess Insurance Authority up to the statutory limits. The City participates in a risk pool for general liability insurance through PRSIM above the City's self-insured retention (SIR) of \$100,000 up to \$4,900,000 per occurrence. Reinsurance coverage in excess of the pool layer up to \$25,000,000 is purchased through PRISM. PRISM retains responsibility for claims in excess of each member's self-insured retention.

The City paid \$1,304,637 in insurance premiums for General Liabilities, \$702,982, Worker's Compensation, \$485,862, Property Program \$100,299, Cyber Liability Program \$9,937 and Employee Assistance Program of \$5,646. There were 33 General Liability claims in total, amounting to \$1,361,184.

For workers' compensation insurance, the City is covered from the first dollar. Coverage between \$1 and \$5,000,000 is provided by PRISM. PRISM participates in an excess pool which provides coverage from \$5,000,000 to \$50,000,000 and purchases excess insurance above \$50,000,000 to the statutory limit. There were 22 Worker's Compensation claims in total, amounting to \$603,317.

Workers' compensation and general liability claims incurred prior to July 1, 2014 were covered through the City's participation in the California Joint Powers Insurance Authority (CJPIA). The City paid a one-time \$1,489,285 for retrospective adjustments for settled Worker's Compensation and General Liability Claims from cases from 2013-14 and older that were settled by the Authority from fiscal years 2013-14 through 2021-22.

#### **Note 11: Commitments and Contingencies**

Due to the occurrence of several spills from the City's sanitary sewer system, the City entered into a settlement on November 16, 2011, with the Regional Water Quality Control Board, Los Angeles Region and the state Attorney General for violations of the state's general waste discharge requirements. The settlement required the City to cover fines and attorney fees, complete repairs to its sanitary sewer system over a 10 year period, and implement specified system maintenance programs. These requirements will be monitored through an open court proceeding and, if not met; the City could be subjected to further monetary penalties. Several years ago, the City undertook a comprehensive sewer infrastructure improvement program to implement the requirements of the Consent Judgment. In 2019, a Project Completion Report was submitted to the RWQCB, however, the 2019 report did not include a list or description of all the projects listed in the Consent Judgment that have been completed. Presently, City staff are utilizing the services of a consultant to provide RWQCB additional information to resolve discrepancies between the Consent Judgment and the completed sewer rehabilitation work documented in the 2019 Project Completion Report, the completed video inspection work, and the completed staff inspections and staff training.

The City is presently involved in certain matters of litigation that have arisen in the normal course of conducting City business. City management believes that based upon consultation with the City Attorney, that these cases in the aggregate are not expected to result in a material adverse financial impact on the City beyond that already accrued for in the basic financial statements. Additionally, City management believes that sufficient resources are available to the City to cover any potential losses, should an unfavorable outcome materialize.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

### Note 12: Successor Agency Trust for Assets of Former Community Redevelopment Agency

On December 29, 2011, the California Supreme Court upheld Assembly Bill 1X 26 ("the Bill") that provides for the dissolution of all redevelopment agencies in the State of California. This action impacted the reporting entity of the City of South Pasadena that previously had reported a community redevelopment agency within the reporting entity of the City as a blended component unit

The Bill provides that upon dissolution of a community redevelopment agency, a "successor agency" is to be established to hold the assets until they are distributed to other units of state and local government. On January 4, 2012, the City Council elected to become the Successor Agency for the former community redevelopment agency in accordance with the Bill as part of City resolution number 7205.

After enactment of the law, which occurred on June 28, 2011, community redevelopment agencies in the State of California cannot enter into new projects, obligations or commitments. Subject to the control of a newly established oversight board, remaining assets can only be used to pay enforceable obligations in existence at the date of dissolution (including the completion of any unfinished projects that were subject to legally enforceable contractual commitments).

Successor agencies will only be allocated revenue in the amount that is necessary to pay the estimated annual installment payments on enforceable obligations of the former community redevelopment agency until all enforceable obligations of the prior community redevelopment agency have been paid in full and all assets have been liquidated.

#### Cash and investments

At June 30, 2023, Cash and investments reported in the accompanying financial statements consisted of the following:

Cash and investments pooled with the City	\$ 204,948
Cash and investments with fiscal agent	 198,205
	\$ 403,153

#### Long-term debt

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2023:

	Е	Balance					E	Balance	Dι	ıe Within
	June 30, 2022		Additions		Deletions		June 30, 2023		One Year	
2000 Tax Allocation Bond	\$	525,000	\$	-	\$	(165,000)	\$	360,000	\$	175,000
Total	\$	525,000	\$	-	\$	(165,000)	\$	360,000	\$	175,000

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

# Note 12: Successor Agency Trust for Assets of Former Community Redevelopment Agency (continued)

A description of long-term debt outstanding (excluding defeased debt) of the Successor Agency as of June 30, 2023, follows:

#### 2000 Tax Allocation Bonds

In July 2000, the Agency issued \$2,600,000 in tax allocation bonds for the Downtown Revitalization Project No. 1, which mature annually from May 1, 2001 to May 1, 2025, in increasing amounts from \$55,000 to \$185,000, plus interest at 4.4% to 6.0%, payable semiannually on May 1 and November 1, commencing on November 1, 2000. Bonds are subject to redemption at the option of the Agency beginning May 1, 2010, at a price ranging from 102% to 100% of principal value. Debt service on the bonds is provided by incremental property tax revenues generated within the Downtown Redevelopment Project Area. At June 30, 2023, \$360,000 was outstanding.

#### **Pledged Revenue**

The City pledged, as security for bonds issued, either directly or through the Financing Authority, a portion of tax increment revenue (including Low and Moderate Income Housing set-aside and pass through allocations) that it receives. The bonds issued were to provide financing for various capital projects, accomplish Low and Moderate Income Housing projects and to defease previously issued bonds. Assembly Bill 1X 26 provided that upon dissolution of the community redevelopment agency, property taxes allocated to community redevelopment agencies no longer are deemed tax increment but rather property tax revenues and will be allocated first to successor agencies to make payments on the indebtedness incurred by the dissolved community redevelopment agency. Total principal and interest remaining on the debt is \$392,700 with annual debt service requirements as indicated above. For the current fiscal year, the total property tax revenue recognized by the City and Successor Agency for the payment of indebtedness incurred by the dissolved Community Redevelopment Agency was \$269,170 and the interest expense on the bonds was \$31,500.

The annual requirements to amortize the outstanding bond indebtedness as of June 30, 2023, including interest are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal		1	nterest	Total		
2024 2025	\$	175,000 185,000	\$	21,600 11,100	\$	196,600 196,100	
Total	\$	360,000	\$	32,700	\$	392,700	

#### Insurance

The Successor Agency is covered under the City of South Pasadena's insurance policies. Therefore, the limitation and self-insured retentions applicable to the City also apply to the Successor Agency. Additional information as to coverage and self-insured retentions can be found in Note 8.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

#### **Note 13: Deficit Fund Balances**

The following funds have deficits in fund balance at June 30, 2023:

Fund	 Amount		
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:			
Special Revenue Funds:			
MTA Pedestrian Improvement	\$ (29,951)		
SB2 Planning Grant	(45,068)		
Rogan HR 5294 Grant	(172,954)		
Parking and Business Improvement Tax	(27,741)		
Mission Meridian Public Garage	(370,099)		
County Park Bond	(257,008)		
MSRC Grant	(157,536)		
Measure H	(74,270)		
Prop C Exchange	(362,140)		
BTA Grant	(416,948)		
CDBG	(4,908)		
Homeland Security Grant	(146,371)		
HSIP Grant	(69,790)		

The City intends to fund these deficits with future revenue, transfers and reductions of expenditures in future years.

### **Note 14: Net Investment in Capital Assets**

The net investment in capital assets category of net position is comprised of the following:

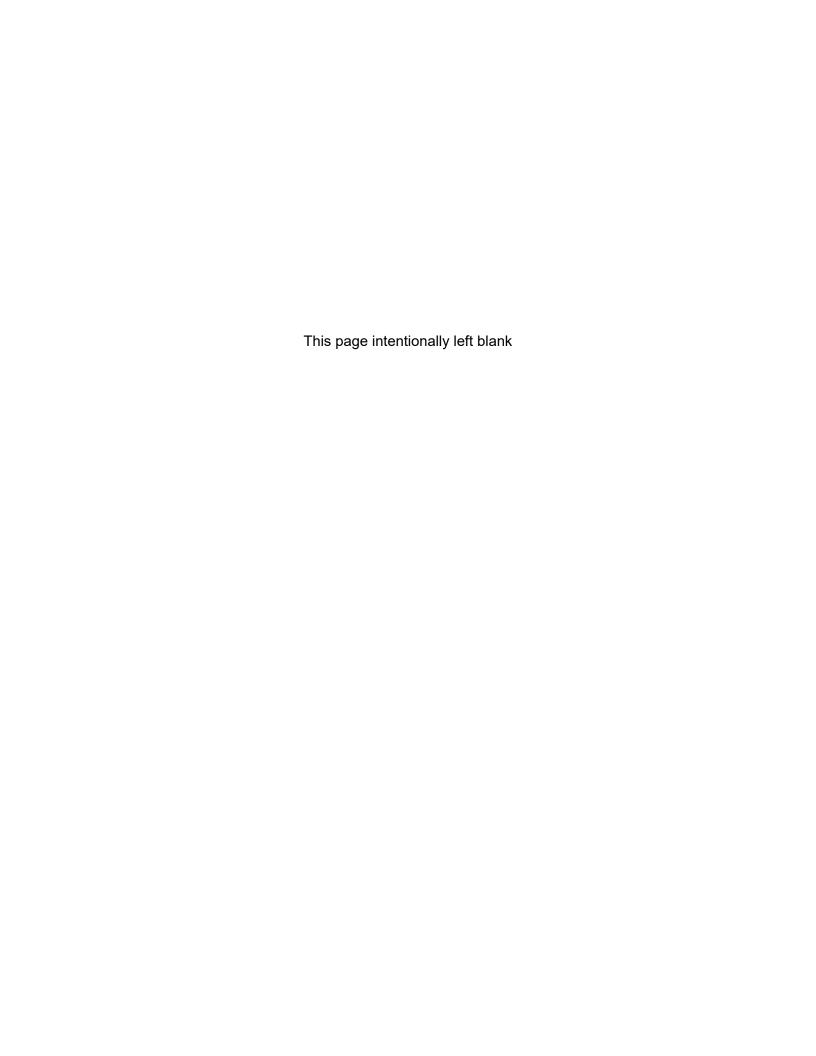
			Arr	oyo Seco	Business-Type
	Water	Sewer	_Go	If Course	Activities Total
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	\$ 73,510,823	\$ 10,293,751	\$	743,576	\$ 84,548,150
2016 Water Revenue Bonds	(32,440,000)	-		-	(32,440,000)
Issuance Premium	(3,380,626)	-		-	(3,380,626)
2013 Water Revenue Bonds	(3,420,000)	-		-	(3,420,000)
Issuance Premium	(173,205)	-		-	(173,205)
2012 State Loan Payable	-	(8,216,473)		-	(8,216,473)
SRF State Loan Payable	(11,323,370)	-		-	(11,323,370)
Deferred Loss on Refunding	4,390,238			-	4,390,238
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 27,163,860	\$ 2,077,278	\$	743,576	\$ 29,984,714
	Governmental				
	Activities				
Capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized	\$ 5,660,908				
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization	50,625,242				
Lease liabilities	(283,367)				
SBITA liabilities	(863,254)				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 55,139,529				

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

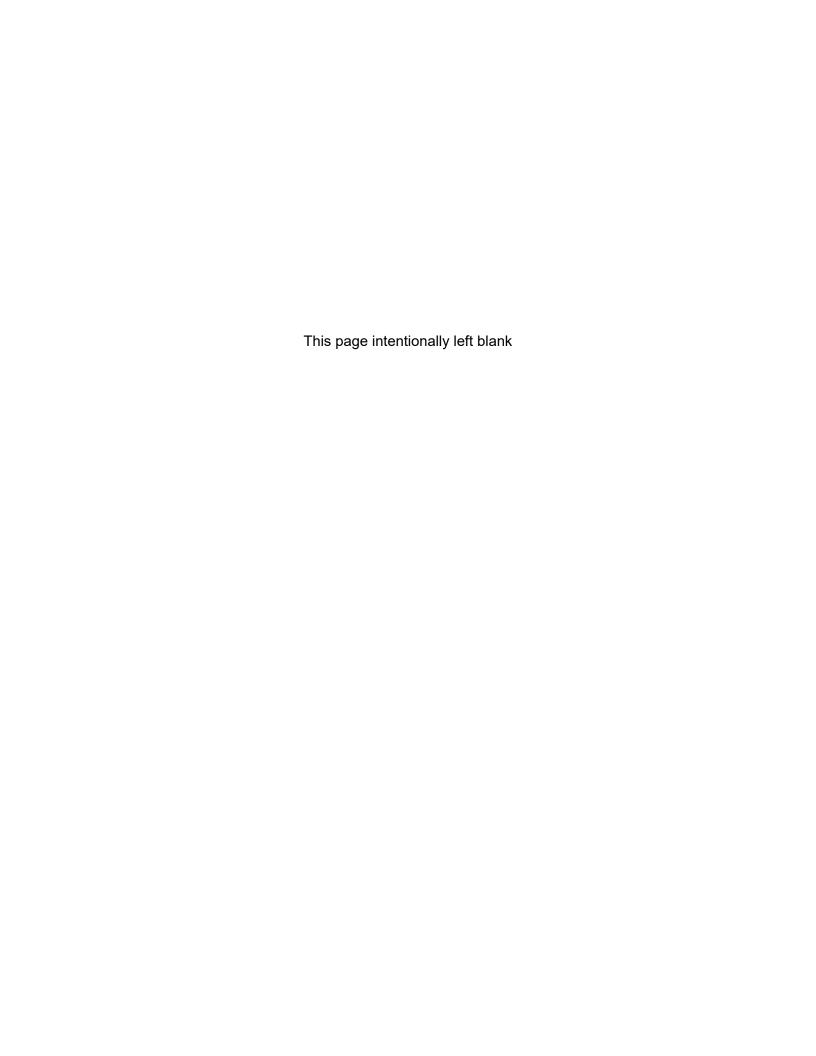
# **Note 15: Prior Period Adjustment**

The cumulative effects of correction of errors in reporting of prior balances due to the capital asset corrections as shown in Note 3 resulted in the following prior period adjustments:

Net position, as previously reported	Governmental Activities \$ 53,405,087	Business-Type Activities \$ 58,072,689		
Prior period adjustment	(3,434,045)	3,579,174		
Net position, as restated	\$ 49,971,042	\$ 61,651,863		
Net position, as previously reported	Water \$ 49,338,514	Sewer \$ 6,695,314	Arroyo Seco Golf Course \$ 2,038,861	Total Proprietary Funds/Business- Type Activities \$ 58,072,689
Prior period adjustment	2,237,885	1,341,289		3,579,174
Net position, as restated	\$ 51,576,399	\$ 8,036,603	\$ 2,038,861	\$ 61,651,863







## GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		I Amounts	Actual	Variance with
_	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
Revenues	A 00 000 074	A 00 000 074	<b>A</b> 04 000 450	<b>A</b> 4047000
Taxes	\$ 29,823,071	\$ 30,363,071	\$ 31,380,453	\$ 1,017,382
Licenses and permits	911,680	911,680	870,974	(40,706)
Intergovernmental	6,404,235	6,489,295	234,380	(6,254,915)
Charges for services	3,960,200	3,960,200	4,429,964	469,764
Use of money and property	500,100	500,100	514,440	14,340
Fines and forfeitures	140,000	140,000	65,860	(74,140)
Miscellaneous	484,884	484,884	496,694	11,810
Total revenues	42,224,170	42,849,230	37,992,765	(4,856,465)
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government	13,502,580	9,143,443	9,447,459	(304,016)
Public safety	17,156,194	17,736,370	20,049,922	(2,313,552)
Community development	3,085,017	3,925,946	3,657,854	268,092
Community services	3,378,921	3,457,733	3,472,674	(14,941)
Public works	2,996,734	3,486,459	2,336,495	1,149,964
Capital outlay	1,343,500	1,224,500	156,909	1,067,591
Total expenditures	41,462,946	38,974,451	39,121,313	(146,862)
Excess of revenues over				
expenditures	761,224	3,874,779	(1,128,548)	(5,003,327)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	338,483	338,483	-	(338,483)
Transfers out	(721,562)	(721,562)	(1,292,327)	(570,765)
Subscription/lease acquisition			1,424,840	1,424,840
Total other financing				
sources (uses)	(383,079)	(383,079)	132,513	515,592
Net change in fund balance	378,145	3,491,700	(996,035)	(4,487,735)
Fund balance, beginning of year	24,672,171	24,672,171	24,672,171	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 25,050,316	\$ 28,163,871	\$ 23,676,136	\$ (4,487,735)

## SLFRF FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budgeted	I Amounts	Actual	Variance with	
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget	
Revenues Intergovernmental Total revenues	\$ -	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 1,118,655 1,118,655	\$ 1,118,655 1,118,655	
Expenditures Current:					
General government	-	5,174,539	969,011	4,205,528	
Community services	-	50,000	29,710	20,290	
Capital outlay	152,048	592,058	275,029	317,029	
Total expenditures	152,048	5,816,597	1,273,750	4,542,847	
Excess of revenues over expenditures	(152,048)	(5,816,597)	(155,095)	5,661,502	
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Subscription acquisition			155,095	155,095	
Total other financing sources (uses)			155,095	155,095	
Net change in fund balance	(152,048)	(5,816,597)	-	5,816,597	
Fund balance, beginning of year					
Fund balance, end of year	\$ (152,048)	\$ (5,816,597)	\$ -	\$ 5,816,597	

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS – COST SHARING LAST TEN YEARS\*

			Employer's			Employer's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net Pension Liability	Pension Plan's Fiduciary Net
	Employer's		roportionate			as a percentage	Position as a
	Proportion of the	5	Share of the			of the	percentage of
Measurement	Collective Net	С	ollective Net	ı	Employer's	Employer's	the Total
Date	Pension Liability <sup>1</sup>	Pe	nsion Liability	Co	vered Payroll	Covered Payroll	Pension Liability
6/30/2014	0.35660%	\$	22,189,470	\$	10,021,859	221.41%	79.82%
6/30/2015	0.35146%		24,123,577		10,601,417	227.55%	78.40%
6/30/2016	0.36618%		31,865,437		10,683,089	298.28%	74.06%
6/30/2017	0.36714%		36,410,081		11,218,719	324.55%	73.31%
6/30/2018	0.37770%		36,396,135		11,190,390	325.24%	74.01%
6/30/2019	0.38379%		39,327,077		10,760,952	365.46%	72.89%
6/30/2020	0.39201%		42,652,833		11,634,785	366.60%	70.74%
6/30/2021	0.49945%		27,011,583		12,540,902	215.39%	82.31%
6/30/2022	0.39036%		45,089,597		12,690,746	355.30%	72.25%

<sup>\*</sup> Measurement date 6/30/2014 (fiscal year 2015) was the first year of implementation. Additional years will be presented as information becomes available.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Proportion of the net pension liability represents the plan's proportion of PERF C, which includes both the Miscellaneous and Safety Risk Pools excluding the 1959 Survivors Risk Pool.

