

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

CITY OF SOUTH PASADENA, CALIFORNIA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

PREPARED BY: FINANCE DEPARTMENT

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	age <u>mber</u>
INTRODUCTORY SECTION	
Letter of Transmittal Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting Officials of the City of South Pasadena Organizational Chart	vi vii
FINANCIAL SECTION	
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	1
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	3
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Government-Wide Financial Statements: Statement of Net Assets	13
Statement of Activities	14
Fund Financial Statements: Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	17
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Assets	18
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	19
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	20
Budgetary Comparison Statement by Department - General Fund	21
Statement of Net Assets - Proprietary Funds	22
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets - Proprietary Funds	23
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds	24
Notes to Financial Statements	25

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	age <u>umber</u>
COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES	
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	. 52
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	. 62
Budgetary Comparison Schedules - Special Revenue Funds MTA Pedestrian Improvement Proposition "A" Proposition "C" ISTEA/Metro Sewer Street Lighting Clean Air Act Parking and Business Improvement Gold Line Mitigation Mission Oaks Parking Mission Meridian Public Garage State Gas Tax County Park Bond Bike and Pedestrian Paths. Capital Growth Requirements. C.D.B.G Asset Forfeiture. Federal Police Grants Public Library Grant Proposition 1B Local Return State Police Grant Homeland Security Grant Park Impact Fees 99 Pasadena Avenue	. 72 . 73 . 74 . 75 . 76 . 77 . 78 . 80 . 81 . 82 . 83 . 84 . 85 . 86 . 87 . 88 . 90 . 91 . 92 . 93
Budgetary Comparison Schedules – Capital Projects Fund Capital Projects Fund – Community Redevelopment Agency	95

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page <u>Number</u>
STATISTICAL SECTION (Unaudited)	
Net Assets by Component	98
Changes in Net Assets	100
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	102
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	103
Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	104
Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates	105
Principal Property Tax Payers	106
Property Tax Levies and Collections	107
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	108
Direct and Overlapping Government Activities Debt	109
Legal Debt Margin Information	110
Pledged-Revenue Coverage	111
Demographic and Economic Statistics	112
Principal Employers	113
Full-Time Equivalent City Employees by Function/Program	114
Operating Indicators by Function/Program	115
Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program	116



FINANCE DEPARTMENT

1414 MISSION STREET, SOUTH PASADENA, CA 91030

Tel: 626.403.7250 • Fax: 626.403.7251

WWW.CL.SOUTH-PASADENA.CA.US

December 23, 2009

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council,

We proudly present to you the City of South Pasadena's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City of South Pasadena. It was prepared by the Finance Department with the assistance of the City's independent auditors, Lance, Soll & Lunghard, in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) as promulgated by the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. We believe that the data presented is complete and reliable in all material respects; that it is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial activity of the City's various funds and account groups; and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain a good understanding of the City's financial activity have been included.

The City's financial statements have been audited by Lance, Soll & Lunghard, a licensed certified public accounting firm. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unqualified opinion that the City of South Pasadena's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors in the financial section of the CAFR.

Profile of the City of South Pasadena

South Pasadena is located approximately six miles northeast of downtown Los Angeles, on the west side of the San Gabriel Valley between the cities of Pasadena, San Marino, Los Angeles and Alhambra and has a population of 25,832. Founded in 1874 by the Indiana Colony, the City encompasses 3.44 square miles and was incorporated as a General Law city of the State of California on March 2, 1888. South Pasadena is noted for its beautiful, historically significant homes on tree-lined streets, for its excellent public schools and for a small-town atmosphere in the midst of greater Los Angeles.

The City is a full-service general law city that operates under the Council-Manager form of government. The City Council consists of five members elected to four-year staggered terms of office. The Mayor is selected from the City Council members and serves a one-year term. The City's other elected officials are the City Treasurer and City Clerk, each of whom serves a four-year term of office.

The City provides a full range of services, including police and fire protection; the construction and maintenance of streets and other infrastructure; sewer services; water utility; refuse collection; public improvements; planning and zoning; recreational activities and cultural events; library operations; and general administrative and support services.

The annual budget serves as the foundation of the City's financial planning and control. The City Council holds public hearings and adopts an annual budget resolution by July 1 of each fiscal year for all funds and account groups. The City Council may modify appropriations with majority approval. The budgets are adopted and presented on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

Changes in budget appropriations at the fund level during the year must be approved by the City Council. The legal level of expenditures is controlled at the fund level, and appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year unless encumbered for re-appropriation by the City Council in the following fiscal year. Department heads may, without Council approval, amend individual line items within their departments, within the same fund and only within the maintenance and operations portions of the budget, without increasing total appropriations. The City Manager may, without Council approval, amend individual line items within any fund, and between divisions and programs, in the personnel costs, maintenance and operations, capital outlay and capital projects portions of the budget without increasing total appropriations for that fund.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the environment within which the City of South Pasadena operates.

Local Economy. For FY 2008/09, the City of South Pasadena, the greater Los Angeles region and the State of California, all realized unfortunate reductions in revenues due to

the tumultuous economy. For the first time in many years, South Pasadena General Fund revenues show a decline compared to the previous year as the slowdown in the housing market, idleness in retail sales, and fluctuations in gas prices all impact the city's economic base.

Property taxes are the City's largest tax source and make up approximately half of the General Fund revenues. Property taxes have demonstrated several years of strong increases in growth in assessed values and in corresponding tax collections. Valuation of South Pasadena properties grew by an average of 7.74% over the five-year period ending at June 30, 2009. This is partially because the City's extremely high quality of life makes it a desirable place to live and work. Moreover, the City's proximity to commercial and cultural developments in greater Pasadena offers our residents distinct lifestyle advantages. While it appears possible that current widespread concern for declining housing sales prices and tightening credit markets may impact consumer spending in general in the shorter-term, assessed values and property taxes are expected to continue performing above the Los Angeles County average or Statewide average. Data also shows that South Pasadena retains 24% of all property tax levies within the City, while new cities receive only \$0.05 for every dollar of property tax collected within their city boundaries.

Sales taxes are following economic trends and show a decline in FY 2008/09. Sales tax fell by approximately 15.6% compared to the prior year, and is projected to decline again during FY 2009/10. Sales tax receipts have already fallen during the first four months of FY 2009/10, as all categories of sales have dropped. These numbers are similar to what the Los Angeles County and State are experiencing.

FY 2008/09 was also the first year in which the City collected an additional 3%, above the current 5%, Utility Users Tax (UUT). The additional 3% UUT brought in \$1,183,287, and was used to offset increased personnel and infrastructure expenses. Unfortunately, UUT also show a declining trend as utility users are making efforts to reduce their consumption of water, electricity, phone, etc.

Overall, South Pasadena continues to remain in satisfactory financial condition thanks to a relatively diverse and stable revenue base. Our core services, in spite of steady and progressive revenue losses to the State of California, have remained consistent. We estimate that the City of South Pasadena loses at least \$2 million in General Fund property tax revenue each year resulting from property tax revenue shifts that commenced in 1992/93. Taking matters into our own hands, the City has implemented the many findings of its various financial review committees, including a full allocation of costs between funds and a professional cost recovery/fee study in FY 2004/05. These changes have modestly impacted the General Fund bottom line.

Long-term financial planning In FY 2003/04, the City established a longer-range vision for its sewer system and water enterprise by adjusting charges for service to finance many necessary improvements. Review of these issues continued in FY 2008/09. In addition improvements to street related infrastructure are also being reviewed and considered.

In June 2009, the City Council approved water and sewer rate increases to expedite the restoration and rehabilitation of the aging water and sewer infrastructure within the City. Water rates were approved to increase by 15%, 15%, 14% and 11% for the next four consecutive years starting on July 1, 2009. Sewer rates were approved to increase by 15%, 15%, and 25% for the next three consecutive years starting on July 1, 2009. In addition, the City issued \$43.4 million of water revenue bonds to work on various reservoirs, water mains and transmission lines throughout the city.

Internal Controls The management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft or misuse, and to ensure that adequate account data is compiled for the preparation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control structure should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits require estimates and sound judgments by management.

Pension and other postemployment benefits The City provides its full-time employees retirement benefits through two defined benefit pension plans, one for its sworn police and fire safety employees, and one for its miscellaneous employees. These plans are part of the California Public Employee Retirement System (CalPERS). The City makes contributions to the plans based on amounts determined by CalPERS actuaries. The City also contributes the employees' required contributions, or a portion thereof, on their behalf and for their account. The City also provides employment and post-employment health benefits through PERS.

The City provides post-employment health benefits to its employees in accordance with agreements reached with the various employee bargaining groups. The City pays for retirees' health care premiums in these plans up to the contribution limits established in the agreements with each respective bargaining unit. These payments are financed on a pay-as-you-go basis. As of June 30, 2009 the City was providing benefits to an average of 104 participants. Beginning with the annual financial report for fiscal year ending June 30, 2009, the City has also included information pertinent to the unfunded actuarially accrued liability resulting from this post-employment benefit in conformity with the requirements of Government Accounting Standards Board Statement number 45.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of South Pasadena for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award, recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report, whose contents conform to program standards. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. The City of South Pasadena has received a Certificate of Achievement for the last 21 consecutive years (fiscal years ended 1987 through 2008). We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements, and will again submit it to GFOA for award consideration.

The Certificate of Achievement award program conducted by the California Society of Municipal Finance Officers (CSMFO) was discontinued for prior recipients of the award beginning with reports for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006 due to concerns with the duplication of administrative effort required for participation in the CSMFO and GFOA award programs. Accordingly, the City of South Pasadena did not submit an application for the CSMFO Certificate of Achievement program for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008. Prior to discontinuation of the program, the City was awarded a Certificate for Outstanding Financial Reporting for its CAFR for nineteen consecutive years (fiscal years ended 1987 through 2005).

The preparation and publication of this report is made possible through the dedication of the entire Finance Department staff, and especially from David Batt, Assistant Finance Director. This report would also not have been possible without the leadership of the City Manager, John Davidson, and continued commitment from the City Council in conducting the financial operations and corresponding financial disclosures of the City in an open, public and transparent manner. Finally, thanks are again extended to the firm of Lance, Soll & Lunghard, who added many contributions to our internal control structure and improvements in our financial reporting.

Respectfully submitted,

Chu Thai

Finance Director

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of South Pasadena California

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
June 30, 2008

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

WE OF THE STATE OF

K-, K-+

President

Executive Director

CITY OF SOUTH PASADENA, CALIFORNIA

OFFICIALS OF THE CITY OF SOUTH PASADENA

CITY COUNCIL

David Sifuentes Mayor

Dr. Richard D. Schneider Mayor Pro Tempore

Michael A. Cacciotti Council member

Philip C. Putnam Council member

Mike Ten Council member

ADMINISTRATION AND DEPARTMENT HEADS

City Manager and Executive Director of South Pasadena Redevelopment Agency

John Davidson

Assistant City Manager

Sergio Gonzalez

City Clerk

Sally Kilby

City Treasurer

Victor Robinette

Director of Finance

Chu Thai

Director of Public Works

Matthew Sweeney

Director of Planning and Building

David Watkins
Steve Fjeldsted

City Librarian

Daniel Watson

Police Chief

Gerald Wallace

Fire Chief

Director of Community Services

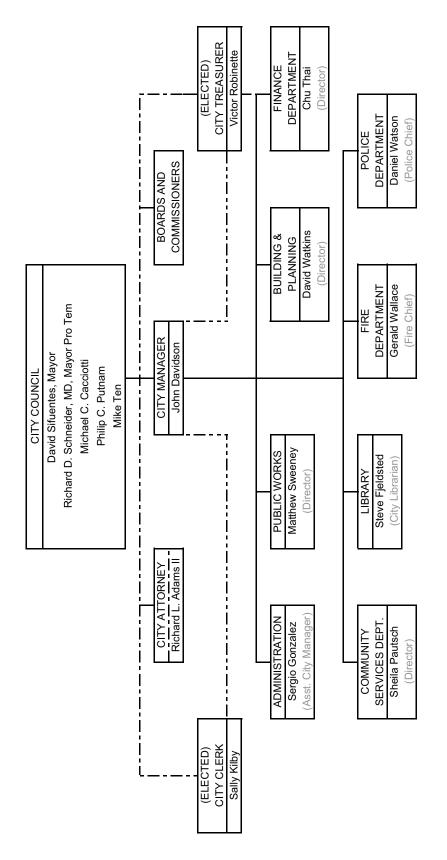
Sheila Pautsch

City Attorney

Richard L. Adams II

ORGANIZATIONAL CHART

2008 - 2009





- · Brandon W. Burrows, C.P.A
- Donald L. Parker, C.P.A
- Michael K. Chu, C.P.A
- David E. Hale, C.P.A, C.F.P.
 A Professional Corporation
- Donald G. Slater, C.P.A
- Richard K. Kikuchi. C.P.A
- Susan F. Matz, C.P.A.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of South Pasadena, California

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of South Pasadena, California, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City of South Pasadena's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of South Pasadena as of June 30, 2009. The respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 9, 2009, on our consideration of the City of South Pasadena's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.



To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of South Pasadena, California

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying introductory section, the combining and individual fund statements, schedules and statistical tables are presented for the purpose of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The accompanying introductory section and statistical tables have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

December 9, 2009

Lance, Soll & Lunghard, LLP

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of South Pasadena, we offer readers of the City of South Pasadena's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal and the City's financial statements.

(A) Financial Highlights

- The assets of the City exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$81,154,604 (*net assets*). Of this amount, \$8,979,878 (*unrestricted net assets of governmental activities*) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The City's total net assets increased by \$185,801.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$17,886,862 an increase of \$2,512,694. Of this amount, \$8,025,429 or approximately 44.9% of total fund balances are available for spending at the City's discretion (*unreserved and undesignated fund balance*).
- The increase in the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances was primarily the result of an overall excess of revenues of \$26,456,926 over expenditures of \$23,975,740.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the unreserved and undesignated fund balance for the General Fund was \$8,025,429, or 40.9% of total General Fund Expenditures.
- The City's net capital assets decreased \$609,022 from the prior year.
- The City's net long-term liabilities increased by \$43,510,731 or 376.1%. The increase was due primarily to the issuance in 2009 of \$43,405,000 in Water Revenue Bonds, and the recording of the City's liability for Other Post-Employment Benefits in the amount of \$1,551,462. Detailed information on these changes can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

(B) Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements, which are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net assets* presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net assets*. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of South Pasadena is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, with the use of the accrual basis of accounting, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, public works, planning, building and safety, recreation and debt service. The business-type activity of the City is its water enterprise.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of South Pasadena, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City of South Pasadena maintains 34 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, which is considered to be a major fund for the purposes of this report. Data from the other 33 governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these *non-major* governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The City of South Pasadena adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund and each of its special revenue funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for each governmental fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget. The budgetary comparison statement for the General Fund is located in the basic financial statements; the budgetary comparison schedules for the nonmajor governmental funds are presented in the Additional Financial Information section of this report.

Proprietary funds. The City of South Pasadena maintains one type of proprietary fund, an enterprise fund. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government –wide financial statements. The City uses an enterprise fund to account for its water utility. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found in notes to the financial statements.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds together with information are presented immediately following the notes to the financial statements.

(C) Government-wide Financial Analysis.

Net assets may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of South Pasadena, assets exceeded liabilities by \$81,154,604 at the close of the most recent fiscal year. This represents less than a 1% change over the prior year; while revenues increased, expenditures increased also by the same percentage. By far the largest portion of the City's net assets, \$57,977,208 or 71.4% reflects its investment in non-liquid capital assets (e.g. land, infrastructure, buildings, and equipment). The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

City of South Pasadena Net Assets As of June 30, 2009 and 2008

	Governmenta	al Activities
	2009	2008
Current and other assets	\$21,358,797	\$18,953,744
Capital assets	58,243,554	59,240,252
Total assets	\$79,602,351	\$78,193,996
Long-term liabilities outstanding	\$4,668,861	\$3,226,243
Other liabilities	3,257,177	3,211,348
Total liabilities	\$7,926,038	\$6,437,591
Net assets:		
Invested in capital assets	\$56,086,968	\$59,638,269
Restricted	6,609,467	3,725,863
Unrestricted	8,979,878	8,392,273
Total Net Assets	\$71,676,313	\$71,756,405

Business-Type Activities			
2009	2008		
\$51,831,101	\$9,373,431		
9,789,714	9,402,038		
\$61,620,815	\$18,775,469		
\$50,309,289	\$8,241,176		
1,833,235	1,321,895		
\$52,142,524	\$9,563,071		
\$1,890,240	\$2,791,280		
36,642,005	2,878,966		
\$(29,053,954)	3,542,152		
\$9,478,291	\$9,212,398		

Tot	tal
2009	2008
\$73,189,898	\$28,327,175
68,033,268	68,642,290
\$141,223,166	\$96,969,465
\$54,978,150	\$11,467,419
5,090,412	4,533,243
\$60,068,562	\$16,000,662
\$57,977,208	\$62,429,549
43,251,472	6,604,829
(20,074,076)	11,934,425
\$81,154,604	\$80,968,803

The second largest portion of the City net assets of \$43,251,472 represents special revenue resources and bond proceeds that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. Unrestricted net assets show a deficit balance of \$20,074,076 which is a reflection of the debt that was issued in the Water Enterprise Fund for capital improvements.

The City's governmental current assets increased by \$2,405,053, due primarily to several large grants for capital improvements which were not expended during the fiscal year. The City's business-type current assets increased by \$42,457,670, due primarily to the issuance of \$43,405,000 in Water Revenue Bonds. The City reported a net decrease of \$609,022 in capital assets, resulting from a decrease of \$996,698 in governmental activities and a \$387,676 increase in the business-type activities. The increases are a result of completed capital projects and the decreases are primarily a result of losses due to a fire at the City's service facility.

The City's governmental restricted assets increased \$2,883,604 while the City's business-type restricted assets increased by \$33,763,039. The respective changes were a result of commitments for capital projects.

The City's net assets increased by \$185,801 during the current fiscal year, a less than 1% change over the prior year. Growth in overall assets was offset by an increase in long-term liabilities due primarily to \$43,405,000 in 2009 Water Revenue Bonds payable and the recording during this fiscal year of Other Post-Employment Benefits in the amount of \$1,551,462.

Governmental Activities

City of South Pasadena Changes in Net Assets As of June 30, 2009 and 2008

	Gov Activities	Gov Activities	Bus-Type Activities	Bus-Type Activities	Total	Total
	2009	2008	2009	2008	2009	2008
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$4,909,665	\$5,325,082	\$4,549,062	\$4,543,192	\$9,458,727	\$9,868,274
Operating contributions and grants	795,063	993,258			795,063	993,258
Capital contributions and grants	1,868,187	560,884			1,868,187	560,884
General revenues:						
Property taxes	10,404,273	9,986,309			10,404,273	9,986,309
Other taxes	7,516,010	7,359,358			7,516,010	7,359,358
Intergovernmental	74,215	110,144			74,215	110,144
Use of Money & Property	658,997	921,232	227,528	370,557	886,525	1,291,789
Other	73,594	1,169,013	13,814	25,770	87,408	1,194,783
Total revenues	\$26,300,004	\$26,425,280	\$4,790,404	\$4,939,519	\$31,090,408	\$31,364,799
Expenses:						
General government	\$5,513,124	\$3,911,227			\$5,513,124	\$3,911,227
Public safety	11,525,403	9,875,234			11,525,403	9,875,234
Public works	5,482,505	4,655,996			5,482,505	4,655,996
Community Services	2,914,235	2,806,026			2,914,235	2,806,026
Community Development	839,568	997,287			839,568	997,287
Interest on long-term debt	136,769	143,423			136,769	143,423
Water			4,451,292	3,949,800	4,451,292	3,949,800
Total expenses	\$26,411,604	\$22,389,193	\$4,451,292	\$3,949,800	\$30,862,896	\$26,338,993
Increase in net assets	(\$111,600)	\$4,036,087	\$339,112	\$989,719	\$227,512	\$5,025,806
Net assets - July 1, 2008	71,756,405	68,725,993	9,212,398	8,231,395	80,968,803	76,957,388
Restatement of Net Assets	31,508	(1,005,675)	(73,219)	(8,716)	(41,711)	(1,014,391)
Net assets - June 30, 2009	\$71,676,313	\$71,756,405	\$9,478,291	\$9,212,398	\$81,154,604	\$80,968,803

Governmental activities net assets decreased by \$111,600. Key elements of the change in governmental activities net assets are as follows:

- Total taxes from governmental activities, increased by \$574,616 (3.3%) from the prior year.
- Property taxes are levied based on assessed values, although increases in the assessed values of properties that do not change ownership are generally limited to 2% annually. The real estate environment in FY 2009 remained relatively healthy, resulting in a \$417,964 (4.2%) increase.

- Sales taxes generally are a direct reflection of the general economy, and South Pasadena sales tax revenue decreased by \$678,973 (22.1%) in keeping with the general decline due to the recession, despite the City's mature tax bases, i.e. no big box stores, car dealerships, etc.
- Program revenues increased by \$693,691 or 10.1% primarily as a result of an increase in capital grant funding.
- Use of money and property decreased by \$262,235 (28.5%) during the year. This was primarily a result of substantial declines in interest rates.
- Governmental activities expense increased by \$4,022,411 or 18.0% during FY 2008, driven largely by labor and benefit costs and a more aggressive capital improvement program.

Business-type Activities

The City's proprietary fund (or enterprise fund) provides the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but offers more detail in the form of a statement of cash flows. Assets restricted for capital improvements were \$36,642,005, an increase of \$33,763,039 due to the issuance of \$43,405,000 in Water Revenue Bonds. As a result of this debt issuance, unrestricted net assets of the fund at the end of the year show a deficit balance of \$29,053,954. Total net assets for these funds were \$9,478,291, an increase of \$265,893 (2.9%) over the prior year.

(D) Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows and outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, the unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the City's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$17,886,862 an increase of \$2,512,694 from the prior year. This increase is primarily the result of the City's careful control of expenditures.

Approximately 44.9% of fund balances constitute the unreserved and undesignated fund balance, which is available for spending at the City's discretion; an additional 31.6% represents unreserved fund balances reported in the Special Revenue and Capital Projects funds. The remainder of the fund balance is reserved to indicate that it is not available

for new spending because it: 1) has already been committed to liquidate contracts and purchase orders for the prior period (13.1%), and 2) represents net assets that are not available spendable resources (1.0%).

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unreserved and undesignated fund balance of the General Fund was \$8,025,429, while the total fund balance reached \$11,042,629. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. The unreserved fund balance represents of 40.9% General Fund expenditures, while the total fund balance represents 56.3% of that same amount.

The fund balance of the City's General Fund increased by \$1,190,688 during the current fiscal year. This represents an increase of 12.1% in fund balance from FY 2008. Key factors in this increase are as follows:

- Tax revenues increased \$892,744 or 5.8%. The majority of tax revenues is reported in and benefits General Fund activities. The nature of the taxes and the reasons for the change in these revenue sources is the same as described earlier for governmental activities.
- Expenditures increased by \$1,537,737 or 8.5% primarily as a result of salary and benefit increases to the employees.

Other governmental funds' fund balances increased \$1,322,006 (23.9%) during FY 2008. This resulted primarily from an increase in capital grants.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The City adopts annual appropriated operating budgets for its governmental funds (General Fund, special revenue and capital projects funds) and reports the results of operations on a budgetary comparison basis. The City also uses annual financial plans as a management tool for its enterprise fund, although the City does not report the results of these funds on a budgetary comparison basis.

In preparing its budgets, the City attempts to estimate its revenues using realistic, but conservative, methods so as to budget its expenditure appropriations and activities in a prudent manner. As a result, the City Council adopts budget adjustments during the course of the fiscal year to reflect both changed priorities and availability of additional revenues if available to allow for expansion of existing programs. During the course of the year, the City Council amended the originally adopted budget for additional various programs.

The General Fund reflected a net total positive budget variance of \$2,726,081 (before transfers) when comparing actual amounts to the final budget for the current fiscal year. This budget variance reflects a negative variance in revenues of \$749,342 and a positive

variance in total expenditures of \$3,475,423. There were no significant budgetary variances between the final amended budget and actual results.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2009, amounts to \$58,243,554 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, park improvements, roadways, sewer, vehicles, computer equipment, furniture, other equipment, and construction in progress.

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 4 in the Notes to Financial Statements section of this report.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of South Pasadena had total debt outstanding related to governmental activities of \$4,668,861.

City of South Pasadena Long-Term Debt

		Governmental Activities	
	2009	2008	
Employee compensated absences	761,227	688,226	
Capital Leases	356,172	398,017	
2000 Tax Allocation Bonds	2,000,000	2,075,000	
Net OPEB Liability	1,551,462	0	
Loan Payable	0	65,000	
Total	4,668,861	3,226,243	

The City's long-term debt increased during the current fiscal year primarily due to recording the liability for Other Post-Employment Benefits.

Proprietary Fund Long-Term Debt

	Business-Type Activities		
	2009	2008	
2004 Water Revenue Bonds	7,970,000	8,190,000	
2009 Water Revenue Bonds	43,405,000	0	
Compensated Absences	39,315	37,995	
Unamortized Bond Premium (2004)	12,551	13,181	
Unamortized Bond Discount (2009)	(1,117,577)	0	
Total	50,309,289	8,241,176	

Proprietary fund long-term debt increased by \$42,068,113 during the current fiscal year due primarily to the issuance of the 2009 Water Revenue Bonds. Further details on long-term debt can be found in Note 6 in the Notes to Financials Statements section of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

- The primary factor affecting cities throughout California and the City of South Pasadena in particular at this time is the State of California's budget crisis. In FY 2010 the State will borrow 8% of all city property taxes, to be repaid in 2013; for South Pasadena, this amounts to approximately \$800,943. However, the California Communities Joint Powers Authority has been established, which is issuing bonds to purchase the outstanding receivable and pay participating cities, including South Pasadena the full amount of the taxes due during the 2010 fiscal year. The State is also deferring payment of gasoline taxes for several months, and is attempting to take tax increment from redevelopment agencies, including South Pasadena in order to help fund school systems. The constitutionality of this latter action is being challenged, and it is not currently expected that the State will be permitted to proceed with the taking.
- There exists regional concern over housing values. This concern notwithstanding, South Pasadena's assessed property values and property tax collections remain stable. Assessed valuation increases of 1.7% and 5.81% have been realized in FY 2009 and FY 2008, respectively. Property tax revenue (39.3% of City-wide revenues for governmental activities) remains the primary foundation of general fund revenues.
- Increases in the contributions toward employee pensions through the California Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) remain a concern.

During the 2009 fiscal year, unrestricted fund balance in the General Fund remained substantial at \$8,025,429. While budgeting with the assumption that 2010 fiscal year General Fund revenues are expected to balance General Fund expenditures, the fiscal year 2010 Budget also includes \$11,930,000 for the first phase of much-needed capital improvements to the City's water systems, funded with proceeds from the 2009 Water Revenue Bond issue. It remains the intention of City management not to use other available fund balance reserves for purposes of meeting costs of operations.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the financial position of the City of South Pasadena for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be directed to Chu Thai, Finance Director, ctal@ci.south-pasadena.ca.us, 626.403.7252, or by U.S. mail: Finance Department, 1414 Mission Street, South Pasadena, CA, 91030.

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2009

	Primary Government		
	Governmental	Business-Type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
Assets:	Ф 10 F20 001	¢ 6,000,000	Ф 06 F36 000
Cash and investments Receivables:	\$ 19,538,081	\$ 6,998,909	\$ 26,536,990
Accounts	268,221	520 200	907 510
		539,298	807,519
Taxes Notes and loans	799,747 250,000	-	799,747 250,000
Accrued interest	33,174	- 22,911	56,085
Internal balances	(253,250)	253,250	50,065
Due from other governments	370,588	200,200	370,588
Inventories	152,650	196,551	349,201
Deferred charges	132,030	1,449,682	1,449,682
Restricted assets:	_	1,449,002	1,443,002
Cash with fiscal agent	199,586	42,370,500	42,570,086
Capital assets not being depreciated	7,248,895	5,303,145	12,552,040
Capital assets, net of depreciation	50,994,659	4,486,569	55,481,228
Capital accord, not of acproclation		1,100,000	00,101,220
Total Assets	79,602,351	61,620,815	141,223,166
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	1,613,193	1,445,512	3,058,705
Accrued liabilities	370,129	28,604	398,733
Accrued interest	35,701	329,218	364,919
Unearned revenue	598,250	-	598,250
Deposits payable	620,242	29,901	650,143
Retentions payable	19,662	-	19,662
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Due within one year	630,015	228,932	858,947
Due in more than one year	4,038,846	50,080,357	54,119,203
Total Liabilities	7,926,038	52,142,524	60,068,562
Net Assets:			
Invested in capital assets,			
net of related debt	56,086,968	1,890,240	57,977,208
Restricted for:			
Community development	2,947,064	-	2,947,064
Public safety	317,843	-	317,843
Community services	1,190,668	-	1,190,668
Capital projects	1,954,306	36,642,005	38,596,311
Debt service	199,586	-	199,586
Unrestricted	8,979,878	(29,053,954)	(20,074,076)
Total Net Assets	\$ 71,676,313	\$ 9,478,291	\$ 81,154,604

		Program Revenues		
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Contributions and Grants	Capital Contributions and Grants
Functions/Programs				
Primary Government:				
Governmental Activities:				
General government	\$ 5,513,124	\$ 1,409,846	\$ 214,373	\$ -
Public safety	11,525,403	1,349,175	108,406	-
Community development	839,568	405,086	-	-
Community services	2,914,235	627,296	24,322	-
Public works	5,482,505	1,118,262	447,962	1,868,187
Interest on long-term debt	136,769			
Total Governmental Activities	26,411,604	4,909,665	795,063	1,868,187
Business-Type Activities:				
Water	4,451,292	4,549,062		
Total Business-Type Activities	4,451,292	4,549,062		
Total Primary Government	\$ 30,862,896	\$ 9,458,727	\$ 795,063	\$ 1,868,187

General Revenues:

Taxes:

Property taxes, levied for general purpose

Sales taxes

Franchise taxes

Business licenses taxes

Utility users tax

Other taxes

Motor vehicle in lieu - unrestricted

Use of money and property

Other

Total General Revenues, Contributions, Special Items and Transfers

Change in Net Assets

Net Assets at Beginning of Year

Restatement of Net Assets

Net Assets at End of Year

Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Assets				
Primary Government				
Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total		
\$ (3,888,905)	\$ -	\$ (3,888,905)		
(10,067,822)	-	(10,067,822)		
(434,482)	-	(434,482)		
(2,262,617)	-	(2,262,617)		
(2,048,094)	-	(2,048,094)		
(136,769)		(136,769)		
(18,838,689)		(18,838,689)		
	97,770	97,770		
	97,770	97,770		
(18,838,689)	97,770	(18,740,919)		
40.404.070		40.404.070		
10,404,273	-	10,404,273		
2,399,744	-	2,399,744		
821,144 352,528	-	821,144 352,528		
3,476,348	_	3,476,348		
466,246	_	466,246		
74,215	_	74,215		
658,997	227,528	886,525		
73,594	13,814	87,408		
18,727,089	241,342	18,968,431		
(111,600)	339,112	227,512		
71,756,405	9,212,398	80,968,803		
31,508	(73,219)	(41,711)		
\$ 71,676,313	\$ 9,478,291	\$ 81,154,604		

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2009

		General	Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Assets:	•		•		•	
Pooled cash and investments	\$	10,917,926	\$	8,620,155	\$	19,538,081
Receivables:		000 404		00.000		000.004
Accounts		229,421		38,800		268,221
Taxes		799,281		466		799,747
Notes and loans		250,000		-		250,000
Accrued interest		11,681		21,493		33,174
Due from other governments Due from other funds		- 777,985		370,588		370,588 777,985
Inventories				-		152,650
		152,650		-		152,650
Restricted assets:				199,586		199,586
Cash and investments with fiscal agents				199,360		199,360
Total Assets	\$	13,138,944	\$	9,251,088	\$	22,390,032
Liabilities and Fund Balances: Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	1,091,373	\$	521,820	\$	1,613,193
Accrued liabilities	Ψ	339,449	Ψ	30,680	Ψ	370,129
Deferred revenues		28,842		221,617		250,459
Unearned revenues		20,042		598,250		598,250
Deposits payable		616,989		3,253		620,242
Due to other funds		-		777,985		777,985
Advances from other funds		_		253,250		253,250
Retentions payable		19,662		-		19,662
Total Liabilities		2,096,315		2,406,855		4,503,170
Fund Balances:						
Reserved:		4 4 4 0 0 7 0		4 404 050		0.040.000
Reserved for encumbrances		1,148,270		1,194,959		2,343,229
Reserved for notes and loans Reserved for inventories		250,000		-		250,000
Unreserved:		152,650		-		152,650
Unreserved, reported in nonmajor:						
Special revenue funds		_		2,584,720		2,584,720
Capital projects funds		_		3,064,554		3,064,554
Designated for uninsured losses		401,000		-		401,000
Designated for equipment replacement		504,000		-		504,000
Designated for Arroyo Golf Course Facility		56,280		-		56,280
Designated for renewable energy sources		250,000		-		250,000
Designated for legal services		255,000		-		255,000
Undesignated		8,025,429		-		8,025,429
Total Fund Balances		11,042,629		6,844,233		17,886,862
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	13,138,944	\$	9,251,088	\$	22,390,032

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2009

Fund balances of governmental funds	\$ 17,886,862
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Capital assets net of depreciation have not been included as financial resources in governmental fund activity	58,243,554
Long-term liabilities that have not been included in the governmental fund activity:	
Long-term liabilities	(2,356,172)
Compensated Absences Net OPEB Liability	(761,227) (1,551,462)
Accrued interest payable for the current portion of interest due on	
Bonds has not been reported in the governmental funds	(35,701)
Revenues reported as deferred revenue in the governmental funds and recognized in the Statement of Activities. These are included in the intergovernmental revenues	
in the governmental fund activity	 250,459
Net assets of governmental activities	\$ 71,676,313

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	General	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:			
Taxes	\$ 16,268,799	\$ 1,420,632	\$ 17,689,431
Assessments	-	885,515	885,515
Licenses and permits	921,931	83,002	1,004,933
Intergovernmental	168,814	2,466,408	2,635,222
Charges for services	1,842,594	607,338	2,449,932
Use of money and property	512,792	146,205	658,997
Fines and forfeitures	701,894	-	701,894
Contributions	-	11,050	11,050
Miscellaneous	371,604	48,348	419,952
Total Revenues	20,788,428	5,668,498	26,456,926
Expenditures: Current:			
General government	3,206,796	686,283	3,893,079
Public safety	10,933,423	200,801	11,134,224
Community development	831,613	200,001	831,613
Community services	2,270,178	494,311	2,764,489
Public works	1,550,127	1,667,338	3,217,465
Capital outlay	764,512	1,048,292	1,812,804
Debt service:	704,512	1,040,232	1,012,004
Principal retirement	41,845	140,000	181,845
Interest and fiscal charges	19,463	120,758	140,221
Total Expenditures	19,617,957	4,357,783	23,975,740
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	1,170,471	1,310,715	2,481,186
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Transfers in	7,097	18,661	25,758
Transfers out	(18,388)	(7,370)	(25,758)
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,159,180	1,322,006	2,481,186
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year, as previously reported	9,851,941	5,522,227	15,374,168
Destatements	04.500		04.500
Restatements	31,508		31,508
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year, as restated	9,883,449	5,522,227	15,405,676
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 11,042,629	\$ 6,844,233	\$ 17,886,862

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 2,481,186
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period	(996,698)
Repayment of long term debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets	181,845
Accrued interest for long-term liabilities. This is the net change in accrued interest for the current period	3,452
Compensated absences expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds	(73,001)
Governmental funds report all contributions in relation to the Annual Required Contribution (ARC) for OPEB as expenditures, however in the statement of activities the expense is equal to the ARC	(1,551,462)
Revenues reported as deferred revenue in the governmental funds and recognized in the Statement of Activities. These are included in the intergovernmental revenues in the governmental fund activity	 (156,922)
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$ (111,600)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON STATEMENT BY DEPARTMENT GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

				Variance with
	Budget	Budget Amounts		Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 9,883,449	\$ 9,883,449	\$ 9,883,449	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	, ,,,,,,,	, ,,,,,,,	•
Taxes	17,219,000	17,219,000	16,268,799	(950,201)
Licenses and permits	830,200	830,200	921,931	91,731
Intergovernmental	376,000	376,000	168,814	(207,186)
Charges for services	2,073,350	1,749,150	1,842,594	93,444
Use of money and property	523,920	523,920	512,792	(11,128)
Fines and forfeitures	600,000	600,000	701,894	101,894
Miscellaneous	239,500	239,500	371,604	132,104
Transfers in	-	-	7,097	7,097
Amounts Available for Appropriation	31,745,419	31,421,219	30,678,974	(742,245)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
General government				
City council	52,666	59,066	47,729	11,337
City clerk	312,916	314,687	276,538	38,149
Elections	8,100	67,100	42,515	24,585
City manager	610,034	611,245	599,009	12,236
Personnel	152,900	152,900	131,096	21,804
Transportation planning	253,407	253,407	164,083	89,324
Legal services	235,000	235,000	321,998	(86,998)
Finance	421,719	424,176	419,184	4,992
City treasurer	10,292	10,292	10,318	(26)
Information services	181,130	181,130	170,815	10,315 [°]
Non-departmental	1,722,250	1,631,049	1,023,511	607,538
Public safety	, ,		, ,	•
Police	6,731,850	6,790,632	7,151,512	(360,880)
Fire	3,813,582	3,813,930	3,781,911	32,019
Community development				
Community development	1,048,543	897,040	831,613	65,427
Parks and recreation				
Library	1,555,283	1,555,947	1,578,838	(22,891)
Senior center	174,662	175,545	168,465	7,080
Recreation	172,040	173,011	138,936	34,075
After-school day care	371,493	374,044	383,939	(9,895)
Public works				
Public works administration	706,766	776,429	477,354	299,075
Environmental services	283,090	283,443	214,633	68,810
Park maintenance	368,670	369,372	400,059	(30,687)
Facilities maintenance	568,742	630,585	458,081	172,504
Capital outlay	3,040,350	3,252,350	764,512	2,487,838
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	41,845	41,845	41,845	-
Interest and fiscal charges	19,155	19,155	19,463	(308)
Transfers out			18,388	(18,388)
Total Charges to Appropriations	22,856,485	23,093,380	19,636,345	3,457,035
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 8,888,934	\$ 8,327,839	\$11,042,629	\$ 2,714,790

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2009

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds Water
Assets:	
Current:	
Cash and investments	\$ 6,998,909
Receivables:	
Accounts	539,298
Accrued interest	22,911
Inventories	196,551
Deferred Charges	1,449,682
Restricted:	
Cash with fiscal agent	42,370,500
Total Current Assets	51,577,851
Noncurrent:	
Advances to other funds	253,250
Capital assets - net of accumulated depreciation	9,789,714
Total Noncurrent Assets	10,042,964
Total Assets	\$ 61,620,815
Liabilities and Net Assets:	
Liabilities:	
Current:	
Accounts payable	\$ 1,445,512
Accrued liabilities	28,604
Accrued interest	329,218
Deposits payable	29,901
Accrued compensated absences	3,932
Bonds, notes, and capital leases	225,000
Total Current Liabilities	2,062,167
Noncurrent:	
Accrued compensated absences	35,383
Bonds, notes, and capital leases	50,044,974
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	50,080,357
Total Liabilities	52,142,524
Net Assets:	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	1,890,240
Restricted for capital improvements	36,642,005
Unrestricted	(29,053,954)
Total Net Assets	9,478,291
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$ 61,620,815

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds	
		Water
Operating Revenues:	Φ.	4.540.000
Sales and service charges Miscellaneous	\$	4,549,062 13,814
Miscellarieous		13,014
Total Operating Revenues		4,562,876
Operating Expenses:		
Administration and general		562,501
Source of supply		985
Water distribution		892,518 2,226,695
Water production Depreciation expense		2,226,695 116,317
Depreciation expense		110,317
Total Operating Expenses		3,799,016
Operating Income (Loss)		763,860
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):		
Interest revenue		227,528
Interest expense		(652,276)
Total Nonoperating		
Revenues (Expenses)		(424,748)
Changes in Net Assets		339,112
Net Assets:		
Beginning of Year, as		
previously reported		9,212,398
Restatements		(73,219)
Beginning of Fiscal Year, as restated		9,139,179
End of Fiscal Year	\$	9,478,291

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds
	Water
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash received from customers and users Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services Cash paid to employees for services	\$ 4,596,733 (2,856,258) (555,087)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	1,185,388
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: Proceeds from capital debt Acquisition and construction of capital assets Principal paid on capital debt Interest paid on capital debt Debt issuance costs	42,284,344 (503,993) (220,000) (410,797) (1,279,719)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	39,869,835
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest received	251,382
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	251,382
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	41,306,605
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	8,062,804
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ 49,369,409
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)	\$ 763,860
net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Depreciation (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (Increase) decrease in inventories Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities Increase (decrease) in deposits payable Increase (decrease) in retentions payable Increase (decrease) in compensated absences	116,317 31,694 (12,338) 298,914 6,094 2,163 (22,636) 1,320
Total Adjustments Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	421,528 \$ 1,185,388
Non-Cash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities: Gain/(Loss) on disposition of capital assets Amortization of bond premium and cost of issuance	\$ (19,811) 14,674

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2009

I. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

a. Description of the Reporting Entity

The accompanying basic financial statements of the City of South Pasadena (the City) include the financial activities of the City and the Community Redevelopment Agency of the City (the Agency).