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PLAN CONTRIBUTIONS – COST SHARING LAST TEN YEARS\*

Fiscal Year	D	Actuarially letermined ontribution	Re	ntributions in elation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution	Def	ribution iciency (cess)	Employer's vered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
6/30/2015	\$	1,926,460	\$	(1,926,460)	\$	-	\$ 10,601,417	18.17%
6/30/2016		2,445,893		(2,445,893)		-	10,683,089	22.89%
6/30/2017		3,258,700		(3,258,700)		-	11,218,719	29.05%
6/30/2018		3,082,379		(3,082,379)		-	11,190,390	27.54%
6/30/2019		3,460,075		(3,460,075)		-	10,760,952	32.15%
6/30/2020		4,295,978		(4,295,978)		-	11,634,785	36.92%
6/30/2021		5,001,568		(5,001,568)		-	12,540,902	39.88%
6/30/2022		9,206,330		(9,206,330)		-	12,690,746	72.54%
6/30/2023		5,201,924		(5,201,924)		-	13,609,542	38.22%

<sup>\*</sup> Measurement date 6/30/2014 (fiscal year 2015) was the first year of implementation. Additional years will be presented as information becomes available.

#### Notes to Schedule:

Changes in Benefit Terms: There were no changes to benefit terms that applied to all members of the Public Agency Pool. Additionally, the figures above do not include any liability impact that may have resulted from Golden Handshakes that occurred after the June 30, 2021 valuation date, unless the liability impact is deemed to be material to the Public Agency Pool.

Changes in Assumptions: Effective with the June 30, 2021 valuation date (2022 measurement date), the accounting discount rate was reduced from 7.15% to 6.90%. In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Projected returns for all asset classes are estimated, combined with risk estimates, and are used to project compound (geometric) returns over the long term. The discount rate used to discount liabilities was informed by the long-term projected portfolio return. In addition, demographic assumptions and the inflation rate assumption were changed in accordance with the 2021 CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions. There were no assumption changes for 2021. For 2020, the Plan adopted a new amortization policy effective with the 2019 actuarial valuation. The new amortization policy shortens the period over which actuarial gains and losses are amortized from 30 years to 20 years with the payments computed as a level dollar amount. In addition, the new policy does not utilize a five-year ramp-up and ramp-down on UAL bases attributable to assumption changes and non-investment gains/losses. The new policy also does not utilize a fiveyear ramp-down on investment gains/losses. These changes apply only to new UAL bases established on or after June 30, 2019. There were no changes in assumptions in 2019. In 2018, demographic assumptions and inflation rate were changed in accordance to the CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions December 2017. There were no changes in the discount rate in 2019. In 2017, the accounting discount rate was reduced from 7.65 percent to 7.15 percent. In 2016, there were no changes in the discount rate. In 2015, amounts reported reflect an adjustment of the discount rate from 7.5 percent (net of administrative expense) to 7.65 percent (without a reduction for pension plan administrative expense). In 2014, amounts reported were based on the 7.5 percent discount rate.

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST TEN YEARS\*

Fiscal Year Measurement Period	_	2017-18 2016-17	_	2018-19 2017-18	_	2019-20 2018-19	_	2020-21 2019-20	_	2021-22 2020-21	_	2022-23 2021-22
Total OPEB Liability												
Service cost	\$	664.681	\$	560.960	\$	506.445	\$	666,996	\$	895.656	\$	712.718
Interest	·	519,308		607,364		651,066	•	600,512	•	461,163		396.046
Changes in benefit terms		-		· -		270,482		-		(3,110,716)		391,787
Actual vs. expected experience		_		-		(1,405,666)		-		887,933		-
Changes in assumptions		(1,694,570)		(606,526)		829,039		2,810,290		(874,999)		(3,495,189)
Benefit payments		(645,346)		(637,788)		(660,893)		(694,791)		(498,954)		(716,472)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(1,155,927)		(75,990)		190,473	_	3,383,007		(2,239,917)		(2,711,110)
Total OPEB liability - beginning		17,879,331		16,723,404		16,647,414		16,837,887		20,220,894		17,980,977
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)		16,723,404		16,647,414		16,837,887		20,220,894		17,980,977		15,269,867
Plan Fiduciary Net Position												
Contributions – employer		_		_		_		_		_		1,847,160
Net investment income		_		_		_		_		_		16.528
Benefit payments		_		_		_		_		_		(716,472)
Administrative expense		_		_		_		_		_		(5,697)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	_		_	-			_	-		-		1,141,519
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		_		_		_		_		_		· · · · -
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)		-		-		-		-		-		1,141,519
Net OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	16,723,404	\$	16,647,414	\$	16,837,887	\$	20,220,894	\$	17,980,977	\$	14,128,348
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		7.5%
Covered-employee payroll	\$	11,644,645	\$	14,031,728	\$	10,487,587	\$	11,952,495	\$	15,678,975	\$	16,323,541
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll		143.6%		118.6%		160.6%		169.2%		114.7%		86.6%

#### Notes to Schedule:

Changes in assumptions: Discount rate increased from 2.16% at June 30, 2021 to 3.79% at June 30, 2022.

Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB 75 is applicable. Future years' information will be displayed up to 10 years as information becomes available.

The City does not have assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria of GASB 75 to pay related benefits. Contributions are fixed and not based on a measure of pay.

<sup>\*</sup>Fiscal Year 2017-18 was the first year of implementation

# NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2023

#### **Note 1: General Budget Policies**

Budgetary control is an essential element in governmental financial reporting. The City, a general law city in the State of California, does not legally require a budget. However, the City Council adopted budgets for the General, Special Revenue, and Capital Projects Funds with the exception of the Measure H, Prop C Exchange, MTA Pedestrian Improvement, Gold Line Mitigation, Rogan HR 5294 Grant, and BTA Grant Special Revenue Funds.

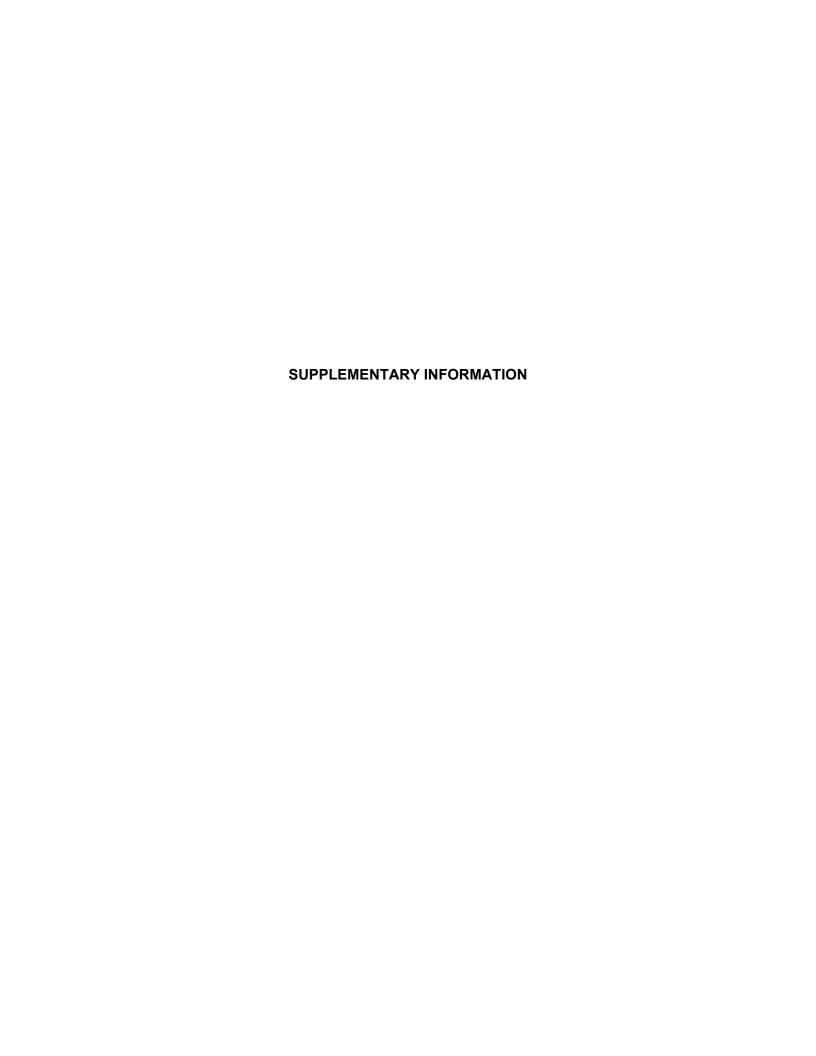
To facilitate a greater understanding of the City's operations, budget information for the General, Special Revenue and Capital Projects Funds is included in the accompanying basic financial statements. This detailed budget document is published and is a matter of public record. Each year, the City Manager submits his proposed budget to the City Council. The City Council holds public hearings and may modify the appropriations by majority approval. The legal level of expenditures is controlled at the fund level and operating appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year. All budgeted amounts are reported on the same basis as the fund types and adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Changes in appropriations at the fund level during the year must be submitted by the City's departments for City Council review and approval. The City Manager may, without Council approval, amend individual line items within any fund and between divisions and programs, in personnel costs, maintenance and operations, capital outlay and capital projects portions of the budget without increasing total appropriations for that fund. Department heads may, without Council approval, amend individual line items within any fund in the maintenance and operation portions of the budget without increasing total appropriations for that division.

## Note 2: Supplementary Budget Information

Excess of expenditures over appropriations at the functional level were as follows:

Fund	Appropriations	Expenditures	Excess
General Fund:			
General Government	\$ 9,143,443	\$ 9,447,459	\$ (304,016)
Public safety	17,736,370	20,049,922	(2,313,552)
Community Services	3,457,733	3,472,674	(14,941)

The unfavorable variance is due to the City paying down the unfunded accrued liability and onetime GASB 96 expenditures for Subscription-Based IT Arrangements (SBITA). Please refer to Note 6 and Note 8 to the Financial Statements for more information.



### **Special Revenue Funds**

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditure for particular purposes.

- \*201 MTA Pedestrian Improvement Fund To account for MTA grants used for the Fair Oaks/Mission pedestrian improvement projects which include pedestrian accessibility, widened bikeways, landscaping, lighting modification and aesthetics.
- **205 Proposition A Local Return Fund** To account for all revenues and expenditures associated with the one-half cent sales tax approved by Proposition A in 1980. All revenues of this fund must be expended for transportation-related items as established by the Los Angeles County Transportation Commission.
- **207 Proposition C Local Return Fund** To account for all revenues and expenditures associated with the one-half cent sales tax approved by Proposition C in 1990. All revenues of this fund must be expended for transportation-related items as established by the Los Angeles County Transportation Commission.
- \*214 Rogan HR 5294 Grant Fund To account for the revenue and expenditures associated with the 110 FWY Hook Ramp Project funded by Rogan grant.
- **215 Street Lighting and Landscaping Fund** To account for the costs associated with the City's street lighting and median landscaping programs. These costs are deemed to benefit all property owners who are assessed their proportionate share of the costs. These assessments are placed on the property tax bill and collected and remitted to the City by the County of Los Angeles.
- **218 Clean Air Act Fund** To account for revenues and expenditures expended for air quality improvement projects as established by the South Coast Air Quality Management District.
- **220 Parking and Business Improvement Tax (BIT) Fund** To account for business improvement tax returns collected by the City for specified purposes within the Parking and Business Improvement Area: (1) decoration of any public place, (2) promotion of public events; (3) furnishing of music; (4) general promotion of retail trade activities.
- \*223 Gold Line Mitigation Fund To account for the MTA's funding for the improvements to the Gold Line Mission Street Station.
- **226 Mission Meridian Public Garage Fund** To account for the revenues and expenditures of the Mission Meridian Public Garage.

- **230 State Gas Tax Fund** To account for all state gas tax related revenues and expenditures, including street repair, reconstruction and maintenance. State law requires these gasoline taxes to be used to maintain the City's street and highway system.
- **232 County Park Bond** To account for the revenues and expenditures for the County Park Bond related improvements.
- **255 Capital Growth Requirements Fund** To account for fees paid to the City for building development to be applied towards the costs of public facilities improvements.
- **260 Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Fund** To account for the revenues and expenditures for Community Development Block Grant projects.
- **270 Asset Forfeiture Fund** To account for proceeds received from forfeiture in narcotics investigations allocated for law enforcement activities.
- **239 Measure W Fund** To account for all revenues and expenditures associated with improving conditions of stormwater runoffs funded by parcel tax.
- **272 State Police Grant Fund** To account for revenue and expenditures for frontline police services funded by COPS (AB 3229) grant.
- **274 Homeland Security Grant Fund** To account for revenue and expenditures the operations of police equipment and conferences funded by Homeland Security.
- **275 Park Impact Fees Fund** To account for the proceeds of a development fee used for the purpose of park facilities improvements and related expenditures.
- **233 Measure R Fund** To account for all revenues and expenditures associated with the one-half cent sales tax approved by Measure R in 2009. All revenues of this fund must be expended for transportation-related items as established by the Los Angeles County Transportation Commission.
- **236 Measure M Fund** To account for all revenues and expenditures associated with the one-half cent sales tax approved by Measure M in 2016. All revenues of this fund must be expended for transportation-related items as established by the Los Angeles County Transportation Commission.
- \*208 TDA/Metro Grant Fund To account for all revenues and expenditures associated with the TEA/Metro Fund. All revenues of this fund must be expended for transportation-related items.

- **217 Public Education Fund** To account for revenues and expenditures used for public education and government access charges that the City's cable franchise collects. Monies in this fund must be used to purchase equipment related to the production of public education and government access television.
- **237 Road Maintenance & Rehab Fund** To account for all revenues and expenditures associated with State Gas Tax SB1.
- **238 MSRC Grant Fund** To account for the revenues and expenditures for the Mobile Source Air Pollution Reduction Review Committee projects.
- \*241 Measure H Fund To account for the revenues and expenditures for the "Los Angeles County Plan to Prevent and Combat Homelessness" for the specific purposes of funding homeless services and short-term housing.
- \*242 Prop C Exchange Fund To account for all revenues and expenditures associated with competitive Metro Grant for eligible transportation projects.
- \*248 BTA Grant Fund To account for the revenues and expenditures for the Bicycle Transportation Account (BTA) grant funded by the Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority. This grant was awarded to fund two projects from the City's Bicycle Master Plan: the Mission Street Green Sharrow Lane Project and the South Pasadena Bicycle Parking Project.
- **228 Housing Authority Fund** To account for the revenues and expenditures for the City of South Pasadena Housing Authority.
- \*249 Golden Streets Grant Fund To account for the revenues and expenditures for the open streets grant funded by the Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority. The goals of the Open Streets Grant Program is to provide opportunities for 1) riding transit, walking and riding a bike, possibly for the first time, 2) to encourage future mode shift to more sustainable transportation modes, and for 3) civic engagement to foster the development of multi-modal policies and infrastructure at the city/community level.
- **277 Highway Safety Improvement Program Grant (HSIP) Fund** To account for revenues and expenditures related to street improvements funded by the grant.
- \*276 Historic Preservation Grant Fund To account for revenues and expenditures related to historic preservation grant funds.
- **213 SB2 Planning Grant Fund** To account for state funding to help implement plans and process improvements that streamline housing approvals and accelerate housing production.
- \*278 LEAP Grant Fund The Local Early Action Planning (LEAP) grant is a State grant to fund a portion of the preparation of the 6th Cycle 2021-2029 Housing Element.

<sup>\*</sup>Note that no budget was adopted for this fund.

### **Capital Projects Funds**

Capital projects funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds.

- **105 Facilities & Equipment Replacement Fund** To account the replacement costs of City vehicles and equipment.
- \*106 Technology Surcharge Fund To account for the funding collected through the City's Technology Fee Surcharge intended for acquiring and maintenance of a permitting software system.
- \*327 2000 Tax Allocation Bonds Fund To account for capital expenditures for improvements funded by the bonds formerly held by the Successor Agency to the Community Redevelopment Agency.
- **104 Streets Improvement Program Fund** To account for capital expenditures related to street improvements projects.

<sup>\*</sup>Note that no budget was adopted for this fund.

## COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

	Special Revenue Funds									
A00FT0	Pe	MTA Pedestrian Improvement		Proposition A		roposition C	Rogan HR 5294 Grant Fund			
ASSETS	Ф		Φ	1 044 007	<b>c</b>	1 540 747	œ.			
Pooled cash and investments Receivables:	\$	-	\$	1,941,007	Ъ	1,549,717	\$	-		
Accounts		_		_		_		_		
Taxes		_		_		_		_		
Accrued interest		_		7,066		5,623		_		
Due from other governments				-		-				
Total assets	\$	_	\$	1,948,073	\$	1,555,340	\$	_		
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	28,426	\$	11,924	\$	77,563		
Accrued liabilities		-		10,242		6,234		-		
Deposits payable		-		-		-		-		
Due to other funds		29,951		-		-		95,391		
Total liabilities		29,951		38,668		18,158		172,954		
Fund Balances (Deficits): Restricted for:										
Community development projects		-		-		-		-		
Public safety - police		-		-		-		-		
Community services		-		1,909,405		-		-		
Public works - streets and roads		-		-		1,537,182		-		
Capital projects		-		-		-		-		
Public works - street lighting Committed to:		-		-		-		-		
Committee to: Capital projects				_		_		_		
Unassigned		(29,951)		_		_		(172,954)		
Total fund balances (deficits)		(29,951)		1,909,405		1,537,182		(172,954)		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$		\$	1,948,073	\$	1,555,340	\$			

Special Revenue Funds												
					rking and				Mission			
	Street Clean Air		Business Gold Line				Meridian					
	Lighting		Act	_Imp	rovement	M	itigation	Pul	olic Garage			
\$	444 404	Φ	174 040	\$		Φ	00.000	Φ.				
Ф	441,101	\$	171,949	Ф	-	\$	63,923	\$	-			
	-		17,939		-		-		-			
	15,848		-		-		-		-			
	694		632		-		235		-			
	-				-				-			
\$	457,643	\$	190,520	\$	-	\$	64,158	\$				
\$	329,759	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,825			
	2,737		-		-		-		-			
	7,733		-		-		-		-			
					27,741				365,273			
	340,229				27,741				370,098			
	-		-		_		_		-			
	-		-		-		-		-			
	-		-		-		-		-			
	-		-		-		-		-			
	-		190,520		-		64,158		-			
	117,414		-		-		-		-			
	-		_		-		-		-			
	-		-		(27,741)				(370,098)			
	117,414		190,520		(27,741)		64,158		(370,098)			
\$	457,643	\$	190,520	\$	-	\$	64,158	\$				

## COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

	Special Revenue Funds								
						Capital			
	S	tate Gas	County Park			Growth			
		Tax		Bond	Red	quirements		C.D.B.G	
ASSETS	_		_		_				
Pooled cash and investments	\$	853,993	\$	-	\$	643,264	\$	-	
Receivables:									
Accounts		-		-		-		-	
Taxes Accrued interest		3,200		-		2,336		-	
Due from other governments		59,383		-		2,330		-	
Due from other governments	-	39,363				<u>-</u>		<u> </u>	
Total assets	\$	916,576	\$		\$	645,600	\$	-	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$	29,789	\$	6,463	\$	10,079	\$	_	
Accrued liabilities	Ψ	24,491	Ψ	0,400	Ψ	10,019	Ψ	_	
Deposits payable		24,401		_		_		_	
Due to other funds		_		250,545		_		4,908	
								.,,,,,	
Total liabilities		54,280		257,008		10,079		4,908	
Fund Balances (Deficits): Restricted for:									
Community development projects		-		-		-		-	
Public safety - police		-		-		-		-	
Community services		-		-		-		-	
Public works - streets and roads		862,296		-		-		-	
Capital projects		-		-		635,521		-	
Public works - street lighting		-		-		-		-	
Committed to:									
Capital projects		-		(057.000)		-		- (4.000)	
Unassigned		-		(257,008)				(4,908)	
Total fund balances (deficits)		862,296		(257,008)		635,521		(4,908)	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	¢	016 576	æ		¢	645 600	¢		
resources, and fully balances	\$	916,576	\$		\$	645,600	\$		

			Sp	ecial	Revenue Fun	ıds					
F	Asset Measure Forfeiture W			St	ate Police Grant		omeland urity Grant	Park Impact Fees			
\$	234,365	\$	398,922	\$	\$ 559,018 \$		-	\$	950,407		
	-		-		-		-		-		
	- 861 -		- 1,512 -		- 1,686 -		- - -		3,419 -		
\$	235,226	\$	400,434	\$	560,704	\$		\$	953,826		
\$	<u>-</u> -	\$	13,783 1,295	\$	<u>-</u> -	\$	62,680	\$	-		
	-				-		- 83,691		-		
	-		15,078		-		146,371		-		
	- 235,226		- -		- 560,704		- -		-		
			-		-		-		953,826		
	-		-		-		-		-		
	-		385,356		-		-		-		
	-		-		-		-		-		
	-		-		-		<u>-</u>		-		
			-				(146,371)		-		
	235,226		385,356		560,704		(146,371)		953,826		

235,226 \$ 400,434 \$

560,704 \$

953,826

## COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

	Special Revenue Funds							
		Measure R		Measure M		DA/Metro rant Fund		Public ducation
ASSETS Pooled cash and investments	\$	1,857,061	\$	2,268,185	\$	152,699	\$	196,594
Receivables:	φ	1,007,001	φ	2,200,100	Φ	152,099	Φ	190,594
Accounts		-		-		-		1,531
Taxes		-		-		-		-
Accrued interest		6,725		8,129		561		718
Due from other governments		-				-		
Total assets	\$	1,863,786	\$	2,276,314	\$	153,260	\$	198,843
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	18,390	\$	-	\$	-
Accrued liabilities		2,036		2,036		-		-
Deposits payable		-		-		-		-
Due to other funds		-		-		-		
Total liabilities		2,036		20,426		-		
Fund Balances (Deficits): Restricted for:								
Community development projects		-		-		-		198,843
Public safety - police		-		-		-		-
Community services		-		-		-		-
Public works - streets and roads Capital projects		1,861,750		2,255,888		153,260		<del>-</del>
Public works - street lighting		-		- -		-		-
Committed to:								
Capital projects		-		-		-		-
Unassigned		-		-		-		
Total fund balances (deficits)		1,861,750		2,255,888		153,260		198,843
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of								
resources, and fund balances	\$	1,863,786	\$	2,276,314	\$	153,260	\$	198,843

Special	Revenue	Funds
---------	---------	-------

Maintenance & Rehab	MSRC ant Fund	Measure H		Prop C xchange	G	BTA rant Fund
\$ 1,750,115	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
-	-		-	-		-
- 6,241 105,448	- - -		- - -	 - - -		- - -
\$ 1,861,804	\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$	
\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 17,093	\$	-
-	-		-	-		-
	 157,536		74,270	345,047		416,948
<u>-</u>	157,536		74,270	362,140		416,948
	_		_			_
-	-		-	-		-
-	-		-	-		-
1,861,804	-		-	-		-
-	-		_	-		-
-	- (157,536)		- (74,270)	- (362,140)		- (416,948)
 1,861,804	 (157,536)		(74,270)	 (362,140)		(416,948)
, ,	, /		, , , , , ,	, -1		, , , , , ,
\$ 1,861,804	\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$	

#### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

	Special Revenue Funds								
		lousing Authority Fund	Gold	en Streets ant Fund		HSIP ant Fund	Pres	istoric servation int Fund	
ASSETS Pooled cash and investments	\$	169,083	\$	18,171	\$	_	\$	5,673	
Receivables:	Ψ	100,000	Ψ	10,171	Ψ		Ψ	0,070	
Accounts		-		-		-		-	
Taxes Accrued interest		609		-		-		- 21	
Due from other governments		-		-		-		-	
Total assets	\$	169,692	\$	18,171	\$	_	\$	5,694	
			<u> </u>	,					
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$	2,590	\$	-	\$	10,276	\$	_	
Accrued liabilities	•	-	•	-	,	-	•	-	
Deposits payable		2,203		-		-		-	
Due to other funds				-		59,514		-	
Total liabilities		4,793		-		69,790			
Fund Balances (Deficits): Restricted for:									
Community development projects		164,899		_		_		5,694	
Public safety - police		-		-		-		-	
Community services		-		-		-		-	
Public works - streets and roads Capital projects		-		18,171		-		-	
Public works - street lighting		-		-		-		-	
Committed to:									
Capital projects		-		-		-		-	
Unassigned Total fund balances (deficits)		164,899		- 18,171		(69,790) (69,790)		5,694	
Total furiu balarices (delicits)		104,033		10,171		(00,100)		3,034	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	<b>^</b>	400.000	•	40.474	Φ.		•	F 004	
resources, and fund balances	\$	169,692	\$	18,171	\$		\$	5,694	

	Special Rev	enue	Funds		Ca	apital l	Projects Funds				
	SB2				lities & Equip.		chnology		000 Tax		
Plan	ning Grant	LE	AP Grant	Re	eplacement	Sı	urcharge		llocation		
	Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund	Bo	nds Fund		
\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,311,533	\$	54,278	\$	924,867		
	_		135,000		_		_		_		
	-		-		-		_		_		
	-		-		8,730		-		-		
	-		-								
\$		\$	135,000	\$	2,320,263	\$	54,278	\$	924,867		
\$	32,850	\$	-	\$	76,063	\$	49	\$	-		
	-		-		-		-		-		
	- 12,218		-		-		-		-		
	12,210		<u> </u>								
	45,068				76,063		49				
	-		-		-		-		924,867		
	-		-		-		-		-		
	-		-		-		-		-		
	-		-		-		-		-		
	-		-		-		-		-		
	-		135,000		2,244,200		54,229		-		
	(45,068)		-		-		-		-		
	(45,068)		135,000		2,244,200	-	54,229		924,867		
\$		\$	135,000	\$	2,320,263	\$	54,278	\$	924,867		

#### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

(concluded)

		Capital		
	Proj	ects Funds		
		Streets	To	otal Nonmajor
	In	nprovement	Go	overnmental
	Pr	ogram Fund		Funds
ASSETS				
Pooled cash and investments	\$	2,312,733	\$	19,828,658
Receivables:				
Accounts		-		154,470
Taxes		-		15,848
Accrued interest		-		58,998
Due from other governments		-		164,831
Total assets	\$	2,312,733	\$	20,222,805
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	732,602
Accrued liabilities		-		49,071
Deposits payable		-		9,936
Due to other funds				1,923,033
Total liabilities		-		2,714,642
Fund Balances (Deficits):				
Restricted for:				
Community development projects		-		1,294,303
Public safety - police		-		795,930
Community services		-		2,863,231
Public works - streets and roads		-		8,550,351
Capital projects		-		1,275,555
Public works - street lighting		-		117,414
Committed to:				
Capital projects		2,312,733		4,746,162
Unassigned		-		(2,134,783)
Total fund balances (deficits)		2,312,733		17,508,163
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of				
resources, and fund balances	\$	2,312,733	\$	20,222,805

	Special Revenue Funds									
		MTA destrian rovement	P	roposition A	Pr	oposition C	Rogan HR 5294 Grant Fund			
Revenues										
Taxes	\$	-	\$	674,676	\$	559,624	\$	-		
Assessments		-		-		-		-		
Licenses and permits		-		-		6,762		-		
Intergovernmental		-		- 2.050		-		-		
Charges for services Use of money and property		-		3,059 22,631		- 17,107		-		
Miscellaneous		-		1,210		17,107		-		
Miscellarieous		<del>-</del>		1,210						
Total revenues				701,576		583,493				
Expenditures										
Current:										
General government		-		16,056		7,153		-		
Community development		-		-		-		-		
Community services Public works		-		452,722		221,217		-		
Capital outlay		-		- 181,458		- 35,400		- 167,246		
Capital outlay		<del></del>		101,430		33,400		107,240		
Total expenditures				650,236		263,770		167,246		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures				51,340		319,723		(167,246)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Transfers in						-				
Total other financing sources (uses)						-				
Net change in fund balances		-		51,340		319,723		(167,246)		
Fund Balances (Deficit), beginning		(29,951)		1,858,065	1	,217,459		(5,708)		
Fund Balances (Deficit), ending	\$	(29,951)	\$	1,909,405	\$ 1	,537,182	\$	(172,954)		

		Sp		Revenue Fun	ds			
Street Lighting	(	Clean Air Act	Е	orking and Business provement		Gold Line ditigation	1	Mission Meridian blic Garage
Ligitarig		7.00	,	<u> </u>		naganon	- 1 41	one Garage
\$ - 896,896	\$	-	\$	63,231 -	\$	-	\$	-
-		- 35,088		33,068 -		-		-
1,526 3,685		1,920 -		- - -		750 -		- - -
902,107		37,008		96,299		750		
_		-		108,431		-		8,042
-		-		-		-		-
- 1,261,781		-		-		-		-
-		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>				<u>-</u>
1,261,781				108,431				8,042
 (359,674)		37,008		(12,132)		750_		(8,042)
 383,079								
383,079		-		-		-		
23,405		37,008		(12,132)		750		(8,042)
94,009		153,512		(15,609)		63,408		(362,056)
\$ 117,414	\$	190,520	\$	(27,741)	\$	64,158	\$	(370,098)

	Special Revenue Funds									
	State Gas Tax		Co	ounty Park Bond	(	Capital Growth Juirements		C.D.B.G		
Revenues										
Taxes	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_		
Assessments	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_		
Licenses and permits		_		_		_		_		
Intergovernmental		681,344		_		_		_		
Charges for services		-		-		59,971		-		
Use of money and property		11,168		-		7,273		-		
Miscellaneous								20,968		
Total revenues		692,512				67,244		20,968		
Expenditures										
Current:										
General government		-		-		-		-		
Community development		-		-		-		_		
Community services		-		-		-		23,292		
Public works		749,673		46,543		-		-		
Capital outlay		-				20,252				
Total expenditures		749,673		46,543		20,252		23,292		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures		(57,161)		(46,543)	-	46,992		(2,324)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in										
Total other financing sources (uses)										
Net change in fund balances		(57,161)		(46,543)		46,992		(2,324)		
Fund Balances (Deficit), beginning		919,457		(210,465)		588,529		(2,584)		
Fund Balances (Deficit), ending	\$	862,296	\$	(257,008)	\$	635,521	\$	(4,908)		

Special	Revenue	<b>Funds</b>
---------	---------	--------------

F	Asset orfeiture	IV	leasure W	State Police Grant		lomeland curity Grant	Park Impact Fees		
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	
	-		-		-	-		-	
	-		254,324		165,370	-		-	
	- 2,749		4,503		- 5,465	-		177,067 10,260	
								-	
	2,749		258,827		170,835	_		187,327	
	-		-		-	-		-	
	-		-		-	-		- 3,099	
	-		154,694		-	-		-	
						 		36,288	
			154,694					39,387	
	2,749		104 122		470 025			147.040	
	2,749		104,133		170,835			147,940	
			_		-			-	
					_			-	
	2,749		104,133		170,835	-		147,940	
	232,477		281,223		389,869	(146,371)		805,886	
\$	235,226	\$	385,356	\$	560,704	\$ (146,371)	\$	953,826	

		Special Revenue Funds									
	Measure R			Measure M		DA/Metro rant Fund		Public ducation			
Revenues Taxes Assessments Licenses and permits Intergovernmental Charges for services Use of money and property Miscellaneous	\$	419,597 - - - - 20,053	\$	474,654 - - - - 24,538	\$	- - - - - 1,792	\$	- - - 6,659 - 2,272			
Total revenues		439,650		499,192		1,792		8,931			
Expenditures Current: General government Community development Community services Public works Capital outlay		- - - 21,020 -		- - - 39,409 -		- - - - -		- - - - -			
Total expenditures		21,020		39,409							
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		418,630		459,783		1,792		8,931			
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in		<u>-</u>									
Total other financing sources (uses)											
Net change in fund balances		418,630		459,783		1,792		8,931			
Fund Balances (Deficit), beginning		1,443,120		1,796,105		151,468		189,912			
Fund Balances (Deficit), ending	\$	1,861,750	\$	2,255,888	\$	153,260	\$	198,843			

Special F	Revenue	Funds
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l Maintenance & Rehab	MSRC Grant Fund		Measure H	Prop C Exchange	BTA Grant Fund		
\$ - -	\$ -	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ -	\$ - -		
- 601,769 - 17,842	- - -		- - 13,429 -	- - - -	- - -		
619,611			13,429		<u> </u>		
- - -	-		- - -	- - -	- - -		
<u>-</u>	4,55	0	<u>-</u>	17,093	 -		
	4,55	0	<u>-</u>	17,093	 <u> </u>		
619,611	(4,55	0)	13,429	(17,093)	-		
<u>-</u> -	<u> </u>		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>			
619,611	(4,55		13,429	(17,093)	- (416 049)		
\$ 1,242,193 1,861,804	(152,98 \$ (157,53		(87,699)	(345,047) \$ (362,140)	\$ (416,948) (416,948)		

	Special Revenue Funds									
		lousing authority Fund		den Streets rant Fund		HSIP rant Fund	Pre	istoric servation ant Fund		
Revenues										
Taxes	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-		
Assessments		-		-		-		-		
Licenses and permits		-		-		-		-		
Intergovernmental		-		420,000		180,188		-		
Charges for services		-		-		-		-		
Use of money and property		51,616		-		-		67		
Miscellaneous										
Total revenues		51,616		420,000		180,188		67		
Expenditures Current:										
General government		-		-		-		-		
Community development		3,690		-		-		-		
Community services		-		-		-		-		
Public works		-		90,033		-		-		
Capital outlay				-		21,317				
Total expenditures		3,690		90,033		21,317				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		47,926		329,967		158,871		67		
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in										
Total other financing sources (uses)				-						
Net change in fund balances		47,926		329,967		158,871		67		
Fund Balances (Deficit), beginning		116,973		(311,796)		(228,661)		5,627		
Fund Balances (Deficit), ending	\$	164,899	\$	18,171	\$	(69,790)	\$	5,694		

Spec	ial Revenue	Funds		C	Capital Projects Funds											
	SB2		Fac	ilities & Equip.	Te	chnology	2000 Tax									
Plan	ning Grant	LEAP Grant	R	Replacement	Sı	ırcharge	Α	llocation								
	Fund	Fund		Fund		Fund	Во	nds Fund								
\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-								
	-	-		-		-		-								
	-	-		-		-		-								
	-	135,000	)	-		-		-								
	-	-		<u>-</u>		31,004		-								
	-	-		28,793		-		-								
	-					-										
		135,000	1	28,793		31,004										
		133,000		20,193		31,004										
	-	_		-		-		-								
	-	_		-		_		_								
	-	-		-		-		-								
	-	-		-		-		-								
	45,068			255,387		-		-								
	45.000			055.007												
	45,068			255,387												
	(45,068)	135,000	1	(226,594)		31,004										
	(43,000)	133,000		(220,334)		31,004										
	-	_		-		-		-								
	-			_		-										
			_			<b>.</b>										
	(45,068)	135,000	)	(226,594)	594) 31,			-								
				2 470 704	00.005			024 967								
			_	2,470,794		23,225		924,867								
\$	(45,068)	\$ 135,000	) \$	2,244,200	\$	54,229	\$	924,867								