City of South Pasadena

The City of South Pasadena was incorporated on March 2, 1888, under the general laws of the State of California. The City provides the full range of municipal services, including public safety (police and fire), streets, sanitation, refuse collection, sewer, water, parks and recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, housing and community development and general administrative and support services.

Community Redevelopment Agency of the City of South Pasadena

The Agency was established in 1953 by the South Pasadena City Council, pursuant to the California state law. The purpose of the Agency is to eliminate deterioration of the community and promote economic revitalization within the City through the process of redevelopment.

The criteria used in determining the scope of the reporting entity is based on the provisions of GASB Statement Nos. 14 and 39. The City of South Pasadena is the primary governmental unit. The Agency is a component unit of the City. Component units are those entities which are financially accountable to the primary government, either because the component unit will provide financial benefit or impose a financial burden on the primary government. The specific criterion used in determining that the Agency is a component unit of the City is that the members of the City Council are the same as the members of the Agency's governing board and all administrative and operational matters are performed by the City's staff acting on behalf of the Agency. The activities of the Redevelopment Agency are included within the Capital Projects Fund. The Agency's financial statements have been issued under a separate cover and may be obtained from the City of South Pasadena City Hall.

b. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrate the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

c. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days, with the exception of state gas tax which is 120 days, of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The City reports the following major governmental fund:

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The City reports the following major proprietary fund:

The Water Fund is used to account for the construction, operation and maintenance of the City-owned water system.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The government has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the government's proprietary funds function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Enterprise Funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for Enterprise Funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

d. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity

Deposits and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. For financial statement presentation purposes, cash and cash equivalents are shown as both restricted and unrestricted cash and investments in the Governmental and Proprietary Funds.

Investments for the City, as well as for its component units, are reported at fair value. The City's policy is generally to hold investments until maturity or until market values equal or exceed cost. The State Treasurer's Investment Pool operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares.

Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans), or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances to other funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

Property tax revenue is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes have been levied providing they become available. Available means then due, or past due and receivable within the current period and collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter (not to exceed 60 days) to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The County of Los Angeles collects property taxes for the City. Tax liens attach annually as of 12:01 A.M. on the first day in January preceding the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. The tax levy covers the fiscal period July 1 to June 30. All secured personal property taxes and one-half of the taxes on real property are due November 1; the second installment is due February 1. All taxes are delinquent, if unpaid, on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured personal property taxes become due on the first of March each year and are delinquent on August 31.

Functional Classifications

Expenditures of the Governmental Funds are classified by function. Functional classifications are defined as follows:

General Government includes legislative activities which have a primary objective of providing legal and policy guidelines for the City. Also included in this classification are those activities which provide management or support services across more than one functional area.

Public Safety includes those activities which involve the protection of people and property.

Community Development includes those activities which involve the enhancing of the general quality of life.

Community Services includes activities such as administering the Senior Center, recreation classes and special events committees.

Public Works includes those activities that involve the maintenance and improvement of City streets, roads and park department development and maintenance.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Debt Service includes those activities that account for the payment of long-term debt principal, interest and fiscal charges.

Inventories

Inventory consisting primarily of materials and supplies is held by the Water Enterprise Fund. Such goods are valued using the average-cost method applied on a first-in, first-out (FIFO) basis. Inventories reported in the City's General Fund are reported as assets and are offset by the corresponding reservations of fund balance to indicate that the inventory balance does not constitute "available expendable financial resources" even though they are a component of net current assets. Such General Fund materials and supplies are charged to inventories when purchased and treated as an expenditure when issued.

Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds of debt issues, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants. In addition, funds have been restricted for future capital improvements by City resolution.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 for non-infrastructure assets and \$25,000 for infrastructure assets (amount not rounded). Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, the City has reported current and prior year's infrastructure assets.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment Vehicles	50 10 - 25 3 - 30 8
Infrastructure	<u>Years</u>
Sewer collection system	60
Storm drain system	60
Bridges	60
Hardscape	40
Parkways and medians	40
Pavement, curb & gutter and sidewalks	35
Streetlights	20
Electronic traffic control devices	20

Compensated Absences

It is the policy of the City to record the cost of annual vacation as accrued. Employees are 100% vested in accrued vacation after six months of employment. The entire compensated absence liability for the Enterprise Fund is accrued as earned in the Enterprise Fund. All accumulated compensated absence liability of governmental funds is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. Compensated absences are reported in governmental funds only if they have matured.

It is the policy of the City to pay sick leave as used; accordingly, the expenditures are recorded when paid. Sick leave does not vest with employees. Accordingly, employees do not receive a payout for unused sick leave upon termination, although employees do receive credit for unused sick leave upon retirement.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund type statement of net assets.

Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

e. Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities:

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances - of total governmental funds and changes in net assets of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of this \$(996,698) difference are as follows:

Capital outlay	\$ 1,525,026
Depreciation expense	(2,490,713)
Loss from disposition of capital assets	 (31,011)
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances of total governmental funds to arrive at	
changes in net assets of governmental activities	\$ (996,698)

Another element of that reconciliation states "the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds." This transaction, however, has no effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The details of this \$181,845 difference are as follows:

Principal repayments: Tax allocation bonds	\$	75,000
Capital leases payable	Ψ	41,845
Loan Payable		65,000
Net adjustment to decrease net changes in fund balance of total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net assets of governmental activities.	\$	181,845

II. STEWARDSHIP

Note 2: Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

a. Appropriations and Budgetary Control

Budgetary control is an essential element in governmental financial reporting. The City, a general law city in the State of California, does not legally require a budget. However, the City Council annually reviews and adopts a budget for the General, Special Revenue, Capital Projects and Enterprise Fund types. To facilitate a greater understanding of the City's operations, budget information for the General, Special Revenue and Capital Projects Funds is included in the accompanying basic financial statements. This detailed budget document is published and is a matter of public record. Each year, the City Manager submits his proposed budget to the City Council. The City Council holds public hearings and may modify the appropriations by majority approval. The legal level of expenditures is controlled at the fund level and operating appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year. All budgeted amounts are reported on the same basis as the fund types and adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Changes in appropriations at the fund level during the year must be submitted by the City's departments for City Council review and approval. The City Manager may, without Council approval, amend individual line items within any fund and between divisions and programs, in personnel costs, maintenance and operations, capital outlay and capital projects portions of the budget without increasing total appropriations for that fund. Department heads may, without Council approval, amend individual line items within any fund in the maintenance and operations portions of the budget without increasing total appropriations for that division. Budget revisions made during fiscal year 2009 were not significant.

The City did not adopt a budget for the following funds: CalTrans Gold Line Grant, Traffic Improvement, Gold Line Betterments, CTC Traffic Improvement Grant Fund, MTA Circular Bus Purchase Grant, State Prop 40 Bond Fund, State Park Bond, and CLEEP funds Accordingly, such information is not included in the financial statements.

b. Encumbrances

Encumbrances are estimations of costs related to unperformed contracts for goods and services. These commitments are recorded for budgetary control purposes in the General, Special Revenue, and similar governmental funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as a reservation of fund balance. They represent the estimated amount of the expenditure ultimately to result if unperformed contracts-in-process at year-end are completed. They do not constitute expenditures or estimated liabilities.

c. Excess of expenditures over appropriations by department or function is as follows:

Fund	Expenditures	<u>Expenditures</u> <u>Appropriations</u>	
General fund:			
	\$ 321,998	¢ 225,000	\$ 86,998
Legal services		\$ 235,000	φ o0,990
City treasurer	10,318	10,292	26
Police	7,151,512	6,790,632	360,880
Library	1,578,838	1,555,947	22,891
After-school day care	383,939	374,044	9,895
Park maintenance	400,059	369,372	30,687
Interest and fiscal charges	19,463	19,155	308
Transfers out	18,388	-	18,388

Note 2: Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (Continued)

d. Deficit Fund Balance

The following funds contained deficit fund balances at June 30, 2009:

Fund	Amount
Nonmajor governmental funds:	
MTA Pedestrian Improvement	\$ 388,729
Proposition A	249,730
MTA Circulator Bus Purchase Grant	65,386
Mission Meridian Public Garage	111,777
County Park Bond	21,441
Homeland Security Grant	91,437

The City intends to fund these with future revenues, transfers, and reduction of expenditures/expenses in future years.

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

Note 3: Cash and Investments

As of June 30, 2009, cash and investments were reported in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Governmental activities	\$ 19,737,667
Business-type activities	49,369,409
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 69,107,076

The City of South Pasadena maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use for all funds. Each fund type's position in the pool is reported on the combined balance sheet as cash and investments. The City has adopted an investment policy which authorizes it to invest in various investments.

Deposits

At June 30, 2009, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was (\$17,428), and the bank balance was \$247,830. The \$265,258 difference represents outstanding checks and other reconciling items.

The California Government Code requires California banks and savings and loan associations to secure a City's deposits by pledging government securities with a value of 110% of a City's deposits. California law also allows financial institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of a City's total deposits. The City Treasurer may waive the collateral requirement for deposits which are fully insured up to \$250,000 by the FDIC. The collateral for deposits in federal and state chartered banks is held in safekeeping by an authorized Agent of Depository recognized by the State of California Department of Banking. The collateral for deposits with savings and loan associations is generally held in safekeeping by the Federal Home Loan Bank in San Francisco, California as an Agent of Depository. These securities are physically held in an undivided pool for all California public agency depositors.

Note 3: Cash and Investments (Continued)

Under Government Code Section 53655, the placement of securities by a bank or savings and loan association with an "Agent of Depository" has the effect of perfecting the security interest in the name of the local governmental agency. Accordingly, all collateral held by California Agents of Depository are considered to be held for, and in the name of, the local governmental agency.

Investments

Under provision of the City's investment policy, and in accordance with the California Government Code, the following investments are authorized:

- Local Agency Investment Fund
- Certificates of Deposit (or time deposits, Fully insured by the FDIC)
- Securities of the U.S. Government
- Securities Issued by other Government Agencies (No options or like instruments)
- Callable Bonds and Notes

Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements

The above investments do not address investment of debt proceeds held by a bond trustee. Investments of debt proceeds held by a bond trustee are governed by provisions of the debt agreements, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy.

Investments in State Investment Pool

The City is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. LAIF is overseen by the Local Agency Investment Advisory Board, which consists of five members, in accordance with State statute. The State Treasurer's Office audits the fund annually. The fair value of the position in the investment pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

GASB Statement No. 31

The City adopted GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for certain investments and for External Investment Pools, as of July 1, 1997. GASB Statement No. 31 establishes fair value standards for investments in participating interest earning investment contracts, external investment pools, equity securities, option contracts, stock warrants and stock rights that have readily determinable fair values. Accordingly, the City reports its investments at fair value in the balance sheet. All investment income, including changes in the fair value of investments, is recognized as revenue in the operating statement.

Credit Risk

The City's investment policy limits investments in medium-term notes (MTN's) to those rated "A" or better by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. As of June 30, 2009, all MTN's were rated "A" or better by Standard & Poors (S&P). At June 30, 2009, the City's investments with money market mutual funds were rated "AAA" by S&P. Investments in U.S. government securities are not considered to have credit risk and, therefore, their credit quality is not disclosed.

Note 3: Cash and Investments (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk

The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

As of June 30, 2009, none of the City's deposits or investments were exposed to custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The City's investment policy does not impose restrictions on the percentage that the City can invest in a single type of investment. In addition, GASB 40 requires a separate disclosure if any single issuer comprises more than 5% of the total investment value. As of June 30, 2009, the City has not invested more than 5% of its total investments in any one issuer. Investments guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds and external investment pools are excluded from this requirement.

Interest Rate Risk

The City's investment policy limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. It states that no investments shall have a maturity date of more than three years and no more than one third of the investment portfolio shall have a maturity longer than two and a half years. The City has elected to use the segmented time distribution method of disclosure for its interest rate risk. As of June 30, 2009, the City had the following investments and original maturities:

Demaining Investment Maturities

		٦	kemair	ning investment i	viaturities		
	6 months	6 mc	nths	1 to 3	3 to 5	more than	Fair
	or less	to 1	year	years	years	5 years	Value
Local agency investment fund	\$ 16,408,784	\$	_	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 16,408,784
Money market mutual funds	54,548		-	-	-	-	54,548
Corporate bonds	-		-	7,554,290	-	-	7,554,290
Certificates of deposits	1,966,180		-	570,616	-	-	2,536,796
Cash with Fiscal Agent:							
Investment agreement	-		-	22,102,125	500,000	11,842,500	34,444,625
Money market mutual funds	6,791,110		-	_	-	-	6,791,110
Local agency investment fund	1,334,351						1,334,351
	\$ 26,554,973	\$	_	\$ 30,227,031	\$ 500,000	\$ 11,842,500	\$ 69,124,504

Note 4: Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2009, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:					
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction-in-progress	\$ 1,103,538 7,629,820	\$ - 338,152	\$ - -	\$ - (1,822,615)	\$ 1,103,538 6,145,357
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	8,733,358	338,152		(1,822,615)	7,248,895
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery, equipment and vehicles Infrastructure	9,892,594 1,542,281 6,326,283 72,567,958	68,992 277,773 450,062 390,045	52,098 117,438	3,379 26,579 - 1,792,657	9,964,965 1,794,535 6,658,907 74,750,660
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	90,329,116	1,186,872	169,536	1,822,615	93,169,067
Less accumulated depreciation: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery, equipment and vehicles Infrastructure	4,767,057 852,833 4,290,625 29,911,705	199,125 38,933 382,379 1,870,276	52,098 86,427 -	- - - -	4,966,182 839,668 4,586,577 31,781,981
Total Accumulated Depreciation	39,822,222	2,490,713	138,525		42,174,408
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net	50,506,894	(1,303,841)	31,011	1,822,615	50,994,659
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 59,240,252	\$ (965,689)	\$ 31,011	\$ -	\$ 58,243,554

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General government	\$ 43,451
Public safety	369,215
Community services	120,976
Public works	 1,957,071
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 2,490,713

Note 4: Capital Assets (Continued)

	Beginning Balance Increases Decreases		Ending Balance	
Business-Type Activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction-in-progress	\$ 84,685 4,831,679	\$ - 386,781	\$ -	\$ 84,685 5,218,460
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	4,916,364	386,781		5,303,145
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery, equipment & vehicles	4,124,961 3,506,335 515,719	- 25,707 111,316	19,811 - 60,045	4,105,150 3,532,042 566,990
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	8,147,015	137,023	79,856	8,204,182
Less Accumulated Depreciation Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery, equipment & vehicles	330,610 2,956,548 374,183	71,079 30,997 14,241	- - 60,045	401,689 2,987,545 328,379
Total Accumulated Depreciation	3,661,341	116,317	60,045	3,717,613
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net	4,485,674	20,706	19,811	4,486,569
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 9,402,038	\$ 407,487	\$ 19,811	\$ 9,789,714

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Business-Type Activities:
Water \$ 116,317

Note 5: Interfund Receivable, Payable and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2009, is as follows:

Due To/From Other Funds

 Funds
 Nonmajor

 Funds
 Funds

 Due From Other Funds:
 Funds

 General
 \$ 777,985

The due from General Fund of \$777,985 to various nonmajor funds was a result of temporary deficit cash balances in those funds.

Note 5: Interfund Receivable, Payable and Transfers (Continued)

Advances To/From Other Funds

	Ad	vances To
	Ot	her Funds
	Water	
Funds		Fund
Advances From Other Funds:		_
Nonmajor funds	\$	253,250

The City's Water Enterprise Fund advanced funds to the Downtown Project to fund redevelopment activities. Principal is being repaid from available tax increment revenue generated by the Agency's Downtown Project. Payment of interest by the Redevelopment Agency has been forgiven by the city council.

Transfers In/Out

	Transfe					
		No	nmajor			
Funds	 General	F	unds	Total		
Transfers In:						
General	\$ -	\$	7,097	\$	7,097	
Nonmajor Funds	18,388		273		18,661	
Total	\$ 18,388	\$	7,370	\$	25,758	

All of the transfers were made to move excess revenues to the general fund and other non-major funds.

Note 6: Long-Term Debt

a. Changes in Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt of the City for the year ended June 30, 2009:

Outstanding July 1, 2008 Additions Deletions Balance June 30, 2009 Due Within One Year Governmental Activities: Compensated Absences \$ 688,226 \$ 664,635 \$ (591,634) \$ 761,227 \$ 76,123 Capital Leases 398,017 - (41,845) 356,172 43,892 2000 Tax Allocation Bonds 2,075,000 - (75,000) 2,000,000 80,000 Loan Payable 65,000 - (65,000) - - - Net OPEB liability - 1,975,586 (424,124) 1,551,462 430,000 Total Governmental Funds \$ 3,226,243 2,640,221 \$ (1,197,603) \$ 4,668,861 \$ 630,015 Business-Type Activities: Compensated Absences \$ 37,995 \$ 42,763 (41,443) \$ 39,315 \$ 3,932 2004 Water Revenue Bonds 8,190,000 - (220,000) 7,970,000 225,000 2009 Water Revenue Bonds - 43,405,000 - 43,405,000 - 51,414,315 \$ 228,932	0011C 00, 2000.					
Compensated Absences \$ 688,226 \$ 664,635 \$ (591,634) \$ 761,227 \$ 76,123 Capital Leases 398,017 - (41,845) 356,172 43,892 2000 Tax Allocation Bonds 2,075,000 - (75,000) 2,000,000 80,000 Loan Payable 65,000 - (65,000) - - - Net OPEB liability - 1,975,586 (424,124) 1,551,462 430,000 Total Governmental Funds \$ 3,226,243 \$ 2,640,221 \$ (1,197,603) \$ 4,668,861 \$ 630,015 Business-Type Activities: Compensated Absences \$ 37,995 \$ 42,763 \$ (41,443) \$ 39,315 \$ 3,932 2004 Water Revenue Bonds 8,190,000 - (220,000) 7,970,000 225,000 2009 Water Revenue Bonds - 43,405,000 - 43,405,000 - Total Proprietary Funds \$ 8,227,995 \$ 43,447,763 \$ (261,443) 51,414,315 \$ 228,932 Add: Unamortized bond premium(discount) (1,105,026) (1,105,026) (1,10		•	Additions	Deletions		
Capital Leases 398,017 - (41,845) 356,172 43,892 2000 Tax Allocation Bonds 2,075,000 - (75,000) 2,000,000 80,000 Loan Payable 65,000 - (65,000) - - - Net OPEB liability - 1,975,586 (424,124) 1,551,462 430,000 Total Governmental Funds \$ 3,226,243 \$ 2,640,221 \$ (1,197,603) \$ 4,668,861 \$ 630,015 Business-Type Activities: Compensated Absences \$ 37,995 \$ 42,763 \$ (41,443) \$ 39,315 \$ 3,932 2004 Water Revenue Bonds 8,190,000 - (220,000) 7,970,000 225,000 2009 Water Revenue Bonds - 43,405,000 - 43,405,000 - Total Proprietary Funds \$ 8,227,995 \$ 43,447,763 \$ (261,443) 51,414,315 \$ 228,932 Add: Unamortized bond premium(discount)	Governmental Activities:					
2000 Tax Allocation Bonds 2,075,000 - (75,000) 2,000,000 80,000 Loan Payable 65,000 - (65,000) - - - Net OPEB liability - 1,975,586 (424,124) 1,551,462 430,000 Total Governmental Funds \$ 3,226,243 \$ 2,640,221 \$ (1,197,603) \$ 4,668,861 \$ 630,015 Business-Type Activities: Compensated Absences \$ 37,995 \$ 42,763 \$ (41,443) \$ 39,315 \$ 3,932 2004 Water Revenue Bonds 8,190,000 - (220,000) 7,970,000 225,000 2009 Water Revenue Bonds - 43,405,000 - 43,405,000 - Total Proprietary Funds \$ 8,227,995 \$ 43,447,763 \$ (261,443) 51,414,315 \$ 228,932 Add: Unamortized bond premium(discount) (1,105,026) - (1,105,026) -	Compensated Absences	\$ 688,226	\$ 664,635	\$ (591,634)	\$ 761,227	\$ 76,123
Loan Payable 65,000 - (65,000) - <td>Capital Leases</td> <td>398,017</td> <td>-</td> <td>(41,845)</td> <td>356,172</td> <td>43,892</td>	Capital Leases	398,017	-	(41,845)	356,172	43,892
Net OPEB liability - 1,975,586 (424,124) 1,551,462 430,000 Total Governmental Funds \$ 3,226,243 \$ 2,640,221 \$ (1,197,603) \$ 4,668,861 \$ 630,015 Business-Type Activities: Compensated Absences \$ 37,995 \$ 42,763 \$ (41,443) \$ 39,315 \$ 3,932 2004 Water Revenue Bonds 8,190,000 - (220,000) 7,970,000 225,000 2009 Water Revenue Bonds - 43,405,000 - 43,405,000 - Total Proprietary Funds \$ 8,227,995 \$ 43,447,763 \$ (261,443) 51,414,315 \$ 228,932 Add: Unamortized bond premium(discount)	2000 Tax Allocation Bonds	2,075,000	-	(75,000)	2,000,000	80,000
Business-Type Activities: \$ 3,226,243 \$ 2,640,221 \$ (1,197,603) \$ 4,668,861 \$ 630,015 Compensated Absences \$ 37,995 \$ 42,763 \$ (41,443) \$ 39,315 \$ 3,932 2004 Water Revenue Bonds 8,190,000 - (220,000) 7,970,000 225,000 2009 Water Revenue Bonds - 43,405,000 - 43,405,000 - Total Proprietary Funds \$ 8,227,995 \$ 43,447,763 \$ (261,443) 51,414,315 \$ 228,932 Add: Unamortized bond premium(discount) (1,105,026) *** *** ***	Loan Payable	65,000	-	(65,000)	-	-
Business-Type Activities: Compensated Absences \$ 37,995 \$ 42,763 \$ (41,443) \$ 39,315 \$ 3,932 2004 Water Revenue Bonds 8,190,000 - (220,000) 7,970,000 225,000 2009 Water Revenue Bonds - 43,405,000 - 43,405,000 - Total Proprietary Funds \$ 8,227,995 \$ 43,447,763 \$ (261,443) 51,414,315 \$ 228,932 Add: Unamortized bond premium(discount) (1,105,026)	Net OPEB liability		1,975,586	(424,124)	1,551,462	430,000
Compensated Absences \$ 37,995 \$ 42,763 \$ (41,443) \$ 39,315 \$ 3,932 2004 Water Revenue Bonds 8,190,000 - (220,000) 7,970,000 225,000 2009 Water Revenue Bonds - 43,405,000 - 43,405,000 - Total Proprietary Funds \$ 8,227,995 \$ 43,447,763 \$ (261,443) 51,414,315 \$ 228,932 Add: Unamortized bond premium(discount) (1,105,026)	Total Governmental Funds	\$ 3,226,243	\$ 2,640,221	\$ (1,197,603)	\$ 4,668,861	\$ 630,015
2004 Water Revenue Bonds 8,190,000 - (220,000) 7,970,000 225,000 2009 Water Revenue Bonds - 43,405,000 - 43,405,000 - Total Proprietary Funds \$ 8,227,995 \$ 43,447,763 \$ (261,443) 51,414,315 \$ 228,932 Add: Unamortized bond premium(discount) (1,105,026)	Business-Type Activities:					
2009 Water Revenue Bonds - 43,405,000 - 43,405,000 - Total Proprietary Funds \$ 8,227,995 \$ 43,447,763 \$ (261,443) 51,414,315 \$ 228,932 Add: Unamortized bond premium(discount) (1,105,026)	Compensated Absences	\$ 37,995	\$ 42,763	\$ (41,443)	\$ 39,315	\$ 3,932
Total Proprietary Funds \$ 8,227,995 \$ 43,447,763 \$ (261,443) 51,414,315 \$ 228,932 Add: Unamortized bond premium(discount) (1,105,026) * * **	2004 Water Revenue Bonds	8,190,000	-	(220,000)	7,970,000	225,000
Add: Unamortized bond premium(discount) (1,105,026)	2009 Water Revenue Bonds		43,405,000		43,405,000	
	Total Proprietary Funds	\$ 8,227,995	\$ 43,447,763	\$ (261,443)	51,414,315	\$ 228,932
Net Proprietary Funds\$ 50,309,289_	Add: Unamortized bond premium(di	scount)			(1,105,026)	
	Net Proprietary Funds				\$ 50,309,289	

Note 6: Long-Term Debt (Continued)

b. Compensated Absences

The City's policies relating to compensated absences are described in Note 1 of the Notes to Financial Statements. The liability will be paid in future years as it becomes due by the General Fund.

c. Capital Lease

During fiscal year 2007–2008, the City entered into a \$495,173, ten-year equipment lease purchase agreement with Oshkosh Capital, for the purchase of a fire truck. The lease bears interest at a rate of 4.89%. The related asset has been capitalized in the government-wide financial statements in the equipment asset category. Amortization of the leased assets is included as part of depreciation expense. At June 30, 2009, the outstanding balance was \$356,172.

The annual requirements to amortize the capital lease as of June 30, 2009, including interest are as follows:

	Fire Truck Lease					
		Principal		Interest		
2009 - 2010	\$	43,892	\$	17,417		
2010 - 2011		46,038		15,271		
2011 - 2012		48,289		13,019		
2012 - 2013		50,650		10,658		
2013 - 2014		53,127		8,181		
2014 - 2019		114,176		8,441		
Total	\$	356,172	\$	72,987		

d. A description of individual issues of bonds (excluding defeased bonds) outstanding as of June 30, 2009, are as follows:

2000 Tax Allocation Bonds

In July 2000, the Agency issued \$2,600,000 in tax allocation bonds for the Downtown Revitalization Project No. 1, which mature annually from May 1, 2001 to May 1, 2025, in increasing amounts from \$55,000 to \$195,000, plus interest at 4.4% to 6.0%, payable semiannually on May 1 and November 1, commencing on November 1, 2000. Bonds are subject to redemption at the option of the Agency beginning May 1, 2010, at a price ranging from 102% to 100% of principal value. Debt service on the bonds is provided by incremental property tax revenues generated within the Downtown Redevelopment Project Area. At June 30, 2009, \$2,000,000 was outstanding.

The City has pledged a portion of future tax increment revenues to repay \$2,600,000 in tax allocation bonds issued in July of 2000. The bonds were issued to finance redevelopment activities within or of benefit to the project area. The bonds are payable solely from tax increment revenues. Tax increment revenues are projected to produce 147% of the debt services requirements over the life of the bonds. Total principal and interest requirements for the bonds is \$3,147,379 (\$2,075,000 principal, \$1,147,379 interest), payable semiannually through May 2025. For the current year, principal and interest paid and tax increment revenues received were \$195,758 and \$593,683.

Note 6: Long-Term Debt (Continued)

The annual requirements to amortize the outstanding bond indebtedness as of June 30, 2009, including interest are as follows:

	2000 Tax Allocation Bonds					
		Principal		Interest		
2009 - 2010	\$	80,000	\$	116,858		
2010 - 2011		85,000		112,658		
2011 - 2012		90,000		108,089		
2012 - 2013		95,000		103,139		
2013 - 2014		100,000		97,819		
2014 - 2019		585,000		396,416		
2019 - 2024		780,000		201,300		
2024 - 2029		185,000		11,100		
Total	\$	2,000,000	\$	1,147,379		

2004 Water Revenue Bonds

In June 2004, the California Statewide Communities Development Authority issued \$56,880,000 Water and Wastewater Revenue Bonds, 2004 Series A. The City of South Pasadena's portion of the proceeds of the bonds is \$8,800,000. The bonds were issued to finance certain capital improvements to the City's water system and to construct two water storage reservoirs. The bonds are secured by pledges of a Capital Improvement Program surcharge which is collected from each water bill.

Bond proceeds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants. In addition, funds have been restricted for future capital improvements by City resolution.

The bonds consisted of \$2,945,000 of serial bonds and \$5,855,000 of term bonds due October 1, 2029.

The serial bonds mature annually from October 1, 2004 to October 1, 2016, in increasing amounts from \$195,000 to \$310,000. The bonds bear interest at rates ranging from 1.5% to 5.0%. The term bonds mature on October 1, 2029, and carry an interest rate of 5.0%. Interest is payable semi-annually on April and October, commencing on October 1, 2004 and October 1, 2016, respectively.

The bonds are subject to optional redemption in whole or in part on or after October 1, 2013. On October 1, 2029, the bonds are subject to mandatory redemption which payments will become due. At June 30, 2009, \$7,970,000 was outstanding.

The City has pledged a portion of future Capital Improvement Program surcharge revenues to repay \$8,800,000 in Water and Wasterwater Revenue bonds issued in June of 2004. Projections of future Capital Improvement Program surcharge revenues are not available. Total principal and interest requirements for the bonds is \$12,960,700 (\$7,970,000 principal, \$4,990,700 interest), payable semiannually through October 2029. For the current year, principal and interest paid and Capital Improvement Program surcharge revenues received were \$629,650 and \$1,375,500.

Note 6: Long-Term Debt (Continued)

The annual requirements to amortize the outstanding bond indebtedness as of June 30, 2009, including interest are as follows:

	2004 Water Revenue Bonds				
		Principal		Interest	
2009 - 2010	\$	225,000	\$	396,800	
2010 - 2011		235,000		388,050	
2011 - 2012		245,000		377,225	
2012 - 2013		255,000		364,725	
2013 - 2014		270,000		351,600	
2014 - 2019		1,555,000		1,536,225	
2019 - 2024		2,005,000		1,074,994	
2024 - 2029		2,580,000		486,081	
2029 - 2034		600,000		15,000	
Total	\$	7,970,000	\$	4,990,700	

2009 Water Revenue Bonds

In May 2009, the South Pasadena Public Financing Authority issued \$43,405,000 Water and Wastewater Revenue Bonds. The bonds were issued to finance certain capital improvements to the City's water system and to construct two water storage reservoirs. The bonds are secured by pledges of system net revenue as described in the official statement.

Bond proceeds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants. In addition, funds have been restricted for future capital improvements by City resolution.

The bonds consisted of \$10,530,000 of serial bonds and \$32,875,000 of term bonds due October 1, 2039.

The serial bonds mature annually from October 1, 2013 to October 1, 2024, in increasing amounts from \$715,000 to \$1,090,000. The bonds bear interest at rates ranging from 3.000% to 4.625%. The term bonds mature on October 1, 2039, and carry interest rates ranging from 5.100% to 5.270%. Interest is payable semi-annually on April and October, commencing on October 1, 2013 and October 1, 2029, respectively.

The bonds are subject to optional redemption in whole or in part on or after October 1, 2019. On October 1, 2029, the bonds are subject to mandatory redemption which payments will become due. At June 30, 2009, \$43,405,000 was outstanding.

The City has committed to appropriate each year, from these resources amounts sufficient to cover the principal and interest requirements on the debt. Total principal and interest remaining on the debt is \$88,434,813 (\$43,365,000 principal, \$45,069,813 interest), payable semiannually through October 2039. For the current year, principal and interest paid and system net revenue received were \$0 and \$991,388.

Note 6: Long-Term Debt (Continued)

	2009 Water Revenue Bonds					
		Principal		Interest		
2009 - 2010	\$	-	\$	1,761,575		
2010 - 2011		-		2,045,700		
2011 - 2012		-		2,045,700		
2012 - 2013		-		2,045,700		
2013 - 2014		715,000		2,034,975		
2014 - 2019		3,955,000		9,819,263		
2019 - 2024		4,770,000		9,010,069		
2024 - 2029		6,030,000		7,765,456		
2029 - 2034		10,455,000		5,791,875		
2034 - 2039		14,190,000		2,667,250		
2039 - 2044		3,290,000		82,250		
Total	\$	43,405,000	\$	45,069,813		

e. Loan Payable

In fiscal year 2006-2007, the City entered into an agreement with the City of Bradbury in which the City of Bradbury advanced \$65,000 in Proposition A funds to the City of South Pasadena. The loan was repaid in full in current year.

f. Net OPEB Liability

The City's policies relating to OPEB are described in Note 8 of the Notes to Financial Statements. The liability will be paid in future years as it becomes due by the General Fund.

IV. OTHER INFORMATION

Note 7: City Employees Retirement Plan (Defined Benefit Pension Plan)

Plan Description

The City of South Pasadena contributes to the California Public Employees Retirement System (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. PERS acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public entities within the State of California. Benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by state statute and City ordinance. Copies of PERS' annual financial report may be obtained from their executive office located at 400 P Street, Sacramento, California 95814.

Funding Policy

Participants are required to contribute 7% (9% for safety employees) of their annual covered salary. The City makes the contributions required of City employees on their behalf and for their account. The City is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate; the current rate is 21.521% for miscellaneous employees and 12.454% for safety employees of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by PERS.

Note 7: City Employees Retirement Plan (Defined Benefit Pension Plan) (Continued)

Annual Pension Cost

For 2009, the City's annual pension cost of \$2,177,127 for PERS was equal to the City's required and actual contributions. The required contribution was determined as part of the June 30, 2007, actuarial valuation using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 7.75% investment rate of return (net of administration expenses), (b) projected annual salary increases that vary by duration of the service and (c) 3% per year cost-of-living adjustments. Both (a) and (b) included an inflation component of 3.0%. The actuarial value of PERS assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effect of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a three-year period (smoothed market value). PERS unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2009, was 30 years.

Three-Year Trend Information for PERS (Amounts in Thousands)

Fiscal Year	equired tributions	Percentage Contributed
6/30/2007	\$ 1,360	100%
6/30/2008	2,173	100%
6/30/2009	2,177	100%

For fiscal year 2008-2009, the City of South Pasadena participated in risk pooling. Risk pooling consists of combining assets and liabilities across employers to produce large groups where the impact of a catastrophic demographic event is shared among all employers of the same risk pool. Participation in risk pools is mandatory for all rate plans with less than 100 active members. Mandated participation in risk pools was initially based on the active membership of each rate plan as of June 30, 2003. The implementation of risk pools was done in a way that minimizes the impact on employer contribution rates. The first year in risk pools, the employer contribution rates are almost identical to what the rates would have been outside pools. Future rates will be based on the experience of each pool. Pooling will reduce the volatility of future employer rates. Mandated participation will occur on an annual basis. If on any valuation date starting with the June 30, 2003, valuation, a rate plan has less than 100 active members, it will be mandated in one of the risk pools effective on that valuation date.

Note 8: Other Post-Employment Employee Benefits

The City provides certain other postemployment benefits (OPEB) through a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan which provides health insurance for its retired employees according to the Personnel Rules and Regulations for each of the five employee groups. Benefit provisions are included annually in the Memorandum of Understanding between the City and each of its employee groups and ultimately passed by Council action. Separate financial statements for the plan are not available.

Note 8: Other Post-Employment Employee Benefits (Continued)

Funding Policy

The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by the City, City Council, and/or employee associations. Currently, contributions are not required from plan members. A contribution of \$424,124 was made during the 2008-2009 fiscal year in current premiums.

As a result, the City calculated and recorded a Net OPEB Liability, representing the difference between the Annual Required Contribution (ARC) and actual contributions, as presented below:

Annual required contribution (ARC) Adjustment to ARC	\$ 1,975,586 <u>-</u>
Annual OPEB Cost Contributions made	 1,975,586 (424,124)
(Decrease) increase in Net OPEB obligation Net OPEB obligation liability June 30, 2008	 1,551,462 -
Net OPEB obligation liability June 30, 2009	 1,551,462

The contribution rate of 21% is based on the ARC of \$1,975,586, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis is projected to cover the annual normal cost and the amortization of unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a twenty year period.

Annual OPEB Costs and Net OPEB Obligation (Asset)

For the fiscal year 2008-2009, the City's annual OPEB cost (expense) of \$1,975,586 was equal to the ARC. Since this fiscal year is the transition year, information on the annual OPEB cost, percentage of Annual OPEB cost contributed, and Net OPEB Obligation is only available for the current fiscal year, as presented below:

	Annual	Actual	Percentage of	Net OPEB
Fiscal Year	OPEB	Contribution (Net	Annual OPEB Cost	Obligation
End	Cost	of Adjustments)	Contributed	(Asset)
6/30/2009	\$ 1,975,586	\$ 424,124	21%	\$ 1,551,462

Funded Status and Funding Progress

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the City are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Note 8: Other Post-Employment Employee Benefits (Continued)

The schedule of funding progress below presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits. Only one year is presented as this is the first year of the plan.