		Capital		
	Proj	ects Funds		
		Streets		al Nonmajor
		provement	Go۱	/ernmental
	<u>Pro</u>	ogram Fund		Funds
Davanua				
Revenues	Φ		Φ	0.404.700
Taxes	\$	-	\$	2,191,782
Assessments		-		896,896
Licenses and permits		-		39,830
Intergovernmental		-		2,479,742
Charges for services		-		284,530
Use of money and property		(1,604)		230,721
Miscellaneous				25,863
Total revenues		(1,604)		6,149,364
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government		-		139,682
Community development		-		3,690
Community services		_		700,330
Public works		_		2,363,153
Capital outlay		43,984		828,043
				·
Total expenditures		43,984		4,034,898
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures		(45,588)		2,114,466
(		(10,000)		_, ,
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in				383,079
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		383,079
Net change in fund balances		(45,588)		2,497,545
Fund Balances (Deficit), beginning		2,358,321		15,010,618
Fund Balances (Deficit), ending	\$	2,312,733	\$	17,508,163

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -**BUDGET AND ACTUAL PROPOSITION A**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	 Budgeted	Amo	ounts	Actual		Variance with	
	Original		Final		Amount	Fin	al Budget
Revenues					_		_
Taxes	\$ 626,217	\$	626,217	\$	674,676	\$	48,459
Charges for services	5,000		5,000		3,059		(1,941)
Use of money and property	10,000		10,000		22,631		12,631
Miscellaneous	15,000		15,000		1,210		(13,790)
Total revenues	656,217		656,217		701,576		45,359
Expenditures Current:							
General government	15,631		15,631		16,056		(425)
Community services	601,823		601,823		452,722		149,101
Capital outlay	169,000		201,595		181,458		20,137
Total expenditures	786,454		819,049		650,236		168,813
Net change in fund balance	(130,237)		(162,832)		51,340		214,172
Fund balance, beginning	 1,858,065		1,858,065		1,858,065		
Fund balance, ending	\$ 1,727,828	\$	1,695,233	\$	1,909,405	\$	214,172

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL PROPOSITION C FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	 Budgeted	l Am	ounts	Actual	Variance with	
	Original		Final	Amount	Fin	al Budget
Revenues						
Taxes	\$ 519,430	\$	519,430	\$ 559,624	\$	40,194
Licenses and permits	40,000		40,000	6,762		(33,238)
Use of money and property	 9,000		9,000	 17,107		8,107
Total revenues	568,430		568,430	583,493		15,063
	·					_
Expenditures						
Current:						
General government	6,698		6,698	7,153		(455)
Community services	301,087		301,087	221,217		79,870
Capital outlay	 300,000		331,550	 35,400		296,150
Total expenditures	607,785		639,335	263,770		375,565
Net change in fund balance	(39,355)		(70,905)	319,723		390,628
Fund balance, beginning	 1,217,459		1,217,459	 1,217,459		-
Fund balance, ending	\$ 1,178,104	\$	1,146,554	\$ 1,537,182	\$	390,628

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL STREET LIGHTING FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual	Variance with	
		Original		Final		Amounts	Fin	al Budget
Revenues								
Assessments	\$	900,000	\$	900,000	\$	896,896	\$	(3,104)
Use of money and property		4,000		4,000		1,526		(2,474)
Miscellaneous		5,000		5,000		3,685		(1,315)
Total revenues		909,000		909,000		902,107		(6,893)
Expenditures								
Current:								
Public works		1,573,281		1,671,281		1,261,781		409,500
Capital outlay		30,000		30,000		_		30,000
Total expenditures		1,603,281		1,701,281		1,261,781		439,500
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
(under) expenditures		(694,281)		(792,281)		(359,674)		432,607
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in		383,079		383,079		383,079		_
Total other financing sources (uses)		383,079		383,079		383,079		-
Net change in fund balance		(311,202)		(409,202)		23,405		432,607
Fund balance, beginning		94,009		94,009		94,009		
Fund balance, ending	\$	(217,193)	\$	(315,193)	\$	117,414	\$	432,607

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL CLEAN AIR ACT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Budgeted	l Amo	unts	Actual	Varia	ance with
		Original		Final	 Amount	Fina	l Budget
Revenues							
Intergovernmental	\$	33,200	\$	33,200	\$ 35,088	\$	1,888
Use of money and property		1,500		1,500	 1,920		420
Total revenues		34,700		34,700	37,008		2,308
Expenditures							
Current: General government		_		_	_		_
Capital outlay		-		_	-		_
Total expenditures		-		-	-		-
Net change in fund balance		34,700		34,700	37,008		2,308
Fund balance, beginning		153,512		153,512	153,512		
Fund balance, ending	\$	188,212	\$	188,212	\$ 190,520	\$	2,308

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL PARKING AND BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	 Budgeted	Amo	unts	Actual	Variance with	
	Original		Final	 Amount	Fina	al Budget
Revenues						
Taxes	\$ 60,000	\$	60,000	\$ 63,231	\$	3,231
Licenses and permits	26,000		26,000	33,068		7,068
Use of money and property	 500		500	-		(500)
Total revenues	86,500		86,500	96,299		9,799
Expenditures Current:						
General government	 110,500		112,000	 108,431		3,569
Total expenditures	110,500		112,000	 108,431		3,569
Net change in fund balance	(24,000)		(25,500)	(12,132)		13,368
Fund balance (deficit), beginning	(15,609)		(15,609)	 (15,609)		
Fund balance (deficit), ending	\$ (39,609)	\$	(41,109)	\$ (27,741)	\$	13,368

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL MISSION MERIDIAN PUBLIC GARAGE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	 Budgeted	Amo		Actual	Variance with	
Revenues	 Original		Final	 Amount	Final Budget	
Total revenues	\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$	
Expenditures						
Current:						
General government	 15,000		15,000	8,042		6,958
Total expenditures	15,000		15,000	8,042		6,958
Net change in fund balance	(15,000)		(15,000)	(8,042)		6,958
Fund balance (deficit), beginning	 (362,056)		(362,056)	 (362,056)		
Fund balance (deficit), ending	\$ (377,056)	\$	(377,056)	\$ (370,098)	\$	6,958

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL STATE GAS TAX FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Budgeted	Amo	ounts		Actual	Variance with		
		Original		Final		mounts	Fin	al Budget	
Revenues									
Intergovernmental	\$	747,620	\$	747,620	\$	681,344	\$	(66,276)	
Use of money and property		10,000		10,000		11,168		1,168	
Total revenues		757,620		757,620		692,512		(65,108)	
Expenditures									
Current:									
Public works		1,226,418		1,242,418		749,673		492,745	
Capital outlay		65,000		65,000		-		65,000	
Total expenditures		1,291,418		1,307,418		749,673		557,745	
Net change in fund balance		(533,798)		(549,798)		(57,161)		492,637	
Fund balance, beginning		919,457		919,457		919,457			
Fund balance, ending	\$	385,659	\$	369,659	\$	862,296	\$	492,637	

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL COUNTY PARK BOND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	 Budgeted Original	Amo	ounts Final	Actual Amount		Variance with Final Budget	
Revenues	 Original		Гіпаі		Amount		iai buuget
Intergovernmental	\$ 470,000	\$	470,000	\$ -		\$	(470,000)
Total revenues	470,000		470,000		-		(470,000)
Expenditures Current:							
Public works	97,500		106,000		46,543		59,457
Total expenditures	97,500		106,000		46,543		59,457
Net change in fund balance	372,500		364,000		(46,543)		(410,543)
Fund balance (deficit), beginning	(210,465)		(210,465)		(210,465)		-
Fund balance (deficit), ending	\$ 162,035	\$	153,535	\$	(257,008)	\$	(410,543)

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL CAPITAL GROWTH REQUIREMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budgeted	ounts	Actual		Var	iance with	
	Original		Final	/	Amount	Fin	al Budget
Revenues							
Charges for services	\$ 40,000	\$	40,000	\$	59,971	\$	19,971
Use of money and property	-		-		7,273		7,273
Total revenues	40,000		40,000		67,244		27,244
	 				_		
Expenditures							
Capital outlay	450,000		450,000		20,252		429,748
Total expenditures	450,000		450,000		20,252		429,748
Net change in fund balance	(410,000)		(410,000)		46,992		456,992
-	,		,				
Fund balance, beginning	588,529		588,529		588,529		-
Fund balance, ending	\$ 178,529	\$	178,529	\$	635,521	\$	456,992

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL CDBG

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budgeted	Amo	unts	Actual		Variance with	
	 Original		Final	Amounts		Final Budget	
Revenues							_
Intergovernmental	\$ 236,533	\$	236,533	\$	-	\$	(236,533)
Miscellaneous	28,000		28,000		20,968		(7,032)
Total revenues	264,533		264,533		20,968		(243,565)
Expenditures							
Current:							
Community services	26,281		26,281		23,292		2,989
Capital outlay	105,126		321,723		-		321,723
Total expenditures	131,407		348,004		23,292		324,712
Net change in fund balance	133,126		(83,471)		(2,324)		81,147
Fund balance (deficit), beginning	 (2,584)		(2,584)		(2,584)		
Fund balance (deficit), ending	\$ 130,542	\$	(86,055)	\$	(4,908)	\$	81,147

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ASSET FORFEITURE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	 Budgeted	Amo	unts	Actual		Variance with	
	Original		Final	Amounts		Final Budget	
Revenues							
Use of money and property	\$ 	\$		\$	2,749	\$	2,749
Total revenues					2,749		2,749
Expenditures							
Current:							
Public Safety	10,000		10,000		-		10,000
Capital outlay	50,000		50,000		-		50,000
Total expenditures	60,000		60,000		-		60,000
Net change in fund balance	(60,000)		(60,000)		2,749		62,749
Fund balance, beginning	232,477		232,477		232,477		
Fund balance, ending	\$ 172,477	\$	172,477	\$	235,226	\$	62,749

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -**BUDGET AND ACTUAL MEASURE W**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Budgeted	Amo	unts	Actual	Variance with	
	(	Original		Final	 mounts	Fin	al Budget
Revenues							
Intergovernmental	\$	251,179	\$	251,179	\$ 254,324	\$	3,145
Use of money and property				_	 4,503		4,503
Total revenues		251,179		251,179	258,827		7,648
Expenditures							
Current:							
Public works		290,270		290,270	154,694		135,576
Capital outlay		5,000		5,000	 		5,000
Total expenditures		295,270		295,270	 154,694		140,576
Net change in fund balance		(44,091)		(44,091)	104,133		148,224
Fund balance, beginning		281,223		281,223	 281,223		
Fund balance, ending	\$	237,132	\$	237,132	\$ 385,356	\$	148,224

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL STATE POLICE GRANT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual		iance with
		Original		Final		mounts	Fin	al Budget
Revenues								
Intergovernmental	\$	100,000	\$	100,000	\$	165,370	\$	65,370
Use of money and property		2,500		2,500		5,465		2,965
Total revenues		102,500		102,500		170,835		68,335
Expenditures								
Capital outlay		130,000		130,000				130,000
Total expenditures		130,000		130,000		-		130,000
						_		
Net change in fund balance		(27,500)		(27,500)		170,835		198,335
Fund balance, beginning		389,869		389,869		389,869		
						_		
Fund balance, ending	\$	362,369	\$	362,369	\$	560,704	\$	198,335

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL HOMELAND SECURITY GRANT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual		iance with
	Original			Final		Amounts	Fin	al Budget
Revenues								
Intergovernmental	\$	44,369	\$	44,369	\$	-	\$	(44,369)
Total revenues		44,369		44,369				(44,369)
Expenditures Capital outlay Total expenditures		1,240 1,240		1,240 1,240		<u>-</u>		1,240 1,240
Net change in fund balance		43,129		43,129		-		(43,129)
Fund balance (deficit), beginning		(146,371)		(146,371)		(146,371)		-
Fund balance (deficit), ending	\$	(103,242)	\$	(103,242)	\$	(146,371)	\$	(43,129)

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL PARK IMPACT FEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budgeted Original	Amo	nounts Final		Actual mounts	iance with al Budget
Revenues	Original			7		 a. Daagot
Charges for services	\$ 160,000	\$	160,000	\$	177,067	\$ 17,067
Use of money and property	6,000		6,000		10,260	4,260
Total revenues	166,000		166,000		187,327	21,327
Expenditures Current:						
Community services	-		-		3,099	(3,099)
Capital outlay	 825,000		876,255		36,288	 839,967
Total expenditures	825,000		876,255		39,387	836,868
Net change in fund balance	(659,000)		(710,255)		147,940	858,195
Fund balance, beginning	805,886		805,886		805,886	-
Fund balance, ending	\$ 146,886	\$	95,631	\$	953,826	\$ 858,195

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL MEASURE R FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual		Variance with	
		Original		Final		Amount	Final Budget		
Revenues		·						_	
Taxes	\$	389,573	\$	389,573	\$	419,597	\$	30,024	
Use of money and property		10,000		10,000		20,053		10,053	
Total revenues		399,573		399,573		439,650		40,077	
Expenditures									
Current:									
Public works		67,416		71,376		21,020		50,356	
Capital outlay		300,000		300,000		-		300,000	
Total expenditures		367,416		371,376		21,020		350,356	
Net change in fund balance		32,157		28,197		418,630		390,433	
Fund balance, beginning		1,443,120		1,443,120		1,443,120			
Fund balance, ending	\$	1,475,277	\$	1,471,317	\$	1,861,750	\$	390,433	

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -**BUDGET AND ACTUAL MEASURE M**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual		Variance with	
Davianusa	Original			Finai		Amount	Final Budget	
Revenues	_		•		•		•	00.400
Taxes	\$	441,516	\$	441,516	\$	474,654	\$	33,138
Use of money and property		7,000		7,000		24,538		17,538
Total revenues		448,516		448,516		499,192		50,676
Expenditures								
Current:								
Public works		239,851		243,811		39,409		204,402
Capital outlay		177,565		177,565		-		177,565
Total expenditures		417,416		421,376		39,409		381,967
		_		_				_
Net change in fund balance		31,100		27,140		459,783		432,643
Fund balance, beginning		1,796,105		1,796,105		1,796,105		-
Fund balance, ending	\$	1,827,205	\$	1,823,245	\$	2,255,888	\$	432,643

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL PUBLIC EDUCATION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	 Budgeted Original	Amo	Amounts Final		Actual Amounts	 ance with al Budget
Revenues Intergovernmental Use of money and property Total revenues	\$ 10,000 1,000 11,000	\$	10,000 1,000 11,000	\$	6,659 2,272 8,931	\$ (3,341) 1,272 (2,069)
Expenditures  Total expenditures	 					 
Net change in fund balance	11,000		11,000		8,931	(2,069)
Fund balance, beginning	189,912		189,912		189,912	 
Fund balance, ending	\$ 200,912	\$	200,912	\$	198,843	\$ (2,069)

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ROAD MAINTENANCE & REHAB FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Budgeted Amounts					Actual		iance with
	Original		Final		Amounts	Fin	al Budget
\$	585,093	\$	585,093	\$	601,769	\$	16,676
	7,000		7,000		17,842		10,842
	592,093		592,093		619,611		27,518
	·		_				
	585,093		585,093		-		585,093
	585,093		585,093		-		585,093
	7,000		7,000		619,611		612,611
	1,242,193		1,242,193		1,242,193		-
\$	1,249,193	\$	1,249,193	\$	1,861,804	\$	612,611
	\$	Original  \$ 585,093	Original  \$ 585,093	Original         Final           \$ 585,093         \$ 585,093           7,000         7,000           592,093         592,093           585,093         585,093           585,093         585,093           7,000         7,000           1,242,193         1,242,193	Original         Final           \$ 585,093         \$ 585,093         \$ 7,000           \$ 7,000         7,000         592,093           \$ 585,093         585,093         585,093           \$ 7,000         7,000         7,000           \$ 1,242,193         1,242,193	Original         Final         Amounts           \$ 585,093         \$ 585,093         \$ 601,769           7,000         7,000         17,842           592,093         592,093         619,611           585,093         585,093         -           7,000         7,000         619,611           1,242,193         1,242,193         1,242,193	Original         Final         Amounts         Final           \$ 585,093         \$ 585,093         \$ 601,769         \$ 7,000         17,842           592,093         592,093         619,611         -           585,093         585,093         -         -           7,000         7,000         619,611         -           1,242,193         1,242,193         1,242,193

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL MSRC GRANT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Actual Amounts		ance with I Budget
Revenues			<u> </u>	i iiiai	<u> </u>	Amounts		Duuget
Intergovernmental Total revenues	\$		<u>Ф</u>		<u> </u>		<u>\$</u>	
Expenditures								
Capital outlay				4,550		4,550		-
Total expenditures				4,550		4,550		-
Net change in fund balance		-		(4,550)		(4,550)		-
Fund balance (deficit), beginning		(152,986)		(152,986)		(152,986)		
Fund balance (deficit), ending	\$	(152,986)	\$	(157,536)	\$	(157,536)	\$	

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL HOUSING AUTHORITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	 Budgeted Original	l Amo	unts Final	Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget	
Revenues	211giiliai		<u>.</u>			1 11101	Baaget
Use of money and property	\$ 45,528	\$	45,528	\$	51,616	\$	6,088
Total revenues	 45,528		45,528		51,616		6,088
Expenditures Current:							
Community development	11,700		11,700		3,690		8,010
Total expenditures	11,700		11,700		3,690		8,010
Net change in fund balance	33,828		33,828		47,926		14,098
Fund balance, beginning	116,973		116,973		116,973		
Fund balance, ending	\$ 150,801	\$	150,801	\$	164,899	\$	14,098

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL HSIP GRANT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual		Variance with		
	Original		Final		Amounts		Final Budget	
Revenues		_						
Intergovernmental	\$	554,365	\$	554,365	\$	180,188	\$	(374,177)
Total revenues		554,365		554,365		180,188		(374,177)
Expenditures								
Capital outlay		554,365		623,762		21,317		602,445
Total expenditures		554,365		623,762		21,317		602,445
Net change in fund balance		-		(69,397)		158,871		228,268
Fund balance (deficit), beginning		(228,661)		(228,661)		(228,661)		
Fund balance (deficit), ending	\$	(228,661)	\$	(298,058)	\$	(69,790)	\$	228,268

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL SB2 PLANNING GRANT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual		Variance with		
_	Original		Final		Amounts		Final Budget	
Revenues Intergovernmental Use of money and property	\$	160,000	\$	160,000	\$	-	\$	(160,000)
Total revenues		160,000		160,000		-		(160,000)
Expenditures Capital outlay Total expenditures		160,000 160,000		160,000 160,000		45,068 45,068		114,932 114,932
Net change in fund balance		-		-		(45,068)		(45,068)
Fund balance , beginning								
Fund balance, ending	\$		\$		\$	(45,068)	\$	(45,068)