						UAAL as	
	Actuarial	Actuarial	Unfunded			percent of	
Type of	Valuation	Value of	Actuarial	Funded	Covered	Covered	Interest
Valuation	Date	Assets	Accrued Liability	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll	Rate
Actual	1/1/2009	\$ -	\$ 18,580,256	0.0%	\$ 9,393,343	198%	4.00%

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in the actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the January 1, 2009, actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions include a 4.0% investment rate of return, which is a blended rate of the expected long-term investment return on plan assets and on the employer's own investments calculated based on the funded level of the plan at the valuation date, and annual healthcare cost trend rate of 7.5% beginning January 1, 2009, and reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 4.5% after 68 years. The actuarial value of assets is set equal to the reported market value of assets. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2009, was 20 years. The number of active participants is 263.

Note 9: Self-Insurance Program

a. Description of Self-Insurance Pool Pursuant to Joint Powers Agreement

City of South Pasadena is a member of the CALIFORNIA JOINT POWERS INSURANCE AUTHORITY (Authority). The Authority is composed of 122 California public entities and is organized under a joint powers agreement pursuant to California Government Code §6500 et seq. The purpose of the Authority is to arrange and administer programs for the pooling of self-insured losses, to purchase excess insurance or reinsurance, and to arrange for group purchased insurance for property and other coverages. The Authority's pool began covering claims of its members in 1978. Each member government has an elected official as its representative on the Board of Directors. The Board operates through a 9-member Executive Committee.

b. Self-Insurance Programs of the Authority

General Liability

Each member government pays a primary deposit to cover estimated losses for a fiscal year (claims year). After the close of a fiscal year, outstanding claims are valued. A retrospective deposit computation is then made for each open claims year. Claims are pooled separately between police and non-police. Costs are allocated to members by the following methods within each of the four layers of

Note 9: Self-Insurance Program (Continued)

coverage: (1) the first \$30,000 of each occurrence is charged directly to the member's primary deposit; (2) costs from \$30,000 to \$750,000 and the loss development reserves associated with losses up to \$750,000 are pooled based on the member's share of losses under \$30,000; (3) losses from \$750,000 to \$2,000,000 and the associated loss development reserves are pooled based on payroll; (4a) costs of covered claims from \$2,000,000 to \$50,000,000 are paid under reinsurance and excess insurance policies (4b) subject to a \$3,000,000 annual aggregate deductible (4c) and a quota-sharing agreement whereby the Authority is financially responsible for 40% of losses occurring within the \$2,000,000 to \$10,000,000 layer. The costs associated with 4a-c are estimated using actuarial models and pre-funded as part of the primary and retrospective deposits.

The overall policy limit for each member including all layers of coverage is \$50,000,000 per occurrence. Costs of covered claims for subsidence losses are paid by excess insurance with the following sub-limits per member: \$25,000,000 per occurrence with a \$15,000,000 annual aggregate.

Workers' Compensation

City of South Pasadena also participates in the workers' compensation pool administered by the Authority. Each member pays a primary deposit to cover estimated losses for a fiscal year (claims year). After the close of a fiscal year, outstanding claims are valued. A retrospective deposit computation is then made for each open claims year. Claims are pooled separately between public safety and non-public safety. Costs are allocated to members by the following methods within each of the four layers of coverage: (1) the first \$50,000 of each loss is charged directly to the member's primary deposit; (2) losses from \$50,000 to \$100,000 and the loss development reserve associated with losses up to \$100,000 are pooled based on the member's share of losses under \$50,000; (3) losses from \$100,000 to \$2,000,000 and the loss development reserves associated with those losses are pooled based on payroll; (4) losses from \$2,000,000 up to statutory limits are paid under an excess insurance policy. Protection is provided per statutory liability under California Workers' Compensation law.

Employer's Liability losses are pooled among members to \$2,000,000, coverage from \$2,000,000 to \$4,000,000 is purchased as part of an excess insurance policy, and losses from \$4,000,000 to \$10,000,000 are pooled among members.

c. Purchased Insurance

Property Insurance

City of South Pasadena participates in the all-risk property protection program of the Authority. This insurance protection is underwritten by several insurance companies. City of South Pasadena property is currently insured according to a schedule of covered property submitted by City of South Pasadena to the Authority. City of South Pasadena property currently has all-risk property insurance protection in the amount of \$36,139,996. There is a \$5,000 deductible per occurrence except for non-emergency vehicle insurance which has a \$1,000 deductible. Premiums for the coverage are paid annually and are not subject to retroactive adjustments.

Note 9: Self-Insurance Program (Continued)

Crime Insurance

City of South Pasadena purchases crime insurance coverage in the amount of \$1,000,000 with a \$2,500 deductible. The fidelity coverage is provided through the Authority. Premiums are paid annually and are not subject to retroactive adjustments.

d. Adequacy of Protection

During the past three fiscal (claims) years, none of the above programs of protection have had settlements or judgments that exceeded pooled or insured coverage. There have been no significant reductions in pooled or insured liability coverage from coverage in the prior year.

e. Rights and Responsibilities

The city is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions; automobile liability and accident claims, injuries to employees (workers' compensation); and natural disasters.

Note 10: Contingencies

The City is presently involved in certain matters of litigation that have arisen in the normal course of conducting City business. City management believes, based upon consultation with the City Attorney, that these cases, in the aggregate, are not expected to result in a material adverse financial impact on the City beyond that already accrued for in the basic financial statements. Additionally, City management believes that sufficient resources are available to the City to cover any potential losses, should an unfavorable outcome materialize.

Note 11: Fund Equity and Net Assets

Beginning fund balance has been restated as follows:

Major governmental funds: General Fund	
To correct prior year revenues not accrued	\$ 61,144
To correct prior year accounts receivable	(26,620)
To record revenues related to prior years in the correct fund	(12,268)
To correct prior year payroll liability	9,252
Total fund balance restatements	31,508
Business-type activities: Water Fund	
To write off receivables for collections in the prior year	(73,219)
Total business-type activities	(73,219)
Total net asset restatements	\$ (41,711)

Note 12: Subsequent Events

SERAF Tax Increment Revenue Shift for fiscal year 2009-2010 and 2010-2011

On July 23, 2009, the California Legislature passed SB 26, requiring a shift in tax increment revenues during fiscal years 2009-2010 and 2010-2011 to be deposited into the county "Supplemental" Educational Revenue Augmentation Fund (SERAF) and which is to be distributed to meet the State's Prop 98 obligations to schools. It is estimated that the Agency's share of the SERAF shift for fiscal year 2009-2010 and 2010-2011, will amount to approximately \$215,897 and \$44,449, respectively. In October 2009, the California Redevelopment Association and its member agencies filed a legal action in an attempt to stop these amounts from having to be paid. As of the date of this report, no legal determination has been made by the courts on that action.

Local Government Revenues Withheld by the State of California

On July 24, 2009 the legislation approved the "borrowing" of up to 8 percent of the local property tax under Proposition 1A (2004). The City is a participant in the Proposition 1A Securitization Program offered by California Communities, a joint powers authority sponsored by the League of California Cities and California State Association of Counties. California Communities sold bonds on November 10, 2009 securitizing the future payments by the State and remit the proceeds of the bonds to the local governments who opt to participate in the program. The purchase price paid on the sale of the City's receivable is 100% or \$800,943. Participants of the Securitization program have no obligation on the bonds and no credit exposure to the State. Distribution of the proceeds to the participants is expected 50% on January 15, 2010 and 50% on May 3, 2010.

Land Purchases

Subsequent to June 30, 2009, South Pasadena Redevelopment Agency purchased land back from Decoma LLC on 8/19/2009. Decoma LLC originally purchased the land from the RDA to develop the property into a low income development.

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds - to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than Capital Projects Funds) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. Funds included are:

MTA Pedestrian Improvement - To account or MTA grants used for the Fair Oaks / Mission pedestrian improvement projects which include pedestrian accessibility widen bikeways, landscaping, lighting modification and aesthetics.

CALTRANS Gold Line Parking - to account for State funds used for the Gold Line/Blue line parking structure project.

Traffic Improvement Fund - to account for grant funds used for traffic congestion improvements on Fair Oaks Street and our other busiest intersections.

Proposition "A" - to account for all revenues and expenditures associated with the .5% sales tax approved by Proposition A in 1980. All revenues of this fund must be expended for transportation-related items as established by the Los Angeles County Transportation Commission.

Proposition "C" - to account for all revenues and expenditures associated with the .5% sales tax approved by Proposition C in 1990. All revenues of this fund must be expended for transportation-related items as established by the Los Angeles County Transportation Commission.

ISTEA/ Metro Fund - to account for project funds received from the federal government for restoration and paving projects.

Gold Line Betterments Fund - to account for Grant funds used for the Gold Line Station improvements.

Sewer - to account for the provision of sewer construction, maintenance and operation services to residents of the City.

CTC Traffic Improvement Grant - to account for State grant funds used for traffic congestion improvements.

Street Lighting/Landscaping - to account for the costs associated with the City's street lighting and median landscaping programs. These costs are deemed to benefit all property owners who are assessed their proportionate share of the costs. These assessments are placed on the property tax bill and collected and remitted to the City by the County of Los Angeles.

Clean Air Act - to account for all revenues and expenditures associated with AB2766. All revenues and expenditures of this fund must be expended for air quality improvement projects as established by the South Coast Air Quality Management District.

Parking and Business Improvement - to account for taxes collected by the City from business licensees for the purpose of promoting retail business activities.

MTA Circulator Bus Purchase Grant Fund - to account for Grant Funds to fund the purchase of circulator gold link buses or trolleys.

Gold Line Mitigation – to account for revenues relating to potential settlement funds from the Construction Authority and the resulting construction related expenditures.

Special Revenue Funds (Continued)

Mission Oaks Parking - to account for assessments from members of the Mission Oaks Parking district expended for parking improvements.

Mission Meridian Public Garage - to account for revenues and expenditures relating to the city's share of the general operation of the Mission Meridian Public Garage.

State Gas Tax - to account for all state gas tax related revenues and expenditures, including street repair, reconstruction and maintenance. State law requires these gasoline taxes to be used to maintain the City's street and highway system.

State Prop 40 Bond - to account for State Prop 40 funds used for the improvements in park landscape architecture.

County Park Bond Fund - to account for Prop A Safe Neighborhood Park Propositions of 1992 and 1996 County Park Bond funds used for park playground and picnic area improvements.

State Park Bond Fund - to account for State park bond funds (Prop 12) used for the improvements in park playground and restrooms.

Bike and Pedestrian Paths - to account for SCAG administered local transportation funds of the County, TDA Article 3 used for the improvement of the City's bike and pedestrian pathways.

Capital Growth Requirement - to account for fees paid to the City for building development to be applied towards the costs of public facilities improvements.

CDBG - to account for Community Development Block Grants used for various CDBG projects in the City.

Asset Forfeiture - to account for proceeds received from forfeiture in narcotics investigations allocated for law enforcement activities.

Federal Police Grant - to account for the Local Law Enforcement Block Grant funds used to underwrite projects that reduce crime and improve public safety in the City.

CLEEP - to account for the California Law Enforcement Equipment Program grant used for the acquisition of high technology equipment in Public Safety.

Public Library Grant - to account for State PLF allocations used to fund the purchase of updated computers and equipment.

Proposition 1B Street and Road Improvements (200) – to account for resources originating with the November 2006 voter-approved measure that enabled the State of California to issue \$19.9 billion in bonds for highway safety, traffic reduction, port security and air quality.

State Police Grant - to account for State COPS funds restricted for enhancing front line police operations

Homeland Security (274) – to account for Homeland Security grants from the Federal Government for local preparedness.

Park Impact Fees (275) – to account for impact fees collected for development to address increased use of City's park facilities.

99 Pasadena Avenue (290) - to account for the proceeds of the sale of City owned land.

Capital Projects Funds

Capital Projects Funds - to account for financial resources the be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities. Funds included are:

Community Redevelopment Agency Capital Projects Fund – To account for the costs associated with the implementation of separate redevelopment projects and required 20% set aside of tax increment revenues for low and moderate income housing.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2009

	Special Revenue Funds							
	MTA Pedestrian Improvement		Caltrans Gold Line Grant		Traffic Improvement		Proposition "A"	
Assets: Pooled cash and investments	\$		\$		\$	110,740	\$	
Receivables:	Ф	-	Ф	-	Ф	110,740	Ф	-
Accounts		_		_		_		147
Taxes		-		_		-		-
Accrued interest		-		-		-		-
Due from other governments		221,617		-		-		-
Restricted assets: Cash and investments with fiscal agents		-		_				
Total Assets	\$	221,617	\$		\$	110,740	\$	147
Liabilities and Fund Balances: Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	50,110	\$	-	\$	-	\$	29,195
Accrued liabilities		-		-		-		7,779
Deferred revenues		221,617		-		-		-
Unearned revenues		-		-		-		-
Deposits payable		-		-		-		-
Due to other funds		338,619		-		-		212,903
Advances from other funds								
Total Liabilities		610,346						249,877
Fund Balances:								
Reserved: Reserved for encumbrances		-		-		-		-
Unreserved: Designated for capital improvement projects								
Designated for low and moderate housing		_		_		_		_
Designated for debt service		_		_		_		_
Undesignated		(388,729)				110,740		(249,730)
Total Fund Balances		(388,729)				110,740		(249,730)
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	221,617	\$		\$	110,740	\$	147

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2009

(Continued)

	Special Revenue Funds									
	Proposition "C"		IST	ISTEA/METRO		Gold Line Betterments		Sewer		
Assets:	Φ.	004 440		007.005		44.040	Φ.	400.054		
Pooled cash and investments Receivables:	\$	381,440	\$	337,905	\$	14,913	\$	428,054		
Accounts		-		-		-		9,391		
Taxes		-		-		-		- 4 475		
Accrued interest Due from other governments		1,273		-		-		1,475		
Restricted assets:										
Cash and investments with fiscal agents										
Total Assets	\$	382,713	\$	337,905	\$	14,913	\$	438,920		
Liabilities and Fund Balances: Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$	31,733	\$	-	\$	-	\$	80,633		
Accrued liabilities	•	3,988	•	-	•	-	•	6,250		
Deferred revenues		-		-		-		-		
Unearned revenues Deposits payable		-		-		-		-		
Due to other funds		_		-		_		-		
Advances from other funds										
Total Liabilities		35,721						86,883		
Fund Balances:										
Reserved:										
Reserved for encumbrances Unreserved:		-		-		-		109,284		
Designated for capital improvement projects		_		-		_		_		
Designated for low and moderate housing		-		-		-		-		
Designated for debt service Undesignated		- 346,992		- 337,905		- 14,913		- 242,753		
Ondesignated		340,992		337,903		14,913		242,733		
Total Fund Balances		346,992		337,905		14,913		352,037		
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	382,713	\$	337,905	\$	14,913	\$	438,920		

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2009

	Special Revenue Funds								
	CTC Traffic Improvement Grant		Street Lighting		_ Cle	an Air Act	В	rking and usiness rovement	
Assets: Pooled cash and investments	\$	640,823	\$	171 120	\$	25 447	\$	76 446	
Receivables:	Ф	040,023	Φ	171,130	Ф	25,417	Ф	76,446	
Accounts		-		28,924		_		-	
Taxes		-		-		-		-	
Accrued interest		-		-		72		-	
Due from other governments Restricted assets:		-		-		58,063		-	
Cash and investments with fiscal agents									
Total Assets	\$	640,823	\$	200,054	\$	83,552	\$	76,446	
Liabilities and Fund Balances: Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	70,371	\$	-	\$	264	
Accrued liabilities		-		2,951		-		-	
Deferred revenues Unearned revenues		- 598,250		-		-		-	
Deposits payable		-		_		_		_	
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-	
Advances from other funds									
Total Liabilities		598,250		73,322				264	
Fund Balances:									
Reserved:				00.004		F0 F07			
Reserved for encumbrances Unreserved:		-		68,661		53,597		-	
Designated for capital improvement projects		-		-		_		-	
Designated for low and moderate housing		-		-		-		-	
Designated for debt service Undesignated		- 42,573		- 58,071		- 29,955		- 76,182	
Ondesignated	-	42,373		30,071	-	29,900		70,102	
Total Fund Balances		42,573		126,732		83,552		76,182	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	640,823	\$	200,054	\$	83,552	\$	76,446	

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2009

(Continued)

	Special Revenue Funds								
	MTA Circulator Bus Purchase Grant					sion Oaks arking	N	Mission Ieridian Ilic Garage	
Assets:	Φ.		Φ.	004 005	Φ	0.440	Φ		
Pooled cash and investments Receivables:	\$	-	\$	281,385	\$	2,146	\$	-	
Accounts		-		_		_		_	
Taxes		-		-		-		-	
Accrued interest		-		-		7		-	
Due from other governments Restricted assets:		-		-		-		-	
Cash and investments with fiscal agents									
Total Assets	\$		\$	281,385	\$	2,153	\$		
Liabilities and Fund Balances: Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	2,620	\$	1,920	\$	1,779	
Accrued liabilities	•	-	•	-,	*	-	•	-	
Deferred revenues		-		-		-		-	
Unearned revenues Deposits payable		-		-		-		-	
Due to other funds		65,386		-		-		109,998	
Advances from other funds		-							
Total Liabilities		65,386		2,620		1,920		111,777	
Fund Balances:									
Reserved:				75.440					
Reserved for encumbrances Unreserved:		-		75,418		-		-	
Designated for capital improvement projects		-		_		-		-	
Designated for low and moderate housing		-		-		-		-	
Designated for debt service Undesignated		- (65,386)		- 203,347		233		- (111,777)	
-		, , , , ,						<u> </u>	
Total Fund Balances		(65,386)		278,765		233		(111,777)	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$		\$	281,385	\$	2,153	\$		

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2009

	Special Revenue Funds							
	State Gas Tax			ate Prop 40 County Park Bond Bond		State Park Bond		
Assets:	Φ.	504.040	Φ.		Φ.		Φ.	
Pooled cash and investments Receivables:	\$	534,812	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Accounts		-		-		-		-
Taxes Accrued interest		- 1,530		-		-		-
Due from other governments		52,056		-		-		-
Restricted assets:								
Cash and investments with fiscal agents			-					
Total Assets	\$	588,398	\$		\$		\$	
Liabilities and Fund Balances: Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	7,339	\$	-	\$	13,899	\$	-
Accrued liabilities Deferred revenues		6,602		-		-		-
Unearned revenues		-		-		-		-
Deposits payable		-		-		7.540		-
Due to other funds Advances from other funds		-		-		7,542		-
							-	
Total Liabilities		13,941				21,441		
Fund Balances:								
Reserved:		00.450						
Reserved for encumbrances Unreserved:		60,458		-		-		-
Designated for capital improvement projects		-		-		-		-
Designated for low and moderate housing		-		-		-		-
Designated for debt service Undesignated		513,999		<u>-</u>		(21,441)		
Total Fund Balances		574,457				(21,441)		
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	588,398	\$		\$		\$	-

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2009

(Continued)

	Special Revenue Funds								
	Bike and Pedestrian Paths		(Capital Growth Requirements C.D			Asset Forfeiture		
Assets:	c	22.405	Φ	004.074	œ.		æ	20.045	
Pooled cash and investments Receivables:	\$	23,405	\$	204,074	\$	-	\$	20,045	
Accounts		_		-		74		_	
Taxes		-		-		-		-	
Accrued interest		62		663		-		67	
Due from other governments Restricted assets:		-		-		37,462		-	
Cash and investments with fiscal agents		_		_		_		_	
each and investments with head agents	-								
Total Assets	\$	23,467	\$	204,737	\$	37,536	\$	20,112	
Liabilities and Fund Balances: Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$	17,553	\$	61,598	\$	15,757	\$	-	
Accrued liabilities Deferred revenues		-		-		-		-	
Unearned revenues		_		_		-		_	
Deposits payable		_		_		3,253		_	
Due to other funds		-		_		18,526		_	
Advances from other funds				_				_	
Total Liabilities		17,553		61,598		37,536			
Fund Balances:									
Reserved:				22.050					
Reserved for encumbrances Unreserved:		-		32,950		-		-	
Designated for capital improvement projects		_		-		-		-	
Designated for low and moderate housing		-		-		-		-	
Designated for debt service		-		-		-		<u>-</u>	
Undesignated		5,914		110,189				20,112	
Total Fund Balances		5,914		143,139				20,112	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	23,467	\$	204,737	\$	37,536	\$	20,112	

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2009

	Special Revenue Funds							
	Federal Police Grants			Public Libra CLEEP Grant		_	y Prop 1B Local Return	
Assets: Pooled cash and investments	c	2.000	œ	4.054	œ	11 751	ф.	752.040
Receivables:	\$	3,999	\$	4,851	\$	11,754	\$	753,840
Accounts		_		_		264		_
Taxes		-		_				-
Accrued interest		13		16		-		-
Due from other governments		-		-		-		-
Restricted assets:								
Cash and investments with fiscal agents								
Total Assets	\$	4,012	\$	4,867	\$	12,018	\$	753,840
Liabilities and Fund Balances: Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,233	\$	-
Accrued liabilities		-		-		-		-
Deferred revenues Unearned revenues		-		-		-		-
Deposits payable		_		_		_		_
Due to other funds		_		_		_		_
Advances from other funds		-						
Total Liabilities						5,233		
Fund Balances:								
Reserved: Reserved for encumbrances								757 270
Unreserved:		-		-		-		757,279
Designated for capital improvement projects		_		_		_		-
Designated for low and moderate housing		-		-		-		-
Designated for debt service		-		-		-		-
Undesignated		4,012		4,867		6,785		(3,439)
Total Fund Balances		4,012		4,867		6,785		753,840
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	4,012	\$	4,867	\$	12,018	\$	753,840

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2009

(Continued)

	Special Revenue Funds								
		ate Police Grant		Homeland Security Grant		Park Impact Fees		99 Pasadena Avenue	
Assets: Pooled cash and investments	\$ 238,067		\$ -		\$ 83,068		\$	1 150 266	
Receivables:	Ф	230,007	Ф	-	Φ	03,000	Φ	1,159,366	
Accounts		-		-		-		-	
Taxes		-		-		-		-	
Accrued interest		765		-		-		3,900	
Due from other governments Restricted assets:		1,390		-		-		-	
Cash and investments with fiscal agents				_		_		_	
Total Assets	\$	240,222	\$		\$	83,068	\$	1,163,266	
Liabilities and Fund Balances:									
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$	62,110	\$	66,426	\$	17	\$	-	
Accrued liabilities Deferred revenues		-		-		-		-	
Unearned revenues		-		-		-		-	
Deposits payable		_		-		_		_	
Due to other funds		-		25,011		-		-	
Advances from other funds									
Total Liabilities		62,110		91,437		17			
Fund Balances:									
Reserved:									
Reserved for encumbrances		37,312		-		-		-	
Unreserved:									
Designated for capital improvement projects Designated for low and moderate housing		-		-		-		-	
Designated for debt service		_		-		_		_	
Undesignated		140,800		(91,437)		83,051		1,163,266	
Total Fund Balances		178,112		(91,437)		83,051		1,163,266	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	240,222	\$		\$	83,068	\$	1,163,266	

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2009

	Capital Projects Funds			
	Community Redevelopment Agency			Total vernmental Funds
Assets: Pooled cash and investments	\$	3,112,475	\$	8,620,155
Receivables:	Ψ	3,112,473	Ψ	0,020,133
Accounts		_		38,800
Taxes		466		466
Accrued interest		11,650		21,493
Due from other governments		-		370,588
Restricted assets:				
Cash and investments with fiscal agents		199,586		199,586
Total Assets	<u>\$</u>	3,324,177	\$	9,251,088
Liabilities and Fund Balances:				
Liabilities:	•	0.000	•	504.000
Accounts payable	\$	3,263	\$	521,820
Accrued liabilities Deferred revenues		3,110		30,680 221,617
Unearned revenues		-		598,250
Deposits payable		_		3,253
Due to other funds		_		777,985
Advances from other funds		253,250		253,250
Total Liabilities		259,623		2,406,855
Fund Balances:				
Reserved:				
Reserved for encumbrances		-		1,194,959
Unreserved:				
Designated for capital improvement projects		2,315,250		2,315,250
Designated for low and moderate housing		549,718		549,718
Designated for debt service Undesignated		199,586 		199,586 2,584,720
Total Fund Balances		3,064,554	_	6,844,233
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	<u> </u>	3,324,177	\$	9,251,088
	<u> </u>	-,,		-,,

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Special Revenue Funds					
	MTA Pedestrian Improvement	Caltrans Gold Line Grant	•			
Revenues:	•	•	•	A 070 404		
Taxes Assessments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 372,491		
Licenses and permits	_	-	-	-		
Intergovernmental	582,076	_	219,479	_		
Charges for services	-	-	-	2,766		
Use of money and property	-	-	-	-		
Contributions	-	-	-	-		
Miscellaneous				10,631		
Total Revenues	582,076		219,479	385,888		
Expenditures:						
Current:				400 400		
General government Public safety	-	-	-	188,438		
Community services	_	-	-	- 295,437		
Public works	_	_	-	-		
Capital outlay	360,459	-	-	-		
Debt service:						
Principal retirement	-	-	-	65,000		
Interest and fiscal charges						
Total Expenditures	360,459			548,875		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	221,617	_	219,479	(162,987)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers in	_	_	_	-		
Transfers out		(273)				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(273)	<u>-</u> _	<u>-</u> _		
Net Change in Fund Balances	221,617	(273)	219,479	(162,987)		
Fund Palaneon Paginning of Verr	(640.246)	272	(400 720)	(06.742)		
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	(610,346)	273	(108,739)	(86,743)		
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ (388,729)	\$ -	\$ 110,740	\$ (249,730)		

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

(Continued)

	Special Revenue Funds						
	Pro	pposition "C"	ISTE	EA/METRO		old Line terments	Sewer
Revenues:		040.057			_		
Taxes Assessments	\$	310,057	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Licenses and permits		_		-		-	_
Intergovernmental		-		329,213		-	-
Charges for services		- 0.000		-		-	555,371
Use of money and property Contributions		8,226		-		-	9,989
Miscellaneous		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u>-</u>	960
Total Revenues		318,283		329,213			566,320
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government		34,106		-		-	-
Public safety Community services		- 159,809		-		-	-
Public works		-		_		_	388,235
Capital outlay		29,586		2,150		-	164,074
Debt service:							
Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges		-		-		-	-
Total Expenditures		223,501		2,150		_	552,309
Fueros (Defisiones) of Devenues							
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		94,782		327,063			 14,011
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers in		-		-		-	-
Transfers out			-			-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Net Change in Fund Balances		94,782		327,063			 14,011
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		252,210		10,842		14,913	 338,026
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	346,992	\$	337,905	\$	14,913	\$ 352,037

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Special Revenue Funds							
	Impro	CTC Traffic Improvement Street Grant Lighting		Clean Air Act		Parking and Business Improvement		
Revenues:	•		•		•			
Taxes	\$	-	\$	- 005 515	\$	-	\$	144,401
Assessments Licenses and permits		-		885,515		-		_
Intergovernmental		_		-		79,964		_
Charges for services		-		-		-		-
Use of money and property		-		-		1,062		-
Contributions		-		11,050		-		_
Miscellaneous		-		22,662				-
Total Revenues				919,227		81,026		144,401
Expenditures:								
Current:						0.074		440.050
General government		-		-		8,071		146,858
Public safety Community services		-		-		-		_
Public works		_		844,601		_		_
Capital outlay		-		8,800		120,721		-
Debt service:				·		•		
Principal retirement		-		-		-		-
Interest and fiscal charges								
Total Expenditures				853,401		128,792		146,858
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures				65,826		(47,766)		(2,457)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers in		-		-		-		-
Transfers out								
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		_		_		_		_
· ,								
Net Change in Fund Balances				65,826		(47,766)		(2,457)
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		42,573		60,906		131,318		78,639
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	42,573	\$	126,732	\$	83,552	\$	76,182

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

(Continued)

	Special Revenue Funds					
	MTA Circulator Bus Purchase Grant	Gold Line Mitigation	Mission Oaks Parking	Mission Meridian Public Garage		
Revenues:	•	•	Φ.	•		
Taxes Assessments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Licenses and permits	-	-	-	-		
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-		
Charges for services	-	-	-	13,549		
Use of money and property	-	-	24	-		
Contributions Miscellaneous	-	-	- 9,595	- 10		
Miscellarieous			9,090			
Total Revenues			9,619	13,559		
Expenditures:						
Current: General government	_	_	_	74,494		
Public safety	_	- -	- -	74,494		
Community services	-	-	-	-		
Public works	-	-	7,094	-		
Capital outlay	41,250	30,576	-	-		
Debt service: Principal retirement						
Interest and fiscal charges		<u> </u>	<u> </u>			
Total Expenditures	41,250	30,576	7,094	74,494		
Former (Deficiency) of December						
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(41,250)	(30,576)	2,525	(60,935)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers in	-	-	-	273		
Transfers out						
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				273		
Net Change in Fund Balances	(41,250)	(30,576)	2,525	(60,662)		
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	(24,136)	309,341	(2,292)	(51,115)		
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ (65,386)	\$ 278,765	\$ 233	\$ (111,777)		

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Special Revenue Funds					
	State Gas Tax	State Prop 40 Bond	County Park Bond	State Park Bond		
Revenues: Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Assessments	-	-	-	-		
Licenses and permits	-	-	-	-		
Intergovernmental Charges for services	638,419	-	-	-		
Use of money and property	9,424	- -	-	-		
Contributions	-	-	-	-		
Miscellaneous						
Total Revenues	647,843					
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government Public safety	-	-	-	-		
Community services	-	-	-	-		
Public works	406,071	-	21,337	-		
Capital outlay Debt service:	80	-	13,404	-		
Principal retirement	-	-	_	_		
Interest and fiscal charges						
Total Expenditures	406,151		34,741			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	241,692		(34,741)			
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers in	-	-	-	18,388		
Transfers out		(7,097)				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	(7,097)	_	18,388		
(3333)		(1,001)		10,000		
Net Change in Fund Balances	241,692	(7,097)	(34,741)	18,388		
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	332,765	7,097	13,300	(18,388)		
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 574,457	\$ -	\$ (21,441)	\$ -		

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

(Continued)

	Special Revenue Funds						
	Bike and Pedestrian Paths	Capital Growth Requirements	C.D.B.G.	Asset Forfeiture			
Revenues:							
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			
Assessments	-	-	-	-			
Licenses and permits Intergovernmental	- 5,958	-	- 135,229	- 2,964			
Charges for services	5,956	35,652	133,229	2,904			
Use of money and property	506	5,271	-	464			
Contributions	-	-	-	-			
Miscellaneous		<u> </u>	4,490				
Total Revenues	6,464	40,923	139,719	3,428			
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government	-	-	-	-			
Public safety	-	-	-	-			
Community services Public works	-	-	30,613	-			
Capital outlay	_	132,251	99,512	_			
Debt service:		102,201	00,012				
Principal retirement	-	-	-	-			
Interest and fiscal charges							
Total Expenditures		132,251	130,125				
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures	6,464	(91,328)	9,594	3,428			
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers in	-	-	-	-			
Transfers out							
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			<u>-</u>				
Net Change in Fund Balances	6,464	(91,328)	9,594	3,428			
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	(550)	234,467	(9,594)	16,684			
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 5,914	\$ 143,139	\$ -	\$ 20,112			

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Special Revenue Funds				
	Federal Poli Grants	ce	CLEEP	Public Librar Grant	y Prop 1B Local Return
Revenues:					_
Taxes	\$	- ;	\$ -	\$	- \$ -
Assessments		-	-		
Licenses and permits Intergovernmental		-	-	8,782	- 2 383,908
Charges for services		-	-	0,702	
Use of money and property	ç	96	116		- -
Contributions		-	-		
Miscellaneous			_		<u> </u>
Total Revenues		96	116	8,782	2 383,908
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government		-	_		
Public safety		-	-		
Community services		-	-	8,452	-
Public works		-	-		- -
Capital outlay		-	-		- 45,429
Debt service:					
Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges		-	-		-
interest and fiscal charges		<u> </u>		-	<u> </u>
Total Expenditures		<u> </u>		8,452	2 45,429
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures		96	116	330	338,479
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers in		_	_		_
Transfers out		-	-		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		<u> </u>			<u> </u>
Net Change in Fund Balances		96	116	330	338,479
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	3,91	16	4,751	6,45	5 415,361
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 4,01		\$ 4,867	\$ 6,78	
i ana Dalanoco, Ena di 16ai	7,0	<u> </u>	,001	Ψ 0,70.	γ 100,040

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

(Continued)

	Special Revenue Funds						
	State Police Grant	Homeland Security Grant	Park Impact Fees	99 Pasadena Avenue			
Revenues:	•	•		•			
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			
Assessments Licenses and permits	-	-	83,002	-			
Intergovernmental	76,390	4,026	-	_			
Charges for services	-	-	-	_			
Use of money and property	5,288	-	-	28,036			
Contributions	-	-	-	-			
Miscellaneous							
Total Revenues	81,678	4,026	83,002	28,036			
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government	-	-	-	-			
Public safety Community services	105,338	95,463	-	-			
Public works	-	-	-	-			
Capital outlay	- -	-	-	<u>-</u>			
Debt service:							
Principal retirement	-	-	-	-			
Interest and fiscal charges							
Total Expenditures	105,338	95,463					
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures	(23,660)	(91,437)	83,002	28,036			
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers in	-	-	-	-			
Transfers out							
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>-</u>	_	-	-			
(,							
Net Change in Fund Balances	(23,660)	(91,437)	83,002	28,036			
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	201,772		49	1,135,230			
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 178,112	\$ (91,437)	\$ 83,051	\$ 1,163,266			

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Capital Projects Funds	
	Community Redevelopment Agency	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues: Taxes Assessments Licenses and permits Intergovernmental Charges for services Use of money and property Contributions Miscellaneous	\$ 593,683 - - - - 77,703 - -	\$ 1,420,632 885,515 83,002 2,466,408 607,338 146,205 11,050 48,348
Total Revenues	671,386	5,668,498
Expenditures: Current: General government Public safety Community services Public works Capital outlay Debt service: Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges Total Expenditures Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	234,316 - - - - 75,000 120,758 430,074	686,283 200,801 494,311 1,667,338 1,048,292 140,000 120,758 4,357,783
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out	- -	18,661 (7,370)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		11,291
Net Change in Fund Balances	241,312	1,322,006
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	2,823,242	5,522,227
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 3,064,554	\$ 6,844,233

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE MTA PEDESTRIAN IMPROVEMENT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Budget A	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ (610,346)	\$ (610,346)	\$ (610,346)	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Intergovernmental	300,000	300,000	582,076	282,076
Amounts Available for Appropriation	(310,346)	(310,346)	(28,270)	282,076
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Capital outlay	52,964	52,964	360,459	(307,495)
Total Charges to Appropriations	52,964	52,964	360,459	(307,495)
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ (363,310)	\$ (363,310)	\$ (388,729)	\$ (25,419)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE PROPOSITION "A" YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Budget /	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ (86,743)	\$ (86,743)	\$ (86,743)	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Taxes	490,000	490,000	372,491	(117,509)
Charges for services	3,600	3,600	2,766	(834)
Miscellaneous	12,500	12,500	10,631	(1,869)
Amounts Available for Appropriation	419,357	419,357	299,145	(120,212)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow)				
General government	173,363	173,362	188,438	(15,076)
Parks and recreation	302,317	302,316	295,437	6,879
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	65,000	65,000	65,000	-
Total Charges to Appropriations	540,680	540,678	548,875	(8,197)
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ (121,323)	\$ (121,321)	\$ (249,730)	\$ (128,409)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE PROPOSITION "C" YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Budget A	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 252,210	\$ 252,210	\$ 252,210	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Taxes	370,000	370,000	310,057	(59,943)
Use of money and property	5,000	5,000	8,226	3,226
Amounts Available for Appropriation	627,210	627,210	570,493	(56,717)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
General government	38,984	38,983	34,106	4,877
Parks and recreation	168,611	168,610	159,809	8,801
Capital outlay	380,000	380,000	29,586	350,414
Total Charges to Appropriations	587,595	587,593	223,501	364,092
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 39,615	\$ 39,617	\$ 346,992	\$ 307,375

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE ISTEA/METRO YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

		Budget /	Amou	ınts Final		Actual mounts	Fir	iance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$	10.842	\$	10.842	\$	10.842	\$	-
Resources (Inflows):	•	-,-	•	-,-	•	- , -	•	
Intergovernmental		-		-		329,213		329,213
Amounts Available for Appropriation		10,842		10,842		340,055		329,213
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):								
Capital outlay		10,842		10,842		2,150		8,692
Total Charges to Appropriations		10,842		10,842		2,150		8,692
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$		\$	_	\$	337,905	\$	337,905

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SEWER YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Budget	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 338,026	\$ 338,026	\$ 338,026	\$ -	
Resources (Inflows):					
Charges for services	582,000	582,000	555,371	(26,629)	
Use of money and property	15,000	15,000	9,989	(5,011)	
Miscellaneous	-	-	960	960	
Amounts Available for Appropriation	935,026	935,026	904,346	(30,680)	
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):					
Public works	608,173	608,171	388,235	219,936	
Capital outlay	325,000	325,000	164,074	160,926	
Total Charges to Appropriations	933,173	933,171	552,309	380,862	
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 1,853	\$ 1,855	\$ 352,037	\$ 350,182	

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE STREET LIGHTING YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Budget /	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 60,906	\$ 60,906	\$ 60,906	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Assessments	900,000	900,000	885,515	(14,485)
Contributions	-	-	11,050	11,050
Miscellaneous	7,500	7,500	22,662	15,162
Amounts Available for Appropriation	968,406	968,406	980,133	11,727
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Public works	970,044	970,044	844,601	125,443
Capital outlay	25,000	25,000	8,800	16,200
Total Charges to Appropriations	995,044	995,044	853,401	141,643
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ (26,638)	\$ (26,638)	\$ 126,732	\$ 153,370

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE CLEAN AIR ACT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Budget A	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 131,318	\$ 131,318	\$ 131,318	\$ -	
Resources (Inflows):					
Intergovernmental	31,000	31,000	79,964	48,964	
Use of money and property	2,000	2,000	1,062	(938)	
Amounts Available for Appropriation	164,318	164,318	212,344	48,026	
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):					
General government	6,200	6,200	8,071	(1,871)	
Capital outlay	-	120,721	120,721	-	
Total Charges to Appropriations	6,200	126,921	128,792	(1,871)	
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 158,118	\$ 37,397	\$ 83,552	\$ 46,155	

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE PARKING AND BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Budget <i>i</i> Original	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 78,639	\$ 78,639	\$ 78,639	\$ -		
Resources (Inflows):	+,	, , , , , , ,	, ,,,,,,,	•		
Taxes	133,000	133,000	144,401	11,401		
Amounts Available for Appropriation	211,639	211,639	223,040	11,401		
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):						
General government	132,500	139,500	146,858	(7,358)		
Total Charges to Appropriations	132,500	139,500	146,858	(7,358)		
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 79,139	\$ 72,139	\$ 76,182	\$ 4,043		