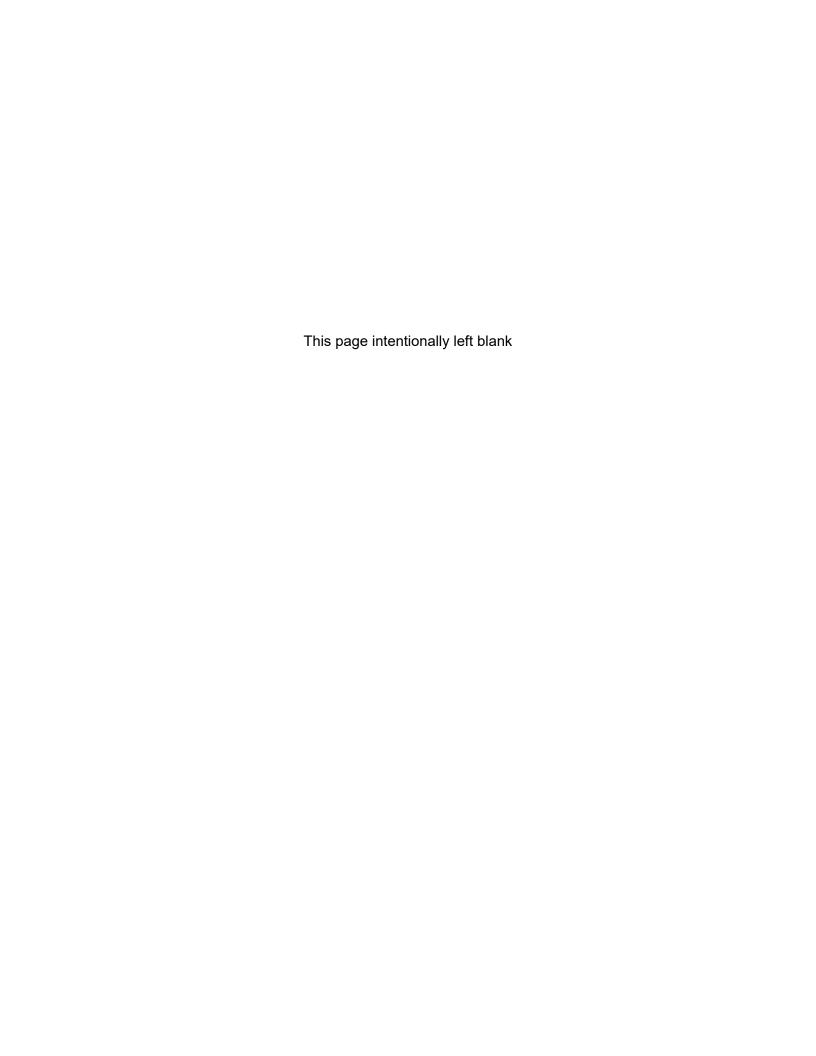
# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FACILITIES & EQUIPMENT REPLACEMENT CAPITAL PROJECT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budge Original	eted A	mounts Final		Actual Amount	Variance with Final Budget	
Revenues	Original		i iilai		Amount		mai buuget
Use of money and property	\$ 1,00	00 9	\$ 1,000	\$	28,793	\$	27,793
Total revenues	1,00	00	1,000		28,793		27,793
Expenditures Capital outlay Total expenditures	1,014,00 1,014,00		1,490,124 1,490,124		255,387 255,387		1,234,737 1,234,737
Net change in fund balance	(1,013,00	00)	(1,489,124)		(226,594)		1,262,530
Fund balance, beginning	2,470,79	94	2,470,794		2,470,794		
Fund balance, ending	\$ 1,457,79	94 \$	\$ 981,670	\$	2,244,200	\$	1,262,530

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL STREETS IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM CAPITAL PROJECT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Budgeted	l Am	ounts Final	Actual Amounts			ariance with
Revenues		Original		ГШа		Amounts		nal Budget
Use of money and property	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(1,604)	\$	(1,604)
Total revenues		<u> </u>		<del>-</del>		(1,604)		(1,604)
Expenditures								
Capital outlay				2,353,628		43,984		2,309,644
Total expenditures		-		2,353,628		43,984		2,309,644
Net change in fund balance		-		(2,353,628)		(45,588)		2,308,040
Fund balance, beginning		2,358,321		2,358,321		2,358,321		
Fund balance, ending	\$	2,358,321	\$	4,693	\$	2,312,733	\$	2,308,040



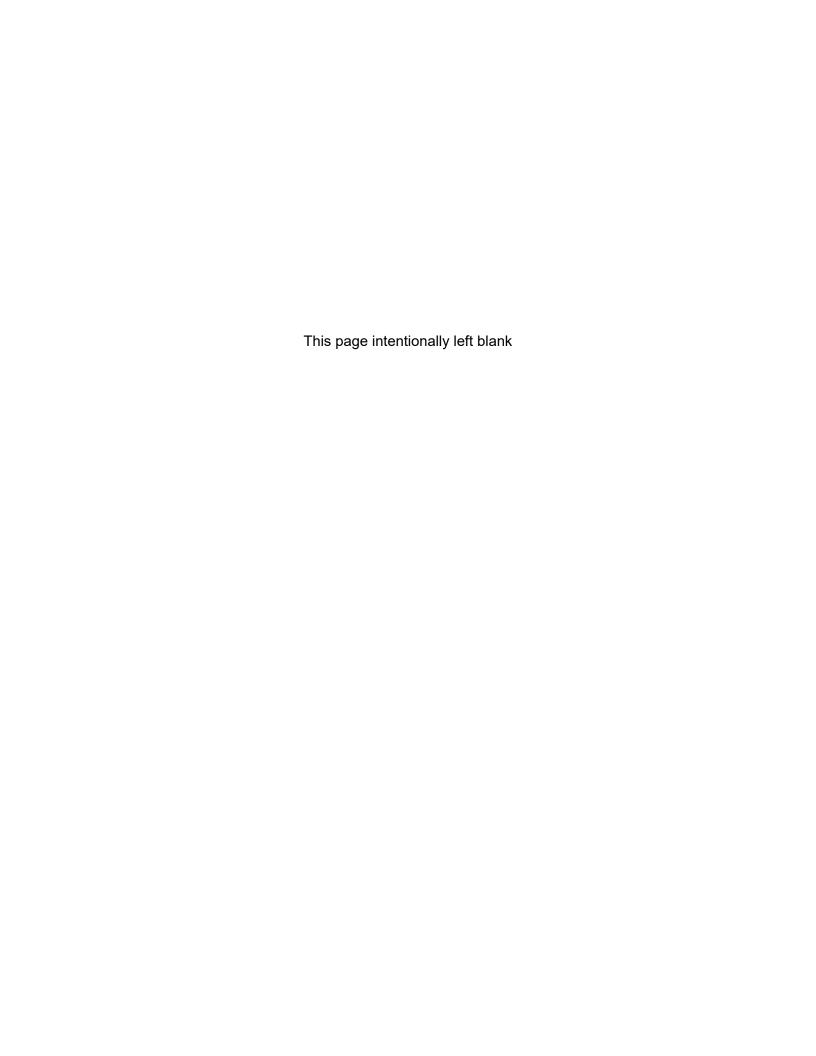


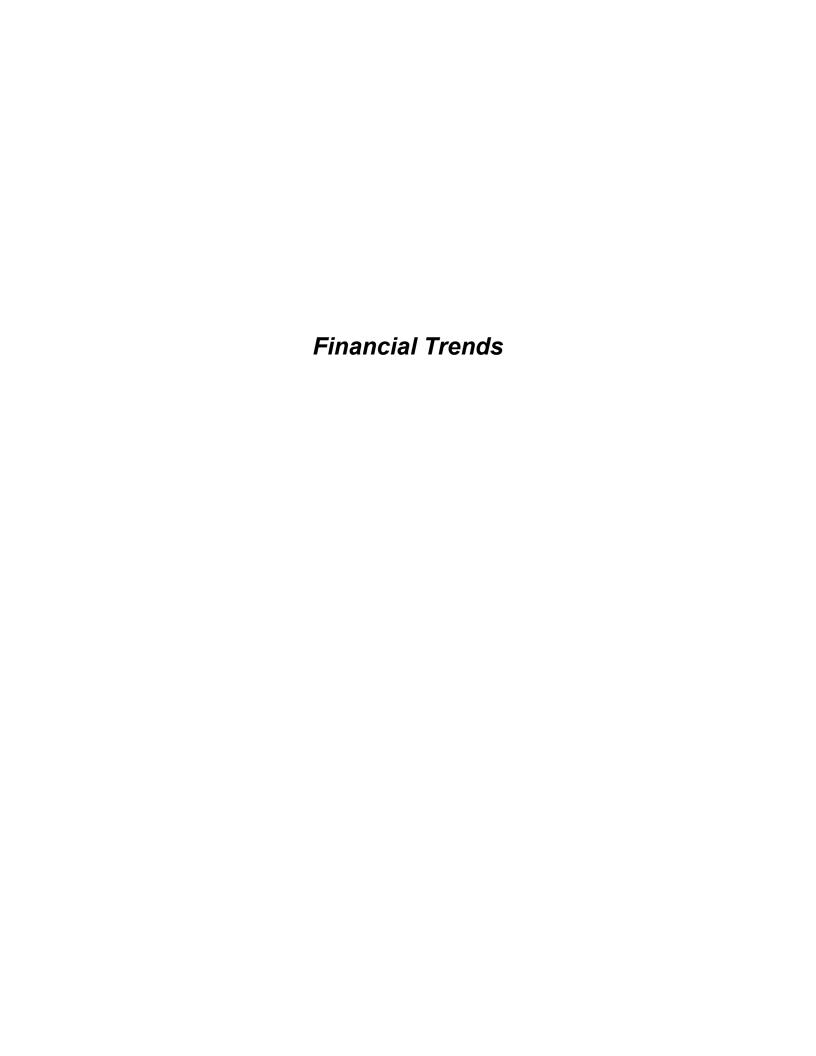
#### STATISTICAL SECTION

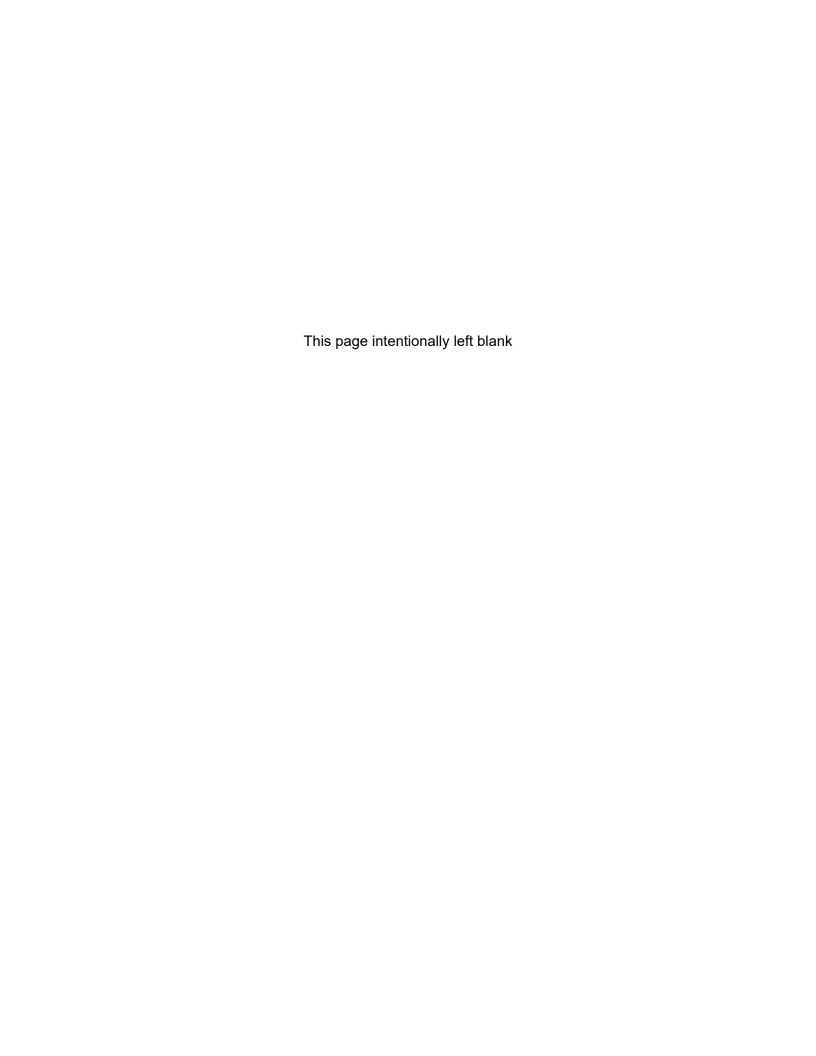
The statistical section of the City of South Pasadena's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information say about the City's overall financial health.

CONTENTS	Page
Financial Trends	121
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well being have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity	126
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess one of the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	
Debt Capacity	130
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and its ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Demographic and Economic Information	134
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	
Operating Information	137
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.	

**Source**: Unless otherwise noted, the information in the schedules is derived from the annual financial comprehensive reports for the relevant year.







#### NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	Fiscal Year											
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023		
Governmental Activities:												
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 62,764,726	\$ 63,611,268	\$ 57,152,793	\$ 59,774,372	\$ 62,806,755	\$ 60,351,839	\$ 59,395,318	\$ 60,662,686	\$ 60,214,729	\$ 55,139,529		
Restricted	3,184,841	4,179,297	4,894,822	6,328,022	6,336,084	8,115,962	9,634,946	10,700,987	13,615,668	14,896,784		
Unrestricted	8,720,752	(14,506,500)	(12,620,721)	(15,130,068)	(24,210,258)	(22,350,734)	(26,491,377)	(21,837,814)	(20,425,310)	(15,008,471)		
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 74,670,319	\$ 53,284,065	\$ 49,426,894	\$ 50,972,326	\$ 44,932,581	\$ 46,117,067	\$ 42,538,887	\$ 49,525,859	\$ 53,405,087	\$ 55,027,842		
		-										
Business-type activities:												
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 10,855,319	\$ 11,727,300	\$ 19,878,644	\$ 22,302,873	\$ 25,526,014	\$ 23,661,335	\$ 25,255,248	\$ 32,772,024	\$ 32,481,547	\$ 29,984,714		
Restricted	-	2,982,160	2,880,237	2,998,161	1,154,374	1,156,612	1,158,406	1,158,268	158,464	164,055		
Unrestricted	6,943,845	4,690,608	4,159,721	4,178,403	6,037,490	10,548,528	13,371,764	11,179,697	25,432,678	34,302,067		
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 17,799,164	\$ 19,400,068	\$ 26,918,602	\$ 29,479,437	\$ 32,717,878	\$ 35,366,475	\$ 39,785,418	\$ 45,109,989	\$ 58,072,689	\$ 64,450,836		
<i>,</i> , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,												
Primary Government:												
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 73,620,045	\$ 75,338,568	\$ 77.031.437	\$ 82.077.245	\$ 88,332,769	\$ 84,013,174	\$ 84,650,566	\$ 93,434,710	\$ 92,696,276	\$ 85,124,243		
Restricted	3,184,841	7,161,457	7,775,059	9,326,183	7,490,458	9,272,574	10,793,352	11,859,255	13,774,132	15,060,839		
Unrestricted	15,664,597	(9,815,892)	(8,461,000)	(10,951,665)	(18,172,768)	(11,802,206)	(13,119,613)	(10,658,117)	5,007,368	19,293,596		
Total primary government net position	\$ 92,469,483	\$ 72,684,133	\$ 76,345,496	\$ 80,451,763	\$ 77,650,459	\$ 81,483,542	\$ 82,324,305	\$ 94,635,848	\$ 111,477,776	\$ 119,478,678		

#### CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	Fiscal Year									
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Expenses:										
Governmental Activities:										
General government	\$ 5,039,084	\$ 4,354,683	\$ 3,847,476	\$ 4,324,484	\$ 5,560,722	\$ 6,014,464	\$ 10,256,658	\$ 8,193,683	\$ 10,995,232	\$ 14,558,524
Public safety	11,012,625	12,363,366	13,218,063	15,596,078	14,624,313	14,261,686	16,650,223	19,452,587	16,504,092	17,246,487
Community development	918,665	1,116,084	953,471	1,289,447	1,037,091	1,361,590	1,891,456	1,861,097	2,672,653	3,661,544
Community services	3,132,433	3,336,626	3,153,329	3,566,285	3,819,654	3,984,070	3,768,976	3,477,936	4,284,119	4,682,762
Public works	4,990,390	5,578,457	5,578,850	5,529,025	5,197,516	6,045,511	5,536,975	3,661,617	4,479,655	6,302,312
Interest on long-term debt	4,465	4,335								
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	25,097,662	26,753,551	26,751,189	30,305,319	30,239,296	31,667,321	38,104,288	36,646,920	38,935,751	46,451,629
Business-type activities:										
Water Utility	5,804,509	4,772,647	5,886,309	7,028,827	7,060,363	8,116,822	8,817,002	8,206,574	9,521,857	9,517,654
Sewer Utility	998,603	968,996	962,623	1,012,338	686,672	1,280,398	1,189,754	1,353,548	1,233,642	1,285,403
Arroyo Seco Golf Course	930,255	923,660	954,898	1,032,358	1,096,327	1,158,137	1,030,565	1,131,455	1,314,725	1,389,047
Total Business-type Activities Expenses	7,733,367	6,665,303	7,803,830	9,073,523	8,843,362	10,555,357	11,037,321	10,691,577	12,070,224	12,192,104
Total Primary Government Expenses	32,831,029	33,418,854	34,555,019	39,378,842	39,082,658	42,222,678	49,141,609	47,338,497	51,005,975	58,643,733
Program Revenues:										
Governmental Activities:										
Charges for Services:										
General government	1,173,376	1,372,549	1,126,241	1,026,398	922,603	806,758	2,138,708	1,615,244	3,993,078	6,504,618
Public safety	983,181	1,189,968	1,154,628	1,166,125	1,554,948	1,584,152	1,479,307	2,077,333	1,465,821	1,727,521
Community development	761,632	963,987	804,309	871,571	3,160	7,647	15,812	2,077,000	16,976	4,164
Community services	864,271	1,064,439	853,949	926,897	841,445	761,334	480,130	324,106	813,361	740,318
Public works	1,159,519	1,226,729	1,172,172	1,189,342	1,449,325	1,313,942	1,385,391	1,358,505	1,825,634	2,082,322
Total Charges for Services	4,941,979	5,817,672	5,111,299	5,180,333	4,771,481	4,473,833	5,499,348	5,375,188	8,114,870	11,058,943
Operating Contribution and Grants:										
General government	53,999	21,413	164,625	312,062	48,304	755,965	414,862	1,415,551	693,911	2,121,823
Public safety	328,654	185,067	116,029	175,919	173,401	136,627	197,747	176,000	220,950	200,269
Community development	504,312	476,886	627,488	810,749	22,189	34,967	2,876	23,916	40,093	2,950
Community services	24,876	38,348	20,527	84,519	25,248	965,060	1,010,094	931,932	1,212,540	1,255,268
Public works	348,797	212,472	399,656	87,864	702,884	2,338,935	1,802,848	1,823,284	2,095,848	2,430,259
Total Operating Contributions and Grants	1,260,638	934,186	1,328,325	1,471,113	972,026	4,231,554	3,428,427	4,370,683	4,263,342	6,010,569
Capital Contributions and Grants:										
Community development	_	_	_	901,436	_	_	_	_	_	_
Community services	_	_	_	-	143,601	115,076	_	_	_	_
Public works	1,300,814	1,220,504	734,935	1,516,800	1,182,367	957,234	976,308	1,429,167	923,772	1,316,896
Total Capital Contributions and Grants	1,300,814	1,220,504	734,935	2,418,236	1,325,968	1,072,310	976,308	1,429,167	923,772	1,316,896
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenue	7,503,431	7,972,362	7,174,559	9,069,682	7,069,475	9,777,697	9,904,083	11,175,038	13,301,984	18,386,408
Business-type Activities:										
Charges for services:										
Water Utility	9,210,982	8,694,880	8,094,350	8,804,890	9,830,246	10,152,661	11,089,616	12,022,464	12,484,238	11,516,207
Sewer Utility	1,256,682	1,353,233	1,543,925	1,583,362	1,614,351	1,472,122	1,962,443	2,108,764	2,200,532	2,226,832
Arroyo Seco Golf Course	1,197,047	1,133,562	1,129,927	1,101,970	1,166,516	1,255,815	1,074,883	1,767,133	1,390,303	1,672,607
Operating Contribution and Grants:										
Water Utility	-	-	-	-	200,167	-	90,833	30,604	-	-
Total Business-type Activities Program Revenue	11,664,711	11,181,675	10,768,202	11,490,222	12,811,280	12,880,598	14,217,775	15,928,965	16,075,073	15,415,646
Total primary government program revenues	19,168,142	19,154,037	17,942,761	20,559,904	19,880,755	22,658,295	24,121,858	27,104,003	29,377,057	33,802,054
Net (expenses) revenues:										
Governmental activities	(17,594,231)	(18,781,189)	(19,576,630)	(21,235,637)	(23,169,821)	(21,889,624)	(28,200,205)	(25,471,882)	(25,633,767)	(28,065,221)
Business-type activities	3,931,344	4,516,372	2,964,372	2,416,699	3,967,918	2,325,241	3,180,454	5,237,388	4,004,849	3,223,542
Total primary government net (expenses)/revenues	\$ (13,662,887)	\$ (14,264,817)	\$ (16,612,258)	\$ (18,818,938)	\$ (19,201,903)	\$ (19,564,383)	\$ (25,019,751)	\$ (20,234,494)	\$ (21,628,918)	\$ (24,841,679)

#### CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

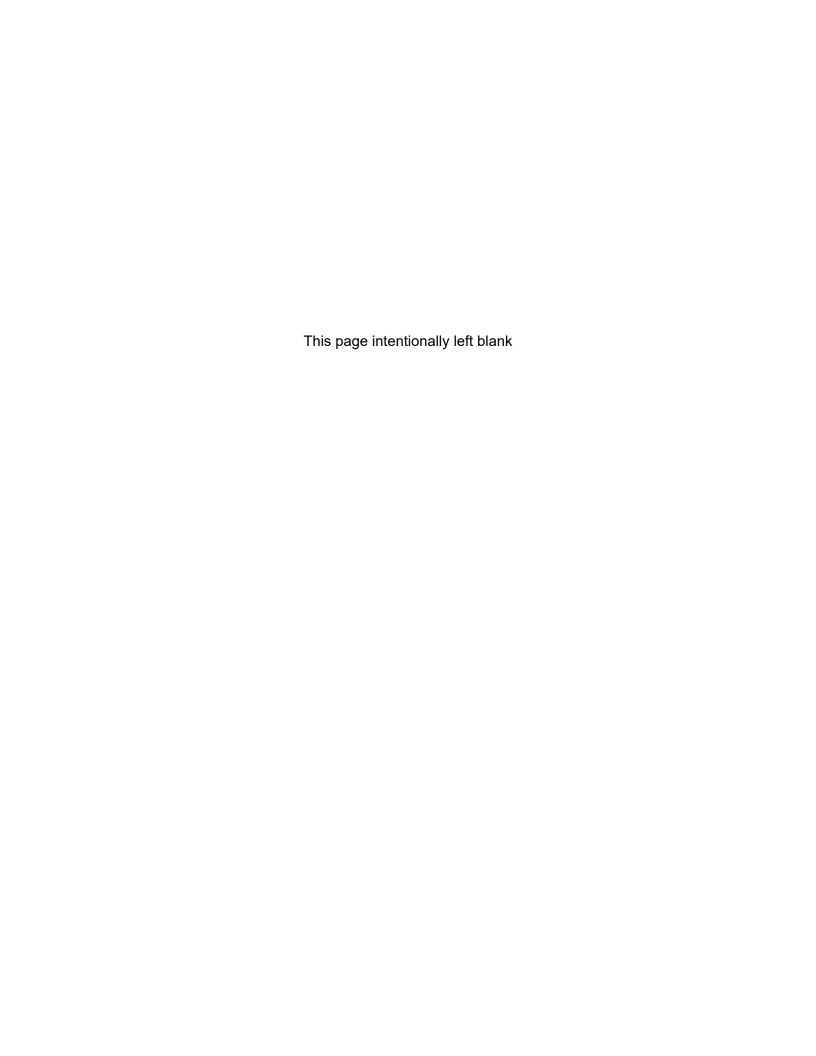
					Fisca	al Year				
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position:										
Governmental activities:										
Taxes:										
Property taxes	\$ 11,462,585	\$ 11,779,438	\$ 12,632,984	\$ 13,236,932	\$ 14,135,844	\$ 15,368,198	\$ 15,491,557	\$ 16,772,602	\$ 17,906,070	\$ 18,728,374
Sales taxes	3,447,593	3,535,113	3,786,423	3,627,051	3,965,016	2,563,117	2,864,474	5,132,645	6,096,613	6,523,428
Franchise taxes	804,995	878,332	875,304	818,724	784,736	1,002,408	794,838	995,705	1,027,468	1,131,598
Business License taxes	373,935	385,691	397,762	412,594	389,726	399,653	375,399	392,174	386,891	451,309
Other taxes	4,004,746	3,965,217	3,940,883	4,057,552	3,775,843	3,228,320	3,445,454	3,738,531	3,875,268	4,431,072
Motor Vehicle in Lieu - Unrestricted	-	16,845	10,561	11,660	13,682	392,595	396,008	415,385	420,842	459,032
Use of money and property	498,208	542,196	739,761	553,165	650,749	1,308,952	1,356,990	4,859,029	(466,695)	745,160
Other	32,823	70,188	745,315	38,877	130,310	11,815	197,666	152,783	266,538	72,011
Transfers		87,000	13,919	24,514		80,000	(321,132)			580,037
Total governmental activities	20,624,885	21,260,020	23,142,912	22,781,069	23,845,906	24,355,058	24,601,254	32,458,854	29,512,995	33,122,021
Business-type activities:										
Use of money and property	28,372	32,205	137,524	(2,802)	92,551	392,230	265,004	62,447	(360,030)	133,523
Other	10,143	184,786	230,156	171,452	216,693	94,367	652,353	24,736	9,317,881	21,945
Transfers	-	(87,000)	(13,919)	(24,514)	-	(80,000)	321,132	-	-	(580,037)
Total business-type activities	38,515	129,991	353,761	144,136	309,244	406,597	1,238,489	87,183	8,957,851	(424,569)
Total primary government	20,663,400	21,390,011	23,496,673	22,925,205	24,155,150	24,761,655	25,839,743	32,546,037	38,470,846	32,697,452
Change in Net Position:										
Governmental activities	3,030,654	2,478,831	3,566,282	1,545,432	676,085	2,465,434	(3,598,951)	6,986,972	3,879,228	5,056,800
Business-type activities	3,969,859	4,646,363	3,318,133	2,560,835	4,277,162	2,731,838	4,418,943	5,324,571	12,962,700	2,798,973
Total primary government	\$ 7,000,513	\$ 7,125,194	\$ 6,884,415	\$ 4,106,267	\$ 4,953,247	\$ 5,197,272	\$ 819,992	\$ 12,311,543	\$ 16,841,928	\$ 7,855,773

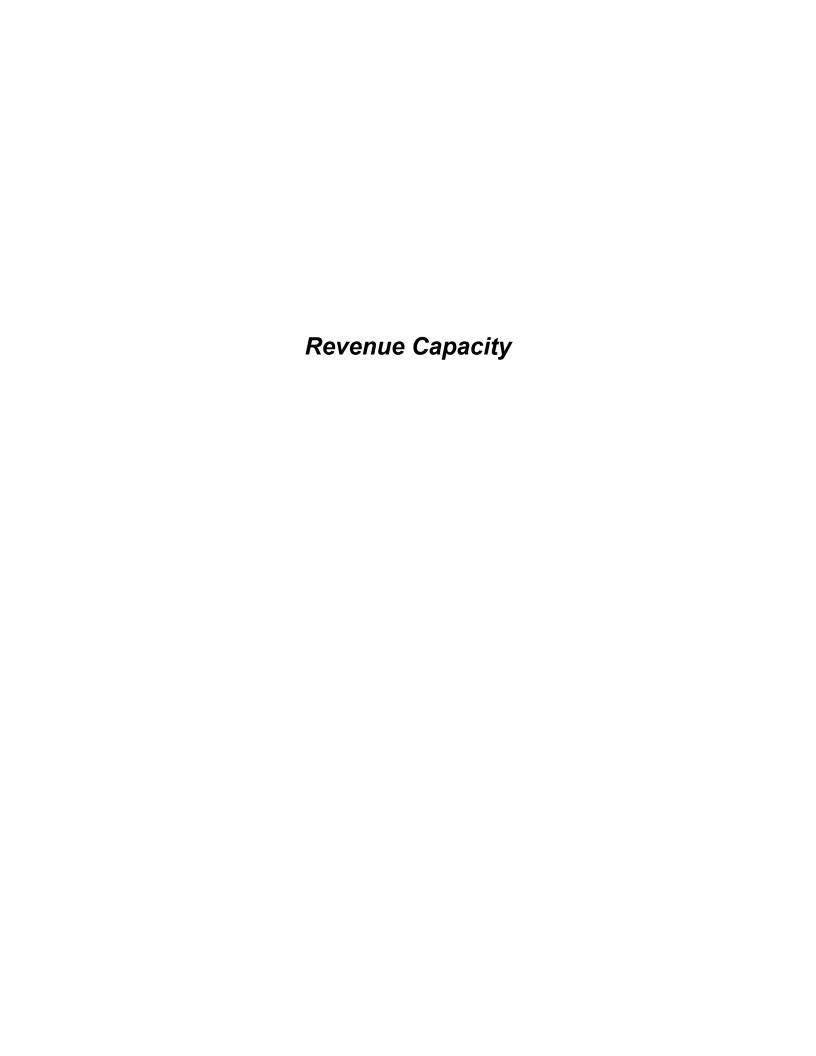
## FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

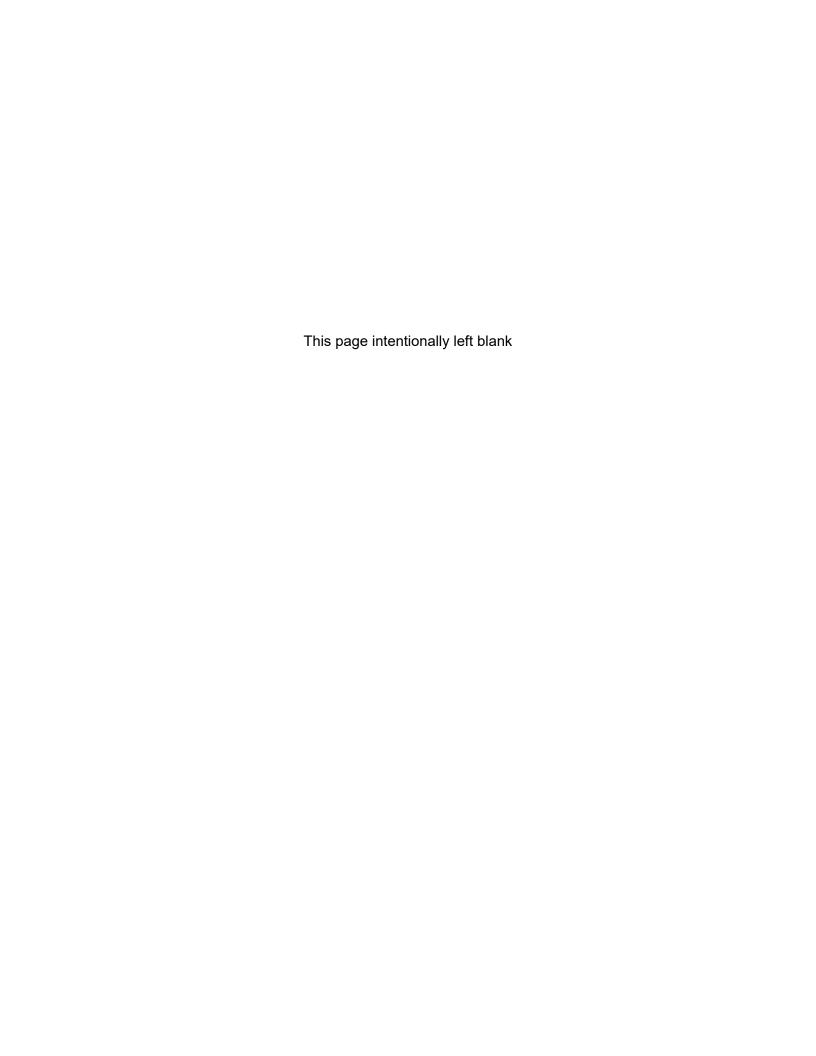
	Fiscal Year											
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023		
General Fund:												
Nonspendable	\$ 1,207,961	\$ 1,022,841	\$ 1,035,224	\$ 1,044,519	\$ 904,445	\$ 455,083	\$ 305,396	\$ 1,332,864	\$ 9,299	\$ 37,940		
Restricted	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,141,509	-		
Committed	2,650,000	3,500,000	5,635,000	5,899,130	5,803,778	5,945,656	5,547,682	5,526,943	4,526,943	4,464,943		
Assigned	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	72,940	62,998	122,548		
Unassigned	12,788,280	13,124,419	12,724,205	9,681,531	11,182,760	12,017,146	12,700,662	17,422,872	18,931,422	19,050,705		
Total General Fund	16,646,241	17,647,260	19,394,429	16,625,180	17,890,983	18,417,885	18,553,740	24,355,619	24,672,171	23,676,136		
All Other Governmental Funds:												
Nonspendable	-	-	-	-	-	4,106	-	-	-	-		
Restricted	3,184,841	4,179,297	4,894,822	6,328,022	6,336,084	8,115,962	9,634,946	10,700,987	12,474,159	14,896,784		
Committed	611,447	461,472	696,953	2,482,803	796,721	3,635,244	4,423,938	5,009,495	4,852,340	4,746,162		
Assigned	· -	· -	· <u>-</u>	· · · -	· <u>-</u>	· · · -	· · · · -	· · · · -	· · · · -	· · · · -		
Unassigned	(791,469)	(572,623)	(771,286)	(791,741)	(874,184)	(1,178,791)	(1,817,114)	(1,376,171)	(2,315,881)	(2,134,783)		
Total all other governmental funds	3,004,819	4,068,146	4,820,489	8,019,084	6,258,621	10,576,521	12,241,770	14,334,311	15,010,618	17,508,163		
Total governmental funds	\$ 19,651,060	\$ 21,715,406	\$ 24,214,918	\$ 24,644,264	\$ 24,149,604	\$ 28,994,406	\$ 30,795,510	\$ 38,689,930	\$ 39,682,789	\$ 41,184,299		

## CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	Fiscal Year										
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	
Revenues:											
Taxes	\$ 19,697,011	\$ 20,205,691	\$ 21,235,594	\$ 21,740,257	\$ 22,827,899	\$ 24,330,245	\$ 24,739,711	\$ 28,928,014	\$ 31,616,881	\$ 33,572,235	
Assessment	896,465	895,798	876,972	892,361	890,227	893,205	890,461	892,903	898,450	896,896	
Licenses and permits	985,186	1,047,540	1,069,023	1,093,865	1,001,349	968,082	929,327	845,430	852,731	910,804	
Intergovernmental	2,303,094	1,989,281	1,104,398	3,193,603	1,374,597	2,222,496	1,557,375	3,174,531	1,919,847	3,832,777	
Charges for services	2,682,074	3,880,357	3,439,167	3,529,076	3,711,816	3,567,809	3,289,275	3,509,581	4,289,345	4,714,494	
Use of money and property	498,208	542,194	739,761	553,165	650,749	1,308,948	1,356,990	4,859,030	(466,697)	745,161	
Fines and forfeitures	412,748	347,585	444,556	397,738	388,061	339,636	264,601	143,449	52,291	65,860	
Contributions	12,455	12,365	9,691	4,310	16,135	-	-	-	-	-	
Miscellaneous	594,210	480,206	1,028,401	576,915	54,548	422,334	552,386	554,360	537,268	522,557	
Total Revenues	28,081,451	29,401,017	29,947,563	31,981,290	30,915,381	34,052,755	33,580,126	42,907,298	39,700,116	45,260,784	
Expenditures:											
Current:											
General government	4,297,373	3,988,989	3,930,354	4,208,084	4,643,875	5,195,028	5,148,946	5,992,210	7,144,212	10,556,152	
Public safety	10,636,711	11,651,620	12,099,774	13,454,529	13,223,377	13,253,827	14,737,277	17,277,121	19,217,158	20,049,922	
Community development	911,871	1,121,098	1,003,041	1,157,431	1,037,091	1,127,178	1,891,456	1,861,097	2,672,653	3,661,544	
Community services	2,970,037	3,209,105	3,175,023	3,394,984	3,570,903	3,523,793	3,282,820	2,996,421	3,806,952	4,202,714	
Public works	2,970,322	3,107,053	3,638,844	3,602,684	3,294,839	3,657,890	3,457,068	3,577,000	4,416,045	4,699,648	
Capital outlay	3,536,250	3,739,660	3,507,229	5,687,034	5,639,956	2,260,280	2,800,323	2,081,779	1,450,237	1,259,981	
Debt service:											
Principal retirement	53,130	55,725	58,450	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Interest and fiscal charges	8,178	5,583	2,858								
Total expenditures	25,383,872	26,878,833	27,415,573	31,504,746	31,410,041	29,017,996	31,317,890	33,785,628	38,707,257	44,429,961	
Excess/(deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	2,697,579	2,522,184	2,531,990	476,544	(494,660)	5,034,759	2,262,236	9,121,670	992,859	830,823	
Other financing sources (uses):											
Transfers in	421,511	408,497	648,622	5,424,382	-	1,671,000	1,990,597	1,294,627	130,700	383,079	
Transfers out	(421,511)	(625, 137)	(681,100)	(5,481,580)	-	(1,860,956)	(2,451,729)	(2,521,877)	(130,700)	(1,292,327)	
Subscription/lease acquisition										1,579,935	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(216,640)	(32,478)	(57,198)		(189,956)	(461,132)	(1,227,250)		670,687	
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 2,697,579	\$ 2,305,544	\$ 2,499,512	\$ 419,346	\$ (494,660)	\$ 4,844,803	\$ 1,801,104	\$ 7,894,420	\$ 992,859	\$ 1,501,510	
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	0.3%	0.3%	0.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	







### ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(in thousands of dollars)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	ı	Residential Property		mmercial Property	Othe	er Property		Less: x-Exempt Property		otal Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	Estimated Actual Taxable Value <sup>a</sup>	Taxable Assessed Value as a Percentage of Actual Taxable Value
2014	\$	3.329.419	\$	260.726	\$	135.712	\$	(34,820)	\$	3,691,037	0.264%	N/A	N/A
2015	Ψ.	3.501.716	•	267.657	*	124.487	Ψ	(32,836)	*	3.861.024	0.264%	N/A	N/A
2016		3,692,063		269,163		121,018		(9,974)		4,072,270	0.264%	N/A	N/A
2017		3,879,157		277,223		130,593		(9,974)		4,276,999	0.264%	N/A	N/A
2018		4,127,779		302,031		131,435		(9,974)		4,551,271	0.264%	N/A	N/A
2019		4,421,323		318,282		117,481		(9,974)		4,847,112	0.263%	N/A	N/A
2020		4,654,181		338,070		134,525		(9,977)		5,116,799	0.264%	N/A	N/A
2021		4,901,129		369,099		137,804		(9,977)		5,398,055	0.264%	N/A	N/A
2022		5,093,432		375,173		146,324		(9,953)		5,604,976	0.264%	N/A	N/A
2023		5,474,970		419,682		157,171		(14,160)		6,037,663	0.264%	N/A	N/A

Source: County of Los Angeles Auditor-Controller and HDL Coren & Cone

Note: a Estimated Actual Taxable is not available

In 1978 the voters of the State of California passed Proposition 13 which limited taxes to a total maximum rate of 1%, based upon the assessed value of the property being taxed. Each year, the assessed value of the property may be increased by an "inflation factor" (limited to a maximum of 2%)

### DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(rate per \$1,000 of assessed value)

	City Dire	ct Rates		C	Overlapping Rate	es	
Fiscal Year	General Basic Tax Levy	Total Direct Rate	Los Angeles County (1)	Educational Revenue Augmentation Fund	Los Angeles County Fire FfW	Los Angeles County Flood Control	Community College
1 local 1 cal	Tax Lovy		Ocumy (1)				Conogo
2014	0.2400	0.2400	0.2857	0.2551	0.0060	0.0096	0.0320
2015	0.2400	0.2400	0.2857	0.2551	0.0060	0.0096	0.0320
2016	0.2400	0.2400	0.2857	0.2551	0.0060	0.0096	0.0320
2017	0.2400	0.2400	0.2856	0.2551	0.0060	0.0096	0.0320
2018	0.2400	0.2637	0.2857	0.2551	0.0060	0.0096	0.0320
2019	0.2400	0.2634	0.2857	0.2551	0.0060	0.0096	0.0320
2020	0.2400	0.2638	0.2857	0.2551	0.0060	0.0096	0.0320
2021	0.2400	0.2640	0.2857	0.2551	0.0060	0.0096	0.0320
2022	0.2400	0.2640	0.2857	0.2551	0.0060	0.0096	0.0320
2023	0.2400	0.2642	0.2857	0.2551	0.0060	0.0096	0.0320
			Overlapp				
				Voter Ap	oproved		
		Hanan Can	0	Hanan Can		Decedere	
		Upper San Gabriel Valley	South Pasadena	Upper San		Pasadena	
		,	Unified School	Gabriel Valley	Detention	Community College	
□:! V	School District	Municipal Water District	District	Municipal Water District	Facilities	District	Total
Fiscal Year	SCHOOL DISTRICT	Water District	DISTRICT	Water District	racilities	DISTRICT	Total
2014	0.1712	0.0005	0.1014	0.00350	_	0.0190	1.1240
2015	0.1712	0.0005	0.1006	0.00350	_	0.0103	1.1145
2016	0.1712	0.0005	0.0981	0.00350	_	0.0087	1.1104
2017	0.1712	0.0005	0.0993	0.00350	_	0.0089	1.1117
2018	0.1712	0.0005	0.1514	0.00350	_	0.0082	1.1631
2019	0.1712	0.0005	0.1438	0.00350	_	0.0077	1.1551
2020	0.1712	0.0005	0.1453	0.00350	_	0.0072	1.1561
2021	0.1712	0.0005	0.1712	0.00048	_	0.0320	1.2037
2022	0.1712	0.0005	0.1428	0.00350	_	0.0090	1.1554
2023	0.1712	0.0005	0.1397	0.00350	_	0.0087	1.1520

Source: County of Los Angeles Auditor-Controller and HDL Coren and Cone

### PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2022/2023	3	2013/2014			
Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Value (1)	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	Combined Taxable Value (1)	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	
625 Fair Oaks Investors LLC	\$ 32,916,602	1	0.54%				
WF Property Holdings LP	17,385,988	2	0.29%				
GELT Storage 919 Mission LLC	17,344,443	3	0.29%				
WWNC 1653 Amberwood Dr LLC	14,905,044	4	0.25%				
NNC Apartment Ventures LLC	14,671,123	5	0.24%				
DC El Centro Holdings	14,190,904	6	0.23%				
Jerry B and Roberta L Furrey Trust	13,540,559	7	0.22%				
LDW Pico Properties LLC	12,975,714	8	0.21%				
ACI Real Estate SPE 164 LLC LSOR	12,911,975	9	0.21%				
Casa De General LLC	12,827,625	10	0.21%				
H and O Fair Oaks Partners				\$ 17,042,473	1	0.46%	
Casa De General LLC				11,042,189	2	0.30%	
99 Pasadena Avenue LLC				10,921,122	3	0.30%	
Golden Oaks Investment LLC				9,568,942	4	0.26%	
NNC Terraces At South Pasadena				9,439,605	5	0.26%	
California Empire LP				9,191,823	6	0.25%	
City of Hope				8,558,716	7	0.23%	
Richard Wagner Trust				8,506,997	8	0.23%	
CCCC Growth Fund LLC				8,451,593	9	0.23%	
H P III Limited				7,993,877	10	0.22%	
Total	\$ 163,669,977		2.69%	\$ 100,717,337		2.74%	

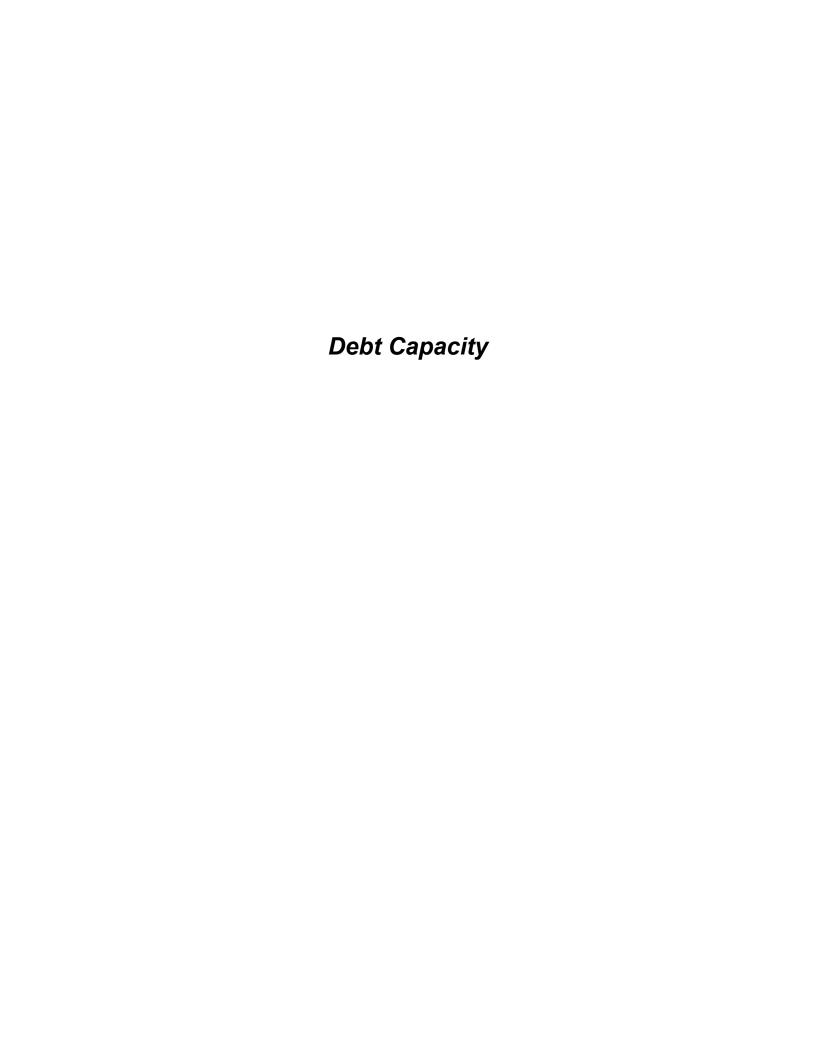
Source: (1) County of Los Angeles Assessor and HDL Coren and Cone

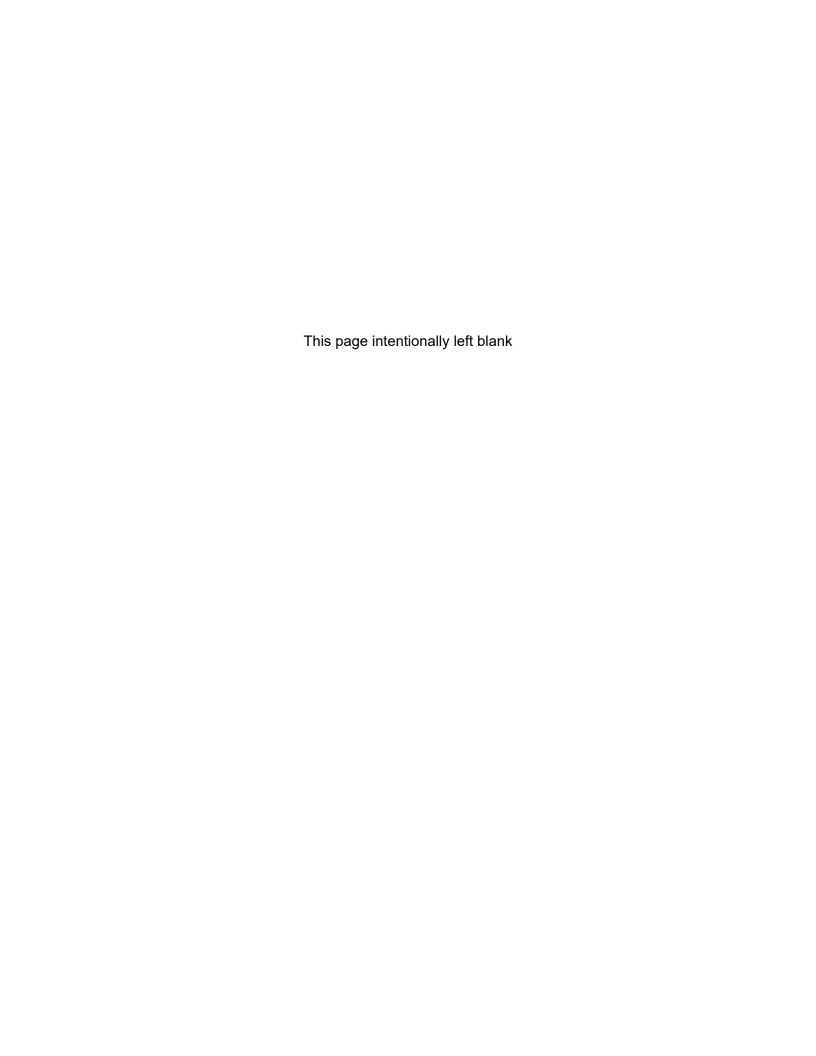
### PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Ta	axes Levied	_	Collected within the Fiscal Year of the Levy				lections in	Total Collections to Date			
Ended June 30,	for the Fiscal Year		Amount		Percent of Le	•	Subsequent Years		Amount	Percentage		
2014	\$	8,569,818	\$	8,389,757	97	7.9%	\$	(16,427)	\$ 8,373,33	97.7%		
2015		9,063,962		8,791,225	9	7.0%		(16,959)	8,774,26	96.8%		
2016		9,607,577		9,281,790	96	6.6%		(19,676)	9,262,11	96.4%		
2017		10,163,709		9,757,452	96	3.0%		(14,953)	9,742,499	95.9%		
2018		10,718,463		10,421,475	9	7.2%		(18,677)	10,396,718	97.0%		
2019		11,427,260		10,832,812	94	4.8%		(56,597)	10,776,21	94.3%		
2020		12,054,638		11,959,079	99	9.2%		(35,338)	11,923,74	1 98.9%		
2021		12,740,204		12,430,784	97	7.6%		(23,528)	12,407,250	97.4%		
2022		13,224,352		13,118,545	99	9.2%		2,129	13,120,67	99.2%		
2023		14,229,754		13,983,720	98	3.3%		52,221	14,035,942	98.6%		

**Source:** Los Angeles County Tax Collector and City of South Pasadena, Finance Division

HDL Property Tax Revenue





### RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Governmental Activities						Business-ty	⁄ре А	ctivities	_			
Fiscal Year	Tax Allocation Bonds Capital Leases			<u>L</u>	Other iabilities	Water Revenue Bonds State Loan			Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income	Per Capita <sup>a</sup>		
2014	\$	1,550,000	\$	114,175	\$	-	\$ 48,854,762	\$	527,283	\$ 51,046,220	4.11%	1,903	
2015		1,445,000		58,450		-	47,838,993		2,475,913	51,818,356	4.16%	1,936	
2016		1,335,000		-		-	46,753,226		4,147,892	52,236,118	4.21%	1,956	
2017		1,220,000		-		-	48,533,332		6,373,623	56,126,955	4.58%	2,112	
2018		1,095,000		-		-	46,957,581		7,415,790	55,468,371	4.34%	2,130	
2019		965,000		-		-	45,526,831		9,866,459	56,358,290	4.02%	2,147	
2020		825,000		-		-	43,435,821		15,138,699	59,399,520	4.00%	2,333	
2021		680,000		-		-	42,560,331		14,740,387	57,980,718	3.72%	2,259	
2022		525,000		-		-	41,014,581		14,416,233	55,955,814	3.38%	2,105	
2023		360,000		-		1,146,621	39,413,831		19,539,843	60,460,295	3.33%	2,301	

#### Note:

Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> See demographic and Economic Statistics schedule for personal income and population data. These ratios are calculated using personal income and population for the prior calendar year

#### **DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT AS OF JUNE 30, 2023**

	De	ebt Outstanding_	% Applicable (1)	City's Share of Debt 6/30/2023	
Direct Debt					
Lease Liabilities		283,367	100.0000%		283,367
Subscription Liabilities		863,254	100.0000%		863,254
Total Direct Debt				\$	1,146,621
Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt					
Metropolitan Water District	\$	19,215,000	0.166%	\$	31,897
Pasadena Area Community College District		51,995,000	5.603%		2,913,280
South Pasadena Unified School District		90,647,718	100.000%		90,647,718
Total Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt				\$	93,592,895
Overlapping General Fund Debt					
Los Angeles County General Fund Obligations	\$	2,601,551,282	0.320%	\$	8,324,964
Los Angeles County Superintendent of Schools Certificates of Participation	ı .	3,403,487	0.320%	•	10.891
Pasadena Area Community College District Certificates of Participation		28,785,000	5.603%		1,612,824
Los Angeles County Sanitation District No.16 Authority		495.396	9.579%		47,454
Total Overlapping General Fund Debt		.00,000		\$	9,996,133
Overlapping Tax Increment Debt (Successor Agency)	\$	360,000	100%	\$	360,000
Total Direct Debt Total Overlapping Debt				\$	1,146,621 103,949,028
Combined Total Debt				\$	105,095,649
				<u> </u>	100,000,000

Source: (1) HDL Coren & Core, Los Angeles County Assessor Note:

<u>Debt to Assessed Valuation Ratios:</u>
Direct Debt
Overlapping Debt
Total Debt 0.00% 2.24% 3.36%

<sup>(1)</sup> Percentage of overlapping agency's assessed valuation located within boundaries of the city

<sup>(2)</sup> Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, enterprise revenue, mortgage revenue and tax allocation bonds.

### LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(in thousands of dollars)

Fiscal Year	scal Year Debt Limit		Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit			egal Debt Limit	Total Net Debt Applicable to the Limit as a Percentage of Debt Limit				
2014	\$	494,193	\$	_	\$	494,193	0.00%				
2015	,	516,507	Ť	-	,	516,507	0.00%				
2016		544,458		-		544,458	0.00%				
2017		641,550		-		641,550	0.00%				
2018		682,691		-		682,691	0.00%				
2019		727,067		-		727,067	0.00%				
2020		767,520		-		767,520	0.00%				
2021		809,708		-		809,708	0.00%				
2022		840,746		-		840,746	0.00%				
2023		905,650		-		905,650	0.00%				
Legal Debt Ma	argin	Calculation for Fi	scal Yea	2022							
Assessed valu	е				\$ (	6,037,663					
Debt limit (15%	₀́ of a	ssessed value)				905,650					
Debt applicable	e to li	mit:									
(	Gene	ral obligation bonds	3			-					
1		Amount set aside teneral obligation de		nent		-					
Total net debt	applio	cable to limit				-					
Legal debt ma	rgin				\$	905,650					

### PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(in thousands of dollars)

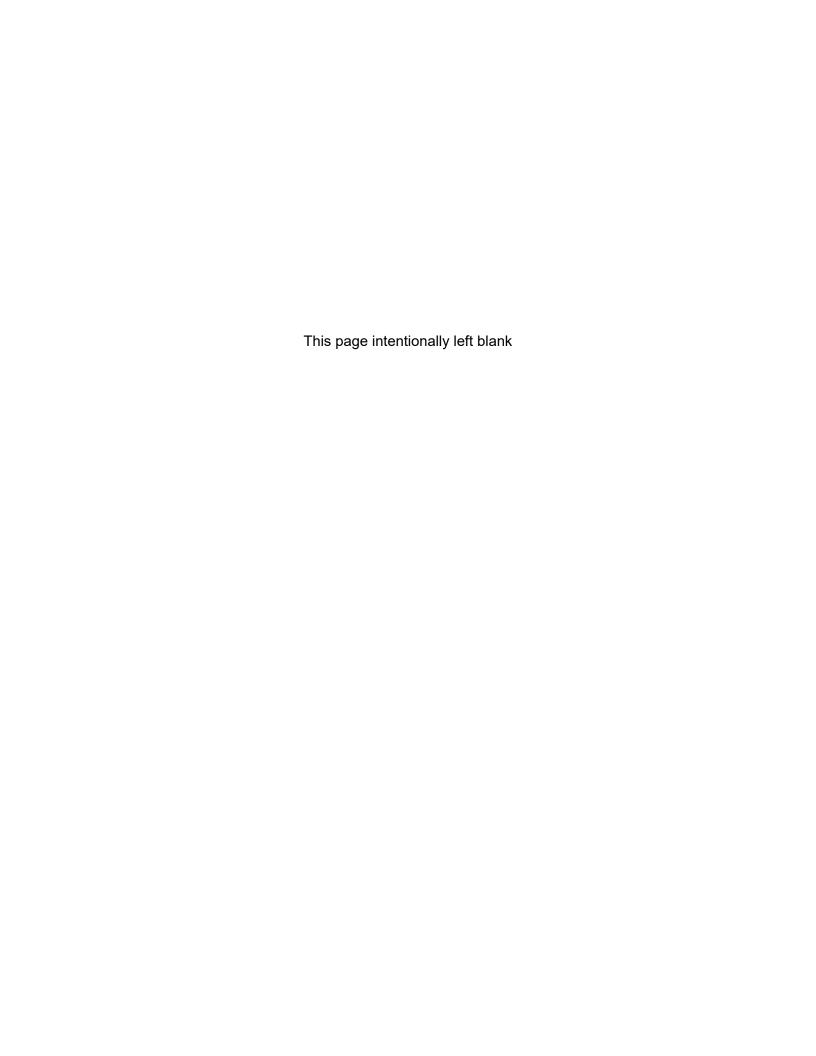
		Water Revenue Bonds										
	Utility Service Less: Operating Net Available							<u> </u>				
Fiscal Year	Utility Service Charges							Principal		iterest	Coverage	
2014	\$	9,221	\$	5,674	\$	3,547	\$	95	\$	2,271	3.90	
2015		8,695		4,430		4,265		1,065		2,240	2.63	
2016		8,094		4,562		3,532		1,095		2,211	2.45	
2017		8,805		6,218		2,587		340		1,142	5.94	
2018		9,627		6,371		3,256		1,195		1,802	1.09	
2019		9,176		6,254		2,922		1,195		1,779	3.09	
2020		11,742		7,041		4,701		1,270		1,731	3.91	
2021		11,705		7,211		4,494		1,310		1,710	3.88	
2022		12,207		4,968		7,239		1,310		1,663	4.11	
2023		11,286		5,669		5,616		1,365		1,611	3.79	

Notes:

Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. Operating expenses do not include interest, depreciation, or amortization expenses.

The Water Revenue bonds were issued in 2013 and 2016.

# Demographic and Economic Information



### DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

Calendar Year	Population	sonal Income Thousands)	Per Capita Personal Income		Unemployment Rate
2013	26,011	\$ 1,203,347	\$	46,263	3.7%
2014	26,022	1,211,194		46,545	5.9%
2015	26,028	1,208,853		46,444	4.7%
2016	25,992	1,199,887		46,163	3.7%
2017	26,047	1,276,801		49,019	3.2%
2018	26,245	1,402,630		53,443	3.9%
2019	25,458	1,483,267		58,263	3.7%
2020	25,668	1,556,952		60,657	9.9%
2021	26,580	1,655,050		62,266	6.7%
2022	26,273	1,814,515		69,053	4.2%

### PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

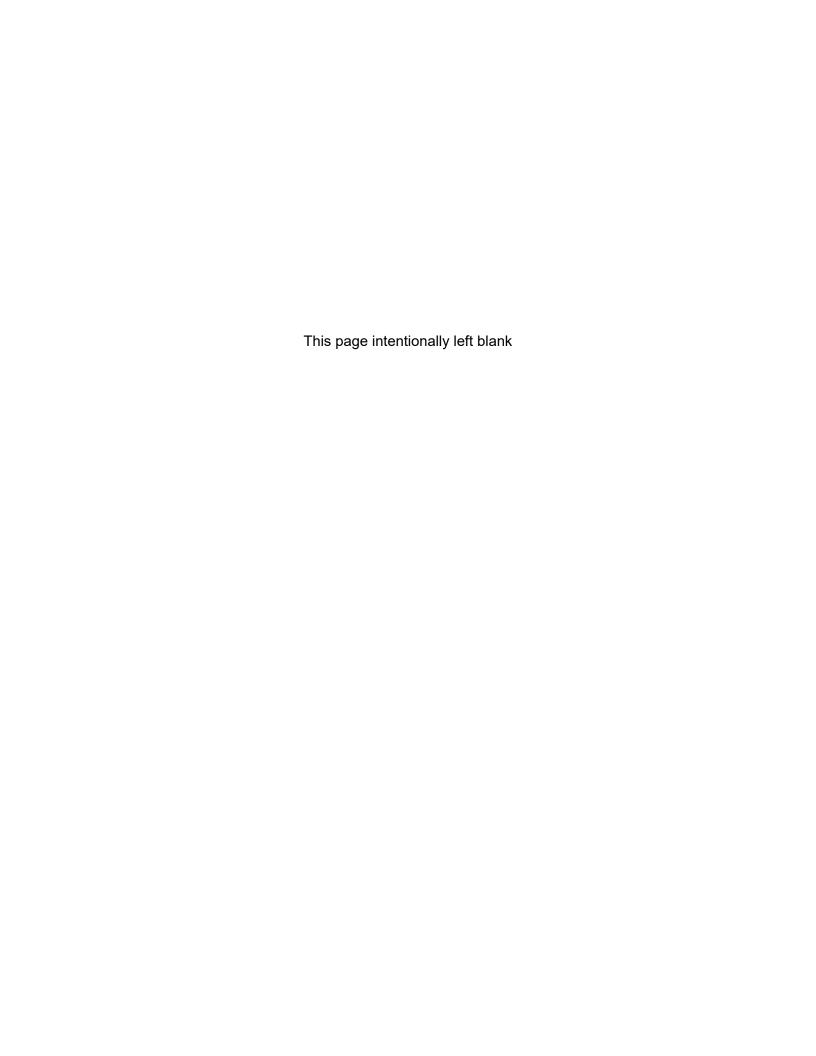
	:	2022-202	3		2012-2013			
Employer	Number of Employees	Rank	Percent of Total Employment	Number of Employees	Rank	Percent of Total Employment		
SOUTH PASADENA CARE CENTER, LLC	135	1	3.15%					
TRADER JOE NO. 18	119	2	2.78%					
THE VONS COMPANIES - PAVILLIONS #2228	100	4	2.34%					
RALPH'S GROCERY CO. #21	90	3	2.10%					
BRISTOL FARMS	82	5	1.91%					
VCA TLC PASADENA VETERINARY SPECIALTY AND EMERGENCY	74	6	1.73%					
CITY OF HOPE SOUTH PASADENA	62	7	1.45%					
THE VONS COMPANIES #3075	61	8	1.42%					
WHITTIER TRUST COMPANY	53	9	1.24%					
WESTLAKE ACE HARDWARE #143	51	10	1.19%					
Total	827		19.31%					
So. PASADENA CONVALESCENT HOSPITAL				170	1	4.50%		
WNC INSURNACE SERVICES INC.				99	2	2.62%		
THE VONS COMPANIES INC. PAVILIONS				88	4	2.33%		
TRADER JOE'S				83	3	2.20%		
RALPH'S GROCERY Co.				81	5	2.14%		
BRISTOL FARMS				79	6	2.09%		
ORCHARD SUPPLY HARDWARE				63	7	1.67%		
STARGATE FILMS INC.				61	8	1.61%		
THE VONS COMPANIES INC.				59	9	1.56%		
COLLINS, COLLINS, MUIR & STEWART, LLP				58	10	1.54%		
Total				841		22.26%		
Total City Employment (3)	4,282			3778				

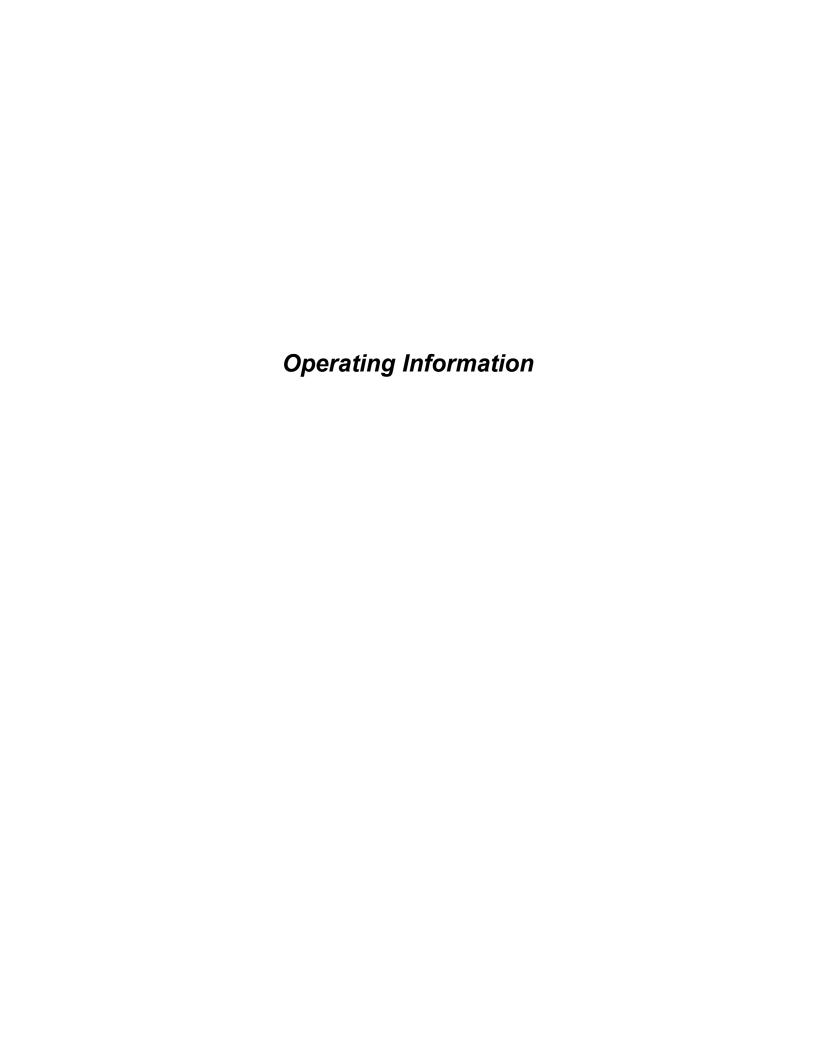
Source: South Pasadena Finance Department/Business License

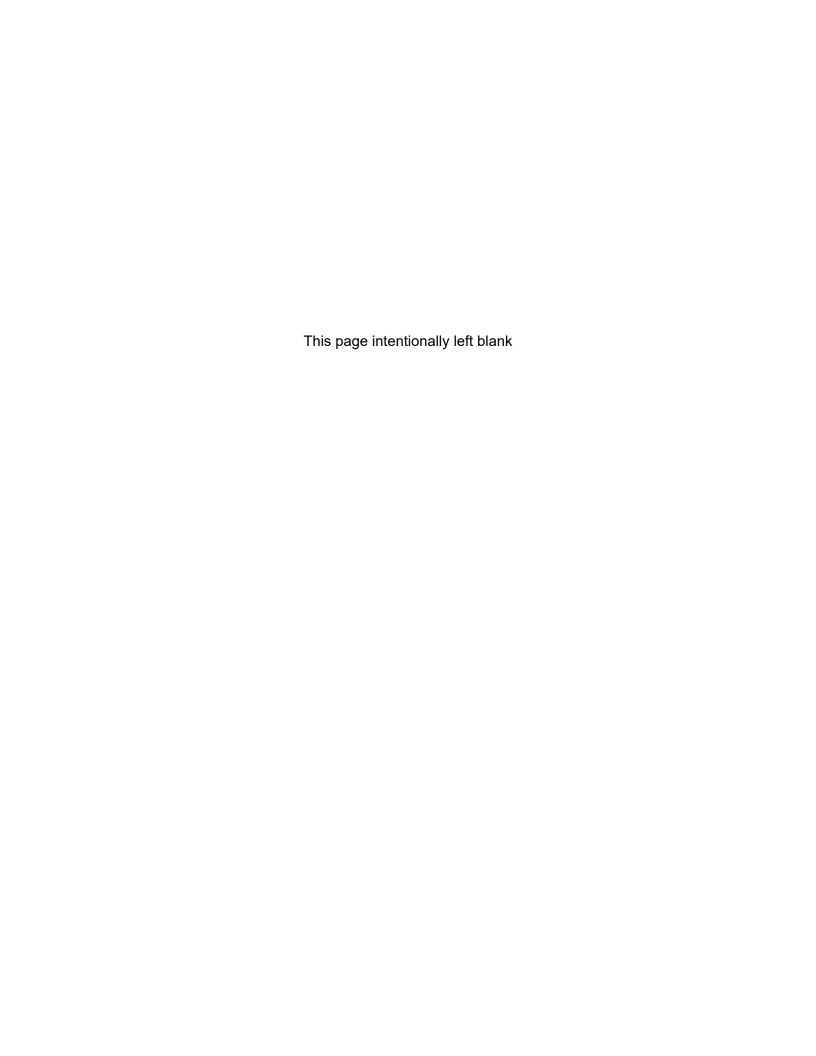
FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Function/Program:	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Function/Frogram.										
General government										
Legislative	8	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
City Manager	10	12	12	11	12	12	11	15	11	14
Finance	9	9	9	9	9	5	6	7	7	8
Public safety	79	81	80	80	77	75	80	82	76	78
Community Development	6	6	6	6	7	7	8	9	11	13
Public Works	20	21	21	20	21	22	23	22	29	28
Community Services	21	19	20	20	26	28	26	41	27	46
Water Utility	11_	10_	10	10	10	10	11	11_	6_	10
Total	163.15	163	163	161	167	164	170	192	172	202

Source: South Pasadena Finance Department/Adopted budget book







### OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Function/Program	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
General Government:										
Number of building permits issued	354	349	433	424	876	1,510	1,396	379	1621	1800
Number of building inspections conducted	2,568	2,087	1,860	2,041	3,240	3,775	2,287	1,846	2930	3948
Refuse collection										
Refuse collected (tons per day)	83	69	74	77	83	80	86	79	81	81
Recyclables collected (tons per day)	28	25	29	32	30	32	31	31	30	26
Other public works										
Street resurfacing (miles)	1	2	2	0	5	1	1	2	0	0
Potholes repaired *	1,500	1,450	1,400	259	300	356	217	560	1300	2331
Water										
New connections	11	7	8	5	2	6	288	362	334	274
Water main breaks	10	9	6	5	4	7	5	8	8	7
Average daily consumption										
(million gallons)	5	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Peak daily consumption										
(million gallons)	6	5	4	4	4	5	4	4	N/A	N/A
Fire Department										
Number of emergency calls responded to	1,695	1,775	1,880	1,483	2,584	2,276	2,445	2,180	2,572	2,585
Number of fire inspections	563	521	520	540	1,163	1,800	1,163	1,440	1,606	1,267
Police Department										
Arrest statistics	1,003	855	699	830	829	779	706	439	347	318
Traffic citations	3,717	2,847	2,288	4,313	4,038	3,815	2,970	131	2,482	1,625
Parking citations	11,388	8,843	10,811	9,136	7,803	7,071	4,517	4,906	4,450	3,633
Community Services										
Facility rentals	89	86	95	142	80	363	411	163	233	218
Recreation classes	432	399	416	465	277	631	593	703	506	459

Note: \* Based on average sized potholes and cold patch purchased

Source: Various City Departments.

### CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Function/Program										
Other public works										
Street (miles)	55	55	55	55	55	55	69	69	69	69
Traffic signals	31	31	31	31	31	33	33	33	33	33
Park and recreation										
Parks	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Acreage	89	89	89	89	89	89	89	89	89	89
Playgrounds	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Baseball/softball diamonds	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Soccer/football fields	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Community centers	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Water										
Water mains (miles)	68	68	68	68	68	68	70	70	70	83
Fire hydrants	165	165	165	165	165	308	452	452	452	452
Storage capacity (million gallons)	13	13	13	13	13	13	14	14	14	14
Sewage System										
Sanitary sewers (miles)	55	55	55	55	55	55	58	58	58	58
Storm sewers (miles)	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2

Notes: No capital asset indicators available for the general government.

**Sources:** Various City departments.