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GOLD LINE MITIGATION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Budget A	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 309,341	\$ 309,341	\$ 309,341	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Amounts Available for Appropriation	309,341	309,341	309,341	_
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Capital outlay	190,000	190,000	30,576	159,424
Total Charges to Appropriations	190,000	190,000	30,576	159,424
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 119,341	\$ 119,341	\$ 278,765	\$ 159,424

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE MISSION OAKS PARKING YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Budget Amounts Original Final					Actual nounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$	(2,292)	\$	(2,292)	\$	(2,292)	\$	-	
Resources (Inflows):									
Use of money and property		100		100		24		(76)	
Miscellaneous		2,000		2,000		9,595		7,595	
Amounts Available for Appropriation		(192)		(192)		7,327		7,519	
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):		, ,		, ,					
Public works ,		7,000		7,000		7,094		(94)	
Total Charges to Appropriations		7,000		7,000		7,094		(94)	
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$	(7,192)	\$	(7,192)	\$	233	\$	7,425	

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE MISSION MERIDIAN PUBLIC GARAGE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Budget A		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ (51,115)	\$ (51,115)	\$ (51,115)	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Charges for services	6,000	6,000	13,549	7,549
Miscellaneous	-	-	10	10
Transfers in	-	-	273	273
Amounts Available for Appropriation	(45,115)	(45,115)	(37,283)	7,832
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
General government	70,000	70,000	74,494	(4,494)
Total Charges to Appropriations	70,000	70,000	74,494	(4,494)
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ (115,115)	\$ (115,115)	\$ (111,777)	\$ 3,338

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE STATE GAS TAX YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

		Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 332,765	\$ 332,765	\$ 332,765	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Intergovernmental	496,000	496,000	638,419	142,419
Use of money and property	75,000	75,000	9,424	(65,576)
Amounts Available for Appropriation	903,765	903,765	980,608	76,843
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Public works	499,140	499,139	406,071	93,068
Capital outlay	320,000	320,000	80	319,920
Total Charges to Appropriations	819,140	819,139	406,151	412,988
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 84,625	\$ 84,626	\$ 574,457	\$ 489,831

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE COUNTY PARK BOND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

		Budget /	Amou	nts		Actual	Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
	0	riginal		Final	Α	mounts	(N	legative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$	13,300	\$	13,300	\$	13,300	\$	
Resources (Inflows):								
Intergovernmental		48,000		48,000		-		(48,000)
Amounts Available for Appropriation		61,300		61,300		13,300		(48,000)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):								•
Public works ,		22,700		22,700		21,337		1,363
Capital outlay		25,000		25,000		13,404		11,596
Total Charges to Appropriations		47,700		47,700		34,741		12,959
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$	13,600	\$	13,600	\$	(21,441)	\$	(35,041)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE BIKE AND PEDESTRIAN PATHS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

		Budget A	Amoun	ts	Δ	Actual	Fina	nce with I Budget ositive
	Or	iginal	F	inal	An	nounts	(Negative)	
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$	(550)	\$	(550)	\$	(550)	\$	-
Resources (Inflows):								
Intergovernmental		-		-		5,958		5,958
Use of money and property		500		500		506		6
Amounts Available for Appropriation		(50)		(50)		5,914		5,964
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$	(50)	\$	(50)	\$	5,914	\$	5,964

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE CAPITAL GROWTH REQUIREMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Budget /	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 234,467	\$ 234,467	\$ 234,467	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Charges for services	124,400	124,400	35,652	(88,748)
Use of money and property	3,000	3,000	5,271	2,271
Amounts Available for Appropriation	361,867	361,867	275,390	(86,477)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Capital outlay	242,000	242,000	132,251	109,749
Total Charges to Appropriations	242,000	242,000	132,251	109,749
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 119,867	\$ 119,867	\$ 143,139	\$ 23,272

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE C.D.B.G. YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Budget A	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ (9,594)	\$ (9,594)	\$ (9,594)	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Intergovernmental	148,241	234,190	135,229	(98,961)
Miscellaneous	26,160	26,160	4,490	(21,670)
Amounts Available for Appropriation	164,807	250,756	130,125	(120,631)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Parks and recreation	81,160	81,160	30,613	50,547
Capital outlay	93,241	179,190	99,512	79,678
Total Charges to Appropriations	174,401	260,350	130,125	130,225
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ (9,594)	\$ (9,594)	\$ -	\$ 9,594

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE ASSET FORFEITURE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

		Budget /	Amou	nts		Actual	Fina	ance with Il Budget ositive
	C	Priginal		Final	Α	mounts	(Ne	egative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$	16,684	\$	16,684	\$	16,684	\$	-
Resources (Inflows):								
Intergovernmental		-		-		2,964		2,964
Use of money and property		400		400		464		64
Amounts Available for Appropriation		17,084		17,084		20,112		3,028
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$	17,084	\$	17,084	\$	20,112	\$	3,028

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FEDERAL POLICE GRANTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

		Budget /	Amoui	nts	Á	Actual	Final	ce with Budget sitive
	0	riginal		Final	Ar	nounts	(Neg	ative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$	3,916	\$	3,916	\$	3,916	\$	-
Resources (Inflows):								
Use of money and property		100		100		96		(4)
Amounts Available for Appropriation		4,016		4,016		4,012		(4)
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$	4,016	\$	4,016	\$	4,012	\$	(4)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE PUBLIC LIBRARY GRANT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

		Budget /	Amou	nts Final	-	Actual nounts	Fina	ance with Il Budget ositive egative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$	6,455	\$	6,455	\$	6,455	\$	-
Resources (Inflows):	·	.,	,	,	,	,	•	
Intergovernmental		10,000		10,000		8,782		(1,218)
Amounts Available for Appropriation		16,455		16,455		15,237		(1,218)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):								<u> </u>
Parks and recreation		10,000		10,000		8,452		1,548
Total Charges to Appropriations		10,000		10,000		8,452		1,548
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$	6,455	\$	6,455	\$	6,785	\$	330

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE PROP 1B LOCAL RETURN YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

		Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 415,361	\$ 415,361	\$ 415,361	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Intergovernmental	393,000	393,000	383,908	(9,092)
Amounts Available for Appropriation	808,361	808,361	799,269	(9,092)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Capital outlay	808,335	808,335	45,429	762,906
Total Charges to Appropriations	808,335	808,335	45,429	762,906
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 26	\$ 26	\$ 753,840	\$ 753,814

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE STATE POLICE GRANT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Budget /	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 201,772	\$ 201,772	\$ 201,772	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Intergovernmental	100,000	100,000	76,390	(23,610)
Use of money and property	2,000	2,000	5,288	3,288
Amounts Available for Appropriation	303,772	303,772	283,450	(20,322)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Public safety	-	62,608	105,338	(42,730)
Total Charges to Appropriations		62,608	105,338	(42,730)
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 303,772	\$ 241,164	\$ 178,112	\$ (63,052)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE HOMELAND SECURITY GRANT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	 Budget <i>i</i> jinal	Amou	unts Final	 ctual nounts	Fin:	ance with al Budget Positive egative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Resources (Inflows):						
Intergovernmental	-		-	4,026		4,026
Amounts Available for Appropriation	 -		-	4,026		4,026
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):						
Public safety	 -		25,011	 95,463		(70,452)
Total Charges to Appropriations	-		25,011	95,463		(70,452)
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 	\$	(25,011)	\$ (91,437)	\$	(66,426)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE PARK IMPACT FEES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

		Budget A	Amou	ınts	A	ctual	Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
	Ori	ginal		Final	Am	ounts	(N	legative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$	49	\$	49	\$	49	\$	-
Resources (Inflows):								
Licenses and permits	2	66,000		266,000		83,002		(182,998)
Amounts Available for Appropriation	2	66,049		266,049		83,051		(182,998)
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 2	66,049	\$	266,049	\$	83,051	\$	(182,998)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE 99 PASADENA AVENUE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Budget <i>i</i>	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$1,135,230	\$ 1,135,230	\$ 1,135,230	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Use of money and property	40,000	40,000	28,036	(11,964)
Amounts Available for Appropriation	1,175,230	1,175,230	1,163,266	(11,964)
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$1,175,230	\$ 1,175,230	\$ 1,163,266	\$ (11,964)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Budget <i>i</i>	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 2,823,242	\$ 2,823,242	\$ 2,823,242	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Taxes	505,000	505,000	593,683	88,683
Use of money and property	83,972	83,972	77,703	(6,269)
Amounts Available for Appropriation	3,412,214	3,412,214	3,494,628	82,414
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
General government	415,324	415,326	234,316	181,010
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	75,000	75,000	75,000	-
Interest and fiscal charges	121,526	121,526	120,758	768
Total Charges to Appropriations	611,850	611,852	430,074	181,778
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 2,800,364	\$ 2,800,362	\$ 3,064,554	\$ 264,192

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

Statistical Section

This part of the City of South Pasadena's Statistical comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the city's overall financial health.

Contents

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the city's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the city's ability to generate its property and sales taxes.

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the city's current levels of outstanding debt and the city's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the city's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments.

Operating Information

These schedules contain information about the city's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the city's financial information relates to the services the city provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year. The city implemented Statement 34 in 2003; schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning in that year.

Net Assets by Component Last Six Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	Fiscal Year							
	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009		
Government activities								
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 53,712,779	\$ 52,586,854	\$ 53,938,246	\$57,875,243	\$59,638,269	\$56,086,968		
Restricted	3,134,933	2,985,309	3,700,356	4,454,617	3,725,863	6,609,467		
Unrestricted	3,109,784	2,866,719	3,351,709	6,396,133	8,392,273	8,979,878		
Total governmental activities net assets	\$ 59,957,496	\$ 58,438,882	\$ 60,990,311	\$68,725,993	\$71,756,405	\$71,676,313		
Business-type activities								
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 2,084,629	\$ 3,290,506	\$ 3,042,921	\$ 3,263,489	\$ 2,791,280	\$ 1,890,240		
Restricted	-	769,344	1,391,957	2,136,719	2,878,966	36,642,005		
Unrestricted	4,323,054	2,952,479	3,319,590	2,831,187	3,542,152	(29,053,954)		
Total business-type activities net assets	\$ 6,407,683	\$ 7,012,329	\$ 7,754,468	\$ 8,231,395	\$ 9,212,398	\$ 9,478,291		
Primary government								
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 55,797,408	\$ 55,877,360	\$ 56,981,167	\$61,138,732	\$62,429,549	\$57,977,208		
Restricted	3,134,933	3,754,653	5,092,313	6,591,336	6,604,829	43,251,472		
Unrestricted	7,432,838	5,819,198	6,671,299	9,227,320	11,934,425	(20,074,076)		
Total primary government activities net assets	\$ 66,365,179	\$ 65,451,211	\$ 68,744,779	\$76,957,388	\$80,968,803	\$81,154,604		

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

Changes in Net Assets Last Six Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Expenses Governmental Activities: General government \$ 4,539,884 \$ 5,238,131 \$ 4,623,433 \$ 4,401,369 \$ 3,911,227 \$ 5,738,131 Public safety 8,926,614 9,631,689 9,823,747 9,779,691 9,875,234 11,70,000 Community development 763,683 786,021 770,006 883,972 997,287	009
Governmental Activities: 4,539,884 5,238,131 4,623,433 4,401,369 3,911,227 5,5 Public safety 8,926,614 9,631,689 9,823,747 9,779,691 9,875,234 11, Community development 763,683 786,021 770,006 883,972 997,287	
Governmental Activities: 4,539,884 5,238,131 4,623,433 4,401,369 3,911,227 5,5 Public safety 8,926,614 9,631,689 9,823,747 9,779,691 9,875,234 11, Community development 763,683 786,021 770,006 883,972 997,287	
General government \$ 4,539,884 \$ 5,238,131 \$ 4,623,433 \$ 4,401,369 \$ 3,911,227 \$ 5, 93,633 Public safety 8,926,614 9,631,689 9,823,747 9,779,691 9,875,234 11, 93,733 Community development 763,683 786,021 770,006 883,972 997,287	
Public safety 8,926,614 9,631,689 9,823,747 9,779,691 9,875,234 11, Community development 763,683 786,021 770,006 883,972 997,287	513,124
	525,403
	839,568
	914,235
	482,505
Interest on long-term debt 146,641 178,245 172,698 149,359 143,423	136,769
Total Governmental Activities expenses 20,232,036 22,612,346 22,640,890 22,614,188 22,389,193 26,	411,604
Business-Type Activities:	
Water utility <u>2,558,200</u> <u>3,607,186</u> <u>4,160,990</u> <u>3,908,439</u> <u>3,949,800</u> <u>4,</u>	451,292
Total Business-Type Activities Expenses 2,558,200 3,607,186 4,160,990 3,908,439 3,949,800 4,	451,292
Total Primary Government Expenses \$ 22,790,236 \$ 26,219,532 \$ 26,801,880 \$ 26,522,627 \$ 26,338,993 \$ 30,000	862,896
Program Revenues	
Governmental Activities:	
Charges for services:	
	409,846
	349,175
	405,086 627,296
	118,262
	909,665
Operating Contributions and Grants:	044.070
General government 1,108,032 787,784 1,397,311 500,002 150,998 Public safety 249,686 746,820 987,107 2,422,944 175,552	214,373 108,406
Community Services 95,308 55,596 53,013 63,472 127,136	24,322
Public works 119,812 167,641 131,107 122,292 539,572	447,962
Total Operating Contributions and Grants 1,572,838 1,757,841 2,568,538 3,108,710 993,258	795,063
	100,000
Capital Contributions and Grants:	
Community Services 47,516	-
	868,187
Total Capital Contributions and Grants	868,187
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenue 7,514,437 7,251,701 9,454,998 10,118,647 6,879,224 7,	572,915
Business-Type Activities:	
Charges for services:	
Water utility 3,217,446 3,902,977 4,442,966 4,687,499 4,543,192 4,	549,062
Total Business-Type Activities Program Revenues 3,217,446 3,902,977 4,442,966 4,687,499 4,543,192 4,	549,062
Total Primary Government Program Revenues \$ 7,597,295 \$ 8,137,026 \$ 8,792,702 \$ 14,806,146 \$ 11,422,416 \$ 12,422,416	121,977
Net (Expense)/Revenue	
	838,689)
Business-Type Activities <u>659,246</u> <u>295,791</u> <u>281,976</u> <u>779,060</u> <u>593,392</u>	97,770
	740,919)

	Fiscal Year						
	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	
General Revenues and Other Charges in Net A Governmental Activities: Taxes:	ssets						
Property taxes, levied for general purpose Sales taxes Franchise taxes Business licenses taxes Other taxes Motor Vehicle In Lieu Use of money and property Gain on sale of assets Other	\$ 5,878,748 2,388,269 624,327 257,799 1,988,990 1,167,965 439,308 (63,817) 97,564	\$ 6,152,773 2,572,929 671,111 273,432 2,113,733 2,034,071 489,121 - 154,813	\$ 8,367,587 2,890,126 717,624 323,055 2,104,870 88,757 619,237 - 646,065	\$ 9,116,431 2,911,037 769,549 334,840 2,250,281 129,564 839,529 - 127,106	\$ 9,986,309 3,078,717 777,675 344,497 3,158,469 110,144 921,232 1,100,000 69,013	\$ 10,404,273 2,399,744 821,144 352,528 3,942,594 74,215 658,997 - 73,594	
Total Governmental Activities	12,779,153	14,461,983	15,757,321	16,649,836	19,546,056	18,727,089	
Bueiness-Type Activities: Use of money and property Gain on sale of assets Other	48,131 - 54,526	211,678 - 97,177	369,399 - 90,764	401,925 - 54,042	370,557 11,075 14,695	227,528 - 13,814	
Total Business-Type Activities	102,657	308,855	460,163	455,967	396,327	241,342	
Total Primary Government	\$ 12,881,810	\$ 14,770,838	\$ 16,217,484	\$ 17,105,803	\$ 19,942,383	\$ 18,968,431	
Changes in Net Assets Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities	\$ 61,554 761,903	\$ (898,662) 604,646	\$ 2,571,429 742,139	\$ 4,154,295 1,235,027	\$ 4,036,087 989,719	\$ (111,600) 339,112	
Total Primary Government	\$ 823,457	\$ (294,016)	\$ 3,313,568	\$ 5,389,322	\$ 5,025,806	\$ 227,512	

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Seven Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis Of Accounting)

	Fiscal Year							
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	
General Fund								
Reserved	\$ 368,202	\$ 455,087	\$ 542,341	\$ 645,341	\$ 397,742	\$ 292,562	\$ 1,550,920	
Unreserved	3,100,339	3,414,972	3,459,743	4,489,626	6,351,164	9,559,379	9,491,709	
Total General Fund	\$3,468,541	\$3,870,059	\$ 4,002,084	\$ 5,134,967	\$ 6,748,906	\$ 9,851,941	\$ 11,042,629	
All Other Governmental Funds								
Reserved	\$ 755,491	\$ 266,517	\$ 293,809	\$ 2,456,501	\$ 1,537,309	\$ 254,778	\$ 1,194,959	
Unreserved:								
Unreserved, reported in nonmajor,	1 222 747	1 221 075	1 440 220	205 647	204 252	2.056.204	2 594 720	
Special revenue funds Capital Projects funds	1,223,747	1,321,075	1,440,330	205,647	384,352	3,056,391	2,584,720 3,064,554	
Designated for:	_	_	_	_	_	_	3,004,334	
Low & moderate housing	_	_	436,976	463,776	488,506	530,096	_	
Debt service	-	-	198,968	202,044	197,110	200,497	-	
Undesignated	2,191,930	2,512,672	2,012,312	941,127	1,260,671	1,480,465		
Total all other Governmental Funds	\$4,171,168	\$4,100,264	\$ 4,382,395	\$ 4,269,095	\$ 3,867,948	\$ 5,522,227	\$ 6,844,233	

The City of South Pasadena has elected to show the last seven years of data for this schedule as the City implemented GASB 34 in 2003.

Changes In Fund Balances Of Governmental Funds Last Seven Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis Of Accounting)

				Fiscal Year			
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Revenues:							
Taxes	\$10,130,600	\$ 10,880,019	\$ 11,449,664	\$13,972,117	\$15,166,586	\$16,850,652	\$17,689,431
	. , ,	. , ,	. , ,	. , ,	. , ,		. , ,
Assessments	1,106,389	1,113,278	1,097,970	1,068,561	1,133,914	895,773	885,515
Licenses and permits	646,955	750,566	791,522	842,947	876,297	893,237	1,004,933
Intergovernmental	6,601,782	3,237,991	3,996,994	3,584,136	5,089,034	2,288,858	2,635,222
Charges for services	1,949,856	2,386,005	2,649,613	2,683,695	2,398,566	2,822,380	2,449,932
Use of money and property	438,050	439,308	509,282	642,950	868,349	921,232	658,997
Fines and forfeitures	303,814	561,435	544,883	603,086	643,055	636,668	701,894
Contributions	-	-	-	14,053	20,114	19,005	11,050
Miscellaneous	294,677	548,180	790,231	1,231,214	543,280	579,812	419,952
Total revenues	21,472,123	19,916,782	21,830,159	24,642,759	26,739,195	25,907,617	26,456,926
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government	3,293,781	3,950,276	4,427,679	4,467,746	4,188,718	3,855,522	3,893,079
Public safety	7,416,733	8,808,933	9,496,581	9,703,634	9,727,416	10,670,808	11,134,224
Community development	870,779	769,466	781,903	766,775	880,902	1,005,406	831,613
Community services	2,049,272	2,029,889	2,270,982	2,299,564	2,507,378	2,679,273	2,764,489
Public works	2,248,896	2,501,017	2,511,989	2,721,530	2,777,051	2,852,322	3,217,465
Capital outlay	4,897,143	1,280,203	1,634,550	3,790,870	5,609,950	1,169,533	1,812,804
Debt service:							
Principal retirement	105,140	104,110	109,826	112,359	127,262	114,894	181,845
Interest and fiscal charges	149,612	142,274	179,240	177,557	128,516	145,997	140,221
Total expenses	21,031,356	19,586,168	21,412,750	24,040,035	25,947,193	22,493,755	23,975,740
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures	440,767	330,614	417,409	602,724	792,002	3,413,862	2,481,186
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers in		10,032	96,541		18,000	42,573	25,758
Transfers out	-	(10,032)	(96,541)	-	(18,000)	(42,573)	(25,758)
Proceed from sale of capital assets	-	(10,032)	(90,541)	-	(10,000)	1,100,000	(25,756)
Capital leases	- 15,105	-	-	-	495,173	1,100,000	-
Notes and loans issued	15,105	-	-	-	495,173 65,000	-	-
Notes and loans issued					05,000		
Total other financing sources							
(uses)	15,105				560,173	1,100,000	
Net change in fund balances /	¢ 455.070	e 200.04.4	¢ 447.400	¢ 600.704	¢ 4 250 475	¢ 4 E40 000	¢ 0.404.400
net assets	\$ 455,872	\$ 330,614	\$ 417,409	\$ 602,724	\$ 1,352,175	\$ 4,513,862	\$ 2,481,186
Debt service as a percentage of							
noncapital expenditures	1.6%	1.3%	1.5%	1.4%	1.3%	1.3%	1.5%
t							

The City of South Pasadena has elected to show the last seven years of data for this schedule as the City implemented GASB 34 in 2003.

Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property,

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(in thousands of dollars)

Fiscal Year	Residential Property	Commercial Property	Other Property	Less: Tax-Exempt Property	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	Estimated Actual Taxable Value ^a	Taxable Assessed Value as a Percentage of Actual Taxable Value
2000	1,475,059	138,637	99,709	(14,851)	1,698,554	0.241%	N/A	N/A
2001	1,569,274	144,395	106,400	(15,643)	1,804,426	0.241%	N/A	N/A
2002	1,667,313	151,345	110,090	(11,430)	1,917,318	0.241%	N/A	N/A
2003	1,783,248	157,091	109,963	(19,275)	2,031,027	0.241%	N/A	N/A
2004	1,930,016	168,874	117,217	(13,863)	2,202,244	0.241%	N/A	N/A
2005	2,087,821	177,629	118,885	(20,516)	2,363,819	0.241%	N/A	N/A
2006	2,262,942	189,286	132,004	(28,647)	2,555,585	0.241%	N/A	N/A
2007	2,478,782	207,724	130,527	(27,756)	2,789,277	0.241%	N/A	N/A
2008	2,690,867	211,373	133,651	(30,013)	3,005,878	0.241%	N/A	N/A
2009	2,850,768	217,653	141,106	(29,101)	3,180,426	0.240%	N/A	N/A

Source: County of Los Angeles Auditor-Controller and HDL Coren & Cone.

Note: ^aEstimated Actual Taxable Value is not available.

In 1978 the voters of the State of California passed Porpostion 13 which limited taxes to a total maximum rate of 1%, based upon the assessed value of the property being taxed. Each year, the assessed value of property may be increased by an "inflation factor" (limited to a maximum of 2%).

Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates, Last Ten Fiscal Years

(rate per \$1,000 of assessed value)

	City Dir	ect Rates	Overlapping Rates				
Fiscal Year	General Basic Tax Levy	Total Direct Rate	Los Angeles County (1)	Educational Revenue Augmentation Fun	Los Angeles County Fire FfW	Los Angeles County Flood Control	Community College
2000	0.2412	0.2412	0.2860	0.2536	0.0060	0.0096	0.0320
2001	0.2412	0.2412	0.2860	0.2536	0.0060	0.0096	0.0320
2002	0.2412	0.2412	0.2860	0.2536	0.0060	0.0096	0.0320
2003	0.2412	0.2412	0.2860	0.2536	0.0060	0.0096	0.0320
2004	0.2412	0.2412	0.2860	0.2536	0.0060	0.0096	0.0320
2005	0.2412	0.2412	0.2860	0.2536	0.0060	0.0096	0.0320
2006	0.2412	0.2412	0.2860	0.2536	0.0060	0.0096	0.0320
2007	0.2412	0.2412	0.2860	0.2536	0.0060	0.0096	0.0320
2008	0.2412	0.2412	0.2860	0.2536	0.0060	0.0096	0.0320
2009	0.2400	0.2400	0.2857	0.2551	0.0060	0.0096	0.0320

			Oı	verlapping Rates				
				Vo	ter Approved			
Fiscal Year	School District	Upper San Gabriel Valley Municipal Water District	South Pasadena Unified School District	Los Angeles County Flood Control	Upper San Gabriel Valley Municipal Water District	Detention Facilities	Pasadena Community College District	Total
2000	0.1712	0.0005	0.0629	0.0018	0.0089	0.0014	-	1.0750
2001	0.1712	0.0005	0.0643	0.0016	0.0088	0.0013	-	1.0760
2002	0.1712	0.0005	0.0673	0.0011	0.0077	0.0011	-	1.0772
2003	0.1712	0.0005	0.0676	0.0009	0.0067	0.0010	-	1.0762
2004	0.1712	0.0005	0.1105	0.0005	0.0061	0.0010	0.0068	1.1248
2005	0.1712	0.0005	0.1041	0.0002	0.0058	0.0009	0.0088	1.1199
2006	0.1712	0.0005	0.0957	0.0001	0.0052	0.0008	0.0041	1.1058
2007	0.1712	0.0005	0.0897	0.0001	0.0047	0.0007	0.0208	1.1159
2008	0.1712	0.0005	0.0860	-	0.0045	-	0.0197	1.1104
2009	0.1712	0.0005	0.0860	-	0.0043	-	0.0174	1.1078

Source: County of Los Angeles Auditor-Controller and HDL Coren and Cone.

^{(1) -} The following were included in Los Angeles County; Childrens Institutional Tuition Fund, County Sanitation District No. 16, County School Services, Development Center, and LA County General

Principal Property Tax Payers, Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	2009			2000			
<u>Taxpayer</u>	_	Combined Taxable Value (1)	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	Combined Taxable Value (1)	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value
H and O Fair Oaks Partners	\$	15,977,350	1	0.50%	\$ 13,568,793	1	0.80%
Mt. Olive Sepulveda LP		10,352,427	2	0.33%	-		0.00%
Golden Oaks Investment LP		8,972,190	3	0.28%	-		0.00%
NNC Terraces at South Pasadena LLC		8,853,309	4	0.28%	-		0.00%
California Empire LP		8,593,435	5	0.27%	7,185,400	3	0.42%
Kan Investment Limited		8,585,305	6	0.27%	-		0.00%
CCCC Growth Fund LLC		7,923,397	7	0.25%	-		0.00%
HP III Limited		7,497,385	8	0.24%	6,289,740.00	6	0.37%
Jerry B. and Roberta L. Furrey Trust		7,426,076	9	0.23%	5,326,570.00	8	0.31%
Safeway Stores		7,247,537	10	0.23%	-		0.00%
Von's Company		-		-	7,452,906	2	0.44%
Andrew J. Cherng Trust		-		-	6,976,100	4	0.41%
Braewood Estate Partnership		-		-	6,580,701	5	0.39%
Pasadena Industrial Associates		-		-	5,366,618	7	0.32%
Time Warner Entertainment Advance		-		-	5,163,839	9	0.30%
Young Properties		-			4,993,617	10	0.29%
Total	\$	91,428,411		2.87%	\$ 68,904,284		4.06%

Source: (1) HDL Coren & Cone and Los Angeles County Assessor.

Property Tax Levies and Collections, Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Taxes Levied		Collected within the Fiscal Year of the Levy		Total Collections to Date		
Ended June 30,	for the Fiscal Year	Amount	Percentage of Levy	in Subsequent Years	Amount	Percentage of Levy	
2000	4,072,985	3,826,047	93.9%	(27,553)	3,798,494	93.3%	
2001	4,287,879	4,079,596	95.1%	(10,207)	4,069,389	94.9%	
2002	4,602,846	4,494,678	97.6%	29,821	4,524,499	98.3%	
2003	4,729,803	4,656,978	98.5%	25,961	4,682,939	99.0%	
2004	4,855,643	4,760,451	98.0%	77,643	4,838,094	99.6%	
2005	5,241,559	4,807,080	91.7%	157,836	4,964,916	94.7%	
2006	5,700,244	5,288,176	92.8%	117,615	5,405,791	94.8%	
2007	6,257,208	5,882,613	94.0%	99,287	5,981,900	95.6%	
2008	6,756,257	6,561,803	97.1%	4,193	6,565,996	97.2%	
2009	7,153,748	7,054,454	98.6%	5,987	7,060,441	98.7%	

Sources: Los Angeles County Tax Collector and City of South Pasadena, Finance Division.

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type, Last Six Fiscal Years

		overnment Activities		Business-type Activities			
Fiscal Year	Tax Allocation Bonds	Capital Leases	Loans	Water Revenue Bonds	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income ^a	Per Capita ^a
2004	2,350,000	-	-	8,880,000	11,230,000	2.63%	445
2005	2,285,000	-	-	8,800,000	11,085,000	2.44%	434
2006	2,220,000	-	-	8,685,000	10,905,000	2.26%	423
2007	2,150,000	437,911	65,000	8,400,000	11,052,911	2.15%	431
2008	2,075,000	398,017	65,000	8,190,000	10,728,017	1.99%	417
2009	2,000,000	356,172	-	51,375,000	53,731,172	N/A	2,081

Notes: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

^a See Demographic and Economic Statistics schedule for personal income and population data. These ratios are calculated using personal income and population for the prior calendar year.

Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of June 30, 2009

Fiscal Year 2008-09 Assessed Valuation: \$2,835,668,560 After Deducting \$344,757,897 Redevelopment increment.

Overlapping Debt:	Debt Outstanding	% Applicable (1)	City's Share of Debt 6/30/08
Metropolitan Water District Pasadena Area Community College District 2002 Ser A Pasadena Area Community College District 2006 Ser B	\$ 137,096,151 3,715,000 581,980,000	0.329% 5.486% 5.486%	\$ 450,877 203,817 31,929,241
Pasadena Area Community College District 2006 Ser C	20,763,399	5.486%	1,139,145
Total Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt			\$ 33,723,080
Direct Debt:			
South Pasadena Unified 96 Ser A South Pasadena Unified DS 95 Ser B South Pasadena Unified SD DS 95 S-C South Pasadena USD SD DS 95 Ser D South Pasadena USD DS 2002 S-03 A	\$ 3,840,000 5,099,877 8,230,015 1,755,890 19,945,000	100.000% 100.000% 100.000% 100.000% 100.000%	\$ 3,840,000 5,099,877 8,230,015 1,755,890 19,945,000
Total Direct and Overlapping General Fund Obligation Debt			\$ 38,870,782
COMBINED TOTAL DEBT			\$ 72,593,862 (2)

Source: HDL Coren & Cone and Los Angeles County Assessor.

Note:

- (1) Percentage of overlapping agency's assessed valuation located within boundaries of the city.
- (2) Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, enterprise revenue, mortgage revenue and tax allocation bonds and non-bonded capital lease obligations.

<u>Debt to Assessed Valuation Ratios</u>:

Direct Debt	1.37%
Overlapping Debt	1.19%
Total Debt	2.56%

Legal Debt Margin Information, Last Ten Fiscal Years (dollars in thousands)

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2009

Assessed value	\$ 3,180,426
Debt limit (15% of assessed value)	477,064
Debt applicable to limit:	
General obligation bonds	-
Less: Amount set aside for	
repayment of general obligation debt	
Total net debt applicable to limit	-
Legal debt margin	\$ 477,064

Fiscal Year	Debt Limit	Total net debt Applicable to Limit	Legal Debt Limit	Total net debt Applicable to the Limit as a Percentage of Debt limit
2000	254,783	_	254,783	0.00%
2001	270,664	-	270,664	0.00%
2002	287,598	-	287,598	0.00%
2003	304,654	-	304,654	0.00%
2004	330,337	-	330,337	0.00%
2005	354,573	-	354,573	0.00%
2006	383,338	-	383,338	0.00%
2007	418,392	-	418,392	0.00%
2008	450,882	-	450,882	0.00%
2009	477,064	-	477,064	0.00%

Pledged-Revenue Coverage Last Five Fiscal Years (in thousands)

Water Revenue Bonds

Trator Novolido Bolido											
Utility Service	Less: Operating	Net Available	Debt S	ervice							
Charges	Expenses	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage						
3,903	3,170	733	-	432	1.70						
4,443	3,727	716	195	434	1.14						
4,687	3,379	1,308	205	433	2.05						
4,543	3,446	1,097	210	414	1.76						
4,549	3,683	866	220	635	1.01						
	Service Charges 3,903 4,443 4,687 4,543	Service Charges Operating Expenses 3,903 3,170 4,443 3,727 4,687 3,379 4,543 3,446	Service Charges Operating Expenses Available Revenue 3,903 3,170 733 4,443 3,727 716 4,687 3,379 1,308 4,543 3,446 1,097	Service Charges Operating Expenses Available Revenue Debt S Principal 3,903 3,170 733 - 4,443 3,727 716 195 4,687 3,379 1,308 205 4,543 3,446 1,097 210	Service Charges Operating Expenses Available Revenue Debt Service Principal Interest 3,903 3,170 733 - 432 4,443 3,727 716 195 434 4,687 3,379 1,308 205 433 4,543 3,446 1,097 210 414						

Notes: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. Operating expenses do not include interest, depreciation, or amortization expenses.

The Water Revenue bonds were issued in 2004 and 2009

Source: City of South Pasadena Finance Department.

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Calendar Years

Calendar Year	Population (1)	Personal Income * (2) (thousands of dollars)	Per Capita * Personal Income (2)	Unemployment Rate (3)
2000	25,997	385,053	31,045	2.6%
2001	24,820	403,519	32,152	2.7%
2002	24,952	412,753	32,522	3.5%
2003	25,226	427,041	33,318	3.6%
2004	25,519	453,902	35,188	3.4%
2005	25,789	482,011	37,411	2.6%
2006	25,674	513,123	39,880	2.2%
2007	25,708	539,163	41,875	2.4%
2008	25,824	N/A	N/A	3.4%
2009	25,832	N/A	N/A	6.3%

^{*} NOTE: This is the data of the Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana Metropolitan Statistical Area. The data for the City is not available.

Sources: (1) State of California Department of Finance

- (2) U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of Economic Analysis
- (3) State of California Economic Development Department

		2008-09				
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment
The Vons Companies	185	1	4.97%			
So. Pasadena Convalescent Hospital	159	2	4.27%			
Bristol Farms	135	3	3.63%			
WNC Insurance Services, Inc.	101	4	2.71%			
Abbott Diagnostics Div. Abbott Labs	78	5	2.10%			
Trader Joe's	77	6	2.07%			
Mission Hospice	69	7	1.85%			
Ralph's Grocery Co.	65	8	1.75%			
Orchard Supply Hardware	63	9	1.69%			
Stargate Films, Inc.	62	10	1.67%			
	994		26.71%	0		0.00%

Source: South Pasadena Finance Department/Business License

^{*} Information not available.

	As of 06/30/09	As of 06/30/08	As of 06/30/07	As of 06/30/06	As of 06/30/05	As of 06/30/04		
Function/Program								
General government Legislative City Manager Finance	8 8 8	7 7 8	7 7 9	7 7 8	7 7 9	7 7 8		
Public Safety	81	81	81	81	81	78		
Community Development	6	7	7	6	6	6		
Community Services	39	39	38	36	34	34		
Public Works	22	22	16	16	16	16		
Water Utility	9	9	14	14	14	14		
Total	181	181	179	175	174	170		

The City of South Pasadena has elected to show the last six years of data for this schedule as the information prior is not available.

Source: South Pasadena Finance Department

Notes: A full-time employee is scheduled to work 2,080 hours per year (including vacation and sick leave). Full-time-equivalent employment is calculated by dividing total labor hours by 2,080.

Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Years									
Function/Program	2000	<u>2001</u>	2002	2003	<u>2004</u>	2005	2006	<u>2007</u>	2008	2009
- unction/Frogram										
General government										
Building permits issued Building inspections conducted	522 2,223	535 2,083	544 2,125	551 2,310	578 2,355	311 1,888	381 2,154	381 2,154	318 2,230	282 2,152
Building inspections conducted	2,223	2,003	2,125	2,310	2,300	1,000	2,134	2,134	2,230	2,102
Refuse collection										
Refuse collected (tons per day)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	79.3	79.3	79.3	N/A
Recyclables collected (tons per day)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	32.6	32.6	36.0	N/A
Other public works										
Street resurfacing (miles)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.9	0.7	0.0	0.2
Potholes repaired ***	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	545	450	340	480
Water										
New connections	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	18	20	16	18
Water main breaks	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	4	9	10	13	12
Average daily consumption (million gallons)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	4.52	4.85	4.52	4.47
Peak daily consumption	IN/A	IN/A	IN/A	IN/A	IN/A	IN/A	4.52	4.00	4.52	4.47
(million gallons)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	6.65	6.96	6.96	6.10
Fire Demonstrat										
Fire Deparment Total number of emergency calls responded in a year	N/A	1,691	1,992	2,028	2,017	1,902	1,620	1,807	1,785	1,850
Total number of emergency cans responded in a year	N/A	N/A	N/A	2,020 N/A	360	317	480	480	480	470
, ,										
Police Department	007	004	4 000	4.054	4 440	4 407	4 000	4 000	4.540	4.540
Arrest stats ** Traffic citations	627 N/A	804 N/A	1,093 N/A	1,051 3,734	1,113 4,136	1,127 4,101	1,392 5,762	1,392 1,858	1,540 6,669	1,546 7,641
Parking citations	N/A	N/A	N/A	9,145	16,117	14,401	13,308	11,387	14,806	12,800
				-,	,	,	,	,	,	,
Community Services	NI/A	NI/A	24	04	20	20	20	24	40	45
Facility rentals Recreation classes	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	31 175	21 174	36 188	29 212	36 207	34 246	40 248	45 181
1 tool cation old 3563	11//	14/77	173	174	100	212	201	270	270	101

Sources: Various city departments.

NOTE:
*** Based on average sized potholes and cold patch purchased.

^{**} Data is kept on a calendar year basis.

Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year									
	2000	<u>2001</u>	2002	2003	2004	<u>2005</u>	2006	<u>2007</u>	2008	2009
<u>Function/Program</u>										
Other public works										
Streets (miles)	55	55	55	55	55	59	59	55	55	55
Traffic signals	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	30	30	30	30
Parks and recreation										
Parks	5	5	5	5	5	6	6	6	6	6
Acreage	85	85	85	85	85	86	89	89	89	89
Playgrounds	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	4	4	4	4
Baseball/softball diamonds	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	5	5	6	6
Soccer/football fields	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	4	4	4	4
Community centers	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	4	4	5	5
Water										
Water mains (miles)	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68
Fire hydrants	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	165	165	165	165
Storage capacity (million gallons)	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13
Sewage System										
Sanitary sewers (miles)	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55
Storm sewers (miles)	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2

Notes: No capital asset indicators are available for the general government.

Sources: Various city departments.